

# CITY OF MARSHALL City Council Meeting A g e n d a Tuesday, May 24, 2022 at 5:30 PM City Hall, 344 West Main Street

#### **OPENING ITEMS**

#### **APPROVAL OF AGENDA**

#### **APPROVAL OF MINUTES**

Consider approval of the minutes from the regular meeting held on May 10, 2022.

#### **PUBLIC HEARING**

#### **AWARD OF BIDS**

- 2. Project ST-005: Rose Parking Lot Reconstruction Lot Project 1) Resolution Declaring Official Intent Regarding the Reimbursement of Expenditures with the Proceeds of Tax-Exempt Bonds; 2) Resolution Accepting Bid (Awarding Contract).
- 3. Project ST-023: W. Lyon Street (College to 1<sup>st</sup>) Reconstruction Project 1) Resolution Declaring Official Intent Regarding the Reimbursement of Expenditures with the Proceeds of Tax-Exempt Bonds; 2) Resolution Accepting Bid (Awarding Contract).

#### **CONSENT AGENDA**

- <u>4.</u> Wastewater Treatment Facilities Improvement Project Consider Payment of Invoice 0288838 to Bolton & Menk, Inc.
- 5. Project ST-024: Baldwin Parking Lot Reconstruction Project Consider Authorization to Advertise for Bids.
- 6. Consider Grant of Permanent Easement with Unique Opportunities Marshall, LLC (Lot 2, Block One, Unique Addition).
- <u>7.</u> Consider authorization to declare vehicles as surplus property for the Marshall Police Department.
- 8. Consider LG220 Application for Exempt Permit for Holy Redeemer Church
- Consider approval of the bills/project payments

#### APPROVAL OF ITEMS PULLED FROM CONSENT

#### **OLD BUSINESS**

#### **TABLED ITEM**

#### **NEW BUSINESS**

- <u>10.</u> Consider the annual adoption of a Resolution Declaring the Sounds of Summer as a Community Festival.
- 11. Legislative Update
- 12. Consider approval of labor agreements between the City of Marshall and Law Enforcement Labor Services, Inc., Local No. 245
- 13. Consider Request for Proposals Indoor Recreation Facility and YMCA Collaboration Feasibility
- 14. Consider Request for Proposals- City Attorney Services
- 15. Proposed 2023 budget timeline
- 16. Consider Appointments to the Various Boards, Commissions, Bureaus and Authorities.

#### **COUNCIL REPORTS**

#### **STAFF REPORTS**

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE REPORTS**

#### INFORMATION ONLY

- <u>17.</u> Library Board Minutes April
- 18. Public Housing Commission Minutes March
- 19. Portfolio

Disclaimer: These agendas have been prepared to provide information regarding an upcoming meeting of the Common Council of the City of Marshall. This document does not claim to be complete and is subject to change.

20. Building PermitsADJOURN TO CLOSED SESSIONMEETINGS21. Upcoming Meetings

**ADJOURN** 

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Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	APPROVAL OF MINUTES
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Consider approval of the minutes from the regular meeting held on May 10, 2022.
Background	Enclosed are the minutes from the regular meeting held on May 10, 2022.
Information:	
Fiscal Impact:	None
Alternative/	Staff encourages City Council Members to provide any suggested corrections to the
Variations:	minutes in writing to Human Resources Manager, Sheila Dubs, prior to the meeting.
Recommendations:	That the minutes from the regular meeting held on May 10, 2022 be approved as
	filed with each member and that the reading of the same be waived.

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## CITY OF MARSHALL CITY COUNCIL MEETING M I N U T E S Tuesday, May 10, 2022

The regular meeting of the Common Council of the City of Marshall was held May 10, 2022, at City Hall, 344 West Main Street. The meeting was called to order at 5:30 P.M. by Mayor Robert Byrnes. In addition to Byrnes the following members were in attendance: Craig Schafer, Steve Meister, Russ Labat, John DeCramer, and James Lozinski. Absent: None. Staff present included: Sharon Hanson, City Administrator; Dennis Simpson, City Attorney; Jason Anderson, Director of Public Works/ City Engineer; E.J. Moberg, Director of Administrative Services; Sheila Dubs, Human Resource Manager; Jasmine DeSmet, Training Facility Coordinator, and Kyle Box, City Clerk.

The Pledge of Allegiance was recited at this time.

There was a consensus to operate under the current agenda.

#### Consider approval of the minutes from the regular meeting held on April 26, 2022.

Motion made by Councilmember Meister, Seconded by Councilmember Labat that the minutes from the regular meeting held on April 26, 2022 be approved as filed with each member and that the reading of the same be waived. Voting Yea: Mayor Byrnes, Councilmember Schafer, Councilmember Meister, Councilmember DeCramer, Councilmember Labat, Councilmember Lozinski. The motion **Carried. 6-0** 

Amending Various Ordinances-1). Public Hearing on the Ordinance Amending Sections: 70-21

Definitions, 86-50 Home Occupations, 86-51 Bed and Breakfast, 86-96 Agricultural District, 86-230

Required number of spaces, 86-247 Landscaping, 86-248 Outside storage 2). Close the Public Hearing on Amending Various Ordinances 3). Approve Ordinance Amending Sections: 70-21 Definitions, 86-50

Home Occupations, 86-51 Bed and Breakfast, 86-96 Agricultural District, 86-230 Required number of spaces, 86-247 Landscaping, 86-248 Outside storage

Mayor Byrnes opened the Public Hearing on amending various ordinances. Public Works Director Jason Anderson presented changes to Section 70-21 Definitions, will allow taxing B&B facilities and future short term rental facilities similar to other transitory forms of lodging, such as hotels and motels. Changes to Section 86-50 Home Occupation are mostly minor: making a few activities possible (for example, pet grooming) and a few impossible (for example, alcohol and tobacco production and sales), and defining renewal terms. Bed and Breakfast Section 86-51 is amended to put it in line with the Home Occupation Section, by changing it to an interim use permit rather than conditional use permit. The proposed amendments to Section 86-96 Agricultural District are based on requested changes, past and current. A few other changes are made to better align the section with other sections. Section 86-230 Required number of spaces, is amended to better reflect certain businesses' nature and parking needs. In most cases parking requirements were reduced. The changes to Section 86-162 Yard Modification and 86-248 Outside Storage are minor and intended to provide flexibility in approving conditions for variances and conditional use permits and allow owners and contractors additional storage during major construction projects.

The Planning and Zoning Commission approved the recommended changes at the October 13, 2021, regular Planning Commission meeting, the March 9, 2022, regular Planning Commission meeting, and the

Item 1.

April 13, 2022, regular Planning Commission meeting. The Legislative and Ordinance Committee recommended approval to the full Council at their April 12, 2022 meeting.

Mayor Byrnes asked for any public input or comment from the Council. Councilmember Labat questioned social media monitoring, language regarding a limit on number garage sales per year, storage containers enforcement, and a change to add recreational or other similar vehicle language.

Motion by Councilmember DeCramer, seconded by Councilmember Labat to close the Public Hearing on Amending Various Ordinances. Voting Yea: Mayor Byrnes, Councilmember Schafer, Councilmember Meister, Councilmember DeCramer, Councilmember Labat, Councilmember Lozinski. The motion **Carried. 6-0** 

Motion by Councilmember Schafer, Seconded by Councilmember Lozinski to approve Ordinance Amending Sections: 70-21 Definitions, 86-50 Home Occupations, 86-51 Bed and Breakfast, 86-96 Agricultural District, 86-230 Required number of spaces, 86-247 Landscaping, 86-248 Outside storage. Voting Yea: Mayor Byrnes, Councilmember Schafer, Councilmember Meister, Councilmember DeCramer, Councilmember Labat, Councilmember Lozinski. The motion **Carried. 6-0** 

#### <u>Project ST-006 / SP# 139-591-001 / MINN Project No. STPF 4222(149): School Pedestrian Crossing</u> Signage and Improvements Project - Consider Award of Bids- RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-053

Public Works Director Anderson presented information on Project ST-006: Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB) School Pedestrian Crossing Improvements Project, which proposes the following improvements for select locations at the Marshall Middle School, Southview Elementary School, Parkside Elementary School, and True Light Christian School:

- Sidewalk ramp improvements and associated sidewalk improvements where necessary for ADA-compliance.
- Speed limit flasher system (DSD): includes a posted speed limit when flashing and a radar feedback sign to display driver speed. The DSD install will identify the school zone area on either side of the school crossing area, as well as identify the speed limit when the zone is in effect. The power requirements will be met with a solar array and battery.
- Pedestrian crosswalk flasher system (RRFB): includes a crosswalk sign with a pedestrianactivated rectangular rapid flashing beacon (RRFB). The crosswalk flasher system will be installed at select locations where the schools prefer to see crossing occur. The power requirements will be met with a solar array and battery.
- Concrete refuge island (median): because all locations have a two-way left turn lane (TWLTL) striping configuration, city staff believes it is prudent to install center islands for pedestrian refuge and safety. This also allows for a crosswalk flasher system (RRFB) to be installed in the center of the road in addition to behind perimeter curbs; this further attracts a driver's attention. The True Light Christian School location is the only location that is not proposed to receive a median with this project. MnDOT will install in 2025 with the College Drive Reconstruction project.

On May 4, 2022, the following bids were received for the above-referenced project:

Bidder	Bid Amount
Bidder	Bid Amount

Duininck, Inc. Prinsburg, MN	\$480,250.35
R&G Construction Co. Marshall, MN	\$491,626.50

Mayor Byrnes commented on the timing of the construction schedule so as not to conflict with the school schedule. Byrnes also commented on possible supply chain delivery issues. Director Anderson indicated the intent is to work with the contractor on any supply chain issues to allow for contract extensions. Councilmember Labat commented that supply chain issues may have caused the difference in the engineer's estimate.

Motion by Councilmember Labat, seconded by Councilmember Lozinski adopting RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-053, which provides for Accepting Bid (Awarding Contract) and authorizing entering into an agreement with Duininck, Inc. of Prinsburg, Minnesota, in the amount of \$480,250.35 for the above-referenced project, contingent upon approval from the MnDOT Office of Civil Rights. Voting Yea: Mayor Byrnes, Councilmember Schafer, Councilmember Meister, Councilmember DeCramer, Councilmember Labat, Councilmember Lozinski. The motion **Carried. 6-0** 

#### Consider Approval of the Consent Agenda

Motion made by Councilmember Schafer, seconded by Councilmember Meister to approve the consent agenda. Voting Yea: Mayor Byrnes, Councilmember Schafer, Councilmember Meister, Councilmember DeCramer, Councilmember Labat, Councilmember Lozinski. The motion **Carried. 6-0** 

- Consider the request of the Marshall Downtown Business Association for Crazy Days (Thursday-July 21, 2022).
- Set Public Hearing Date for Monday, June 13, 2022, for MS4 Permit Program Summary of the 2021 Activities
- Consider a LG220 Application for Exempt Permit for the Pride in the Tiger Foundation.
- Consider approval of a Temporary On-Sale Intoxicating Liquor License for the Knights of Columbus Holy Redeemer.
- Consider approval of a Temporary On-Sale Intoxicating Liquor License for Southwest Minnesota State University.
- Consider approval of a Temporary On-Sale Intoxicating Liquor License for SMSU Foundation.
- Consider approval for a Transient Merchant License for KT's Fireworks.
- Consider approval of MedSurety to administer health savings and medical spending accounts
- Consider approval of the bills/project payments

#### Consider Amendment of Ordinance No. 22-003 Chapter 2, Section 2, Boards and Commissions

The City Council has asked the Legislative and Ordinance Committee to review the current ordinance pertaining to membership to the City's boards, commissions, bureaus, and authorities. Current membership requirements included living within the Marshall city limits, with the exception of the MERIT Center Commission and Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Commission. At the April 12, 2022 meeting, the

Legislative and Ordinance Committee unanimously approved for the amendments to proceed to the City Council for consideration.

Amendments include: allowing Airport and Adult Community Center Commission members to live outside of city limits, repealing the Hospital Board, and various grammatical and non-substantial changes.

On April 26, 2022, the City Council introduced the proposed ordinance to be considered at the May 10, 2022 meeting.

Mayor Byrnes asked for Council input. Councilmember DeCramer indicated support for non-Marshall residents to be a part of these boards. Mayor Byrnes requested discussion by the Council about reducing the size of the Airport Commission from seven members to five members. Councilmember Schafer and Councilmember indicated support for this amendment.

Motion by Councilmember Schafer, Seconded by Councilmember Meister to approve the amendments to Ordinance No. 22-003 Chapter 2, Section 2, Boards and Commissions, including the additional revision to decrease the Airport Commission members from seven (7) to five (5). Voting Yea: Mayor Byrnes, Councilmember Schafer, Councilmember Meister, Councilmember DeCramer, Councilmember Labat, Councilmember Lozinski. The motion **Carried. 6-0** 

### <u>Consider Amendment of Ordinance No. 22-004, Chapter 22, Section 22-91 through 22-95, Mobile Food Units and Food Carts</u>

The Legislative and Ordinance Committee asked staff for an amendment to the current Mobile Food Units and Food Carts Ordinance. This proposed amendment will allow license holders to remain on private property after business has concluded. At the April 12, 2022, Legislative and Ordinance Committee meeting it was considered and unanimously approved to proceed to the City Council for consideration. On April 26, 2022, the City Council Introduced the proposed ordinance for consideration on Tuesday, May 10, 2022 the following Ordinance Changes:

- (7) A mobile food unit or food cart shall be allowed to set up one hour prior to conducting food vending and shall exit from the site within one hour of the close of conducting business.

  a. A mobile food unit or food cart may remain on private property in commercial and industrial zoned districts after conducting business with permission from the property owner.
- (3) Leave a mobile food unit or food cart unattended or at an authorized location outside allowed hours of operation; <u>a. A mobile food unit or food cart may be exempt from this requirement following sec. b (7) a.</u>

Motion by Councilmember Lozinski, Seconded by Councilmember Meister to approve amendment of Ordinance No. 22-004, Chapter 22, Section 22-91 through 22-95, Mobile Food Units and Food Carts as presented.

Voting Yea: Mayor Byrnes, Councilmember Schafer, Councilmember Meister, Councilmember DeCramer, Councilmember Labat, Councilmember Lozinski. The motion **Carried. 6-0** 

Consider Resolution Authorizing Execution of Mn/DOT Master Partnership Contract No. 1050086 between the City of Marshall and the State of Minnesota- RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-054

Public Works Director Anderson presented a Mn/DOT Master Partnership Contract No. 1050086 between the City of Marshall and the State of Minnesota that allows the City and Mn/DOT to respond quickly and efficiently to such opportunities for collaboration and have determined that having the ability to write "work orders" against a master contract would provide the greatest speed and flexibility in responding to identified needs.

Motion by Councilmember Schafer, Seconded by Councilmember Lozinski to adopt Resolution Number 22-054 authorizing execution of Mn/DOT Master Partnership Contract No. 1050086 between the City of Marshall and the State of Minnesota effective upon State signature and effective until June 30, 2027.

Voting Yea: Mayor Byrnes, Councilmember Schafer, Councilmember Meister, Councilmember DeCramer, Councilmember Labat, Councilmember Lozinski. The motion **Carried. 6-0** 

### <u>Project AP-003: Snow Removal Equipment (SRE) and Aircraft Rescue Firefighting Facility (ARFF) – Consider Proposal for Design Phase Services with TKDA</u>

Public Works Director Anderson presented for consideration a proposal for design phase services with TKDA for the SRE Facility at the Airport. At the 04/26/2022 meeting, the City Council authorized City and TKDA staff to submit requests for federal and State grant funding for this project. The grant application was submitted on 04/29/2022. Securing grant agreements to utilize AIP funds and State grant dollars for project design is critical to ensure that the City remains on target for future project bidding and construction. The services under this proposal may be authorized contingent upon the receipt of the federal and State grant agreements.

Design phase services with TKDA total \$255,000. Total design cost in our request for grant funding is \$297,000.00. This total includes \$7,000 in local project costs and \$35,000 reimbursement for our pre-design study.

Federal Airport Improvement Program (AIP) funding for fiscal year 2022 is requested in the amount of \$132,448.00 for 90% of the federally eligible work. State funding is requested in the amount of \$112,242.75 for a 70% State funding share on federally ineligible portions of the facility, and a 5% match on the federally eligible work. The remainder will be funded with local funds in the amount of \$52,309.25.

Councilmember Schafer commented that this is a critical step to move forward for both daily air service and maintenance/service work that is accomplished at this airport.

Motion by Councilmember Schafer, seconded by Councilmember DeCramer approving the proposal from TKDA in the amount of \$255,000 for design services for Project AP-003: Snow Removal Equipment (SRE) and Aircraft Rescue Firefighting Facility (ARFF), contingent on FAA Grant approval.

Voting Yea: Mayor Byrnes, Councilmember Schafer, Councilmember Meister, Councilmember DeCramer, Councilmember Labat, Councilmember Lozinski. The motion **Carried. 6-0** 

#### Consider approval of a Temporary On-Sale Intoxicating Liquor License for Marshall Festivals

Motion by Councilmember Lozinski, seconded by Councilmember Schafer approving a temporary on-sale intoxicating liquor license for Marshall Festivals.

Voting Yea: Mayor Byrnes, Councilmember Schafer, Councilmember Meister, Councilmember DeCramer, Councilmember Lozinski. Voting Nay: None. Abstaining: Councilmember Labat. The motion **Carried. 5 Yeas, 0 Nays, 1 Abstain** 

#### **Commission/Board Liaison Reports**

Byrnes SRDC Meeting to be held Thursday May 12, 2022 regarding their annual levy.

Schafer Provided report on training that occurred at MERIT Center, utilized 28 out of 30 days in the

month of April; provided a brief update on MERIT Center bonding proposal for Phase 3.

Meister No Report

DeCramer Diversity Equity Inclusion Commission—commented on World Café event which was well

attended, Juneteenth observation for the community, Pride event in June, and September 20, 2022 Welcoming Week event. Attended Public Housing Commission meeting-currently have a 60-person waiting list for public housing in Marshall, parking lot work, other

miscellaneous maintenance items.

Labat Library Board met and discussed 2023 budget request and timeline. Transit Advisory Board-

- the 2023 budget is being developed and there is concern for the need for additional

drivers.

Lozinski No Report

#### **Councilmember Individual Items**

Councilmember Schafer commented on the Shades of the Past Roll-In held on Main Street on May 5, 2022 and how well it was done.

Councilmember Meister commented on a pothole on the bike trail in between Walmart and D's Thai.

Councilmember Lozinski commented on filing dates for Council seat May 17th through May 31<sup>st</sup> and the Shades of the Past Roll-in.

Councilmember Labat thanked Kyle Box for his service to the City.

Councilmember DeCramer commented on Shades of the Past Roll-In, filing dates for Councilmember offices open May 17th through May 31st, and thanked Kyle Box for his service to the City.

Mayor Byrnes commented that the SRDC Annual Meeting will be held in Marshall this year, Census appeal, and Marshall Aquatic Center sales tax status in the Legislature.

#### **City Administrator**

Administrator Hanson reported on status of MERIT Center bonding, scooter discussions with staff, MCMA Conference attendance, Marshall Aquatic Center Committee meeting.

#### **Director of Public Works**

Director of Public Works/ City Engineer provided an update on the Independence Park project stormwater retention project and the trail improvement project, Whitney/High alley concerns, downtown parking bidding status, 3<sup>rd</sup> and Lyon Street project, chloride grant, Lyon Street bidding status, TKDA meeting on zoning revisions.

#### **City Attorney**

City Attorney reported that MN Department of Ag will investigate additional specialty chemicals with cooperation from Helena, continued Broadmoor Valley owner discussions regarding MN Housing Finance grant award, North 7<sup>th</sup> Street Annexation petition with cooperation from the current owner MRES, Block 11 Development Agreement status.

#### Information Only

There were no questions on the information items.

#### **Upcoming Meetings**

There were no questions on the upcoming meetings.

#### <u>Adjourn</u>

At 6:44 P.M., Motion made by Councilmember Schafer, seconded by Councilmember Lozinski to adjourn. Voting Yea: Mayor Byrnes, Councilmember Schafer, Councilmember Meister, Councilmember DeCramer, Councilmember Labat, Councilmember Lozinski. The motion **Carried. 6-0** 

	Mayor
Attest:	
City Clerk	



Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	AWARD OF BIDS
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Project ST-005: Rose Parking Lot Reconstruction Lot Project - 1) Resolution Declaring Official Intent Regarding the Reimbursement of Expenditures with the Proceeds of Tax-Exempt Bonds; 2) Resolution Accepting Bid (Awarding Contract).
Background Information:	This project consists of: reconstruction of the Rose Parking Lot adjacent to W. Lyon Street; pavement removal and concrete paved surfacing. The Rose Parking Lot is located behind the Wooden Nickel. The parking lot is in poor surface condition and warrants replacement. There are no utilities that would be replaced as part of the project. Staff has met with the PI/T Committee to propose the layouts included in the Council packet. The proposed parking layout is generally the same as the current arrangement.
	On May 18, 2022, bids were received for the above-referenced project. Three bids were received as shown on the attached Resolution Accepting Bid. The low bid was from R&G Construction Co. of Marshall, Minnesota, in the amount of \$140,177.51. The engineer's estimate for the construction portion of the project is \$149,900.00.
Fiscal Impact:	The proposed project is included in the 2022 capital improvement plan (CIP).
	The above-referenced project, or a portion thereof, may be financed by the sale of bonds with repayment coming from assessments and Debt Service Fund Levy. It is required that action be authorized by City Council via Resolution Declaring Official Intent Regarding the Reimbursement of Expenditures with the Proceeds of Tax-Exempt Bonds.
	Attached is the "Resolution Accepting Bid" awarding the contract to R&G Construction Co. of Marshall, Minnesota, in the amount of \$140,177.51.
	The estimated total project cost including 5% allowance for contingencies and 16% for engineering and administrative costs is \$170,736.21.
Alternatives:	No alternative actions recommended.
Recommendations:	Recommendation No. 1 that the Council adopt RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-055, which provides for Resolution Declaring Official Intent Regarding the Reimbursement of Expenditures with the Proceeds of Tax-Exempt Bonds for Project ST-005: Rose Parking Lot Reconstruction Lot Project.
	Recommendation No. 2 that the Council adopt RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-056, which provides for the Resolution Accepting Bid (Awarding Contract) and authorizing entering into an agreement with to R&G Construction Co. of Marshall, Minnesota, in the amount of \$140,177.51 for Project ST-005: Rose Parking Lot Reconstruction Lot Project.

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#### **RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-055**

### DECLARATION OF OFFICIAL INTENT REGARDING THE REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENDITURES WITH THE PROCEEDS OF TAX-EXEMPT BONDS

WHEREAS, under regulations adopted by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America, the City of Marshall, Minnesota (the "City") is required to make a declaration of its official intent prior to making a capital expenditure, if it intends to be reimbursed for such capital expenditure at a future date from the proceeds of a tax-exempt bond; and

WHEREAS, the City intends to make capital expenditures with respect to the project described below and also intends to reimburse the fund or account described below from which the capital expenditure will be initially paid from the proceeds of an issue of tax-exempt bonds issued at a future date.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Common Council of the City as follows:

1. A general functional description of the project for which the expenditures to be reimbursed are paid is set forth below:

**PROJECT ST-005: ROSE PARKING LOT RECONSTRUCTION LOT PROJECT --** This project consists of: reconstruction of the Rose Parking Lot adjacent to W. Lyon Street; pavement removal and concrete paved surfacing.

The principal amount of debt expected to be issued for the project referred to above will not exceed \$200,000.

2. The fund or account from which the expenditures to be reimbursed are to be paid and the general functional purpose of the fund or account is set forth below:

Public Improvement Projects Fund

- 3. The City reasonably expects to reimburse the expenditures referred to above with the proceeds of tax-exempt bonds.
- 4. This statement of the official intent of the City is a declaration of official intent under the regulations adopted by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America.

Passed and adopted by the City Council this 24th day of May, 2022.

ATTEST:	
City Clerk	Mayor
This Instrument Drafted By: Jason R. And	derson, P.E.; Director of Public Works/City Engineer

### RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-056 RESOLUTION ACCEPTING BID (AWARD CONTRACT)

WHEREAS, pursuant to an advertisement for bids for the following project:

**PROJECT ST-005: ROSE PARKING LOT RECONSTRUCTION LOT PROJECT --** This project consists of: reconstruction of the Rose Parking Lot adjacent to W. Lyon Street; pavement removal and concrete paved surfacing.

bids were received, opened and tabulated according to law, and the following bids were received complying with the advertisement:

Bidder	Bid Amount
R&G Construction Co. Marshall, MN	\$140,177.51
D&G Excavating, Inc. Marshall, MN	\$145,507.41
Duininck, Inc. Prinsburg, MN	\$154,567.00

AND WHEREAS, it appears that R&G Construction Co. of Marshall, Minnesota, is the lowest responsible bidder.

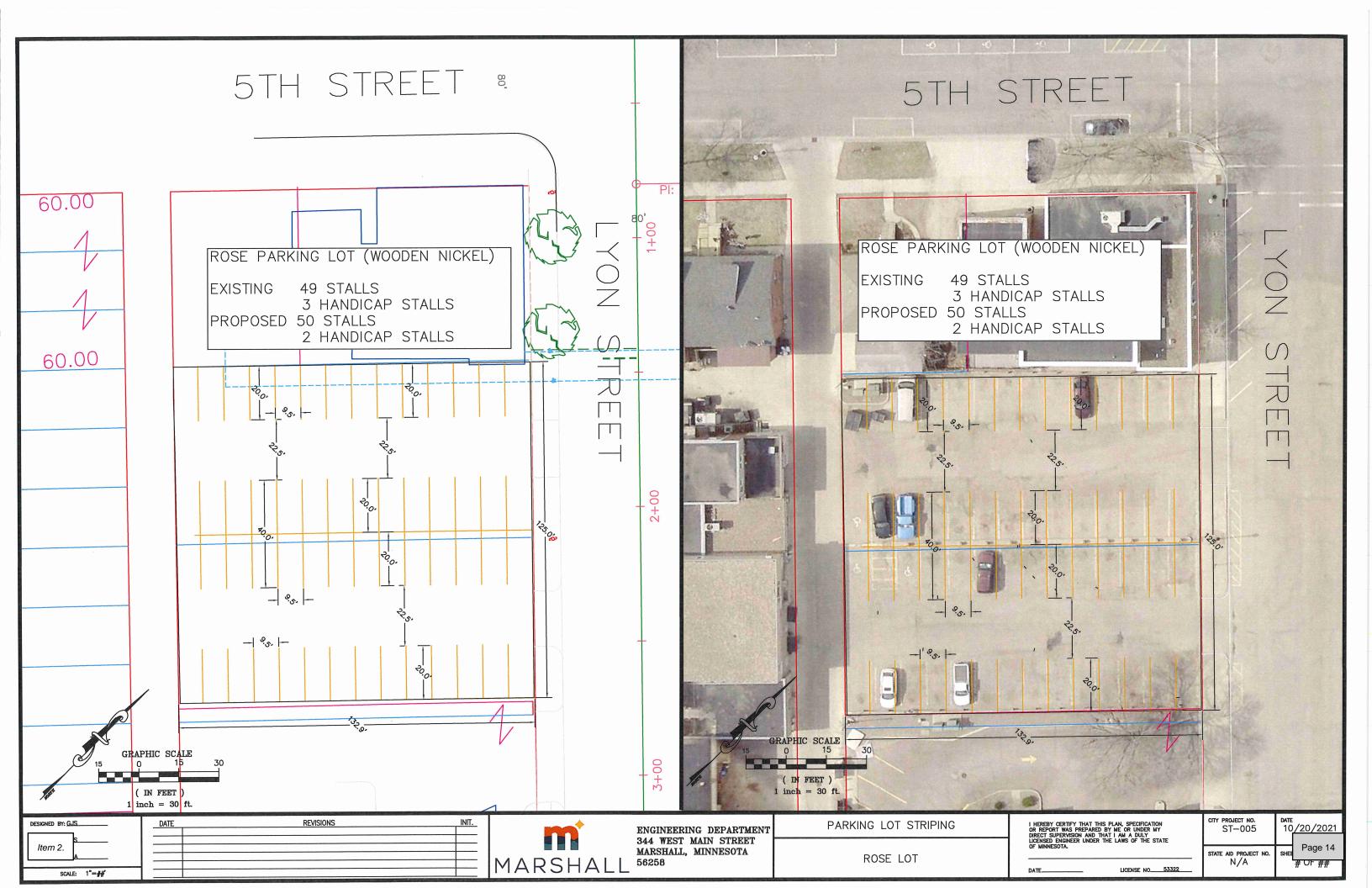
NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF MARSHALL, MINNESOTA:

 The Mayor and City Clerk are hereby authorized and directed to enter into a contract with R&G Construction Co. of Marshall, Minnesota, in the amount of \$140,177.51, in the name of the City of Marshall for the above referenced project, according to the plans and specifications therefore approved by the City Council and on file in the office of the City Clerk.

Passed and adopted by the City Council this 24 <sup>th</sup>	day of <u>May</u> , 20 <u>22</u> .
ATTEST:	
City Clerk	Mayor

This Instrument Drafted By: Jason R. Anderson, P.E.; Director of Public Works/City Engineer

Item 2.





Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	AWARD OF BIDS
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Project ST-023: W. Lyon Street (College to 1 <sup>st</sup> ) Reconstruction Project - 1) Resolution Declaring Official Intent Regarding the Reimbursement of Expenditures with the Proceeds of Tax-Exempt Bonds; 2) Resolution Accepting Bid (Awarding Contract).
Background Information:	The project limits include: W. Lyon Street (E. College Drive to N. 1 <sup>st</sup> Street). The proposed project was originally included in the scope of the Z82 (N. 1 <sup>st</sup> /Redwood/Marshall) Reconstruction Project constructed in 2021. In consideration of the unknown status regarding the potential development of the Block 11 property, the block of W. Lyon Street between E. College Drive and N. 1 <sup>st</sup> Street was removed from the scope of the project.
	The developer of the Block 11 property has submitted for a building permit and is working with the City Attorney on finalization of the land ownership transaction. Staff is confident that the Block 11 redevelopment project is well on its way to construction this summer. With these developments set to occur, staff believes that the Council should feel comfortable moving forward with street reconstruction on this block.
	On May 19, 2022, bids were received for the above-referenced project. Two bids were received as shown on the attached Resolution Accepting Bid. The low bid was from R&G Construction Co. of Marshall, Minnesota, in the amount of \$409,645.10. The engineer's estimate for the construction portion of the project is \$332,680.00.
Fiscal Impact:	The proposed project is included in the 2022 capital improvement plan (CIP).
	The above-referenced project, or a portion thereof, may be financed by the sale of bonds with repayment coming from assessments and Debt Service Fund Levy. It is required that action be authorized by City Council via Resolution Declaring Official Intent Regarding the Reimbursement of Expenditures with the Proceeds of Tax-Exempt Bonds.
	Attached is the "Resolution Accepting Bid" awarding the contract to R&G Construction Co. of Marshall, Minnesota, in the amount of \$409,645.10.
	The estimated total project cost including 5% allowance for contingencies and 16% for engineering and administrative costs is \$498,947.73.
	All improvements will be assessed according to the current Special Assessment Policy, including but not limited to participation from Marshall Municipal Utilities, Wastewater Department, Surface Water Management Utility Fund and Ad Valorem participation.
	The financing and cost participation will be forthcoming and addressed at the time of the Resolution Declaring Cost to be Assessed.
	Though the project is over our estimate, engineering staff has discussed funding with our Finance Department and the City is prepared and able to cover the proposed cost of this project.
Alternatives:	No alternative actions recommended.

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#### **Recommendations:**

Recommendation No. 1

that the Council adopt RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-057, which provides for Resolution Declaring Official Intent Regarding the Reimbursement of Expenditures with the Proceeds of Tax-Exempt Bonds for Project ST-023: W. Lyon Street (College to 1<sup>st</sup>) Reconstruction Project.

#### Recommendation No. 2

that the Council adopt RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-058, which provides for the Resolution Accepting Bid (Awarding Contract) and authorizing entering into an agreement with to R&G Construction Co. of Marshall, Minnesota, in the amount of \$409,645.10 for Project ST-023: W. Lyon Street (College to 1st) Reconstruction Project.

#### **RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-057**

### DECLARATION OF OFFICIAL INTENT REGARDING THE REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENDITURES WITH THE PROCEEDS OF TAX-EXEMPT BONDS

WHEREAS, under regulations adopted by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America, the City of Marshall, Minnesota (the "City") is required to make a declaration of its official intent prior to making a capital expenditure, if it intends to be reimbursed for such capital expenditure at a future date from the proceeds of a tax-exempt bond; and

WHEREAS, the City intends to make capital expenditures with respect to the project described below and also intends to reimburse the fund or account described below from which the capital expenditure will be initially paid from the proceeds of an issue of tax-exempt bonds issued at a future date.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Common Council of the City as follows:

1. A general functional description of the project for which the expenditures to be reimbursed are paid is set forth below:

**PROJECT ST-023:** This project consists of: reconstruction and utility replacement on W. Lyon Street from E. College Drive to N. 1st Street; watermain, sanitary sewer, and storm sewer will be installed with a concrete paved surfacing. Water and sewer services will be installed to the right-of-way and connected to the existing watermain and sanitary sewer main. This project will also include new curb & gutter, sideway, and driveway aprons.

The principal amount of debt expected to be issued for the project referred to above will not exceed \$525,000.

2. The fund or account from which the expenditures to be reimbursed are to be paid and the general functional purpose of the fund or account is set forth below:

Public Improvement Projects Fund

- 3. The City reasonably expects to reimburse the expenditures referred to above with the proceeds of tax-exempt bonds.
- 4. This statement of the official intent of the City is a declaration of official intent under the regulations adopted by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America.

Passed and adopted by the City Council this 24<sup>th</sup> day of May, 2022.

ATTEST:

City Clerk

Mayor

This Instrument Drafted By: Jason R. Anderson, P.E.; Director of Public Works/City Engineer

Item 3.

### RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-058 RESOLUTION ACCEPTING BID (AWARD CONTRACT)

WHEREAS, pursuant to an advertisement for bids for the following project:

**PROJECT ST-023:** This project consists of: reconstruction and utility replacement on W. Lyon Street from E. College Drive to N. 1st Street; watermain, sanitary sewer, and storm sewer will be installed with a concrete paved surfacing. Water and sewer services will be installed to the right-of-way and connected to the existing watermain and sanitary sewer main. This project will also include new curb & gutter, sideway, and driveway aprons.

bids were received, opened and tabulated according to law, and the following bids were received complying with the advertisement:

Bidder	Bid Amount
R&G Construction Co. Marshall, MN	\$409,645.10
Duininck, Inc. Prinsburg, MN \$428,686.6	

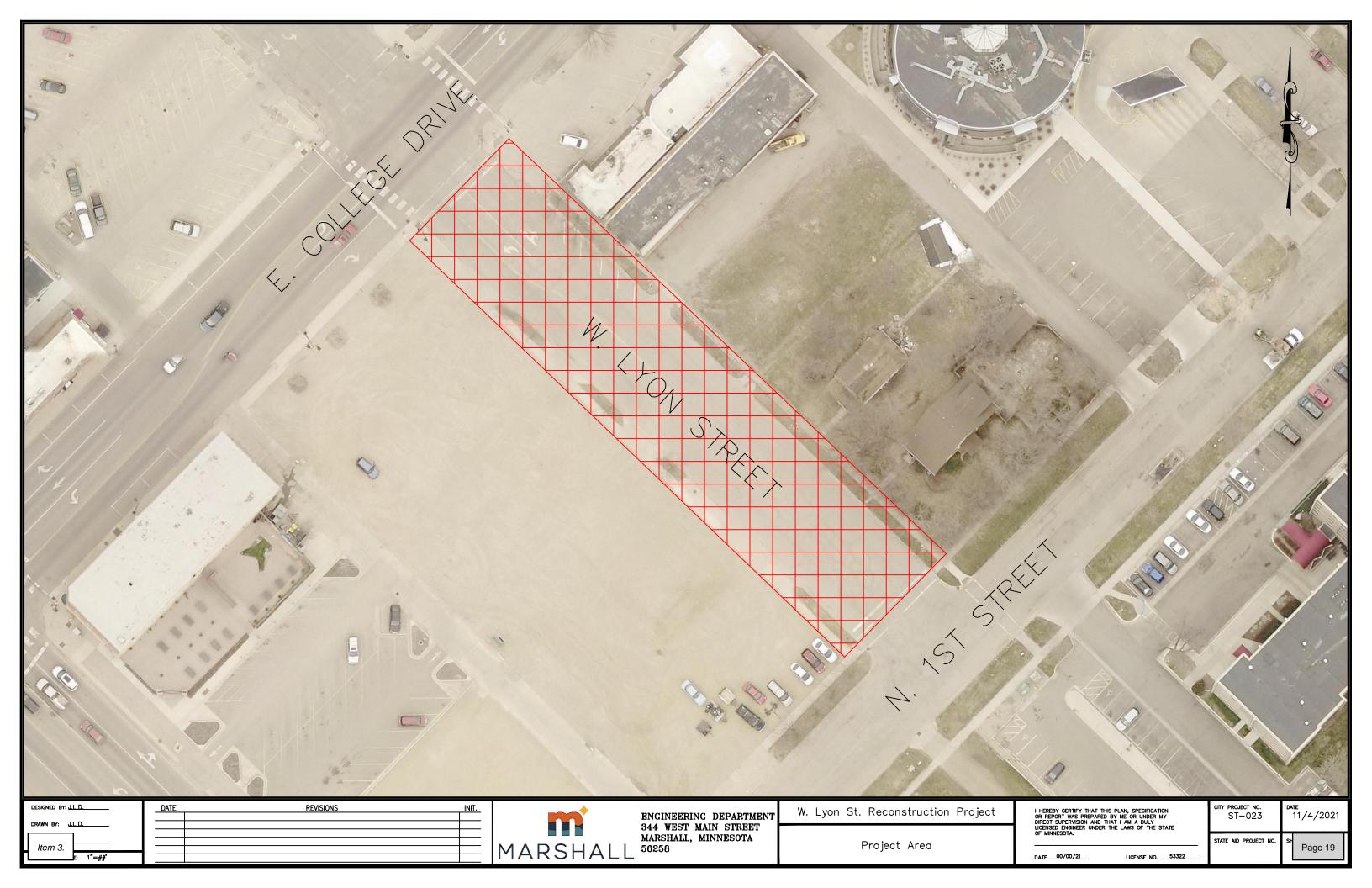
AND WHEREAS, it appears that R&G Construction Co. of Marshall, Minnesota, is the lowest responsible bidder.

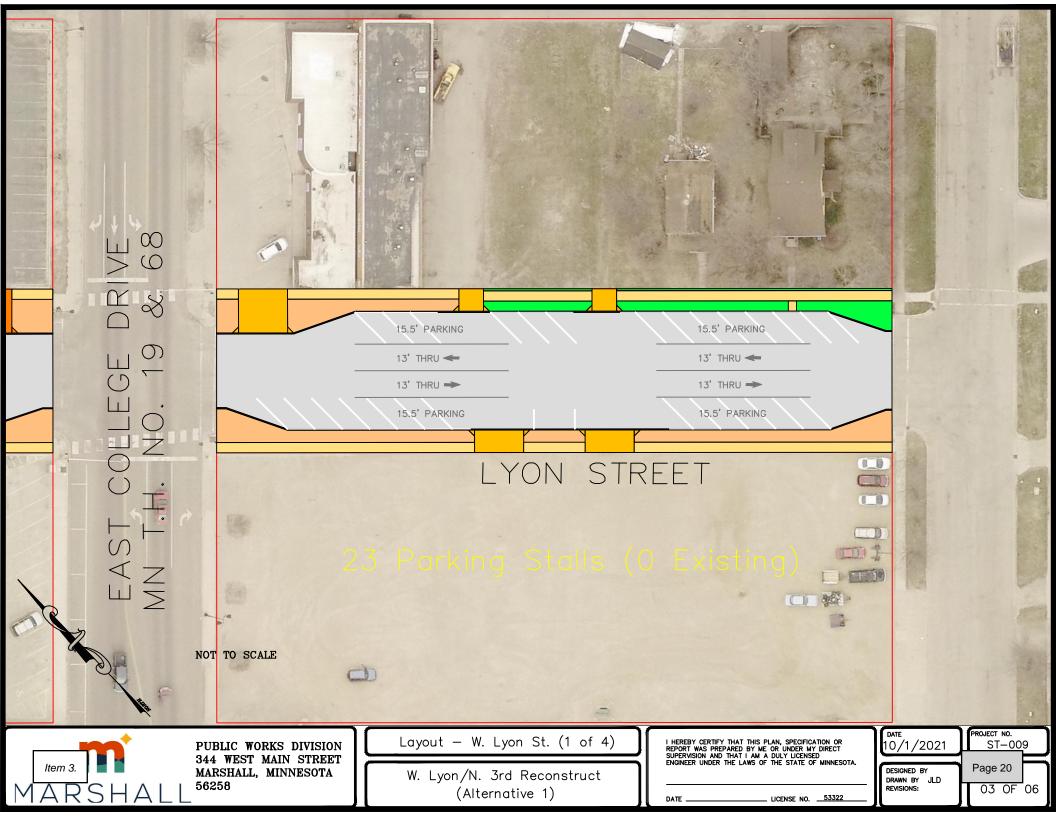
NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF MARSHALL, MINNESOTA:

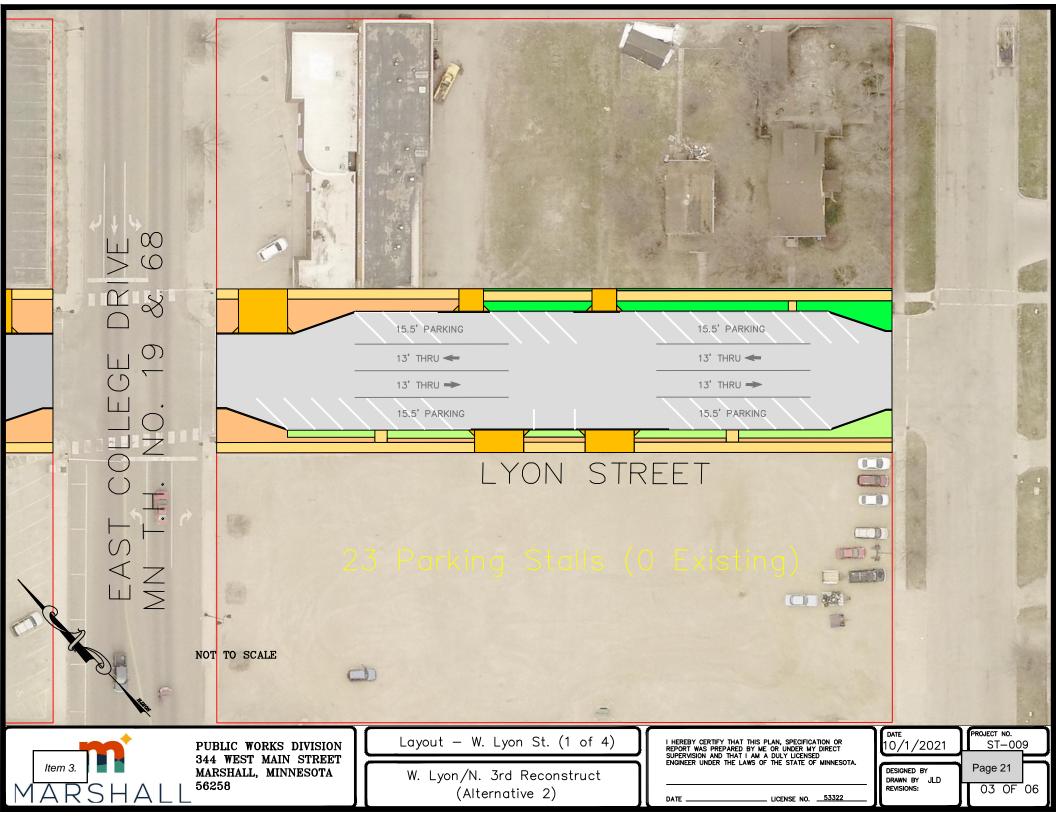
1. The Mayor and City Clerk are hereby authorized and directed to enter into a contract with R&G Construction Co. of Marshall, Minnesota, in the amount of \$409,645.10, in the name of the City of Marshall for the above referenced project, according to the plans and specifications therefore approved by the City Council and on file in the office of the City Clerk.

Passed and adopted by the City Council the	his <u>24<sup>th</sup></u> day of <u>May</u> , 20 <u>22</u> .	
ATTEST:		
City Clerk	Mayor	
,	,	

This Instrument Drafted By: Jason R. Anderson, P.E.; Director of Public Works/City Engineer











PUBLIC WORKS DIVISION 344 WEST MAIN STREET MARSHALL, MINNESOTA 56258

Rain Garden Example

W. Lyon/N. 3rd Reconstruct (Alternative 2)

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATION OR REPORT WAS PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERMISION AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA.

LICENSE NO. \_\_53322

date 10/01/2021

PROJECT NO. ST-009 Page 22 DESIGNED BY

DRAWN BY JLD REVISIONS:

02 OF 04



Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	CONSENT AGENDA
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Wastewater Treatment Facilities Improvement Project – Consider Payment of Invoice 0288838 to Bolton & Menk, Inc.
Background	Attached are the following for the above-referenced project:
Information:	1) Invoice 0288838 to Bolton & Menk, Inc., of Mankato, Minnesota, in the amount of \$2,137.50
	As this project is financed with a Public Facilities Authority low interest loan through the State of Minnesota, pay applications are required to be placed on the City Council agenda for approval.
Fiscal Impact:	This project is financed with a Public Facilities Authority low interest loan through the State of Minnesota.
Alternative/	No alternative actions recommended.
Variations:	
Recommendations:	that the Council authorize payment of Invoice 0288838 to Bolton & Menk, Inc., of Mankato, Minnesota, in the amount of \$2,137.50.

Item 4. Page 23



Real People. Real Solutions.

Please Remit To: Bolton & Menk, Inc.
1960 Premier Drive | Mankato, MN 56001-5900
507-625-4171 | 507-625-4177 (fax)
Payment by Credit Card Available Online at www.Bolton-Menk.com
To Ensure Proper Credit, Provide Invoice Numbers with Payment

City of Marshall

Wastewater Treatment Facility

Bob Van Moer, Wastewater Superintendent

600 Erie Street

Marshall, MN 56258

April 29, 2022

Project No:

T22.115360

Invoice No:

0288388

Client Account:

MARS

#### Marshall/WWTF Improvements

Marshall WWTF Improvement

Professional Services per Agreement from March 19, 2022 through April 15, 2022:

Construction Services (004)			
Professional Services			
	Hours	Amoun	t
Meetings/Hearing/Presentation			
Principal	8.00	1,560.00	)
Design/Plan/Report Review			
Project Manager	2.00	450.00	)
Word Processing/Data Entry			
Administrative	.50	57.50	)
Record Drawings			
Technician	.50	70.00	)
Totals	11.00	2,137.50	)
Total Labor			2,137.50
Billing Limits	Current	Prior To-Date	9
Total Billings Limit Remaining	2,137.50	713,855.23 / 715,992.73 900,000.00 184,007.21	0 🗸
		Total this Task	\$2,137.50
		Total this Invoice	¢2 137 50

Total this Invoice \$2,137.50

VENDOR # 0724
INVOICE # 0288388
\$ AMOUNT 2.137.50
DATE 5-6-22

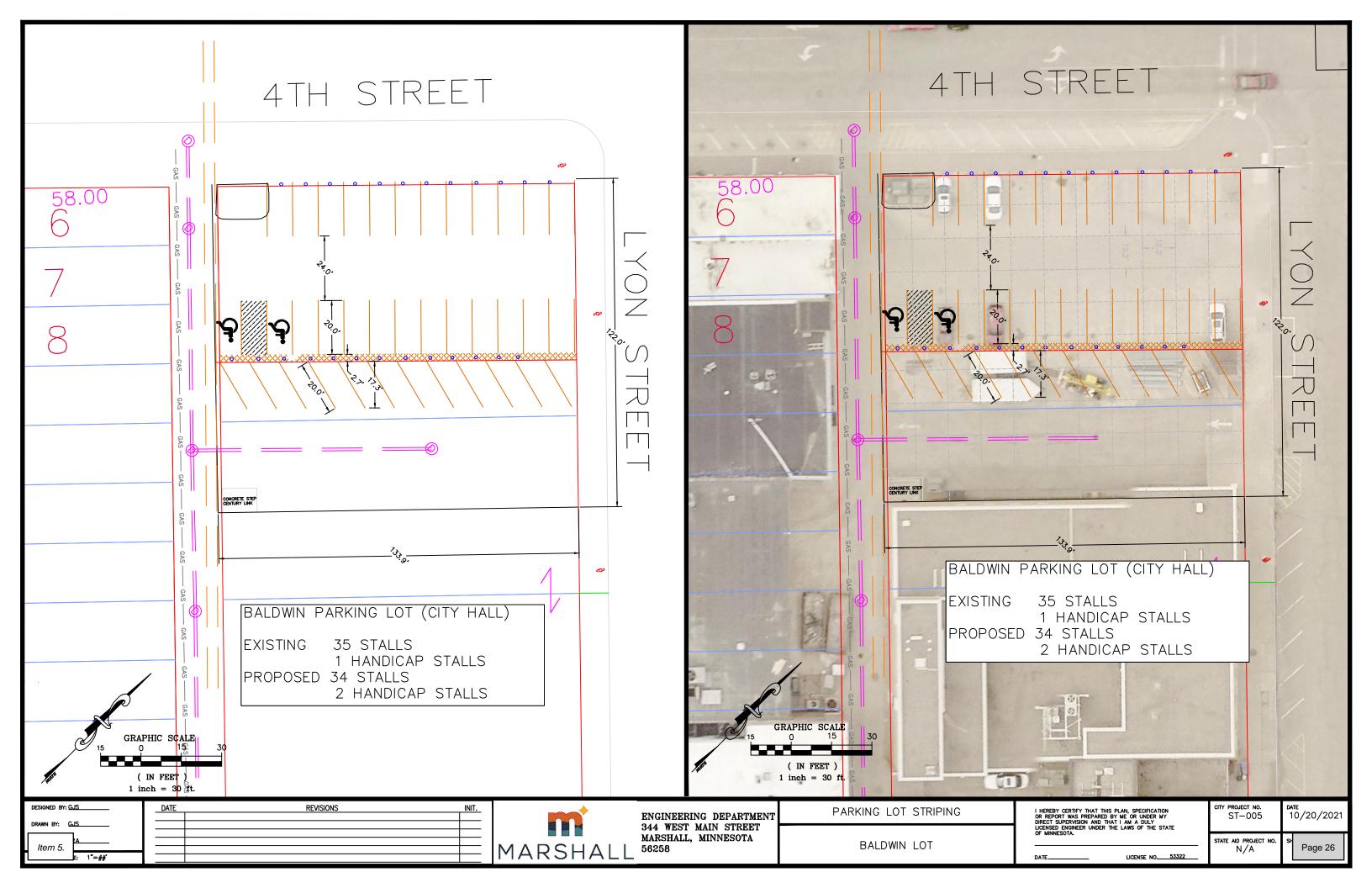
ACCT & PROJ # 602-49500-55120/W13
DESCRIPTION WUTF Improvements

SIGNATURE



ONSENT AGENDA CTION
CTION
roject ST-024: Baldwin Parking Lot Reconstruction Project – Consider Authorization Advertise for Bids.
his project consists of the reconstruction of the Baldwin Parking Lot adjacent to I. Lyon Street; pavement removal and concrete paved surfacing. The Baldwin arking Lot is located behind City Hall. The parking lot is in poor surface condition and carrants replacement. There are no utilities that would be replaced as part of the roject. Staff has met with the PI/T Committee to propose the layouts included in the ouncil packet. The proposed parking layout is generally the same as the current crangement.
econstruction of both the Baldwin Lot and Rose Lot would occur over the summer and ideally be completed prior to or following the 150 <sup>th</sup> Anniversary events. By econstructing both of these lots in 2022, this allows for both lots to be available for atrons during the 2023 W. Lyon/N. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Reconstruction project. The Addison Lot movie theater) is planned to be reconstructed in coordination with the W. yon/N. 3 <sup>rd</sup> project.
ity staff continues to work with CenturyLink staff and our City Attorney to ensure nat easements are in place to allow for construction activity to occur on land that is wned by CenturyLink.
he proposed project is included in the 2022 capital improvement plan (CIP) for econstruction of parking lot surfacing.
o alternative actions recommended.
nat the City Council authorize the advertisement for bids for Project ST-024: Baldwin arking Lot Reconstruction Project.
/ if h

Item 5. Page 25





Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	CONSENT AGENDA
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Consider Grant of Permanent Easement with Unique Opportunities Marshall, LLC (Lot 2, Block One, Unique Addition).
Background Information:	Our current Capital Improvement Plan identifies the Legion Field Road Stormwater Phase III Basin for 2023 construction. This easement document will provide space for the City to install a 48" diameter stormwater pipe conveyance to bring storm water to this future, proposed pond.  There is no cost associated with this easement and no work scheduled for this year within this easement. When a future project is identified, possibly in 2023, it is likely that this easement space will be used to install a stormwater pipe.
Fiscal Impact:	No fiscal impact.
Alternative/ Variations:	No alternative actions recommended.
Recommendation:	that the Council authorize execution of the attached Grant of Utility Easement and City Clerk recording of the document at the Office of the Lyon County Recorder.

Item 6. Page 27

#### **GRANT OF PERMANENT EASEMENT**

THIS AGREEMENT made and entered into this 1 day of 10, 2022 by and between Unique Opportunities Marshall, LLC, a Minnesota limited liability company, Grantor, and the City of Marshall, a Minnesota municipal corporation under the laws of the State of Minnesota, Grantee, as follows:

WHEREAS, Grantor is the fee owner of the property legally described in Exhibit A (the "Property"); and

THEREFORE, in consideration of sum of \$1.00 and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. Grantor gives and grants to the Grantee, its successors and assigns, the right in perpetuity, to enter upon and occupy, the right of ingress and egress, the right to construct, install, maintain, operate, use and replace utility facilities within the Easement Area. The described permanent easement is shown in Exhibit A and Exhibit B and referred to as the "Easement Area."
- 2. As an essential part of the consideration herein and by the acceptance of the grant of easement, said Grantee, its successors and assigns, further takes said easement, subject to the condition and thereby covenants that upon the initial construction, improvement or repair within the easement area given by the Grantor that Grantee will restore and return said premises to substantially the same condition as said premises were prior to said construction, improvement or repair.

\* \* \* THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE HAS BEEN LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY \* \* \*

The Agreement herein set out shall be construed as a covenant running with the remainder of the lands owned by the Grantor and is binding on said party as the owner of said lands, and for themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, anyone claiming under them, or any of them, as owners or occupants thereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Grantor has hereto set its hand the date and year first above written.

**GRANTOR** 

Unique Opportunities Marshall, LLC

By: ∢

Name : Samuel P. Herzog

Its: Managing Member

STATE OF MINNESOTA

ss.

**COUNTY OF LYON** 

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this <u>II</u> day of <u>V</u>, 2022, by Samuel P. Herzog, Managing Member of Unique Opportunities

Marshall, LLC, a Minnesota limited liability company, on behalf of the company.

NOTARIAL STAMP OR SEAL OR OTHER HEALTY OR RANK)

Amy Kathleen Enderly OR RANK)

NOTARY PUBLIC

MINNESOTA

My Commission Expires Jan. 31, 2025

SIGNATURE OF PERSON TAKING ACKNOWLEDGMENT

\* \* \* THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE HAS BEEN LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY \* \* \*

Grantee hereby agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions of the grant of this easement.

				GRANTEE: CITY OF	MARSHALL
				By: Robert J. Byrnes Its: Mayor	
	STATE OF MINNESOTA COUNTY OF LYON	) )ss. )		By: Its:	
	The foregoing instru	ment was ackno	wledge	ed before me this	day of
	, 2022, by Rober	t J. Byrnes and		, the	: Mayor and
		for the	e City	of Marshall, a municipa	ıl corporation
	under the laws of State of M	linnesota, on be	half of	the corporation.	
	NOTARIAL STAMP OR SEAL (OR 0	OTHER TITLE OR RA	NK)	SIGNATURE OF PERSON TAKIN	G ACKNOWLEDGMENT
THIS INS	TRUMENT WAS DRAFTED BY:				
MARSHA By: Denn 109 Sout	STROM & DOERING, P.A. ALL CITY ATTORNEY is H. Simpson h Fourth Street MN 56258				

\* \* \* THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE HAS BEEN LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY \* \* \*

(507) 537-1441

#### **EXHIBIT A**

All that part of Lot 2, Block 1 of Unique Addition, in the City of Marshall, as filed and recorded in the office of the County Recorder in and for Lyon County, Minnesota, being more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the southeast corner of said Lot 2; thence South 89 degrees 28 minutes 4 seconds West, bearing based on Lyon County Coordinate System (1996 Adj.), along the south line of said Lot 2, a distance of 10 feet; thence North 0 degrees 23 minutes 59 seconds West, a distance of 10 feet to the point of beginning; thence North 0 degrees 23 minutes 59 seconds West, a distance of 484.71 feet; thence South 89 degrees 28 minutes 4 seconds West, a distance of 10 feet; thence South 0 degrees 23 minutes 59 seconds East, a distance of 484.71 feet; thence North 89 degrees 28 minutes 4 seconds East, a distance of 10 feet to the point of beginning.

#### **EXHIBIT B**





Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	CONSENT AGENDA
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Consider authorization to declare vehicles as surplus property for the Marshall Police Department.
Background	These vehicles have been abandoned or seized by the Marshall Police Department and have
Information:	gone through the notification processes and required periods for disposal.
Fiscal Impact:	These vehicles will be auctioned on-line at the state site, sold, or will be taken to Alters for disposal.
Alternative/	
Variations:	
Recommendations:	That these vehicles be declared as surplus property by the City of Marshall.

Item 7. Page 33

21-3054	15 Chevy Silverado	SD WT215	3GCUKRECZFG112273	Forf (City Atty)
21-7754	05 Pontiac Grand Prix	929 TRP	2G2WP522751140855	Forf (City Atty)
21-18535	11 Nissan Altima	BXS 464	1N4BL2APGBM441179	Forf (City Atty)
18-15668	00 Toyota Camry	SD 4B7641	JT2BG22K6Y0493671	Forf (Co Atty)
	Fairway Villager golf cart	None	Unknown	Surplus



Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	CONSENT AGENDA
Type:	ACTION
Subject:	Consider LG220 Application for Exempt Permit for Holy Redeemer Church
Background Information:	Attached is an application for Exempt Permit for Holy Redeemer Church for an event to be held on December 30, 2022.
Fiscal Impact:	There is no City fee for this permit.
Alternative/ Variations:	None recommended.
Recommendations:	BE IT RESOLVED, that the City Council hereby (1) grants local unit of government approval to Holy Redeemer Church to hold a raffle on December 30, 2022, at Holy Redeemer Church, Marshall Minnesota, (2) acknowledges the receipt of LG220 Application of Exempt Permit, (3) waives the 30-day waiting period, and (4) authorizes and directs the appropriate City personnel to compete and sign the LG220 Application for Exempt Permit on behalf of the City of Marshall.

Item 8. Page 35

#### **LG220 Application for Exempt Permit**

An exempt permit may be issued to a nonprofit organization that:

- conducts lawful gambling on five or fewer days, and
- awards less than \$50,000 in prizes during a calendar year.

If total raffle prize value for the calendar year will be \$1,500 or less, contact the Licensing Specialist assigned to your county by calling 651-539-1900.

#### Application Fee (non-refundable)

Applications are processed in the order received. If the application is postmarked or received 30 days or more before the event, the application fee is **\$100**; otherwise the fee is **\$150**.

Due to the high volume of exempt applications, payment of additional fees prior to 30 days before your event will not expedite service, nor are telephone requests for expedited service accepted.

your county by calling 651-559-1900.			
ORGANIZATION INFORMATION			
Organization Name: Holy Redeemer Church	Previous Gambling Permit Number:		
Minnesota Tax ID Number, if any:	Federal Employer ID  Number (FEIN), if any:		
Mailing Address: 503 W Lyon St			
City: Marshall State: MN Zip: 56258 County: Lyon			
Name of Chief Executive Officer (CEO): Fr. Antho	ony J. Stubeda		
CEO Daytime Phone: 507-532-5711 0	CEO Email: astubeda@holy-redeemer.com  (permit will be emailed to this email address unless otherwise indicated below)		
Email permit to (if other than the CEO): Inelson@	\frac{1}{2}		
NONPROFIT STATUS			
Type of Nonprofit Organization (check one):  Fraternal  Religious	Veterans Other Nonprofit Organization		
Attach a copy of <u>one</u> of the following showing	proof of nonprofit status:		
	ral employer ID number, as they are not proof of nonprofit status.)		
A current calendar year Certificate of Good Standing  Don't have a copy? Obtain this certificate from:  MN Secretary of State, Business Services Division 60 Empire Drive, Suite 100 St. Paul, MN 55103  IRS income tax exemption (501(c)) letter in your organization's name Don't have a copy? To obtain a copy of your federal income tax exempt letter, have an organization officer contact the IRS toll free at 1-877-829-5500.  IRS - Affiliate of national, statewide, or international parent nonprofit organization (charter) If your organization falls under a parent organization, attach copies of both of the following:  1. IRS letter showing your parent organization is a nonprofit 501(c) organization with a group ruling; and 2. the charter or letter from your parent organization recognizing your organization as a subordinate.			
GAMBLING PREMISES INFORMATION			
Name of premises where the gambling event will be (for raffles, list the site where the drawing will take Physical Address (do not use P.O. box): 503 W Ly	e place): Holy Redeemer Parish Office		
Check one:  City: Marshall	Zip: <u>56258</u> County: <u>Lyon</u>		
Township:			
Date(s) of activity (for raffles, indicate the date of  Check each type of gambling activity that your orga			
Bingo Paddlewheels	Pull-Tabs Tipboards  Raffle		
Gambling equipment for bingo paper, bingo boa from a distributor licensed by the Minnesota Gamble devices may be borrowed from another organization.	ards, raffle boards, paddlewheels, pull-tabs, and tipboards must be obtained bling Control Board. EXCEPTION: Bingo hard cards and bingo ball selection ion authorized to conduct bingo. To find a licensed distributor, go to der the <b>List of Licensees</b> tab, or call 651-539-1900.		

LOCAL UNIT OF GOVERNMENT ACKNOWLEDGME the Minnesota Gambling Control Board)	NT (required before submitting application to				
CITY APPROVAL for a gambling premises located within city limits	COUNTY APPROVAL for a gambling premises located in a township				
The application is acknowledged with no waiting period.	The application is acknowledged with no waiting period.				
The application is acknowledged with a 30-day waiting period, and allows the Board to issue a permit after 30 days (60 days for a 1st class city).  The application is denied.	The application is acknowledged with a 30-day waiting period, and allows the Board to issue a permit after 30 days.  The application is denied.				
Print City Name: Marshall	Print County Name:				
Signature of City Personnel:	Signature of County Personnel:				
Title: City Clerk Date:	Title: Date:				
The city or county must sign before submitting application to the Gambling Control Board.	TOWNSHIP (if required by the county) On behalf of the township, I acknowledge that the organization is applying for exempted gambling activity within the township limits. (A township has no statutory authority to approve or deny an application, per Minn. Statutes, section 349.213.) Print Township Name:				
	Signature of Township Officer:				
	Title: Date:				
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S SIGNATURE (requ	ired)				
report will be completed and returned to the Board within 30 days  Chief Executive Officer's Signature:  (Signature must be 660's signature)  Print Name: Fr. Anthony J. Stubeda	Date: 4/20/22 re; designee may not sign)				
REQUIREMENTS	MAIL APPLICATION AND ATTACHMENTS				
Complete a separate application for: <ul> <li>all gambling conducted on two or more consecutive days; or</li> <li>all gambling conducted on one day.</li> </ul> Only one application is required if one or more raffle drawings are conducted on the same day.  Financial report to be completed within 30 days after the gambling activity is done: A financial report form will be mailed with your permit. Complete and return the financial report form to the Gambling Control Board.	the application fee is \$100; otherwise the fee is \$150. Make check payable to State of Minnesota.  To: Minnesota Gambling Control Board 1711 West County Road B, Suite 300 South Roseville, MN 55113				
Your organization must keep all exempt records and reports for 3-1/2 years (Minn. Statutes, section 349.166, subd. 2(f)).	Questions? Call the Licensing Section of the Gambling Control Board at 651-539-1900.				
Data privacy notice: The information requested on this form (and any attachments) will be used by the Gambling Control Board (Board) to determine your organization's qualifications to be involved in lawful gambling activities in Minnesota. Your organization has the right to refuse to supply the information; however, if your organization refuses to supply this information, the Board may not be able to determine your organization's qualifications and, as a consequence, may refuse to issue a permit. If your organization supplies the information requested, the Board will be able to process the	Commissioners of Administration, Minnesota Management & Budget, and Revenue; Legislative Auditor, national and International gambling regulatory agencies; anyone pursuant to court order; other individuals and agencies specifically authorized by state or federal law to have access to the information; individuals and agencies for which law or legal order authorizes a new use or sharing of information after this notice was given; and anyone with your written consent.				

An equal opportunity employer



# CITY OF MARSHALL AGENDA ITEM REPORT

Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	CONSENT AGENDA
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Consider approval of the bills/project payments
Background	Staff encourages the City Council Members to contact staff in advance of the meeting regarding
Information:	these items if there are questions. Construction contract questions are encouraged to be
	directed to Director of Public Works, Jason Anderson at 537-6051 or Finance Director, Karla
	Drown at 537-6764
Fiscal Impact:	
Alternative/	
Variations:	
Recommendations:	The following bills and project payments be authorized for payment.

Item 9. Page 38

## **Council Check Report**

By Vendor Name

Date Range: 05/13/2022 - 05/24/2022



Vendor Number	Vendor Name	Payment Date	Payment Type	Discount Amount	Payment Amount	Number
Bank Code: AP-REG AP						
4549	A & B BUSINESS, INC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	2,174.37	
6734	ABM EQUIPMENT & SUPPLY, LLC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	616.07	
5813	ACE HOME & HARDWARE	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	115.00	
5813	ACE HOME & HARDWARE	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	136.45	
6128	ACTION CO LLC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	8,987.00	
6128	ACTION CO LLC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	73.00	
0567	ALEX AIR APPARATUS INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	344.11	
0578	AMAZON CAPITAL SERVICES	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	70.03	
0578	AMAZON CAPITAL SERVICES	05/20/2022	EFT Pagular	0.00	74.78	121160
3761	AMERICAN BOTTLING CO.	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121160
3761	AMERICAN BOTTLING CO.	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		
0658	AP DESIGN	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	272.20	
0658	AP DESIGN	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	2,333.52 79.09	
6694	ARAMARK UNIFORM & CAREER APPAREL GROUP,		EFT Pogular	0.00 0.00		
0630	ARCTIC GLACIER	05/13/2022	Regular			121161
0629	ARNOLD MOTOR SUPPLY	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121193
5447	ARTISAN BEER COMPANY ARTISAN BEER COMPANY	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	1,199.35	
5447		05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	1,690.20	
6883	AT&T MOBILITY II LLC	05/20/2022 05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121194 121162
6986	AVI SYSTEMS, INC.		Regular	0.00		
5702	B & H PHOTO & ELECTRONICS CORP	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	352.49	
2340	BAKER TILLY MUNICIPAL ADVISORS, LLC	05/13/2022	EFT Pagular	0.00	41,600.00	121163
0674	BARGEN, INC.	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		
6818	BEEK, JORDY	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	375.54	
0688	BELLBOY CORPORATION	05/13/2022	EFT Pagular	0.00	2,063.54	
0699	BEVERAGE WHOLESALERS	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	34,163.91	
0699	BEVERAGE WHOLESALERS	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	39,234.92	
7005	BLY, JACK	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	150.00	
0724	BOLTON & MENK INC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	16,828.00	
0724	BOLTON & MENK INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	3,175.00	
0726	BORCHS SPORTING GOODS	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	380.00	
0018	BORDER STATES ELECTRIC SUPPLY	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	24.18	
0018	BORDER STATES ELECTRIC SUPPLY	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	112.03	
3829	BRAU BROTHERS	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121165
4457	BREAKTHRU BEVERAGE	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	9,805.73	
4457	BREAKTHRU BEVERAGE	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	11,202.90	
0728	BUFFALO RIDGE CONCRETE,INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	516.00	
6791	CAPITAL ONE	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121167
6791	CAPITAL ONE	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121198
0799	CARLOS CREEK WINERY	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	1,332.00	
0815	CATTOOR OIL COMPANY INC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	12,217.27	
6823	CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121200
0836	CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	11.99	
0836	CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	101.88	
0853	CLAREYS SAFETY EQUIPMENT INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	3,797.58	
5733	CLARITY TELECOM, LLC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	2,927.56	
0875	COMPUTER MAN INC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	2,492.75	
0920	CULLIGAN WATER CONDITIONING OF MARSHALL		Regular	0.00		121169
0948	DAKOTA RIGGERS & TOOL SUPPLY INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	354.20	
5731	DOLL DISTRIBUTING	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	18,578.50	
5731	DOLL DISTRIBUTING	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	27,000.75	
4126	DOOM & CUYPER CONSTRUCTION	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	300.59	
1037	ECOWATER SYSTEMS	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00		9690
6443	EDAM	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	295.00	121170

### Date Range: 05/13/2022 - 05/24/2022

Council Check Report					ate Kange: 05/13/20	
Vendor Number	Vendor Name	Payment Date	Payment Type	Discount Amount	Payment Amount	
3566	ELECTRIC MOTOR CO	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	451.18	
3566	ELECTRIC MOTOR CO	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	926.29	
1047	ELECTRIC PUMP INC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	13,420.05	
4858	ENGRAVESTONE	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121201
4753	ENTERPRISE LEASING CO	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	21.79	
1090	FASTENAL COMPANY	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	648.89	
1090	FASTENAL COMPANY	05/20/2022	EFT .	0.00	273.68	
4805	FURTHER	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	,	DFT0001701
4805	FURTHER	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	•	DFT0001706
1158	GALLS INC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	677.93	
5944	GOERGEN, JOSH	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	457.36	
1199	GRAHAM TIRE AND AUTOMOTIVE SERVICES	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121171
1199	GRAHAM TIRE AND AUTOMOTIVE SERVICES	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121202
1201	GRAINGER INC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	85.85	
1201	GRAINGER INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	285.72	
6291 6269	GUARDIAN FLEET SAFETY	05/13/2022	Regular EFT	0.00 0.00	41,730.69 72.70	
1256	HANSON, SHARON HAWKINS INC	05/13/2022 05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	7,090.62	
1256	HAWKINS INC			0.00	•	
		05/20/2022 05/20/2022	EFT		7,463.28	
1267	HEIMAN INC.		EFT	0.00	1,372.50	
1271	HENLE PRINTING COMPANY	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	197.76	
1271	HENLE PRINTING COMPANY	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	913.49	
1280	HP INC	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	1,083.96	
1325	ICMA RETIREMENT TRUST #300877	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121174
5546	INDIAN ISLAND WINERY	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	1,007.52	
6536	INNOVATIVE OFFICE SOLUTIONS, LLC	05/13/2022	EFT Bank Draft	0.00	94.22	
1358	INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	•	DFT0001707
1358	INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	•	DFT0001708
1358 5329	INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE INTERSTATE ALL BATTERY CENTER	05/13/2022 05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00 0.00	•	DFT0001709 121175
		05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	10,762.62	
1399 1399	JOHNSON BROTHERS LIQUOR COMPANY JOHNSON BROTHERS LIQUOR COMPANY	05/20/2022	EFT EFT	0.00	17,114.55	
1417	KENNEDY & GRAVEN, CHARTERED	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	2,864.00	
1417	KENNEDY & GRAVEN, CHARTERED	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	6,348.00	
5095	KIBBLE EQUIPMENT	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	23.31	
5095	KIBBLE EQUIPMENT	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	67.97	
5138	L & A SYSTEMS, LLC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	1,172.00	
3906	LALEMAN, GARY	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	•	121204
6792	LANDRUM AND BROWN, INC	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	1,250.00	
3653	LANGUAGE LINE SERVICES	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	443.66	
1483	LEAGUE OF MINNESOTA CITIES INS TRUST	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	3,005.81	
1507	LOCHER BROTHERS INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	875.10	
1531	LYON COUNTY AUDITOR-TREASURER	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	523.29	
1545	LYON COUNTY HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	9,546.30	
1552	LYON COUNTY RECORDER	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	•	9706
1555	LYON LINCOLN ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE INC	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121206
1565	MACQUEEN EQUIPMENT INC.	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	1,167.81	
6292	MADDEN, GALANTER, HANSEN, LLP	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	266.00	
1575	MAILBOXES & PARCEL DEPOT	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00		9757
1602	MARSHALL AMATEUR HOCKEY ASSOCIATION	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121177
1604	MARSHALL AREA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	50.00	
1616	MARSHALL CONVENTION & VISITORS BUREAU	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	23,426.86	
4660	MARSHALL FESTIVALS INC.	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	718.94	
1623	MARSHALL INDEPENDENT, INC	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	3,150.15	
6018	MARSHALL M CLUB	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121209
1633	MARSHALL MUNICIPAL UTILITIES	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	8,144.09	
1633	MARSHALL MUNICIPAL UTILITIES	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	2,072.17	
1635	MARSHALL NORTHWEST PIPE FITTINGS INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	1,368.79	
3545	MARSHALL RADIO	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	500.00	
6733	MARTI, GEORGE & PAULA	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121178
6586	MCDYER TOOLS	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121179
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### Date Range: 05/13/2022 - 05/24/2022

Council Check Report				L	ate Kange: 05/13/20	22 - 05/24/2022
Vendor Number	Vendor Name	Payment Date	Payment Type	Discount Amount	Payment Amount	Number
6586	MCDYER TOOLS	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	155.50	121210
4980	MENARDS INC	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	209.31	121180
4980	MENARDS INC	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	60.47	121211
6388	MIDWEST ALARM CO.,INC	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	600.00	121181
0095	MINNESOTA CITY/COUNTY MANAGEMENT ASSOC	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	185.00	121182
3669	MINNESOTA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	8,944.69	DFT0001704
1757	MN CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENT CENTER	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	386.70	DFT0001697
1757	MN CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENT CENTER	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	96.38	DFT0001698
1757	MN CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENT CENTER	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	287.49	DFT0001699
1757	MN CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENT CENTER	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	85.83	DFT0001700
1774	MN DEPT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY FINANCIAL SE		Regular	0.00		121183
3555	MN DOT	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121185
1818	MN REVENUE	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	•	DFT0001710
1787	MN STATE BOARD OF ASSESSORS	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121212
1864	MONTES ELECTRIC INC	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121186
7003	M-R SIGN CO., INC.	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	1,931.60	
2512	NATIONWIDE RETIREMENT	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00		DFT0001693
2512	NATIONWIDE RETIREMENT	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	,	DFT0001694
1938	NEWMAN SIGNS	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	79.16	
1945	NORM'S GTC	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121187
1945	NORM'S GTC	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121214
1961	NORTHERN SAFETY COMPANY INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	99.44	
6463	OFFICE OF MNIT SERVICES	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121215
5891	ONE OFFICE SOLUTION	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	73.97	
6190	OPG-3 INC	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	9,600.00	
2010	PARK SUPPLY INC	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121217
2019	PAUSTIS WINE COMPANY	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	3,858.00	
2026	PEPSI COLA BOTTLING OF PIPESTONE MN INC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	48.00	
2028	PERA OF MINNESOTA REG	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	•	DFT0001702
2030	PETERSON, ALEX	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	538.26	
2034	PETTY CASH	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121218
2036	PHILLIPS WINE AND SPIRITS INC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	9,907.40	
2036	PHILLIPS WINE AND SPIRITS INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	6,246.38	
2065	POWER PROCESS EQUIPMENT INC	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	1,647.75	
2064	POWERPLAN  PULLYER MOTOR SIZE LLG	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121220
6166	PULVER MOTOR SVC, LLC	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	160.00	
2096	QUARNSTROM & DOERING, PA	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	3,686.00	
5180	RTVISION INC RUNNINGS SUPPLY INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	7,115.00 210.32	
2201		05/13/2022 05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	498.45	
2201	RUNNINGS SUPPLY INC SANITATION PRODUCTS		EFT Regular			
6212 2271	SHORT ELLIOTT HENDRICKSON INC	05/20/2022 05/13/2022	Regular	0.00 0.00	4,990.85	121221
3495	SMSU	05/20/2022	Regular EFT	0.00	25.00	
4855	SOUTHERN GLAZER'S	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	13,089.92	
4855	SOUTHERN GLAZER'S	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	23,302.93	
2311	SOUTHWEST GLASS CENTER	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	· ·	9770
2318	SOUTHWEST GLASS CENTER SOUTHWEST SANITATION INC.	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	2,330.11	
5922	SRF CONSULTING GROUP, INC.	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	6,793.14	
2345	ST CROIX RECREATION FUNPLAYGROUNDS	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	2,871.40	
2349	STAN HOUSTON EQUIPMENT COMPANY INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	131.11	
6318	STERLING EQUIPMENT & REPAIR, INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	67.21	
0495	SWANSON, GREGG	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	116.51	
2429	TKDA	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	2,475.00	
6156	TRUE BRANDS	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	482.26	
3342	TRUEDSON, SCOTT	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	80.00	
6997	UFKIN, ALISON	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00		121223
2477	UNIQUE PAVING MATERIALS CORPORATION	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	877.13	
4402	UPS	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00		121190
2511	USA BLUE BOOK	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	424.38	
3443	VALIC DEFERRED COMP	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00		DFT0001695
3443	VALIC DEFERRED COMP	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00		DFT0001696
	5 = 1 <b>50</b>	-,,	- · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.00	2,403.77	

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#### **Council Check Report**

Council Check Report Date Range: 05/13/2022					22 - 05/24/2022	
Vendor Number	Vendor Name	Payment Date	Payment Type	Discount Amount	Payment Amount	Number
6901	VAN METER INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	84.69	9778
4372	VANIWAARDEN ASSOC.	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	4,200.00	9720
6981	VECTOR SIGN SOLUTIONS	05/13/2022	Regular	0.00	137.50	121191
4489	VERIZON WIRELESS	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	49.04	9779
2538	VIKING COCA COLA BOTTLING COMPANY	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	301.80	9721
2538	VIKING COCA COLA BOTTLING COMPANY	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	507.70	9780
4594	VINOCUPIA	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	5,449.68	9722
6085	VOYA - INVESTORS CHOICE	05/13/2022	Bank Draft	0.00	2,191.90	DFT0001705
6330	WRS CO. LLC	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	205.00	121224
6996	YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION OF THE N	05/20/2022	Regular	0.00	6,725.00	121225
6082	ZEUG, THOMAS	05/13/2022	EFT	0.00	180.00	9723
6082	ZEUG, THOMAS	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	100.00	9781
2632	ZIEGLER INC	05/20/2022	EFT	0.00	262.04	9782

### **Bank Code AP Summary**

Payment Type	Payable Count	Payment Count	Discount	Payment
Regular Checks	107	62	0.00	189,560.09
Manual Checks	0	0	0.00	0.00
Voided Checks	0	0	0.00	0.00
Bank Drafts	17	17	0.00	156,414.67
EFT's	218	110	0.00	363,510.30
	342	189	0.00	709,485.06

Council Check Report Date Range: 05/13/2022 - 05/24/2022

### **All Bank Codes Check Summary**

Payment Type	Payable Count	Payment Count	Discount	Payment
Regular Checks	107	62	0.00	189,560.09
Manual Checks	0	0	0.00	0.00
Voided Checks	0	0	0.00	0.00
Bank Drafts	17	17	0.00	156,414.67
EFT's	218	110	0.00	363,510.30
	342	189	0.00	709,485.06

### **Fund Summary**

Fund	Name	Period	Amount
999	POOLED CASH FUND	5/2022	709,485.06
			709,485.06

## CITY OF MARSHALL, MINNESOTA PRIOR AND CURRENT YEARS CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS 5/24/2022

PROJECT#:	Coding	DATE		CONTRACTOR:	ORIGINAL CONTRACT AMOUNT:	CHANGE ORDERS	CURRENT CONTRACT AMOUNT	2019 Prior Payments	2020 Prior Payments	2021 Prior Payments	2022 Prior Payments	PYMTS THIS MEETING:	RETAINAGE	BALANCE:
W13	602-49500-55120	5/28/2019	WWTF Improvement Project	Magney Construction, Inc.	14,074,300.00	(26,609.74)	14,047,690.26	4,099,265.87	6,918,924.06	3,029,500.33			_	-
CH1	494-43300-55120	11/12/2019	City Hall Renovation	Brennan Companies	5,030,200.00	749,360.00	5,779,560.00		3,039,722.04	2,661,221.96	52,616.00		26,000.00	52,616.00
Z83	479-43300-55170	2/23/2021	James Ave/Camden Dr Reconstruction	Kuechle Underground	849,244.50		849,244.50			779,179.36			41,009.44	29,055.70
Z88	479-43300-55170	4/13/2021	State Aid Overlay	Duininck, Inc	1,924,600.45	31,330.31	1,955,930.76			1,859,801.49			-	96,129.27
PK-001	401-45200-55130	8/25/2021	Independence Park Trail Replacement	A & C Excavating, LLC	375,659.10		375,659.10			109,320.20			5,753.70	260,585.20
SWM-007	630-49600-55170	10/12/2021	Independence Park Pond Forebay Expansion	Towne & Country Excavating LLC	229,255.50		229,255.50				111,888.15		5,888.85	223,366.65
AP-005	101-43400-55120	10/12/2021	A/D Building Roof Repair	Gag Sheet Metal, Inc.	37,200.00	45,399.00	82,599.00			51,879.00	30,720.00			-
ST-002	495-43300-55170	2/8/2022	Bituminous Overlay on Various City Streets	Duininck, Inc	560,573.35		560,573.35							560,573.35
ST-003	480-43300-55170	2/8/2022	1st/Greeley/Williams Reconstruction	R & G Construction Co.	1,647,498.69	2,500.00	1,649,998.69				4,655.00		245.00	1,649,753.69
ST-001	101-43300-53425	2/22/2022	Chip Seals	Pearson Bros., Inc.	210,581.00		210,581.00							210,581.00
ST-004	480-43300-55170	2/22/2022	Halbur Road Reconstruction	Duininck, Inc	1,142,009.72		1,142,009.72							1,142,009.72
ST-006 (Z79)	495-43300-55130	5/10/2022	School Pedestrian Crossing Improvements	Duininck, Inc	480,250.35		480,250.35							480,250.35
					26,561,372.66	801,979.57	27,363,352.23	4,099,265.87	9,958,646.10	8,490,902.34		0.00	78,896.99	4,704,920.93

PERCENT COMPLETE

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# CITY OF MARSHALL AGENDA ITEM REPORT

Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	NEW BUSINESS
Type:	ACTION
Subject:	Consider the annual adoption of a Resolution Declaring the Sounds of Summer as a Community Festival.
Background	Sounds of Summer Committee has submitted a letter requesting that the City declare "The
Information:	Sounds of Summer" celebration as a Community Festival. The Sounds of Summer is scheduled for Thursday, August 18, 2022 through Sunday, August 21, 2022.
Fiscal Impact:	NA
Alternative/	None Recommended
Variations:	
Recommendations:	Adopt Resolution No. 22-059,a Resolution declaring Sounds of Summer as a Community Festival.

Item 10. Page 46

#### RESOLUTION NUMBER 22-059

### AUTHORIZATION TO DECLARE SOUNDS OF SUMMER AS A COMMUNITY FESTIVAL

WHEREAS, the Sounds of Summer Committee, in cooperation with many community partners, hosts an annual community festival; and

WHEREAS, the Sounds of Summer Celebration is an annual event held in the City of Marshall which promotes a sense of community and belonging, and an atmosphere of celebration for all residents and visitors of the City; and

WHEREAS, the Marshall City Council is supportive of this event; and

WHEREAS, the Sounds of Summer Committee will be holding the Community Festival in August, 2022.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the City Council declares the Sounds of Summer Community event scheduled for August 18, 2022 through August 21, 2022 as a "Community Festival".

Passed and adopted by the Common Council this 24<sup>th</sup> day of May, 2022.

	Mayor of the City of Marshal
ATTEST:	
City Clerk	



# CITY OF MARSHALL AGENDA ITEM REPORT

Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	NEW BUSINESS
Туре:	INFO
Subject:	Legislative Update
Background	Staff and representatives will provide an update on pending legislation effecting the City of
Information:	Marshall
Fiscal Impact:	Total authorized funding is just over \$25,600,000
Alternative/	Information Only
Variations:	
Recommendations:	Information Only

Item 11.

Senator ...... moves to amend H.F. No. 3669 as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

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"ARTICLE 1

### FEDERAL UPDATE

- 1.5 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.02, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. Internal Revenue Code. Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal
   Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December
   31, 2018 November 15, 2021.
  - EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time the changes were effective for federal purposes, but are subject to the application of Minnesota Statutes, section 290.993, subdivision 2.
- 1.13 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 289A.08, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 7. Composite income tax returns for nonresident partners, shareholders, and beneficiaries. (a) The commissioner may allow a partnership with nonresident partners to file a composite return and to pay the tax on behalf of nonresident partners who have no other Minnesota source income. This composite return must include the names, addresses, Social Security numbers, income allocation, and tax liability for the nonresident partners electing to be covered by the composite return.
  - (b) The computation of a partner's tax liability must be determined by multiplying the income allocated to that partner by the highest rate used to determine the tax liability for individuals under section 290.06, subdivision 2c. Nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed.
  - (c) The partnership must submit a request to use this composite return filing method for nonresident partners. The requesting partnership must file a composite return in the form prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The filing of a composite return is considered a request to use the composite return filing method.
  - (d) The electing partner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the income from the partnership, other electing partnerships, and other qualifying entities electing to file and pay the pass-through entity tax under subdivision 7a. If it is determined that the electing partner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of the income

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 2. Page 49

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and tax liability for that partner under this provision will not constitute a return to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the individual as part of the composite return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the individual on the date on which the composite return payment was made. If the electing nonresident partner has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the composite return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1.

- (e) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that an individual pay estimated tax if the individual's liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section 289A.25. The individual's liability to pay estimated tax is, however, satisfied when the partnership pays composite estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25.
- (f) If an electing partner's share of the partnership's gross income from Minnesota sources is less than the filing requirements for a nonresident under this subdivision, the tax liability is zero. However, a statement showing the partner's share of gross income must be included as part of the composite return.
- (g) The election provided in this subdivision is only available to a partner who has no other Minnesota source income and who is either (1) a full-year nonresident individual or (2) a trust or estate that does not claim a deduction under either section 651 or 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (h) A corporation defined in section 290.9725 and its nonresident shareholders may make an election under this paragraph. The provisions covering the partnership apply to the corporation and the provisions applying to the partner apply to the shareholder.
- (i) Estates and trusts distributing current income only and the nonresident individual beneficiaries of the estates or trusts may make an election under this paragraph. The provisions covering the partnership apply to the estate or trust. The provisions applying to the partner apply to the beneficiary.
- (j) For the purposes of this subdivision, "income" means the partner's share of federal adjusted gross income from the partnership modified by the additions provided in section 290.0131, subdivisions 8 to 10, 16, and 17, 19, and 20, and the subtractions provided in:
  (1) section 290.0132, subdivisions 9, 27, and 28, to the extent the amount is assignable or allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17; and (2) section 290.0132, subdivision 14, 31, and 32. The subtraction allowed under section 290.0132, subdivision 9, is only allowed on the composite tax computation to the extent the electing partner would have been allowed the subtraction.
- 2.33 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 2.34 31, 2021.

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 2. Page 50

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 19. **Net income.** (a) For a trust or estate taxable under section 290.03, and a corporation taxable under section 290.02, the term "net income" means the federal taxable income, as defined in section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through the date named in this subdivision, incorporating the federal effective dates of changes to the Internal Revenue Code and any elections made by the taxpayer in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income for federal income tax purposes, and with the modifications provided in sections 290.0131 to 290.0136.
- (b) For an individual, the term "net income" means federal adjusted gross income with the modifications provided in sections 290.0131, 290.0132, and 290.0135 to 290.0137.
- (c) In the case of a regulated investment company or a fund thereof, as defined in section 851(a) or 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, federal taxable income means investment company taxable income as defined in section 852(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that:
- (1) the exclusion of net capital gain provided in section 852(b)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code does not apply;
- (2) the deduction for dividends paid under section 852(b)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code must be applied by allowing a deduction for capital gain dividends and exempt-interest dividends as defined in sections 852(b)(3)(C) and 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (3) the deduction for dividends paid must also be applied in the amount of any undistributed capital gains which the regulated investment company elects to have treated as provided in section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (d) The net income of a real estate investment trust as defined and limited by section 856(a), (b), and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code means the real estate investment trust taxable income as defined in section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (e) The net income of a designated settlement fund as defined in section 468B(d) of the Internal Revenue Code means the gross income as defined in section 468B(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (f) The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2018
   November 15, 2021, applies for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, except
   the sections of federal law in section 290.0111 shall also apply.

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 3. Page 51

(g) Except as otherwise provided, references to the Internal Revenue Code in this subdivision and sections 290.0131 to 290.0136 mean the code in effect for purposes of determining net income for the applicable year.

- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time the changes were effective for federal purposes, but are subject to the application of Minnesota Statutes, section 290.993, subdivision 2.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 31, is amended to read:
- Subd. 31. **Internal Revenue Code.** Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2018, except the sections of federal law in section 290.0111 shall also apply November 15, 2021. Internal Revenue Code also includes any uncodified provision in federal law that relates to provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that are incorporated into Minnesota law.
  - EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time the changes were effective for federal purposes, but are subject to the application of Minnesota Statutes, section 290.993, subdivision 2.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0123, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Amount for dependents.** For an individual who is a dependent, as defined in sections 151 and 152 of the Internal Revenue Code, of another taxpayer for a taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which the individual's taxable year begins, the standard deduction for that individual is limited to the greater of:
- 4.24 (1) \$1,100; or

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- 4.25 (2) the lesser of (i) the sum of \$350 and that individual's earned income, as defined in section 32(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that a taxpayer must use earned income from the current taxable year; or (ii) the standard deduction amount allowed under subdivision 1, clause (3).
- 4.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
   4.30 after December 31, 2017.

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 5. 4

5.1	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0131, is amended by adding a subdivision
5.2	to read:
5.3	Subd. 19. Meal expenses. The amount of meal expenses in excess of the 50 percent
5.4	limitation under section 274(n)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code allowed under subsection

5.6 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
 5.7 31, 2021.

(n), paragraph (2), subparagraph (D), of that section is an addition.

5.5

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0131, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 20. Special limited adjustment. (a) For taxable years beginning after December
   31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023, the amount calculated under section 290.993,
   subdivision 2, paragraph (c), that increases net income for the taxable year is an addition.
- (b) Partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries who file their returns on a calendar year basis,
   and who received an addition from a pass-through entity filing their return on a fiscal year
   basis, must make the addition in the taxable year it is received as required for federal income
   tax purposes.
- 5.17 (c) This subdivision expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023.
- 5.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2024.
- 5.20 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
- 5.21 Subd. 18. **Net operating losses.** (a) The amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision 11, paragraph (c), is a subtraction.
- (b) The unused portion of a net operating loss carryover under section 290.095,
   subdivision 11, paragraph (d), is a subtraction. The subtraction is the lesser of:
- 5.25 (1) the amount carried into the taxable year minus any subtraction made under this 5.26 section for prior taxable years; or
- 5.27 (2) 80 percent of Minnesota taxable net income in a single taxable year and determined without regard to this subtraction.
- 5.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
   5.30 31, 2021.

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 8. Page 53

	05/08/22 11:30 am	COUNSEL	NP/ESS/TG	SCH3669A-1
6.1	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 202	0, section 290.0132, is	amended by addin	g a subdivision
6.2	to read:			
6.3	Subd. 31. Special Limited A	d <b>justment.</b> (a) For taxal	ole years beginning	gafter December
6.4	31, 2021, and before January 1, 2	2023, the amount calcu	lated under section	290.993,
6.5	subdivision 2, paragraph (c), that	decreases net income f	or the taxable year	is a subtraction.
6.6	(b) Partners, shareholders, or	beneficiaries who file th	eir returns on a cale	endar year basis,
6.7	and who received a subtraction fr	om a pass-through entit	y filing their return	ı on a fiscal year
6.8	basis, must make the subtraction	in the taxable year it is	received as requir	ed for federal
6.9	income tax purposes.			
6.10	(c) This subdivision expires f	for taxable years beginn	ing after Decembe	er 31, 2023.
6.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This se	ction is effective for taxa	ıble years beginning	g after December
6.12	31, 2021, and before January 1, 2	2024.		
6.13	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 20	20, section 290.0132, is	s amended by addin	ng a subdivision
6.14	to read:	,	Ž	
6.15	Subd. 32. Delayed business	interest. For each of the	e five taxable years	beginning after
6.16	December 31, 2021, there is allo	wed a subtraction equa	l to one-fifth of the	adjustment
6.17	amount, to the extent not already	deducted, for the exclu	usion under section	<u>1 290.993,</u>
6.18	subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clau	use (11), due to the Coro	onavirus Aid, Relie	f and Economic
6.19	Security Act, Public Law 116-13	6, section 2306.		
6.20	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This se	ction is effective for taxa	ıble years beginning	g after December
6.21	<u>31, 2021.</u>			
6.22	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 20	20, section 290.0133, is	s amended by adding	ng a subdivision
6.23	to read:		-	
6.24	Subd. 15. Meal expenses. Th	ne amount of meal expe	nses in excess of the	he 50 percent

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 6.27 31, 2021. 6.28

274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code is an addition.

limitation under section 274(n)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code allowed under section

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Article 1 Sec. 11. 6 Item 11. Page 54

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0133, is amended by adding a subdivision

- 7.2 to read:
- 7.3 Subd. 16. **Special Limited Adjustment.** (a) For taxable years beginning after December
- 7.4 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023, the amount calculated under section 290.993,
- subdivision 2, paragraph (c), that increases net income for the taxable year is an addition.
- 7.6 (b) Partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries who file their returns on a calendar year basis,
- and who received an addition from a pass-through entity filing their return on a fiscal year
- basis, must make the addition in the taxable year it is received as required for federal income
- 7.9 <u>tax purposes.</u>
- 7.10 (c) This subdivision expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023.
- 7.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
- 7.12 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2024.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0134, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 7.14 to read:
- 7.15 Subd. 20. **Special Limited Adjustment.** (a) For taxable years beginning after December
- 7.16 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023, the amount calculated under section 290.993,
- subdivision 2, paragraph (c), that decreases net income for the taxable year is a subtraction.
- 7.18 (b) Partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries who file their returns on a calendar year basis,
- and who received a subtraction from a pass-through entity filing their return on a fiscal year
- 7.20 basis, must make the subtraction in the taxable year it is received as required for federal
- 7.21 <u>income tax purposes.</u>
- 7.22 (c) This subdivision expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023.
- 7.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
- 7.24 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2024.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0134, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 7.26 to read:
- 7.27 Subd. 21. **Delayed business interest.** For each of the five taxable years beginning after
- 7.28 December 31, 2021, there is allowed a subtraction equal to one-fifth of the adjustment
- amount, to the extent not already deducted, for the exclusion under section 290.993,
- subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (11), due to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic
- 7.31 Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section 2306.

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 14. 7

8.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021.

- 8.3 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2c. **Schedules of rates for individuals, estates, and trusts.** (a) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon married individuals filing joint returns and surviving spouses as defined in section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code must be computed by applying to their taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 8.9 (1) On the first \$38,770, 5.35 percent;
- 8.10 (2) On all over \$38,770, but not over \$154,020, 6.8 percent;
- 8.11 (3) On all over \$154,020, but not over \$269,010, 7.85 percent;
- 8.12 (4) On all over \$269,010, 9.85 percent.
- Married individuals filing separate returns, estates, and trusts must compute their income tax by applying the above rates to their taxable income, except that the income brackets will be one-half of the above amounts after the adjustment required in subdivision 2d.
- 8.16 (b) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals must be computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 8.18 (1) On the first \$26,520, 5.35 percent;
- 8.19 (2) On all over \$26,520, but not over \$87,110, 6.8 percent;
- 8.20 (3) On all over \$87,110, but not over \$161,720, 7.85 percent;
- 8.21 (4) On all over \$161,720, 9.85 percent.
- 8.22 (c) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals qualifying as
  8.23 a head of household as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code must be
  8.24 computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 8.25 (1) On the first \$32,650, 5.35 percent;
- 8.26 (2) On all over \$32,650, but not over \$131,190, 6.8 percent;
- 8.27 (3) On all over \$131,190, but not over \$214,980, 7.85 percent;
- 8.28 (4) On all over \$214,980, 9.85 percent.
- 8.29 (d) In lieu of a tax computed according to the rates set forth in this subdivision, the tax 8.30 of any individual taxpayer whose taxable net income for the taxable year is less than an

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 15. 8

amount determined by the commissioner must be computed in accordance with tables prepared and issued by the commissioner of revenue based on income brackets of not more than \$100. The amount of tax for each bracket shall be computed at the rates set forth in this subdivision, provided that the commissioner may disregard a fractional part of a dollar unless it amounts to 50 cents or more, in which case it may be increased to \$1.

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- (e) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in this subdivision. After the application of the nonrefundable credits provided in this chapter, the tax liability must then be multiplied by a fraction in which:
- (1) the numerator is the individual's Minnesota source federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and increased by:
- 9.12 (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and
   9.13 17, 19, and 20, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by
- (ii) the Minnesota assignable portion of the subtraction for United States government interest under section 290.0132, subdivision 2, the subtractions under sections 290.0132, subdivisions 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 27, 31, and 32, and 290.0137, paragraph (c), after applying the allocation and assignability provisions of section 290.081, clause (a), or 290.17; and
- 9.19 (2) the denominator is the individual's federal adjusted gross income as defined in section
  9.20 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, increased by:
- 9.21 (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and 9.22 17, 19, and 20, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by
- 9.23 (ii) the subtractions under sections 290.0132, subdivisions 2, 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 9.24 27, 31, and 32, and 290.0137, paragraph (c).
- 9.25 (f) If an individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year is a qualifying
  9.26 owner of a qualifying entity that elects to pay tax as provided in section 289A.08, subdivision
  9.27 7a, paragraph (b), the individual must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as
  9.28 provided in paragraph (e), and also must include, to the extent attributed to the electing
  9.29 qualifying entity:
- 9.30 (1) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (i), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (i), the 9.31 addition under section 290.0131, subdivision 5; and
- 9.32 (2) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (ii), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (ii), the subtraction under section 290.0132, subdivision 3.

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 15. 9

10.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
10.2	<u>31, 2021.</u>
10.3	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0671, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
10.4	Subd. 1a. <b>Definitions.</b> For purposes of this section, the <u>following</u> terms "qualifying
10.5	child," and "earned income," have the meanings given in section 32(c) of the Internal
10.6	Revenue Code, and the term "adjusted gross income" has the meaning given in section 62
10.7	of the Internal Revenue Code.:
10.8	"Earned income of the lesser-earning spouse" has the meaning given in section 290.0675,
10.9	subdivision 1, paragraph (d).
10.10	(1) "qualifying child" has the meaning given in section 32(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
10.11	Code;
10.12	(2) "earned income" has the meaning given in section 32(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue
10.13	Code, except that a taxpayer must use earned income from the current taxable year;
10.14	(3) "adjusted gross income" has the meaning given in section 62 of the Internal Revenue
10.15	Code; and
10.16	(4) "earned income of the lesser earning spouse" has the meaning given in section
10.17	290.0675, subdivision 1, paragraph (d).
10.18	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
10.19	after December 31, 2017.
10.20	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0675, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
10.21	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section the following terms have
10.22	the meanings given.
10.23	(b) "Earned income" means the sum of the following, to the extent included in Minnesota
10.24	taxable income:
10.25	(1) earned income as defined in section 32(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
10.26	that a taxpayer must use earned income from the current taxable year;
10.27	(2) income received from a retirement pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, or annuity
10.28	plan; and
10.29	(3) Social Security benefits as defined in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
10.30	(c) "Taxable income" means net income as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 19.

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 17. 10

11.1	(d) "Earned income of lesser-earning spouse" means the earned income of the spouse
11.2	with the lesser amount of earned income as defined in paragraph (b) for the taxable year
11.3	minus one-half the amount of the standard deduction under section 290.0123, subdivision
11.4	1, clause (1).
11.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
11.6	after December 31, 2017.
11.7	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
11.8	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, the following
11.9	terms have the meanings given.
11.10	(a) "Alternative minimum taxable income" means the sum of the following for the taxable
11.11	year:
11.12	(1) the taxpayer's federal alternative minimum taxable income as defined in section
11.13	55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;
11.14	(2) the taxpayer's itemized deductions allowed in computing federal alternative minimum
11.15	taxable income, but excluding:
11.16	(i) the charitable contribution deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code;
11.17	(ii) the medical expense deduction;
11.18	(iii) the casualty, theft, and disaster loss deduction; and
11.19	(iv) the impairment-related work expenses of a person with a disability;
11.20	(3) for depletion allowances computed under section 613A(c) of the Internal Revenue
11.21	Code, with respect to each property (as defined in section 614 of the Internal Revenue Code),
11.22	to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the excess of the
11.23	deduction for depletion allowable under section 611 of the Internal Revenue Code for the
11.24	taxable year over the adjusted basis of the property at the end of the taxable year (determined
11.25	without regard to the depletion deduction for the taxable year);
11.26	(4) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount
11.27	of the tax preference for intangible drilling cost under section 57(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue

11.29 (5) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount of interest income as provided by section 290.0131, subdivision 2;

Code determined without regard to subparagraph (E);

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Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 18. 11 Page 59

12.1	(6) the amount of addition required by section 290.0131, subdivisions 9, 10, and 16, and
12.2	$\underline{20};$
12.3	(7) the deduction allowed under section 199A of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent
12.4	not included in the addition required under clause (6); and
12.5	(8) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount
12.6	of foreign-derived intangible income deducted under section 250 of the Internal Revenue
12.7	Code;
12.8	less the sum of the amounts determined under the following:
12.9	(i) interest income as defined in section 290.0132, subdivision 2;
12.10	(ii) an overpayment of state income tax as provided by section 290.0132, subdivision
12.11	3, to the extent included in federal alternative minimum taxable income;
12.12	(iii) the amount of investment interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on
12.13	indebtedness to the extent that the amount does not exceed net investment income, as defined
12.14	in section 163(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Interest does not include amounts deducted
12.15	in computing federal adjusted gross income;
12.16	(iv) amounts subtracted from federal taxable or adjusted gross income as provided by
12.17	section 290.0132, subdivisions 7, 9 to 15, 17, 21, 24, and 26 to 29 31;
12.18	(v) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision 11,
12.19	paragraph paragraphs (c) and (d); and
12.20	(vi) the amount allowable as a Minnesota itemized deduction under section 290.0122,
12.21	subdivision 7.
12.22	In the case of an estate or trust, alternative minimum taxable income must be computed
12.23	as provided in section 59(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, except alternative minimum
12.24	taxable income must be increased by the addition in section 290.0131, subdivision 16.
12.25	(b) "Investment interest" means investment interest as defined in section 163(d)(3) of
12.26	the Internal Revenue Code.
12.27	(c) "Net minimum tax" means the minimum tax imposed by this section.
12.28	(d) "Regular tax" means the tax that would be imposed under this chapter (without regard

to this section and section 290.032), reduced by the sum of the nonrefundable credits allowed

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Item 11.

under this chapter.

Article 1 Sec. 18.

(e) "Tentative minimum tax" equals 6.75 percent of alternative minimum taxable income after subtracting the exemption amount determined under subdivision 3.

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- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 13.3 31, 2021. 13.4
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.095, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 13.5
- Subd. 11. Carryback or carryover adjustments. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (c), for individuals, estates, and trusts the amount of a net operating loss that may be carried back or carried over shall be the same dollar amount allowable in the determination of federal taxable income, provided that, notwithstanding any other provision, estates and trusts must apply the following adjustments to the amount of the net operating loss that may 13.10 be carried back or carried over: 13.11
  - (1) Nonassignable income or losses as required by section 290.17.
- 13.13 (2) Deductions not allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17.
  - (b) The net operating loss carryback or carryover applied as a deduction in the taxable year to which the net operating loss is carried back or carried over shall be equal to the net operating loss carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year in arriving at federal taxable income provided that trusts and estates must apply the following modifications:
  - (1) Increase the amount of carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year by the amount of losses and interest, taxes and other expenses not assignable or allowable to Minnesota incurred in the taxable year.
  - (2) Decrease the amount of carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year by the amount of income not assignable to Minnesota earned in the taxable year. For estates and trusts, the net operating loss carryback or carryover to the next consecutive taxable year shall be the net operating loss carryback or carryover as calculated in clause (b) less the amount applied in the earlier taxable year(s). No additional net operating loss carryback or carryover shall be allowed to estates and trusts if the entire amount has been used to offset Minnesota income in a year earlier than was possible on the federal return. However, if a net operating loss carryback or carryover was allowed to offset federal income in a year earlier than was possible on the Minnesota return, an estate or trust shall still be allowed to offset Minnesota income but only if the loss was assignable to Minnesota in the year the loss occurred.

Article 1 Sec. 19. 13 Item 11. Page 61

(c) This paragraph does not apply to eligible small businesses that make a valid election to carry back their losses for federal purposes under section 172(b)(1)(H) of the Internal Revenue Code as amended through March 31, 2009.

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- (1) A net operating loss of an individual, estate, or trust that is allowed under this subdivision and for which the taxpayer elects to carry back for more than two years under section 172(b)(1)(H) of the Internal Revenue Code is a net operating loss carryback to each of the two taxable years preceding the loss, and unused portions may be carried forward for 20 taxable years after the loss.
- (2) The entire amount of the net operating loss for any taxable year must be carried to the earliest of the taxable years to which the loss may be carried. The portion of the loss which may be carried to each of the other taxable years is the excess, if any, of the amount of the loss over the greater of the taxable net income or alternative minimum taxable income for each of the taxable years to which the loss may be carried.
- (d) For net operating loss carryovers or carrybacks arising in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and before December 31, 2020, a net operating loss carryover or carryback is allowed as provided in the Internal Revenue Code as amended through December 31, 2018, as follows:
- (1) the entire amount of the net operating loss, to the extent not already deducted, must be carried to the earliest taxable year and any unused portion may be carried forward for 20 taxable years after the loss; and
- (2) the portion of the loss which may be carried to each of the other taxable years is the excess, if any, of the amount of the loss over the greater of the taxable net income or alternative minimum taxable income for each of the taxable years to which the loss may be carried.
- 14.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for losses arising in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and before December 31, 2020.
- 14.27 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.993, is amended to read:
- 14.28 **290.993 SPECIAL LIMITED ADJUSTMENT.**

Subdivision 1. Tax year 2018. (a) For an individual, estate, or trust, or a partnership that elects to file a composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2019, the following special rules apply:

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 20. 14

15.1	(1) an individual income taxpayer may: (i) take the standard deduction; or (ii) make an
15.2	election under section 63(e) of the Internal Revenue Code to itemize, for Minnesota individual
15.3	income tax purposes, regardless of the choice made on their federal return; and
15.4	(2) there is an adjustment to tax equal to the difference between the tax calculated under
15.5	this chapter using the Internal Revenue Code as amended through December 16, 2016, and
15.6	the tax calculated under this chapter using the Internal Revenue Code amended through
15.7	December 31, 2018, before the application of credits. The end result must be zero additional
15.8	tax due or refund.
15.9	(b) The adjustment in paragraph (a), clause (2) this subdivision, does not apply to any
15.10	changes due to sections 11012, 13101, 13201, 13202, 13203, 13204, 13205, 13207, 13301,
15.11	13302, 13303, 13313, 13502, 13503, 13801, 14101, 14102, 14211 through 14215, and
15.12	14501 of Public Law 115-97; and section 40411 of Public Law 115-123.
15.13	Subd. 2. Tax years 2017 to 2021. (a) For all taxpayers, including an entity that elects
15.14	to file a composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, and an entity that elects to
15.15	pay the pass-through entity tax under section 289A.08, subdivision 7a; for taxable years
15.16	beginning after December 31, 2016, and before January 1, 2022, the following rules apply.
15.17	(b) There is an adjustment to net income equal to the difference between the amount
15.18	calculated and reported under this chapter incorporating the Internal Revenue Code as
15.19	amended through Minnesota Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14, and the amount
15.20	calculated under this chapter incorporating the Internal Revenue Code as amended through
15.21	November 15, 2021. This adjustment is only allowed as provided in paragraph (c) and to
15.22	the extent the taxpayer reported a related nonconformity adjustment on their return for
15.23	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2016, and before January 1, 2022. This
15.24	adjustment does not include the changes due to the:
15.25	(1) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section
15.26	114, exclusion of gross income of discharge of qualified principal residence indebtedness;
15.27	(2) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section
15.28	304(b), special rules for disaster-related personal casualty losses; and
15.29	(3) American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9675, modification of treatment
15.30	of student loan forgiveness.
15.31	(c) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "nonconformity adjustment" means the
15.32	difference between adjusted gross income as defined under section 62 of the Internal Revenue
15.33	Code for individuals, and federal taxable income as defined under section 63 of the Internal

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16.1	Revenue Code for all other taxpayers incorporating the Internal Revenue Code as amended
16.2	through Minnesota Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14, and the amount calculated
16.3	under this chapter incorporating the Internal Revenue Code as amended through November
16.4	15, 2021, but does not include impacts to state tax credits. The nonconformity adjustment
16.5	is an addition or subtraction to net income but does not include the following federal law
16.6	changes:
16.7	(1) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2019, Public Law 116-94, section
16.8	104, deduction of qualified tuition and related expenses;
16.9	(2) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2019, Public Law 116-94, section
16.10	203, employee retention credit for employers affected by qualified disasters;
16.11	(3) Families First Coronavirus Response Act, Public Law 116-127, section 7001, payroll
16.12	credit for required paid sick leave;
16.13	(4) Families First Coronavirus Response Act, Public Law 116-127, section 7003, payroll
16.14	credit for required paid family leave;
16.15	(5) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
16.16	2204, allowance of partial above the line deduction for charitable contributions;
16.17	(6) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
16.18	2205, excluding subsection (a), paragraph (B), temporary modification of limitations on
16.19	charitable contributions as it applies to individual taxpayers only and including carryovers;
16.20	(7) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
16.21	2206, exclusion of certain employer payment of student loans;
16.22	(8) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
16.23	2301, employee retention credit for employers subject to closure due to COVID-19;
16.24	(9) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
16.25	2303, modifications for net operating losses;
16.26	(10) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
16.27	2304, modification of limitation on losses for taxpayers other than corporations;
16.28	(11) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
16.29	2306, limitation on business interest;
16.30	(12) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section
16.31	207, extension and modification of employee retention and rehiring credit;

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17.1	(13) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section
17.2	210, temporary allowance of full deduction for business meals;
17.3	(14) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section
17.4	303, employee retention credit for employers affected by qualified disasters;
17.5	(15) American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9501(b), preserving health
17.6	benefits for workers;
17.7	(16) American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9631, refundability and
17.8	enhancement of child and dependent care tax credit;
17.9	(17) American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9641, payroll sick and family
17.10	leave credits; and
17.11	(18) American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law, 117-2, section 9651, extension of employee
17.12	retention credit.
17.13	The addition or subtraction required must only be made in taxable years beginning after
17.14	December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023. Except partners, shareholders, or
17.15	beneficiaries who file their returns on a calendar year basis, and who received an addition
17.16	or subtraction from a pass-through entity filing their return on a fiscal year basis, must make
17.17	the addition or subtraction in the taxable year it is received as required for federal income
17.18	tax purposes. For purposes of this subdivision, a pass-through entity is defined as an entity
17.19	that is not subject to the tax imposed under section 290.02, including but not limited to S
17.20	corporations, partnerships, estates, and trusts other than grantor trusts.
17.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
17.22	after December 31, 2016, and before January 1, 2024.
17.23	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.03, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
17.24	Subd. 15. Internal Revenue Code. "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue
17.25	Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2018 November 15, 2021.
17.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for property tax refunds based on property
17.27	taxes payable in 2022 and rent paid in 2021 and thereafter.
17.28	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 291.005, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
17.29	Subdivision 1. <b>Scope.</b> Unless the context otherwise clearly requires, the following terms

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 22. 17

used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:

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(1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue or any person to whom the commissioner has delegated functions under this chapter.

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- (2) "Federal gross estate" means the gross estate of a decedent as required to be valued and otherwise determined for federal estate tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code, increased by the value of any property in which the decedent had a qualifying income interest for life and for which an election was made under section 291.03, subdivision 1d, for Minnesota estate tax purposes, but was not made for federal estate tax purposes.
- (3) "Internal Revenue Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through <del>December 31, 2018</del> November 15, 2021.
- (4) "Minnesota gross estate" means the federal gross estate of a decedent after (a) excluding therefrom any property included in the estate which has its situs outside Minnesota, and (b) including any property omitted from the federal gross estate which is includable in the estate, has its situs in Minnesota, and was not disclosed to federal taxing authorities.
- (5) "Nonresident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death was not in Minnesota.
- (6) "Personal representative" means the executor, administrator or other person appointed by the court to administer and dispose of the property of the decedent. If there is no executor, administrator or other person appointed, qualified, and acting within this state, then any person in actual or constructive possession of any property having a situs in this state which is included in the federal gross estate of the decedent shall be deemed to be a personal representative to the extent of the property and the Minnesota estate tax due with respect to the property.
- (7) "Resident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death was in Minnesota. The provisions of section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraphs (c) and (d), apply to determinations of domicile under this chapter.
  - (8) "Situs of property" means, with respect to:
- (i) real property, the state or country in which it is located;
  - (ii) tangible personal property, the state or country in which it was normally kept or located at the time of the decedent's death or for a gift of tangible personal property within three years of death, the state or country in which it was normally kept or located when the gift was executed;
- 18.32 (iii) a qualified work of art, as defined in section 2503(g)(2) of the Internal Revenue 18.33 Code, owned by a nonresident decedent and that is normally kept or located in this state

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 22. 18

because it is on loan to an organization, qualifying as exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is located in Minnesota, the situs of the art is deemed to be outside of Minnesota, notwithstanding the provisions of item (ii); and

(iv) intangible personal property, the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled at death or for a gift of intangible personal property within three years of death, the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled when the gift was executed.

For a nonresident decedent with an ownership interest in a pass-through entity with assets that include real or tangible personal property, situs of the real or tangible personal property, including qualified works of art, is determined as if the pass-through entity does not exist and the real or tangible personal property is personally owned by the decedent. If the pass-through entity is owned by a person or persons in addition to the decedent, ownership of the property is attributed to the decedent in proportion to the decedent's capital ownership share of the pass-through entity.

(9) "Pass-through entity" includes the following:

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- 19.15 (i) an entity electing S corporation status under section 1362 of the Internal Revenue 19.16 Code;
  - (ii) an entity taxed as a partnership under subchapter K of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (iii) a single-member limited liability company or similar entity, regardless of whether it is taxed as an association or is disregarded for federal income tax purposes under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.7701-3; or
- 19.21 (iv) a trust to the extent the property is includable in the decedent's federal gross estate; 19.22 but excludes
- 19.23 (v) an entity whose ownership interest securities are traded on an exchange regulated 19.24 by the Securities and Exchange Commission as a national securities exchange under section 19.25 6 of the Securities Exchange Act, United States Code, title 15, section 78f.
- 19.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment, except
  19.27 the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time the
  19.28 changes were effective for federal purposes.

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 22. 19

20.1 ARTICLE 2

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### INCOME, CORPORATE FRANCHISE, AND ESTATE TAXES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 116J.8737, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Credit allowed. (a) A qualified investor or qualified fund is eligible for a credit equal to 25 percent of the qualified investment in a qualified small business. Investments made by a pass-through entity qualify for a credit only if the entity is a qualified fund. The commissioner must not allocate to qualified investors or qualified funds more than the dollar amount in credits allowed for the taxable years listed in paragraph (i). For each taxable year, 50 percent must be allocated to credits for qualified investments in qualified greater Minnesota businesses and minority-owned, women-owned, or veteran-owned qualified small businesses in Minnesota. Any portion of a taxable year's credits that is reserved for qualified investments in greater Minnesota businesses and minority-owned, women-owned, or veteran-owned qualified small businesses in Minnesota that is not allocated by September 30 of the taxable year is available for allocation to other credit applications beginning on October 1. Any portion of a taxable year's credits that is not allocated by the commissioner does not cancel and may be carried forward to subsequent taxable years until all credits have been allocated.

- (b) The commissioner may not allocate more than a total maximum amount in credits for a taxable year to a qualified investor for the investor's cumulative qualified investments as an individual qualified investor and as an investor in a qualified fund; for married couples filing joint returns the maximum is \$250,000, and for all other filers the maximum is \$125,000. The commissioner may not allocate more than a total of \$1,000,000 in credits over all taxable years for qualified investments in any one qualified small business.
- (c) The commissioner may not allocate a credit to a qualified investor either as an individual qualified investor or as an investor in a qualified fund if, at the time the investment is proposed:
  - (1) the investor is an officer or principal of the qualified small business; or
- (2) the investor, either individually or in combination with one or more members of the investor's family, owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more of the outstanding securities of the qualified small business.

A member of the family of an individual disqualified by this paragraph is not eligible for a credit under this section. For a married couple filing a joint return, the limitations in this paragraph apply collectively to the investor and spouse. For purposes of determining the

Item 11. Article 2 Section 1. 20

ownership interest of an investor under this paragraph, the rules under section 267(c) and 267(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply.

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- (d) Applications for tax credits must be made available on the department's website by November 1 of the preceding year.
- (e) Qualified investors and qualified funds must apply to the commissioner for tax credits. Tax credits must be allocated to qualified investors or qualified funds in the order that the tax credit request applications are filed with the department. The commissioner must approve or reject tax credit request applications within 15 days of receiving the application. The investment specified in the application must be made within 60 days of the allocation of the credits. If the investment is not made within 60 days, the credit allocation is canceled and available for reallocation. A qualified investor or qualified fund that fails to invest as specified in the application, within 60 days of allocation of the credits, must notify the commissioner of the failure to invest within five business days of the expiration of the 60-day investment period.
- (f) All tax credit request applications filed with the department on the same day must be treated as having been filed contemporaneously. If two or more qualified investors or qualified funds file tax credit request applications on the same day, and the aggregate amount of credit allocation claims exceeds the aggregate limit of credits under this section or the lesser amount of credits that remain unallocated on that day, then the credits must be allocated among the qualified investors or qualified funds who filed on that day on a pro rata basis with respect to the amounts claimed. The pro rata allocation for any one qualified investor or qualified fund is the product obtained by multiplying a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of the credit allocation claim filed on behalf of a qualified investor and the denominator of which is the total of all credit allocation claims filed on behalf of all applicants on that day, by the amount of credits that remain unallocated on that day for the taxable year.
- (g) A qualified investor or qualified fund, or a qualified small business acting on their behalf, must notify the commissioner when an investment for which credits were allocated has been made, and the taxable year in which the investment was made. A qualified fund must also provide the commissioner with a statement indicating the amount invested by each investor in the qualified fund based on each investor's share of the assets of the qualified fund at the time of the qualified investment. After receiving notification that the investment was made, the commissioner must issue credit certificates for the taxable year in which the investment was made to the qualified investor or, for an investment made by a qualified fund, to each qualified investor who is an investor in the fund. The certificate must state

Item 11. Article 2 Section 1. 21

22.1	that the credit is subject t	revocation if the qualific	ed investor or qualified	fund does not

- 22.2 hold the investment in the qualified small business for at least three years, consisting of the
- calendar year in which the investment was made and the two following years. The three-year
- 22.4 holding period does not apply if:
- (1) the investment by the qualified investor or qualified fund becomes worthless before
- the end of the three-year period;
- (2) 80 percent or more of the assets of the qualified small business is sold before the end
- of the three-year period;
- 22.9 (3) the qualified small business is sold before the end of the three-year period;
- 22.10 (4) the qualified small business's common stock begins trading on a public exchange
- before the end of the three-year period; or
- (5) the qualified investor dies before the end of the three-year period.
- 22.13 (h) The commissioner must notify the commissioner of revenue of credit certificates
- 22.14 issued under this section.
- 22.15 (i) The credit allowed under this subdivision is effective as follows:
- 22.16 (1) \$10,000,000 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and before January
- 22.17 1, 2022; and
- 22.18 (2) \$5,000,000 \$12,000,000 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and
- 22.19 before January 1, 2023.
- 22.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
- 22.21 after December 31, 2021.
- 22.22 Sec. 2. [116X.01] NEW MARKETS TAX CREDIT.
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
- 22.24 the meanings given.
- (b) "Applicable percentage" means zero percent for each of the first two credit allowance
- dates and ten percent for each of the final five credit allowance dates.
- (c) "CDFI fund" means the Community Development Financial Institutions fund of the
- 22.28 United States Department of the Treasury.
- (d) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.
- 22.30 (e) "Credit allowance date" means:

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23.1	(1) the date on which a qualified equity investment is initially made; and
23.2	(2) each of the six anniversary dates thereafter.
23.3	(f) "Greater Minnesota aggregate credit amount" means \$50,000,000 of credits allowed
23.4	to all certified qualified equity investments in greater Minnesota counties.
23.5	(g) "Greater Minnesota allocation" means \$100,000,000 in qualified equity investment
23.6	authority to be awarded for investment in qualified active low-income community businesses
23.7	with principal business operations in a greater Minnesota county.
23.8	(h) "Greater Minnesota county" means any county that is not a metropolitan county.
23.9	(i) "Metropolitan aggregate credit amount" means \$50,000,000 of credits allowed to all
23.10	certified qualified equity investments in metropolitan counties.
23.11	(j) "Metropolitan allocation" means \$100,000,000 in qualified equity investment authority
23.12	to be awarded for investment in qualified active low-income community businesses with
23.13	principal business operations in a metropolitan county.
23.14	(k) "Metropolitan county" has the meaning given in section 473.121, subdivision 4.
23.15	(l) "Minnesota qualified community development entity" means a qualified community
23.16	development entity that is or whose controlling entity is headquartered in this state.
23.17	(m) "Internal Revenue Code" has the meaning given in section 290.01, subdivision 31.
23.18	(n) "Principal business operations" means the physical location of a business where at
23.19	least 60 percent of a qualified active low-income community business' employees work or
23.20	where employees that are paid at least 60 percent of the business' payroll work. An
23.21	out-of-state business that has agreed to relocate employees or a Minnesota business that has
23.22	agreed to hire employees using the proceeds of a qualified low-income community investment
23.23	to establish principal business operations in Minnesota is deemed to have principal business
23.24	operations in Minnesota if the business satisfies the requirements of this paragraph within
23.25	180 days of receiving the qualified low-income community investment or another date as
23.26	agreed by the business and the commissioner.
23.27	(o) "Purchase price" means the amount paid to the qualified community development
23.28	entity for a qualified equity investment.
23.29	(p) "Qualified active low-income community business" has the meaning given in section
23.30	45D of the Internal Revenue Code, except that any business that derives or projects to derive
23.31	15 percent or more of its annual revenue from the rental or sale of real estate is not considered
23.32	to be a qualified active low-income community business. This exception does not apply to

Item 11. Article 2 Sec. 2. 23

24.1	a business that is controlled by or under common control with another business if the second
24.2	<u>business:</u>
24.3	(1) does not derive or project to derive 15 percent or more of its annual revenue from
24.4	the rental or sale of real estate; and
24.5	(2) is the primary tenant of the real estate leased from the initial business.
24.6	A business is deemed a qualified active low-income community business for the duration
24.7	of a qualified low-income community investment if the qualified community development
24.8	entity reasonably expects, at the time it makes the qualified low-income community
24.9	investment, that the business will continue to satisfy the requirements for being a qualified
24.10	active low-income community business throughout the entire period of the qualified
24.11	low-income community investment.
24.12	(q) "Qualified community development entity" has the meaning given in section 45D
24.13	of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that the entity:
24.14	(1) has previously entered into an allocation agreement with the CDFI fund with respect
24.15	to credits authorized by section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code; and
24.16	(2) includes the state within the service area set forth in the allocation agreement.
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
24.17	(r) "Qualified equity investment" means an equity investment in a qualified community
24.18	development entity, if the equity investment:
24.19	(1) is acquired after the effective date of this section at its original issuance solely in
24.20	exchange for cash;
24.21	(2) has at least 100 percent of its cash purchase price used by the qualified community
24.22	development entity to make qualified low-income community investments in qualified
24.23	active low-income community businesses that have their principal business operations in
24.24	the state of Minnesota; and
24.25	(3) is:
24.26	(i) designated by the qualified community development entity as a qualified equity
24.27	investment under this section; and
24.28	(ii) except for a Minnesota qualified community development entity, is at least 50 percent
24.29	designated by the qualified community development entity as a qualified equity investment
24.30	under section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code.
24.31	An investment that does not qualify under clause (1) is a qualified equity investment if the
24.32	investment met the requirements of this paragraph while under possession of a prior holder.

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25.1	(s) "Qualified low-income community investment" means any capital or equity investment
25.2	in, or loan to, any qualified active low-income community business.
25.3	(t) "Tax credit" or "credit" means a credit against the tax imposed by chapter 290 or
25.4	<u>297I.</u>
25.5	(u) "Taxpayer" means a taxpayer as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 6, or a taxpayer
25.6	as defined in section 297I.01, subdivision 16.
25.7	Subd. 2. Credit allowed; qualification; limitation. (a) An entity earns a vested right
25.8	to a credit against the tax imposed under chapter 290 or 297I, subject to the requirements
25.9	of this subdivision. The credit may be claimed against the tax imposed by chapter 290 or
25.10	297I, but not both.
25.11	(b) The credit equals the applicable percentage for each credit allowance date multiplied
25.11	by the purchase price paid to the qualified community development entity for the qualified
25.13	equity investment.
25.14	Subd. 3. Application. (a) A qualified community development entity that seeks to have
25.15	an equity investment designated as a qualified equity investment and eligible for the credit
25.16	under this section shall apply to the commissioner on a form provided by the commissioner
25.17	that includes:
25.18	(1) the name, address, and tax identification number of the applicant, and evidence of
25.19	the applicant's certification as a qualified community development entity by the CDFI fund;
25.20	(2) a copy of the allocation agreement executed by the applicant or its controlling entity,
25.21	and the CDFI fund;
25.22	(3) a certificate executed by an executive officer of the applicant attesting that the
25.23	allocation agreement remains in effect and has not been revoked or canceled by the CDFI
25.24	<u>fund;</u>
25.25	(4) a description of the proposed amount, structure, and purchaser of the equity
25.26	investment;
25.27	(5) the amount of qualified equity investment authority sought under the greater
25.28	Minnesota allocation or the metropolitan allocation, as applicable, which collectively may
25.29	not exceed the applicant or its controlling entity's available qualified equity investment
25.30	authority under section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code multiplied by two, provided this
25.31	limitation does not apply to a Minnesota qualified community development entity;

Article 2 Sec. 2. 25 Item 11. Page 73

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(6) if required by clause (5), evidence of the applicant or its controlling entity's availa	<u>ible</u>
qualified equity investment authority under section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code;	and
(7) a nonrefundable application fee of \$5,000 paid to the commissioner to offset commission	<u>sts</u>
associated with personnel and administrative expenses related to administering the cred	dit.
(b) The commissioner shall set a date to accept applications not less than 30 days be	<u>ut</u>
not more than 45 days after the CDFI fund announces allocation awards under a notice	of
unding availability that was published in the Federal Register in November 2021.	
(c) A qualified community development entity may apply for both a greater Minnes	sota
allocation and a metropolitan allocation.	
Subd. 4. Certification of qualified equity investments. (a) Within 30 days after reco	eipt
of an application, the commissioner shall grant or deny the application in full or in part	<u>t. If</u>
the commissioner denies any part of the application, the commissioner shall inform the	<u> </u>
applicant of the grounds for the denial. If the applicant provides the information require	ed
y the commissioner or otherwise completes its application within 15 days of the notice	e of
lenial, the application is deemed complete as of the original date of submission. If the	
pplicant fails to provide the requested information or complete its application within t	the
5-day period, the applicant must submit a new application.	
(b) If the application is deemed complete, the commissioner shall certify the propos	sed
equity investment as a qualified equity investment eligible for a credit under this section	<u>n.</u>
The commissioner shall provide written notice of the certification to the qualified commun	nity
development entity. Once the qualified community development entity identifies the	
axpayers who are allocated credits and their respective credit amounts, the qualified	
community development entity shall provide a notice of allocation to the commissioner	<u>r,</u>
nd the commissioner shall provide a certification to the qualified community developm	nent
entity and each taxpayer containing the credit amount and utilization schedule for which	<u>:h</u>
te taxpayer is eligible. If the taxpayer is eligible to utilize the credits change due to a trans	sfer
of a qualified equity investment or a change in allocation pursuant to paragraph (c), the	<u> </u>
qualified community development entity shall notify the commissioner of the change.	
(c) The commissioner shall certify applications for the greater Minnesota allocation a	and
the metropolitan allocation in proportionate percentages based upon the ratio of the amo	ount
of qualified equity investments requested in applications for each allocation to the total	1
amount of qualified equity investments requested in all applications for each allocation	<u>1</u>
received on the same day.	

27.1	(d) If a pending request cannot be fully certified, the commissioner shall certify the
27.2	portion that may be certified unless the qualified community development entity elects to
27.3	withdraw its request rather than receive a partial award of qualified equity investment
27.4	authority.
27.5	(e) An approved applicant may transfer all or a portion of its certified qualified equity
27.6	investment authority to its controlling entity or any affiliate or partner of the controlling
27.7	entity that is also a qualified community development entity if the applicant provides the
27.8	information required in the application with respect to the transferee and the applicant
27.9	notifies the commissioner in the notice required by paragraph (f). Within 30 days after
27.10	receiving notice of certification under paragraph (b), the applicant or transferee shall:
27.11	(1) issue qualified equity investments in an amount equal to the total amount of certified
27.12	qualified equity investment authority;
27.13	(2) receive cash in the amount of the certified qualified equity investment; and
27.14	(3) if the applicant or transferee is not a Minnesota qualified community development
27.15	entity, designate 50 percent of the qualified equity investment authority as a qualified equity
27.16	investment under section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code.
27.17	(f) The qualified community development entity must provide the commissioner with
27.18	evidence of the receipt of the cash investment and, if the qualified community development
27.19	entity is not a Minnesota qualified community development entity, the designation of 50
27.20	percent of the qualified equity investment as a qualified equity investment under section
27.21	45D of the Internal Revenue Code within 35 days after receiving notice of certification. If
27.22	the qualified community development entity does not receive the cash investment, issue the
27.23	qualified equity investment within 30 days following receipt of the certification notice, and
27.24	comply with paragraph (e), clause (3), if applicable, the certification is void. A voided
27.25	certification must be returned to the commissioner and must first be awarded pro rata to
27.26	applicants that received awards of qualified equity investment authority and complied with
27.27	paragraph (e).
27.28	(g) The commissioner shall notify the commissioner of revenue of credits approved
27.29	under this subdivision within 15 days of granting an application.
27.30	Subd. 5. Credit recapture. (a) The commissioner shall recapture credits allowed under
27.31	this act and future credits are forfeited if:
27.32	(1) any amount of the federal tax credit available with respect to a qualified equity
77 33	investment that is eligible for a credit under this section is recantured under section 45D of

the Internal Revenue Code. In that case, the commissioner's recapture shall be proportionate to the federal recapture with respect to that qualified equity investment;

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- (2) the qualified community development entity redeems or makes principal repayment with respect to a qualified equity investment prior to seven years after the date of issuance of the qualified equity investment. In that case, the commissioner's recapture shall be proportionate to the amount of the redemption or repayment with respect to the qualified equity investment; or
- (3) the qualified community development entity fails to invest at least 100 percent of the cash purchase price of the qualified equity investment in qualified low-income community investments in greater Minnesota counties or metropolitan counties, as applicable, within 12 months of the issuance of the qualified equity investment and maintains the investment in qualified low-income community investments in greater Minnesota counties or metropolitan counties, as applicable, until the last credit allowance date for the qualified equity investment. A qualified community development entity must use the proceeds of qualified equity investments awarded under the greater Minnesota allocation to make qualified low-income community investments in qualified active low-income community businesses with principal business operations in greater Minnesota counties.
- (b) For purposes of paragraph (a), clause (3), an investment is considered maintained by a qualified community development entity even if the investment has been sold or repaid, provided that the qualified community development entity reinvests an amount equal to the capital returned to or recovered by the qualified community development entity from the original investment, exclusive of any profits realized, in another qualified low-income community investment in this state as required under the greater Minnesota allocation or metropolitan allocation within 12 months after the receipt of that capital. Periodic loan repayments received by a qualified community development entity from a qualified active low-income community business within a calendar year must be treated as maintained in qualified low-income community investments if a qualified community development entity reinvests the repayments in qualified low-income community investments by the end of the following calendar year.
- (c) A qualified community development entity is not required to reinvest capital returned from qualified low-income community investments after the sixth anniversary of the issuance of the qualified equity investment, the proceeds of which were used to make the qualified low-income community investment, and the qualified low-income community investment is considered held by the qualified community development entity through the seventh anniversary of the qualified equity investment's issuance.

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(d) With respect to any one qualified active low-income community business, the maximum amount of qualified low-income community investments made in that business in aggregate with all of its affiliates that may be counted toward the satisfaction of paragraph (a), clause (3), is \$10,000,000, whether made by one or several qualified community development entities but exclusive of redeemed or repaid qualified low-income community investment by the qualified active low-income community business.

- (e) The commissioner shall provide notice to the qualified community development entity of any proposed recapture of credits pursuant to this subdivision. The notice must specify the conditions under which the deficiency resulting in the proposed recapture occurred and state that the credits will be recaptured within 90 days unless the qualified community development entity complies with the conditions identified in the notice. If the entity fails or is unable to cure the deficiency within the 90-day period, the commissioner shall provide the entity and the taxpayer from whom the credit is to be recaptured with a final order of recapture. Any credit for which a final recapture order has been issued must be recaptured by the commissioner from the taxpayer who claimed the credit on a tax return. The qualified equity investment authority of the recaptured credits must be returned to the commissioner and must first be awarded pro rata to applicants that have received awards of qualified equity investment authority and complied with this subdivision.
- Subd. 6. Examination and rulemaking. (a) The commissioner may conduct examinations to verify that the credits under this section have been received and applied according to the requirements of this section and to verify that no event has occurred that would result in a recapture of credits under subdivision 5.
- (b) The commissioner may issue advisory letters to individual qualified community development entities and their investors that are limited to the specific facts outlined in an advisory letter request from a qualified community development entity. The rulings cannot be relied upon by any person or entity other than the qualified community development entity that requested the letter and the taxpayers that are entitled to any tax credits generated from investments in the entity.
- (c) In rendering advisory letters and making other determinations under this section, to the extent applicable, the commissioner shall rely upon guidance to section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code and the rules and regulations issued thereunder.
- Subd. 7. Annual reporting by community development entities. (a) Each qualified community development entity shall submit an annual report to the commissioner within 120 days after the beginning of each calendar year during the compliance period. No annual

30.1	report is due prior to the first anniversary of the initial credit allowance date. The report
30.2	must include but is not limited to information with respect to all qualified low-income
30.3	community investments made by the qualified community development entity, including:
30.4	(1) the date and amount of, and bank statements or wire transfer reports documenting,
30.5	qualified low-income community investments;
30.6	(2) the name and address of each qualified active low-income community business
30.7	funded by the qualified community development entity, the number of persons employed
30.8	by the business at the time of the initial qualified low-income community investment, and
30.9	a brief description of the business and its financing;
30.10	(3) the number of employment positions maintained by each qualified active low-income
30.11	community business as of the date of the report or the end of the preceding calendar year
30.12	and the average annual salaries of those positions;
30.13	(4) the total number of employment positions created and retained as a result of qualified
30.14	low-income community investments and the average annual salaries of those positions;
30.15	(5) a certification by its chief executive officer or similar officer that no credits have
30.16	been subject to recapture under subdivision 5; and
30.17	(6) any changes with respect to the taxpayers entitled to claim credits with respect to
30.18	qualified equity investments issued by the qualified community development entity since
30.19	its last report pursuant to this section.
30.20	(b) The qualified community development entity is not required to provide the annual
30.21	report set forth in this section for qualified low-income community investments that have
30.22	been redeemed or repaid.
30.23	Subd. 8. Program report. If the credit under this section has not been reviewed under
30.24	the provisions of section 3.8855 by December 15, 2031, the commissioner shall report to
30.25	the legislature no later than December 31, 2031, regarding the implementation of the credit
30.26	under this section, including an evaluation of the credit using the components listed in
30.27	section 3.885, subdivision 5.
30.28	Subd. 9. Expiration. This section expires for taxable years beginning after December
30.29	31, 2030, except that the commissioner's authority to allow the credit under subdivision 2
30.30	based on certificates that were issued under subdivision 4 before expiration remains in effect
30.31	through the year following the year in which all certificates have either been canceled or
30.32	resulted in issuance of credit certificates, or 2033, whichever is earlier.

31.1	Subd. 10. Account created; appropriation. The Minnesota new markets tax credit
31.2	account is created in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. The account is
31.3	administered by the commissioner. Application fees required under subdivision 3, paragraph
31.4	(a), clause (7), are appropriated to the commissioner for costs associated with certifying
31.5	applications and for personnel and administrative expenses related to administering the
31.6	credit under this section.
31.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
31.8	31, 2022, and before January 1, 2031.
31.9	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, is amended
31.10	to read:
31.11	Subd. 7a. <b>Pass-through entity tax.</b> (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, the following
31.12	terms have the meanings given:
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31.13	(1) "income" has the meaning given in subdivision 7, paragraph (j), modified by the
31.14	addition provided in section 290.0131, subdivision 5, and the subtraction provided in section
31.15	290.0132, subdivision 3, except that the provisions that apply to a partnership apply to a
31.16	qualifying entity and the provisions that apply to a partner apply to a qualifying owner. The
31.17	income of both a resident and qualifying owner of an entity taxed as a partnership under
31.18	the Internal Revenue Code is not subject to allocation outside this state as provided for
31.19	resident individuals under section 290.17, subdivision 1, paragraph (a). The income of a
31.20	nonresident qualifying owner or the income of a qualifying owner of an entity taxed as an
31.21	S corporation including a qualified subchapter S subsidiary organized under section
31.22	1361(b)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code is allocated and assigned to this state as provided
31.23	for nonresident partners and shareholders under sections 290.17, 290.191, and 290.20;
31.24	(2) "qualifying entity" means a partnership, limited liability company taxed as a
31.25	partnership or S corporation, or S corporation including a qualified subchapter S subsidiary
31.26	organized under section 1361(b)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code. Qualifying entity does
31.27	not may include a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation that has a partnership,
31.28	limited liability company other than a disregarded entity, or corporation as a partner, member,
31.29	or shareholder, provided those entities are excluded from the qualifying entity's tax return;
31.30	the entity is taxed as a partnership, limited liability company, or S corporation; and is not
31.31	a publicly traded partnership, as defined in section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code, as
31.32	amended through January 1, 2021; and
31.33	(3) "qualifying owner" means:

32.1	(i) a resident or nonresident individual <u>trust</u> or estate that is a partner, member, or
32.2	shareholder of a qualifying entity; or
32.3	(ii) a resident or nonresident trust that is a shareholder of a qualifying entity that is an
32.4	S corporation an entity taxed as a partnership under the Internal Revenue Code; or
32.5	(iii) a disregarded entity that has a qualifying owner as its single owner.
32.6	(b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, in which the taxes of a
32.7	qualifying owner are limited under section 164(b)(6)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, a
32.8	qualifying entity may elect to file a return and pay the pass-through entity tax imposed under
32.9	paragraph (c). The election:
32.10	(1) must be made on or before the due date or extended due date of the qualifying entity's
32.11	pass-through entity tax return;
32.12	(2) may only be made by qualifying owners who collectively hold more than a 50 percent
32.13	ownership interest in the qualifying entity;
32.14	(3) is binding on all qualifying owners who have an ownership interest in the qualifying
32.15	entity; and
32.16	(4) once made is irrevocable for the taxable year.
32.17	(c) Subject to the election in paragraph (b), a pass-through entity tax is imposed on a
32.18	qualifying entity in an amount equal to the sum of the tax liability of each qualifying owner.
32.19	(d) The amount of a qualifying owner's tax liability under paragraph (c) is the amount
32.20	of the qualifying owner's income multiplied by the highest tax rate for individuals under
32.21	section 290.06, subdivision 2c. When making this determination:
32.22	(1) nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed;
32.23	and
32.24	(2) a credit or deduction is allowed only to the extent allowed to the qualifying owner.
32.25	(e) The amount of each credit and deduction used to determine a qualifying owner's tax
32.26	liability under paragraph (d) must also be used to determine that qualifying owner's income
32.27	tax liability under chapter 290.
32.28	(f) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that a qualifying owner pay estimated
32.29	tax if the qualifying owner's tax liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section
32.30	289A.25. The qualifying owner's liability to pay estimated tax on the qualifying owner's
32.31	tax liability as determined under paragraph (d) is, however, satisfied when the qualifying

entity pays estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25 for composite estimated tax.

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- (g) A qualifying owner's adjusted basis in the interest in the qualifying entity, and the treatment of distributions, is determined as if the election to pay the pass-through entity tax under paragraph (b) is not made.
- (h) To the extent not inconsistent with this subdivision, for purposes of this chapter, a pass-through entity tax return must be treated as a composite return and a qualifying entity filing a pass-through entity tax return must be treated as a partnership filing a composite return.
- (i) The provisions of subdivision 17 apply to the election to pay the pass-through entity tax under this subdivision.
  - (j) If a nonresident qualifying owner of a qualifying entity making the election to file and pay the tax under this subdivision has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the pass-through entity tax return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1, provided that the nonresident qualifying owner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the income from the qualifying entity, other electing qualifying entities, and other partnerships electing to file a composite return under subdivision 7. If it is determined that the nonresident qualifying owner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of the income and tax liability for that owner under this provision will not constitute a return to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the qualifying owner as part of the pass-through entity tax return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the qualifying owner on the date on which the pass-through entity tax return payment was made.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Return required.** (a) In the case of a decedent who has an interest in property with a situs in Minnesota, the personal representative must submit a Minnesota estate tax return to the commissioner, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, if:
- 33.29 (1) a federal estate tax return is required to be filed; or
- 33.30 (2) the sum of the federal gross estate and federal adjusted taxable gifts, as defined in section 2001(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, made within three years of the date of the decedent's death exceeds \$1,200,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2014; \$1,400,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2016;

34.1	\$2,100,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2017; \$2,400,000 for estates of decedents dying
34.2	in 2018; \$2,700,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2019; and \$3,000,000 for estates of
34.3	decedents dying in 2020 and thereafter.
34.4	(b) The return must contain a computation of the Minnesota estate tax due. The return
34.5	must be signed by the personal representative.
34.6	(c) The return may include an election, as provided in section 290.03, subdivision 1e,
34.7	to allow a decedent's surviving spouse to take into account the decedent's deceased spousal
34.8	unused exclusion amount.
34.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after June
34.10	<u>30, 2022.</u>
34.11	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 289A.382, subdivision 2, is amended
34.12	to read:
34.13	Subd. 2. Reporting and payment requirements for partnerships and tiered
34.14	partners. (a) Except for when an audited partnership makes the election in subdivision 3,
34.15	and except for negative federal adjustments required under federal law taken into account
34.16	by the partnership in the partnership return for the adjustment or other year, all final federal
34.17	adjustments of an audited partnership must comply with paragraph (b) and each direct
34.18	partner of the audited partnership, other than a tiered partner, must comply with paragraph
34.19	(c).
34.20	(b) No later than 90 days after the final determination date, the audited partnership must:
34.21	(1) file a completed federal adjustments report, including all partner-level information
34.22	required under section 289A.12, subdivision 3, with the commissioner;
34.23	(2) notify each of its direct partners of their distributive share of the final federal
34.24	adjustments;
34.25	(3) file an amended composite report for all direct partners who were included in a
34.26	composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, in the reviewed year, and pay the
34.27	additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments been reported
34.28	properly as required; and
34.29	(4) file amended withholding reports for all direct partners who were or should have
34.30	been subject to nonresident withholding under section 290.92, subdivision 4b, in the reviewed
34.31	year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments
34.32	been reported properly as required-; and

	(5) file an amended pass-through entity tax report for all direct partners who were
ir	acluded in a pass-through entity tax return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, in the
re	eviewed year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal
<u>a</u>	djustments been reported properly as required.
	(c) No later than 180 days after the final determination date, each direct partner, other
tŀ	an a tiered partner, that is subject to a tax administered under this chapter, other than the
Sã	ales tax, must:
	(1) file a federal adjustments report reporting their distributive share of the adjustments
•	eported to them under paragraph (b), clause (2); and
	(2) pay any additional amount of tax due as if the final federal adjustment had been
p	roperly reported, plus any penalty and interest due under this chapter, and less any credit
fo	or related amounts paid or withheld and remitted on behalf of the direct partner under
p	aragraph (b), clauses (3) and (4).
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
a:	fter December 31, 2020.
	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
	Subd. 4. <b>Education expenses.</b> (a) Subject to the limits in paragraph (b), the following
aı	mounts paid to others for each qualifying child are a subtraction:
	(1) education-related expenses; plus
	(2) tuition and fees paid to attend a school described in section 290.0674, subdivision
1	, clause (4), that are not included in education-related expenses; less
	(3) any amount used to claim the credit under section 290.0674.
	(b) The maximum subtraction allowed under this subdivision is:
	(1) \$1,625 \$3,250 for each qualifying child in kindergarten through grade 6; and
	(2) \$2,500 \$5,000 for each qualifying child in grades 7 through 12.
	(c) The definitions in section 290.0674, subdivision 1, apply to this subdivision.
	(d) The commissioner shall annually adjust the subtraction amounts in paragraph (b) as
p	rovided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is 2022.
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
3	1, 2021.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, subdivision 26, is amended to read: 36.1 Subd. 26. Social Security benefits. (a) A portion The amount of taxable Social Security 36.2 benefits received by a taxpayer in the taxable year is allowed as a subtraction. The subtraction 36.3 equals the lesser of taxable Social Security benefits or a maximum subtraction subject to 36.4 36.5 the limits under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d). (b) For married taxpayers filing a joint return and surviving spouses, the maximum 36.6 subtraction equals \$5,150. The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional 36.7 income over \$78,180. In no case is the subtraction less than zero. 36.8 (c) For single or head-of-household taxpayers, the maximum subtraction equals \$4,020. 36.9 The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional income over \$61,080. 36.10 In no case is the subtraction less than zero. 36.11 (d) For married taxpayers filing separate returns, the maximum subtraction equals 36.12 one-half the maximum subtraction for joint returns under paragraph (b). The maximum 36.13 subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional income over one-half the threshold 36.14 amount specified in paragraph (b). In no case is the subtraction less than zero. 36.15 (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "provisional income" means modified adjusted 36.16 gross income as defined in section 86(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus one-half of 36.17 the taxable Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, and "Social Security 36.18 benefits" has the meaning given in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. 36.19 (f) The commissioner shall adjust the maximum subtraction and threshold amounts in 36.20 paragraphs (b) to (d) as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is taxable year 36.21 2019. The maximum subtraction and threshold amounts as adjusted must be rounded to the 36.22 nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 36.23 36.24 amount. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 36.25 31, 2021. 36.26 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision 36.27 to read: 36.28 36.29 Subd. 31. Pension income; public safety officers and firefighters. (a) Income received from the following pension plans, excluding disability income, is a subtraction: 36.30 36.31 (1) the police and fire plan governed by sections 353.63 to 353.68;

36.32 (2) the local government correctional service retirement plan under chapter 353E;

37.1	(3) the state patrol retirement plan under chapter 352B;
37.2	(4) the state correctional employees retirement plan under sections 352.90 to 352.955;
37.3	<u>or</u>
37.4	(5) any similar annuity or benefit from a retirement system administered by the federal
37.5	government.
37.6	(b) The subtraction applies to individuals who have attained at least 20 years of service
37.7	as a public official or employee and a member of a plan listed under paragraph (a), and have
37.8	not attained age 55 before December 31, 2022, and their surviving spouses.
37.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
37.10	<u>31, 2022.</u>
37.11	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
37.12	Subdivision 1. <b>Exempt entities.</b> The following corporations, individuals, estates, trusts,
37.13	and organizations shall be exempted from taxation under this chapter, provided that every
37.14	such person or corporation claiming exemption under this chapter, in whole or in part, must
37.15	establish to the satisfaction of the commissioner the taxable status of any income or activity:
37.16	(a) corporations, individuals, estates, and trusts engaged in the business of mining or
37.17	producing iron ore and mining, producing, or refining other ores, metals, and minerals, the
37.18	mining, production, or refining of which is subject to the occupation tax imposed by section
37.19	298.01; but if any such corporation, individual, estate, or trust engages in any other business
37.20	or activity or has income from any property not used in such business it shall be subject to
37.21	this tax computed on the net income from such property or such other business or activity.
37.22	Royalty shall not be considered as income from the business of mining or producing iron
37.23	ore within the meaning of this section;
37.24	(b) the United States of America, the state of Minnesota or any political subdivision of
37.25	either agencies or instrumentalities, whether engaged in the discharge of governmental or
37.26	proprietary functions; and
37.27	(c) any insurance company, other than a disqualified captive insurance company-; and
37.28	(d) a Nuclear Decommissioning Reserve Fund, as defined in section 468A of the Internal
37.29	Revenue Code.
37.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December

Item 11. Article 2 Sec. 9. 37

37.31

31, 2024.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2c. Schedules of rates for individuals, estates, and trusts. (a) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon married individuals filing joint returns and surviving spouses as defined in section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code must be computed by applying to their taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 38.7 (1) On the first \$38,770 \$41,050, 5.35 2.8 percent;

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- 38.8 (2) On all over \$38,770 \$41,050, but not over \$154,020 \$163,060, 6.8 percent;
- 38.9 (3) On all over \$154,020 \$163,060, but not over \$269,010 \$284,810, 7.85 percent;
- 38.10 (4) On all over \$269,010 \$284,810, 9.85 percent.
- Married individuals filing separate returns, estates, and trusts must compute their income tax by applying the above rates to their taxable income, except that the income brackets will be one-half of the above amounts after the adjustment required in subdivision 2d.
- 38.14 (b) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals must be computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 38.16 (1) On the first \$26,520 \$28,080, 5.35 2.8 percent;
- 38.17 (2) On all over \$26,520 \$28,080, but not over \$87,110 \$92,230, 6.8 percent;
- 38.18 (3) On all over \$87,110 \$92,230, but not over \$161,720 \$171,220, 7.85 percent;
- 38.19 (4) On all over \$\frac{\$161,720}{}\$171,220, 9.85 percent.
- 38.20 (c) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals qualifying as
  38.21 a head of household as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code must be
  38.22 computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 38.23 (1) On the first \$32,650 \$34,570, 5.35 2.8 percent;
- 38.24 (2) On all over \$32,650 \$34,570, but not over \$131,190 \$138,890, 6.8 percent;
- 38.25 (3) On all over \$\frac{\$131,190}{}\$138,890, but not over \$\frac{\$214,980}{}\$227,600, 7.85 percent;
- 38.26 (4) On all over \$\frac{\$214,980}{}\$227,600, 9.85 percent.
- 38.27 (d) In lieu of a tax computed according to the rates set forth in this subdivision, the tax
  38.28 of any individual taxpayer whose taxable net income for the taxable year is less than an
  38.29 amount determined by the commissioner must be computed in accordance with tables
  38.30 prepared and issued by the commissioner of revenue based on income brackets of not more

than \$100. The amount of tax for each bracket shall be computed at the rates set forth in this subdivision, provided that the commissioner may disregard a fractional part of a dollar unless it amounts to 50 cents or more, in which case it may be increased to \$1.

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- (e) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in this subdivision. After the application of the nonrefundable credits provided in this chapter, the tax liability must then be multiplied by a fraction in which:
- 39.8 (1) the numerator is the individual's Minnesota source federal adjusted gross income as
  39.9 defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and increased by:
- 39.10 (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and 17, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by
- interest under section 290.0132, subdivision 2, the subtractions under sections 290.0132, subdivisions 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 27, and 290.0137, paragraph (c), after applying the allocation and assignability provisions of section 290.081, clause (a), or 290.17; and
- (2) the denominator is the individual's federal adjusted gross income as defined in section
   62 of the Internal Revenue Code, increased by:
- 39.18 (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and 17, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by
- 39.20 (ii) the subtractions under sections 290.0132, subdivisions 2, 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 27, and 290.0137, paragraph (c).
- (f) If an individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year is a qualifying owner of a qualifying entity that elects to pay tax as provided in section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, paragraph (b), the individual must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in paragraph (e), and also must include, to the extent attributed to the electing qualifying entity:
- 39.27 (1) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (i), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (i), the addition under section 290.0131, subdivision 5; and
- 39.29 (2) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (ii), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (ii), the subtraction under section 290.0132, subdivision 3.
- 39.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 39.32 31, 2021.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.06, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:

Subd. 2d. **Inflation adjustment of brackets.** The commissioner shall annually adjust the minimum and maximum dollar amounts for each rate bracket for which a tax is imposed in subdivision 2c as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is taxable year 2019 2022. The rate applicable to any rate bracket must not be changed. The dollar amounts setting forth the tax shall be adjusted to reflect the changes in the rate brackets. The rate brackets as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the rate bracket ends in \$5, it must be rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount. The commissioner shall determine the rate bracket for married filing separate returns after this adjustment is done. The rate bracket for married filing separate must be one-half of the rate bracket for married filing joint.

40.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 40.12 31, 2021.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.067, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Amount of credit.** (a) A taxpayer may take as a credit against the tax due from the taxpayer and a spouse, if any, under this chapter an amount equal to the dependent care credit for which the taxpayer is eligible pursuant to the provisions of section 21 of the Internal Revenue Code except that in determining whether the child qualified as a dependent, income received as a Minnesota family investment program grant or allowance to or on behalf of the child must not be taken into account in determining whether the child received more than half of the child's support from the taxpayer.

- (b) If a child who has not attained the age of six years at the close of the taxable year is cared for at a licensed family day care home operated by the child's parent, the taxpayer is deemed to have paid employment-related expenses. If the child is 16 months old or younger at the close of the taxable year, the amount of expenses deemed to have been paid equals the maximum limit for one qualified individual under section 21(c) and (d) of the Internal Revenue Code. If the child is older than 16 months of age but has not attained the age of six years at the close of the taxable year, the amount of expenses deemed to have been paid equals the amount the licensee would charge for the care of a child of the same age for the same number of hours of care.
- (c) If a married couple:

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- (1) has a child who has not attained the age of one year at the close of the taxable year;
- 40.32 (2) files a joint tax return for the taxable year; and

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(3) does not participate in a dependent care assistance program as defined in section 129 of the Internal Revenue Code, in lieu of the actual employment related expenses paid for that child under paragraph (a) or the deemed amount under paragraph (b), the lesser of (i) the combined earned income of the couple or (ii) the amount of the maximum limit for one qualified individual under section 21(c) and (d) of the Internal Revenue Code will be deemed to be the employment related expense paid for that child. The earned income limitation of section 21(d) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not apply to this deemed amount. These deemed amounts apply regardless of whether any employment-related expenses have been paid.

- (d) If the taxpayer is not required and does not file a federal individual income tax return for the tax year, no credit is allowed for any amount paid to any person unless:
- 41.12 (1) the name, address, and taxpayer identification number of the person are included on 41.13 the return claiming the credit; or
- (2) if the person is an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
  Code and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, the name
  and address of the person are included on the return claiming the credit.
- In the case of a failure to provide the information required under the preceding sentence, the preceding sentence does not apply if it is shown that the taxpayer exercised due diligence in attempting to provide the information required.
  - (e) In the case of a nonresident, part-year resident, or a person who has earned income not subject to tax under this chapter including earned income excluded pursuant to section 290.0132, subdivision 10, the credit determined under section 21 of the Internal Revenue Code must be allocated based on the ratio by which the earned income of the claimant and the claimant's spouse from Minnesota sources bears to the total earned income of the claimant and the claimant's spouse.
- (f) For residents of Minnesota, the subtractions for military pay under section 290.0132, subdivisions 11 and 12, are not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter."
- (g) For residents of Minnesota, the exclusion of combat pay under section 112 of the
  Internal Revenue Code is not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this
  chapter."
- (h) For taxpayers with federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$52,230 \$70,000, the credit is equal to the lesser of the credit otherwise calculated under this subdivision, or the

amount equal to \$600 minus five percent of federal adjusted gross income in excess of

\$\frac{\$52,230}{\$70,000}\$ for taxpayers with one qualified individual, or \$1,200 minus five percent

of federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$\frac{\$52,230}{\$70,000}\$ for taxpayers with two or

more qualified individuals, but in no case is the credit less than zero.

- 42.5 (i) The commissioner shall annually adjust the income amount in paragraph (h) as 42.6 provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is 2022.
- 42.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 42.8 31, 2021.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0674, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Limitations. (a) For claimants with adjusted gross income not greater than 42.10 \$33,500, the maximum credit allowed for a family is \$1,000 multiplied by the number of 42.11 qualifying children in kindergarten through grade 12 in the family. The maximum credit 42.12 for families with one qualifying child in kindergarten through grade 12 is reduced by \$1 42.13 for each \$4 of household adjusted gross income over \$33,500 \$50,000, and the maximum 42.14 credit for families with two or more qualifying children in kindergarten through grade 12 42.15 is reduced by \$2 for each \$4 of <del>household</del> adjusted gross income over <del>\$33,500</del> \$50,000, 42.16 but in no case is the credit less than zero. In the case of an individual who files an income 42.17 tax return on a fiscal year basis, the term "federal adjusted gross income" means federal 42.18 adjusted gross income reflected in the fiscal year ending in the next calendar year. Federal 42.19 adjusted gross income may not be reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback 42.20
- 42.22 (b) In the case of a married claimant, a credit is not allowed unless a joint income tax 42.23 return is filed.

or carryforward or a capital loss carryback or carryforward allowed for the year.

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- 42.24 (c) For a nonresident or part-year resident, the credit determined under subdivision 1
  42.25 and the maximum credit amount in paragraph (a) must be allocated using the percentage
  42.26 calculated in section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).
- 42.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 42.28 31, 2021.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.068, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Credit allowed.** A corporation, partners in a partnership, or shareholders in a corporation treated as an "S" corporation under section 290.9725 are allowed a credit against the tax computed under this chapter for the taxable year equal to:

43.1	(a) ten	percent of	f the :	first \$2,	,000,000	of the	excess	(if any	/) o	f
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- (1) the qualified research expenses for the taxable year, over
- 43.3 (2) the base amount; and

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- (b) four 4.25 percent on all of such excess expenses over \$2,000,000.
- 43.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 43.6 31, 2021.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0681, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Credit certificates; grants. (a)(1) The developer of a project for which the office has issued an allocation certificate must notify the office when the project is placed in service. Upon verifying that the project has been placed in service, and was allowed a federal credit, the office must issue a credit certificate to the taxpayer designated in the application or must issue a grant to the recipient designated in the application. The credit certificate must state the amount of the credit.
- 43.14 (2) The credit amount equals the federal credit allowed for the project.
- 43.15 (3) The grant amount equals 90 percent of the federal credit allowed for the project.
- 43.16 (b) The recipient of a credit certificate may assign the certificate to another taxpayer
  43.17 before the first one-fifth payment is claimed, which is then allowed the credit under this
  43.18 section or section 297I.20, subdivision 3. The first assignee may subsequently assign the
  43.19 certificate in whole, but not in part, to a second assignee. An assignment is not valid unless
  43.20 the assignee notifies the commissioner within 30 days of the date that the assignment is
  43.21 made. The commissioner shall prescribe the forms necessary for notifying the commissioner
  43.22 of the assignment of a credit certificate and for claiming a credit by assignment.
- 43.23 (c) Credits passed through to partners, members, shareholders, or owners pursuant to subdivision 5 are not an assignment of a credit certificate under this subdivision.
- (d) A grant agreement between the office and the recipient of a grant may allow the grant to be issued to another individual or entity.
- 43.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for property placed in service after June 43.28 30, 2022.

44.1	Sec. 16. [290.0687] SMALL BUSINESS TAX CREDITS FOR PAID FAMILY LEAVE
44.2	BENEFITS.
44.3	Subdivision 1. Employer tax credit. (a) A qualified employer is allowed a credit against
44.4	the taxes imposed under this chapter equal to the amount paid:
44.5	(1) directly by the qualified employer for paid family leave benefits on behalf of a
44.6	qualified employee; or
44.7	(2) to an insurance company to provide paid family leave insurance benefits to a qualified
44.8	employee.
44.9	(b) The credit allowed to an employer under this subdivision for a qualified employee
44.10	for a taxable year is limited to the lesser of the amounts listed in clauses (1) and (2), to the
44.11	extent not deducted in determining federal taxable income for corporate filers or federal
44.12	adjusted gross income for individual filers:
44.13	(1) \$3,000; or
44.14	(2) the total amount paid:
44.15	(i) directly by the qualified employer for paid family leave benefits on behalf of a
44.16	qualified employee; or
44.17	(ii) to an insurance company to provide paid family leave insurance benefits to a qualified
44.18	employee.
44.19	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision have
44.20	the meanings given.
44.21	(b) "Armed forces" means members of the National Guard and Reserves;
44.22	(c) "Child" means a person who is:
44.23	(1) under 18 years of age, or 18 years of age or older and incapable of self-care because
44.24	of a mental or physical disability; and
44.25	(2) a biological, adopted, or foster son or daughter; a stepson or stepdaughter; a legal
44.26	ward; a son or daughter of a domestic partner; or a son or daughter of a person to whom the
44.27	employee stands in loco parentis.
44.28	(d) "Employee" has the meaning given in section 290.92, subdivision 1, clause (3).
44.29	(e) "Family leave" means leave for any of the following purposes:
44.30	(1) participating in providing care, including physical or psychological care, for a family
44.31	member of the employee made necessary by the family member's serious health condition;

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45.1	(2) bonding with the employee's child during the first 12 months after the child's birth,
45.2	or the first 12 months after the placement of the child for adoption or foster care with the
45.3	employee; or
45.4	(3) addressing a qualifying exigency, as interpreted under the Family and Medical Leave
45.5	Act, United States Code, title 29, section 2612(a)(1)(e), and Code of Federal Regulations,
45.6	title 29, sections 825.126(a)(1) to (8), arising from the fact that the spouse, child, or parent
45.7	of the employee is on active duty or has been notified of an impending call or order to active
45.8	duty in the armed forces of the United States.
45.9	(f) "Family member" means a child, spouse, parent, or grandparent as defined in this
45.10	chapter.
45.11	(g) "Parent" means a biological, foster, or adoptive parent; a stepparent; a legal guardian;
45.12	or other person who stood in loco parentis to the employee when the employee was a child.
45.13	(h) "Qualified employee" means an employee who has been employed by the qualified
45.14	employer for one year or more.
45.15	(i) "Qualified employer" means an employer subject to the withholding requirements
45.16	under section 290.92, including a taxpaying employer referenced in section 268.046, who:
45.17	(1) employs 50 or fewer employees in Minnesota; and
45.18	(2) pays family leave benefits for one or more qualified employees.
45.19	(j) "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental
45.20	condition, including organ or tissue transplant or donation, that involves inpatient care in a
45.21	hospital, hospice, or residential health care facility, continuing treatment, or continuing
45.22	supervision by a health care provider as defined in an insurance policy. Continuing
45.23	supervision by a health care provider includes a period of incapacity that is permanent or
45.24	long term due to a condition for which treatment may not be effective and where the family
45.25	member is not receiving active treatment by a health care provider.
45.26	(k) "Tax imposed under this chapter" means the taxes imposed under sections 290.06,
45.27	290.091, and 290.0921, but excludes the fee under section 290.0922.
45.28	Subd. 3. Nonresidents and part-year residents. For a nonresident or part-year resident,
45.29	the credit must be allocated using the percentage calculated in section 290.06, subdivision
45.30	2c, paragraph (e).
45.31	Subd. 4. Partnerships; multiple owners. Credits granted to a partnership, a limited
45.32	liability company taxed as a partnership, an S corporation, or multiple owners of property

46.1	are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata
46.2	to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets
46.3	or as specially allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed document
46.4	as of the last day of the taxable year.
46.5	Subd. 5. Carryover. If the credit allowed under subdivision 1 exceeds the tax imposed
46.6	under this chapter, the excess is a credit carryover to each of the five succeeding taxable
46.7	years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit must be carried first to the earliest
46.8	taxable year to which the amount may be carried. The unused portion of the credit must be
46.9	carried to the following taxable year. No credit may be carried to a taxable year more than
46.10	five years after the taxable year in which the credit was earned.
46.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
46.12	31, 2023, and before January 1, 2027.
46.13	Sec. 17. [290.0693] NEW MARKETS TAX CREDIT.
46.14	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> For purposes of this section, terms defined in section 116X.01
46.15	have the meanings given in that section.
46.16	Subd. 2. Credit allowed. (a) An entity that makes a qualified equity investment is
46.17	allowed a credit against the tax imposed under this chapter equal to the amount calculated
46.18	under section 116X.01, subdivision 2.
46.19	(b) Tax credits earned by or allocated to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed
46.20	as a partnership, or an S-corporation are passed through to the partners, members,
46.21	shareholders, or owners, respectively, in accordance with the provisions of any agreement
46.22	among such partners, members, shareholders, or owners, or, in the absence of such agreement
46.23	pro rata to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's
46.24	assets as of the last day of the taxable year. A pass-through of a credit is not considered a
46.25	sale for the purposes of section 116X.01.
46.26	(c) If the amount of the credit under this section exceeds the taxpayer's liability for tax
46.27	under this chapter, the excess is a credit carryover to each of the five succeeding taxable
46.28	years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the taxable year must be carried
46.29	first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may be carried and then to each
46.30	successive year to which the credit may be carried. The amount of the unused credit that
46.31	may be added under this paragraph may not exceed the taxpayer's liability for tax, less any
46.32	credit for the current taxable year.

47.1	Subd. 3. Audit powers. Notwithstanding the certification eligibility issued by the
47.2	commissioner of employment and economic development under section 116X.01, subdivision
47.3	4, the commissioner may utilize any audit and examination powers under chapter 270C or
47.4	289A to the extent necessary to verify that the taxpayer is eligible for the credit and to assess
47.5	for the amount of any improperly claimed credit.
47.6 47.7	Subd. 4. Sunset. This section expires at the same time and on the same terms as section 116X.01, except that the expiration of this section does not affect the commissioner of
47.8	revenue's authority to audit or power of examination and assessment for credits claimed
47.9	under this section.
47.10 47.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, and before January 1, 2031.
47.12	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
47.13	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, the following
47.14	terms have the meanings given.
47.15	(a) "Alternative minimum taxable income" means the sum of the following for the taxable
47.16	year:
47.17	(1) the taxpayer's federal alternative minimum taxable income as defined in section
47.18	55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;
47.19	(2) the taxpayer's itemized deductions allowed in computing federal alternative minimum
47.20	taxable income, but excluding:
47.21	(i) the charitable contribution deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code;
47.22	(ii) the medical expense deduction;
47.23	(iii) the casualty, theft, and disaster loss deduction; and
47.24	(iv) the impairment-related work expenses of a person with a disability;
47.25	(3) for depletion allowances computed under section 613A(c) of the Internal Revenue
47.26	Code, with respect to each property (as defined in section 614 of the Internal Revenue Code),
47.27	to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the excess of the
47.28	deduction for depletion allowable under section 611 of the Internal Revenue Code for the
47.29	taxable year over the adjusted basis of the property at the end of the taxable year (determined
47.30	without regard to the depletion deduction for the taxable year);

48.1	(4) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount
48.2	of the tax preference for intangible drilling cost under section 57(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue
48.3	Code determined without regard to subparagraph (E);
48.4	(5) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount
48.5	of interest income as provided by section 290.0131, subdivision 2;
48.6	(6) the amount of addition required by section 290.0131, subdivisions 9, 10, and 16;
48.7	(7) the deduction allowed under section 199A of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent
48.8	not included in the addition required under clause (6); and
48.9	(8) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount
48.10	of foreign-derived intangible income deducted under section 250 of the Internal Revenue
48.11	Code;
48.12	less the sum of the amounts determined under the following:
48.13	(i) interest income as defined in section 290.0132, subdivision 2;
48.14	(ii) an overpayment of state income tax as provided by section 290.0132, subdivision
48.15	3, to the extent included in federal alternative minimum taxable income;
48.16	(iii) the amount of investment interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on
48.17	indebtedness to the extent that the amount does not exceed net investment income, as defined
48.18	in section 163(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Interest does not include amounts deducted
48.19	in computing federal adjusted gross income;
48.20	(iv) amounts subtracted from federal taxable or adjusted gross income as provided by
48.21	section 290.0132, subdivisions 7, 9 to 15, 17, 21, 24, and 26 to 29, and 31;
48.22	(v) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision 11,
48.23	paragraph (c); and
48.24	(vi) the amount allowable as a Minnesota itemized deduction under section 290.0122,
48.25	subdivision 7.
48.26	In the case of an estate or trust, alternative minimum taxable income must be computed
48.27	as provided in section 59(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, except alternative minimum
48.28	taxable income must be increased by the addition in section 290.0131, subdivision 16.
48.29	(b) "Investment interest" means investment interest as defined in section 163(d)(3) of

(c) "Net minimum tax" means the minimum tax imposed by this section.

the Internal Revenue Code.

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49.1	(d) "Regular tax" means the tax that would be imposed under this chapter (without regard
49.2	to this section and section 290.032), reduced by the sum of the nonrefundable credits allowed
49.3	under this chapter.
49.4	(e) "Tentative minimum tax" equals 6.75 percent of alternative minimum taxable income
49.5	after subtracting the exemption amount determined under subdivision 3.
49.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
49.7	<u>31, 2022.</u>
49.8	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 291.016, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
49.9	Subd. 3. Subtraction. (a) For estates of decedents dying after December 31, 2016, A
49.10	subtraction is allowed in computing the Minnesota taxable estate, equal to the sum of:
49.11	(1) the an exclusion amount for the year of death under paragraph (b) of \$3,000,000;
49.12	and
49.13	(2) the lesser of:
49.14	(i) (2) the value of qualified small business property under section 291.03, subdivision
49.15	9, and the value of qualified farm property under section 291.03, subdivision 10; or, up to
49.16	<u>\$2,000,000.</u>
49.17	(ii) \$5,000,000 minus the exclusion amount for the year of death under paragraph (b).
49.18	(b) The following exclusion amounts apply for the year of death:
49.19	(1) \$2,100,000 for decedents dying in 2017;
49.20	(2) \$2,400,000 for decedents dying in 2018;
49.21	(3) \$2,700,000 for decedents dying in 2019; and
49.22	(4) \$3,000,000 for decedents dying in 2020 and thereafter.
49.23	(b) In the case of a decedent that is a surviving spouse there is an additional subtraction
49.24	allowed in computing the Minnesota taxable estate, a deceased spousal unused exclusion
49.25	amount, which is equal to the lesser of:
49.26	(1) \$3,000,000; or
49.27	(2) the excess of \$3,000,000 over the amount of the Minnesota taxable estate of the last
49.28	deceased spouse of the decedent, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations Title 26, section
49.29	20.2010-1(e)(5), but not including in the taxable estate property described in section 291.03,

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subdivisions 9 and 10, but in no case less than zero.

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(c) The subtraction under this subdivision must not reduce the Minnesota taxable estate to less than zero. 50.2

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after June 50.3 30, 2022. 50.4

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 291.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Tax amount. The tax imposed must be computed by applying to the Minnesota taxable estate the following schedule of rates and then multiplying the resulting amount multiplied by a fraction, not greater than one, the numerator of which is the value of the Minnesota gross estate plus the value of gifts under section 291.016, subdivision 2, clause (3), with a Minnesota situs, and the denominator of which is the federal gross estate plus the value of gifts under section 291.016, subdivision 2, clause (3):

## (a) For estates of decedents dying in 2017:

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50.13	Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax
50.14	Not over \$5,100,000	12 percent
50.15 50.16	Over \$5,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000	\$612,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$5,100,000
50.17 50.18	Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$868,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000
50.19 50.20	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$1,004,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000
50.21 50.22	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$1,148,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000
50.23 50.24	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,300,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000

## (b) For estates of decedents dying in 2018 and thereafter:

50.26	Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax
50.27	Not over \$7,100,000	13 percent
50.28 50.29	Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$923,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000
50.30 50.31	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$1,059,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000
50.32 50.33	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$1,203,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000
50.34 50.35	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,355,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 50.36

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Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 291.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to 51.1 read: 51.2 Subd. 1e. Election of portability of deceased spousal unused exclusion amounts; 51.3 election irrevocable; deemed elections. (a) A personal representative of a decedent's estate 51.4 may elect, on a return required under section 289A.10, subdivision 1, to allow a decedent's 51.5 surviving spouse to take into account the decedent's deceased spousal unused exclusion 51.6 amount, as provided in section 291.016, subdivision 3, paragraph (b). 51.7 (b) A personal representative of a decedent's estate that is not required to file a return 51.8 under section 289A.10, subdivision 1, may file a return to allow a decedent's surviving 51.9 spouse to take into account the decedent's deceased spousal unused exclusion amount, as 51.10 provided in section 291.016, subdivision 3, paragraph (b). The return is subject to the same 51.11 provisions as a return required under section 289A.10, subdivision 1. 51.12 (c) An election under paragraph (a) or (b) is irrevocable. By filing a return under section 51.13 289A.10, subdivision 1, the personal representative is deemed to have elected portability 51.14 unless the personal representative states affirmatively on the return that the decedent's estate 51.15 is not electing portability. The commissioner may prescribe the form of the election on the 51.16 return. 51.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after June 51.18 30, 2022. 51.19 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297I.20, is amended by adding a subdivision 51.20 to read: 51.21 Subd. 6. New markets tax credit. A taxpayer may claim a credit against the premiums 51.22 tax imposed under this chapter equal to the amount calculated under section 116X.01, 51.23 subdivision 2. If the amount of the credit exceeds the liability for tax under this chapter, the 51.24 excess is a credit carryover to each of the five succeeding taxable years. The entire amount 51.25 of the excess unused credit for the taxable year must be carried first to the earliest of the 51.26 taxable years to which the credit may be carried and then to each successive year to which 51.27 the credit may be carried. This credit does not affect the calculation of fire state aid under 51.28 section 477B.03 and police state aid under section 477C.03. 51.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for premiums received after December 51.30

Item 11. Article 2 Sec. 22. 51

31, 2022, and before January 1, 2030.

51.31

52.1	Sec. 23. PRECEPTOR CREDIT.
52.2	Subdivision 1. Credit allowed. (a) An individual who qualifies as a preceptor under
52.3	this section is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290.
52.4	The credit equals:
52.5	(1) \$2,500 for an individual who served as a preceptor for at least four weeks or 160
52.6	hours but not more than seven weeks or 280 hours during the taxable year;
52.7	(2) \$3,750 for an individual who served as a preceptor for at least eight weeks or 320
52.8	hours but not more than 11 weeks or 440 hours during the taxable year; and
52.9	(3) \$5,000 for an individual who served as a preceptor for at least 12 weeks or 480 hours
52.10	during the taxable year.
52.11	(b) For purposes of this section, a "preceptor" means an advanced practice registered
52.12	nurse, physician assistant, or mental health professional who:
52.13	(1) served as a health professions student preceptor or medical resident preceptor for at
52.14	least four weeks or 160 hours during the taxable year; and
52.15	(2) received no additional compensation for serving as a preceptor to an advanced practice
52.16	registered nurse, physician assistant, or mental health professional student.
52.17	(c) If the amount of the credit that an individual is eligible to receive under this section
52.18	exceeds the individual's tax liability under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290, the commissioner
52.19	of revenue shall refund the excess to the taxpayer.
52.20	(d) For a nonresident or part-year resident taxpayer, the credit must be allocated based
52.21	on the percentage calculated under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.06, subdivision 2c,
52.22	paragraph (e).
52.23	(e) The commissioner of revenue, in consultation with the commissioner of health, shall
52.24	prescribe the form and manner in which the credit must be claimed.
52.25	Subd. 2. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to pay the refunds required by this section
52.26	is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund.
52.27	Subd. 3. Report. (a) By March 1, 2026, the commissioner of revenue, in consultation
52.28	with the commissioner of health, shall issue a report to the chairs and ranking minority
52.29	members of the committees of the house of representatives and senate with jurisdiction over

(1) the number of preceptors claiming the credit;

taxes, higher education, and health and human services detailing:

52.30

52.31

3.2	(2) the average amount of credits claimed;
	(3) the geographical distribution by county of the location of the preceptor's services;
3.3	(4) the professions of the preceptor and the students served by the preceptor; and
3.4	(5) the impact of the tax credit on the availability of preceptors in Minnesota.
3.5	(b) The report required under this subdivision must comply with Minnesota Statutes,
3.6	sections 3.195 and 3.197.
3.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
3.8	31, 2022, and before January 1, 2026.
3.9	Sec. 24. REPEALER.
3.10	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 290.0131, subdivision 15; and 290.0674,
3.11	subdivision 2a, are repealed.
3.12	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.0681, subdivision 10, is repealed.
3.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective for taxable years beginning after
3.14	December 31, 2021. Paragraph (b) is effective the day following final enactment.
3.15	ARTICLE 3
3.16	SALES AND USE TAXES
3.17	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.67, subdivision 35, is amended to read:
3.18	Subd. 35. <b>Suite licenses.</b> The sale of the privilege of admission under section 297A.61,
3.19	subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (1), to a place of amusement or athletic event does not
3.20	include consideration paid for a license to use a private suite, private skybox, or private box
3.21	seat, and the sale of the license is exempt provided that: (1) the lessee may use the private
	suite, private skybox, or private box seat by mutual arrangement with the lessor on days
3.22	
	when there is no amusement or athletic event; and (2) the sales price for the privilege of
3.23	when there is no amusement or athletic event; and (2) the sales price for the privilege of admission is separately stated and is equal to or greater than the highest priced general
3.23 3.24	
3.23 3.24 3.25	admission is separately stated and is equal to or greater than the highest priced general
3.23 3.24 3.25 3.26	admission is separately stated and is equal to or greater than the highest priced general admission ticket for the closest seat not in the private suite, private skybox, or private box
3.22 3.23 3.24 3.25 3.26 3.27 3.28	admission is separately stated and is equal to or greater than the highest priced general admission ticket for the closest seat not in the private suite, private skybox, or private box seat. The sale of food and beverages for consumption in a private suite, private skybox, or
3.23 3.24 3.25 3.26 3.27	admission is separately stated and is equal to or greater than the highest priced general admission ticket for the closest seat not in the private suite, private skybox, or private box seat. The sale of food and beverages for consumption in a private suite, private skybox, or private box seat must be taxable to the extent provided under this chapter, but these taxable
3.23 3.24 3.25 3.26	admission is separately stated and is equal to or greater than the highest priced general admission ticket for the closest seat not in the private suite, private skybox, or private seat. The sale of food and beverages for consumption in a private suite, private skybox.

Item 11. Article 3 Section 1. 53

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54.1	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supple	ement, section	297A.67, subdivisio	on 38, is amended
54.2	to read:			
54.3	Subd. 38. Season ticket purchasing	rights to col	legiate events. (a) T	he sale of a right
54.4	to purchase the privilege of admission to	a college or ı	university athletic ev	ent in a preferred
54.5	viewing location for a season of a partic	ular athletic e	event is exempt prov	ided that:
54.6	(1) the consideration paid for the rig	ht to purchase	e is used entirely to s	support student
54.7	scholarships, wellness, and academic co	ests;		
54.8	(2) the consideration paid for the right	t to purchase i	s separately stated fro	om the admission
54.9	price; and			
54.10	(3) the admission price is equal to or	greater than	the highest priced go	eneral admission
54.11	ticket for the closest seat not in the prefe	erred viewing	location.	
54.12	(b) The sale of food and beverages fo	or consumption	n in a preferred seati	ng location must
54.13	be taxable to the extent provided under the	nis chapter, bu	it these taxable sales	do not invalidate
54.14	the exemption in this subdivision.			
54.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section i	s effective for	sales and purchases	made after June
54.16	30, 2023.			
54.17	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section	on 297A.68, is	s amended by adding	g a subdivision to
54.18	read:			
54.19	Subd. 46. Certain amenities include	d with privil	ege of admission. At	nenities included
54.20	in the sales price of the privilege of adm	ission under	section 297A.61, sul	odivision 3,
54.21	paragraph (m), are exempt when purchas	sed by a taxpa	yer selling the privile	ege of admission.
54.22	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section i	s effective for	sales and purchases	made after June
54.23	30, 2023.			
54.24	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section	on 297A.69, s	subdivision 4, is ame	ended to read:
54.25	Subd. 4. Machinery, equipment, an	nd fencing. T	he following machin	ery, equipment,
54.26	and fencing is exempt:			
54.27	(1) farm machinery;			

54 Article 3 Sec. 4. Item 11. Page 102

(2) logging equipment, including chain saws used for commercial logging;

54.28

54.29

(3) fencing:

55.1	(i) used for the containment of farmed Cervidae, as defined in section 35.153, subdivision
55.2	3; <u>or</u>
55.3	(ii) on property classified as class 2a under section 273.13, subdivision 23;
55.4	(4) primary and backup generator units used to generate electricity for the purpose of
55.5	operating farm machinery, aquacultural production equipment, or logging equipment, or
55.6	providing light or space heating necessary for the production of livestock, dairy animals,
55.7	dairy products, or poultry and poultry products; and
55.8	(5) aquaculture production equipment.
55.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
55.10	made after June 30, 2021.
55.11	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.70, is amended by adding a subdivision to
55.12	read:
55.13	Subd. 22. Animal shelters. (a) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "animal shelter"
55.14	means a nonprofit organization engaged in the business of rescuing, sheltering, and finding
55.15	homes for unwanted animals.
55.16	(b) Purchases made by an animal shelter are exempt if the purchases are used directly
55.17	in the activities of rescuing, sheltering, and finding homes for unwanted animals. The
55.18	exemption under this paragraph does not apply to the following purchases:
55.19	(1) building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor or a
55.20	subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a guaranteed
55.21	maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction, alteration, or
55.22	repair of a building or facility;
55.23	(2) construction materials purchased by an animal shelter or their contractors to be used
55.24	in constructing buildings or facilities that will not be used principally by the tax-exempt
55.25	entities;
55.26	(3) lodging as defined under section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (2),
55.27	and prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages as defined in section 297A.67,
55.28	subdivision 2; and
55.29	(4) leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 11.
55.30	(c) The sale or adoption of unwanted animals by an animal shelter and the sale of
55.31	associated animal supplies and equipment by an animal shelter are exempt.

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56.1	(d) Sales made by and events run by an animal shelter for fund-raising purposes are
56.2	exempt. Exempt sales include the sale of prepared food, candy, and soft drinks at a
56.3	fund-raising event. The exemption under this paragraph is subject to the following limits:
56.4	(1) gross receipts from all fund-raising sales are taxable if the total fund-raising by the
56.5	animal shelter exceeds 24 days per year;
56.6	(2) it does not apply to fund-raising events conducted on premises leased for more than
56.7	five days but less than 30 days; and
56.8	(3) it does not apply to admission charges for events involving bingo or other gambling
56.9	activities or to charges for use of amusement devices involving bingo or other gambling
56.10	activities.
56.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
56.12	<u>30, 2022.</u>
56.13	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a subdivision to
56.14	read:
56.15	Subd. 55. Building, repair, or replacement materials; farm fencing material. Materials
56.16	and supplies used or consumed in, and equipment incorporated into, the construction,
56.17	improvement, repair, or replacement of farm fencing material that is not exempt under
56.18	section 297A.69, subdivision 4, are exempt.
56.19	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
56.20	made after June 30, 2021.
56.21	Sec. 7. SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION; CERTAIN NATURAL GAS FEES.
56.22	Subdivision 1. Exemption. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.67,
56.23	subdivision 15, clause (2), fees related to natural gas sold for residential use to customers
56.24	who were metered and billed as residential users and who used natural gas for their primary
56.25	source of residential heat are exempt for purposes of the billing periods May to October,
56.26	provided that:
56.27	(1) the fee for the natural gas is subject to a cost recovery plan for the price increase in
56.28	natural gas during the period February 13, 2021, to February 17, 2021, identified in docket
56.29	G-199/CI-21-135 before the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission; and
56.30	(2) the fee is separately stated and labeled as a fee pursuant to a cost recovery plan under
56.31	clause (1)

57.1	Subd. 2. Application; refund. (a) By October 1, 2022, each utility must apply to the		
57.2	commissioner of revenue for a refund of sales taxes collected and remitted pursuant to		
57.3	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.77, on fees for sales and purchases of natural gas subject		
57.4	to a cost recovery plan under subdivision 1, clause (1), that were added to residential		
57.5	customers' bills for the period beginning September 1, 2021, and ending June 30, 2022.		
57.6	(b) The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 289A.50, subdivision 2, except for		
57.7	paragraph (c), apply to refunds issued under this subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision,		
57.8	"utility" means a utility subject to the cost recovery plan under subdivision 1, clause (1).		
57.9	Within 90 days after the date the commissioner issues the refund under Minnesota Statutes,		
57.10	section 289A.50, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), to the utility:		
57.11	(1) the utility must provide a plan to the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission for		
57.12	crediting taxes exempt under subdivision 1 to residential customers; and		
57.13	(2) any amount not refunded or credited to a residential customer by a utility must be		
57.14	returned to the commissioner by the utility.		
57.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for fees applied to sales		
57.16	and purchases of natural gas made after February 12, 2021, and before February 18, 2021,		
57.17	that are billed from September 1, 2021, to December 31, 2026.		
57.18	ARTICLE 4		
57.19	PROPERTY TAXES		
57.20	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 272.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:		
57.21	Subd. 2. Exempt property used by private entity for profit. (a) When any real or		
57.22	personal property which is exempt from ad valorem taxes, and taxes in lieu thereof, is leased,		
57.23	loaned, or otherwise made available and used by a private individual, association, or		
57.24	corporation in connection with a business conducted for profit, there shall be imposed a		
57.25	tax, for the privilege of so using or possessing such real or personal property, in the same		
57.26	amount and to the same extent as though the lessee or user was the owner of such property.		
57.27	(b) The tax imposed by this subdivision shall not apply to:		
57.28	(1) property leased or used as a concession in or relative to the use in whole or part of		
57.29	a public park, market, fairgrounds, port authority, economic development authority		
<ul><li>57.29</li><li>57.30</li></ul>			

Item 11. Article 4 Section 1. 57

1	(2) except as provided in paragraph (c), property of an airport owned by a city, town,	
2	county, or group thereof which is:	
3	(i) leased to or used by any person or entity including a fixed base operator; and	
4	(ii) used as a hangar for the storage or, repair, or manufacture of aircraft or to provide	
5	aviation goods, services, or facilities to the airport or general public;	
5	the exception from taxation provided in this clause does not apply to:	
	(i) property located at an airport owned or operated by the Metropolitan Airports	
	Commission or by a city of over 50,000 population according to the most recent federal	
	eensus or such a city's airport authority; or	
)	(ii) hangars leased by a private individual, association, or corporation in connection with	
1	a business conducted for profit other than an aviation-related business;	
2	(3) property constituting or used as a public pedestrian ramp or concourse in connection	
3	with a public airport;	
4	(4) except as provided in paragraph (d), property constituting or used as a passenger	
5	check-in area or ticket sale counter, boarding area, or luggage claim area in connection with	
6	a public airport but not the airports owned or operated by the Metropolitan Airports	
7	Commission or cities of over 50,000 population or an airport authority therein. Real estate	
;	owned by a municipality in connection with the operation of a public airport and leased or	
)	used for agricultural purposes is not exempt;	
)	(5) property leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual,	
l	corporation, or association under a cooperative farming agreement made pursuant to section	
2	97A.135; or	
	(6) property leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual,	
	corporation, or association under section 272.68, subdivision 4.	
	(c) The exception from taxation provided in paragraph (b), clause (2), does not apply	
	<u>to:</u>	
	(1) property located at an airport owned or operated by:	
}	(i) the Metropolitan Airports Commission; or	
	(ii) a city of over 50,000 population according to the most recent federal census or such	
)	a city's airport authority, except that, when calculating the tax imposed by this subdivision	
1	for property taxes payable in 2023 through 2034, the net tax capacity of such property is	
2	reduced by 50 percent if it is owned or operated by a city over 50,000 but under 150,000	

Item 11. Article 4 Section 1. 58

59.1	in population according to the most recent federal census or such a city's airport authority;		
59.2	<u>or</u>		
59.3	(2) hangars leased by a private individual, association, or corporation in connection with		
59.4	a business conducted for profit other than an aviation-related business.		
59.5	(d) The exception from taxation provided in paragraph (b), clause (4), does not apply		
59.6	to:		
59.7	(1) the property described in paragraph (b), clause (4), at airports that are owned or		
59.8	operated by:		
59.9	(i) the Metropolitan Airports Commission; or		
59.10	(ii) a city of over 50,000 population or an airport authority therein, except that, when		
59.11	calculating the tax imposed by this subdivision for property taxes payable in 2023 through		
59.12	2034, the net tax capacity of such property is reduced by 50 percent if it is owned or operated		
59.13	by a city over 50,000 but under 150,000 in population according to the most recent federal		
59.14	census or such a city's airport authority; or		
59.15	(2) real estate owned by a municipality in connection with the operation of a public		
59.16	airport and leased or used for agricultural purposes.		
59.17	(e) (e) Taxes imposed by this subdivision are payable as in the case of personal property		
59.18	taxes and shall be assessed to the lessees or users of real or personal property in the same		
59.19	manner as taxes assessed to owners of real or personal property, except that such taxes shall		
59.20	not become a lien against the property. When due, the taxes shall constitute a debt due from		
59.21	the lessee or user to the state, township, city, county, and school district for which the taxes		
59.22	were assessed and shall be collected in the same manner as personal property taxes. If		
59.23	property subject to the tax imposed by this subdivision is leased or used jointly by two or		
59.24	more persons, each lessee or user shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of the		
59.25	tax.		
59.26	(d) (f) The tax on real property of the federal government, the state or any of its political		
59.27	subdivisions that is leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual,		
59.28	association, or corporation and becomes taxable under this subdivision or other provision		
59.29	of law must be assessed and collected as a personal property assessment. The taxes do not		
59.30	become a lien against the real property.		
59.31	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2023.		

Article 4 Section 1. 59 Item 11. Page 107

59.31

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020	, section 272.02, subdivision 98, is amended to read:
Subd. 98. Certain property or	wned by an Indian tribe. (a) Property is exempt that:
(1) was classified as 3a under s	ection 273.13, subdivision 24, for taxes payable in 2013;
(2) is located in a city of the fir	rst class with a population greater than 300,000 as of the
2010 federal census;	
(3) was on January 2, 2012, an	d is for the current assessment owned by a federally
recognized Indian tribe, or its instr	rumentality, that is located within the state of Minnesota;
and	
(4) is used exclusively for triba	al purposes or institutions of purely public charity as
defined in subdivision 7.	
(b) For purposes of this subdivi	sion, a "tribal purpose" means a public purpose as defined
n subdivision 8 and includes none	commercial tribal government activities. Property that
ualifies for the exemption under t	his subdivision is limited to no more than two contiguous
arcels and structures that do not	exceed in the aggregate 20,000 square feet. Property
equired for single-family housing	g, market-rate apartments, agriculture, or forestry does
not qualify for this exemption. The	exemption created by this subdivision expires with taxes
payable in <del>2024</del> <u>2034</u> .	
(c) Property exempt under this	section is exempt from the requirements of section
272.025.	
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This see	ction is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2022.
Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020	, section 272.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to
ead:	
Subd. 105. Energy storage sy	stems. (a) Personal property consisting of an energy
torage system is exempt. For the p	ourposes of this subdivision, "energy storage system" has
e meaning given in section 216F	3.2422, subdivision 1, paragraph (f).
(b) A taxpayer requesting an e	xemption under this subdivision must file an application
vith the commissioner of revenue	. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format,
nd manner of the application purs	suant to section 270C.30, except that a "law administered
by the commissioner" includes the	e property tax laws. In determining eligibility for the
exemption under this section, the	commissioner of revenue may request information and
advice from the commissioner of	commerce. On determining that property qualifies for
exemption, the commissioner of re	evenue shall issue an order exempting the property from

taxation. The commissioner of revenue shall develop an electronic means to notify interested 61.1 parties when the commissioner has issued an order exempting property from taxation under 61.2 61.3 this section. The energy storage system shall continue to be exempt from taxation as long as the order issued by the commissioner of revenue remains in effect. 61.4 (c) The exemption under this section expires with taxes payable in 2033. 61.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023. 61.6 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 272.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 61.7 Subdivision 1. **Statement of exemption.** (a) Except in the case of property owned by 61.8 the state of Minnesota or any political subdivision thereof, a taxpayer claiming an exemption 61.9 from taxation on property described in section 272.02 must file a statement of exemption 61.10 61.11 with the assessor of the assessment district in which the property is located. By January 2, 2018, and each third year thereafter, the commissioner of revenue shall publish on its website 61.12 a list of the exemptions for which a taxpayer claiming an exemption must file a statement 61.13 of exemption. The commissioner's requirement that a taxpayer file a statement of exemption 61.14 pursuant to this subdivision shall not be considered a rule and is not subject to the 61.15 61.16 Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 14. (b) A taxpayer claiming an exemption from taxation on property described in section 61.17 61.18 272.02, subdivision 10 and 105, must file a statement of exemption with the commissioner of revenue, on or before February 15 of each year for which the taxpayer claims an 61.19 exemption. 61.20 (c) In case of sickness, absence or other disability or for good cause, the assessor or the 61.21 commissioner may extend the time for filing the statement of exemption for a period not to 61.22 exceed 60 days. 61.23 (d) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the 61.24 statement of exemption pursuant to section 270C.30, except that a "law administered by 61.25 the commissioner" includes the property tax laws. 61.26 (e) If a statement is made by electronic means, the taxpayer's signature is defined pursuant 61.27 to section 270C.304, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the 61.28 61.29 property tax laws. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023 61.30 and thereafter.

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61.31

05/08/22 11:30 am **COUNSEL** SCH3669A-1 NP/ESS/TG

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.032, is amended to read: 62.1

- (a) Unless otherwise provided, for the purpose of determining any property tax levy limitation based on market value or any limit on net debt, the issuance of bonds, certificates of indebtedness, or capital notes based on market value, any qualification to receive state aid based on market value, or any state aid amount based on market value, the terms "market 62.6 value," "estimated market value," and "market valuation," whether equalized or unequalized, mean the estimated market value of taxable property within the local unit of government 62.8 before any of the following or similar adjustments for: 62.9
- (1) the market value exclusions under: 62.10

62.2

62.3

62.4

62.5

62.7

- (i) section 273.11, subdivisions 14a and 14c (vacant platted land); 62.11
- (ii) section 273.11, subdivision 16 (certain improvements to homestead property); 62.12
- (iii) section 273.11, subdivisions 19 and 20 (certain improvements to business properties); 62.13
- 62.14 (iv) section 273.11, subdivision 21 (homestead property damaged by mold);
- (v) section 273.13, subdivision 34 (homestead of a veteran with a disability or family 62.15 caregiver); or 62.16
- (vi) section 273.13, subdivision 35 (homestead market value exclusion); or 62.17
- (vii) section 273.13, subdivision 36 (affordable housing market value exclusion); or 62.18
- (2) the deferment of value under: 62.19
- (i) the Minnesota Agricultural Property Tax Law, section 273.111; 62.20
- (ii) the Aggregate Resource Preservation Law, section 273.1115; 62.21
- (iii) the Minnesota Open Space Property Tax Law, section 273.112; 62.22
- (iv) the rural preserves property tax program, section 273.114; or 62.23
- (v) the Metropolitan Agricultural Preserves Act, section 473H.10; or 62.24
- (3) the adjustments to tax capacity for: 62.25
- (i) tax increment financing under sections 469.174 to 469.1794; 62.26
- (ii) fiscal disparities under chapter 276A or 473F; or 62.27
- (iii) powerline credit under section 273.425. 62.28

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(b) Estimated market value under paragraph (a) also includes the market value of tax-exempt property if the applicable law specifically provides that the limitation, qualification, or aid calculation includes tax-exempt property.

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- (c) Unless otherwise provided, "market value," "estimated market value," and "market valuation" for purposes of property tax levy limitations and calculation of state aid, refer to the estimated market value for the previous assessment year and for purposes of limits on net debt, the issuance of bonds, certificates of indebtedness, or capital notes refer to the estimated market value as last finally equalized.
- (d) For purposes of a provision of a home rule charter or of any special law that is not codified in the statutes and that imposes a levy limitation based on market value or any limit on debt, the issuance of bonds, certificates of indebtedness, or capital notes based on market value, the terms "market value," "taxable market value," and "market valuation," whether equalized or unequalized, mean "estimated market value" as defined in paragraph (a).
  - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023.
- 63.15 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.11, subdivision 23, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 23. **First tier valuation limit; agricultural homestead property.** (a) The commissioner of revenue shall annually certify the first tier limit for agricultural homestead property. For assessment year 2010 2023, the limit is \$1,140,000 \$2,500,000. Beginning with assessment year 2011 2024, the limit is the product of (i) the first tier limit for the preceding assessment year, and (ii) the ratio of the statewide average taxable market value of agricultural property per acre of deeded farm land in the preceding assessment year to the statewide average taxable market value of agricultural property per acre of deeded farm land for the second preceding assessment year. The limit shall be rounded to the nearest \$10,000.
  - (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, "agricultural property" means all class 2a property under section 273.13, subdivision 23, except for property consisting of the house, garage, and immediately surrounding one acre of land of an agricultural homestead.
- (c) The commissioner shall certify the limit by January 2 of each assessment year.
- 63.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.128, is amended by adding a subdivision to
read:
Subd. 1a. Approval. A property owner must receive approval by resolution of the
governing body of the city or town where the property is located before submitting an initial
application to the Housing Finance Agency, as required under subdivision 2, for property
that has not, in whole or in part, been classified as class 4d under section 273.13, subdivision
25, prior to assessment year 2023. A property owner that receives approval as required
under this subdivision, and the certification made under subdivision 3, shall not be required
to seek approval under this subdivision prior to submitting an application under subdivision
2 in each subsequent year.
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023.
Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.128, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. <b>Application.</b> (a) Application for certification under this section must be filed
by March 31 of the levy year, or at a later date if the Housing Finance Agency deems
practicable. The application must be filed with the Housing Finance Agency, on a form
prescribed by the agency, and must contain the information required by the Housing Finance
Agency.
(b) Each application must include:
(1) the property tax identification number; and
(2) evidence that the property meets the requirements of subdivision subdivisions 1 and
<u>1a</u> .
(c) The Housing Finance Agency may charge an application fee approximately equal
to the costs of processing and reviewing the applications but not to exceed \$10 per unit. If
imposed, the applicant must pay the application fee to the Housing Finance Agency. The
fee must be deposited in the housing development fund.
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023.
Sec. 9. [273.129] AFFORDABLE HOUSING MARKET VALUE EXCLUSION
PROGRAM; ESTABLISHMENT.
Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
the meanings given, unless otherwise indicated.

65.1	(b) "Governing body" means, with respect to a city, a city council, with respect to a
65.2	town, a town board, and with respect to an unorganized territory, the county board acting
65.3	on behalf of the unorganized territory.
65.4	(c) "Market value" has the meaning given in section 272.03, subdivision 8.
65.5	(d) "Municipality" means a statutory or home rule charter city, a township, or unorganized
65.6	territory.
65.7	(e) "Property" means a residential rental housing property classified as class 4a under
65.8	section 273.13, subdivision 25, a portion of which is occupied by residents meeting the
65.9	income requirement under subdivision 4.
65.10	Subd. 2. Establishment. An affordable housing market value exclusion program is
65.11	established to promote the development of affordable rental properties in the state. Eligible
65.12	properties located in participating municipalities are eligible to receive a market value
65.13	exclusion of 50 percent.
65.14	Subd. 3. Approval. (a) A governing body may, upon approval by a majority vote of its
65.15	members, adopt a resolution agreeing to participate in the affordable housing market value
65.16	exclusion program. Prior to approval, the governing body must publish notice of its intent
65.17	to discuss the resolution at a regularly scheduled meeting, in a newspaper with general
65.18	circulation in the city or on the municipality's website, not less than 30 days prior to the
65.19	meeting. The notice must include the date, time, and location of the meeting at which the
65.20	program will be discussed and public input allowed.
65.21	(b) After a governing body has adopted a resolution agreeing to participate in the program,
65.22	the governing body must adopt a separate resolution, subject to the same voting, notice, and
65.23	public hearing requirements under paragraph (a), for each property the governing body
65.24	approves to receive the affordable housing market value exclusion. The resolution must
65.25	state the property qualifies for a valuation exclusion of 50 percent, and that shall remain
65.26	the same each year, subject to the duration limit under subdivision 5.
65.27	(c) After a governing body has adopted the property-specific resolution as required under
65.28	paragraph (b), the governing body, other than the county board acting on behalf of an
65.29	unorganized territory, must provide the county board with a copy of the resolution for each
65.30	property the local government approved to receive the affordable housing market value
65.31	exclusion, along with information relating to the fiscal implications resulting from the
65.32	approved exclusion. The county board may request additional information from the local
65.33	government that the board deems necessary. The county board must approve, by a majority
65.34	vote of its members, the affordable housing market value exclusion for each property within

66.1	60 days of receipt. If a county board fails to approve the exclusion within 60 days of receipt,
66.2	or if the county board affirmatively denies approval of the exclusion, the property shall not
66.3	receive the affordable housing market value exclusion.
66.4	Subd. 4. Eligibility. (a) A property located in a participating municipality is eligible for
66.5	the affordable housing market value exclusion applied under section 273.13, subdivision
66.6	<u>36, if:</u>
66.7	(1) the property is not classified in whole or in part as class 4d under section 273.13,
66.8	subdivision 25;
66.9	(2) construction of the property began on or after January 1, 2023; and
66.10	(3) the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency certifies to the county or local assessor that:
66.11	(i) at least 20 percent of the units in the property are available for residents whose
66.12	household income at the time of initial occupancy does not exceed 60 percent of area median
66.13	income, adjusted for family size, as determined by the United States Department of Housing
66.14	and Urban Development;
66.15	(ii) at least 80 percent of the available units in the property are occupied by residents
66.16	meeting the income requirement; and
66.17	(iii) any unoccupied available units are being actively marketed toward persons meeting
66.18	the income requirements, as attested by the property owner.
66.19	(b) By February 1 each assessment year, an application for certification under this
66.20	subdivision must be filed by the property owner to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency.
66.21	The property owner must provide a copy of the application to the county or city assessor.
66.22	The application must be filed on a form prescribed by the agency and must contain the
66.23	property tax identification number, evidence that the property meets the requirements of
66.24	paragraph (a), a copy of the property-specific approval by the county board if required, and
66.25	any other information necessary for the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to determine
66.26	eligibility. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency may charge an application fee
66.27	approximately equal to the costs of processing and reviewing the applications. If imposed,
66.28	the applicant must pay the application fee to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency and
66.29	the fee must be deposited in the housing development fund.
66.30	(c) By April 1 each assessment year, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must
66.31	certify to the appropriate county or city assessor:
66.32	(1) the specific properties, identified by parcel identification numbers, that are eligible
66.33	under this section to receive the exclusion for the current assessment year; and

67.1	(2) the specific properties, identified by parcel identification numbers, that received the
67.2	exclusion in the previous assessment year but no longer meet the requirements under this
67.3	section.
67.4	In making the certification, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must rely on the property
67.5	owner's application and any other supporting information that the agency deems necessary.
67.6	Subd. 5. <b>Duration.</b> The governing body of a participating municipality shall determine
67.7	the duration of the affordable housing market value exclusion for each eligible property,
67.8	provided that the exclusion applies for at least ten but not more than 20 assessment years,
67.9	except that when a property no longer meets the requirements of subdivision 4, the exclusion
67.10	shall be removed for the current assessment year.
67.11	Subd. 6. Expiration. The affordable housing market value exclusion program expires
67.12	on December 31, 2030. A property that has not received the required approval under
67.13	subdivision 3 by December 31, 2030, shall not receive the exclusion.
67.14	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023.
67.15	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.13, subdivision 22, is amended to read:
67.16	Subd. 22. Class 1. (a) Except as provided in subdivision 23 and in paragraphs (b) and
67.17	(c), real estate which is residential and used for homestead purposes is class 1a. In the case
67.18	of a duplex or triplex in which one of the units is used for homestead purposes, the entire
67.19	property is deemed to be used for homestead purposes. The market value of class 1a property
67.20	must be determined based upon the value of the house, garage, and land.
67.21	The first \$500,000 of market value of class 1a property has a net classification rate of
67.22	one percent of its market value; and the market value of class 1a property that exceeds
67.23	\$500,000 has a classification rate of 1.25 percent of its market value.
67.24	(b) Class 1b property includes homestead real estate or homestead manufactured homes
67.25	used for the purposes of a homestead by:
67.26	(1) any person who is blind as defined in section 256D.35, or the person who is blind
67.27	and the spouse of the person who is blind;
67.28	(2) any person who is permanently and totally disabled or by the person with a disability
67.29	and the spouse of the person with a disability; or
67.30	(3) the surviving spouse of a veteran who was permanently and totally disabled
67.31	homesteading a property classified under this paragraph for taxes payable in 2008.

Property is classified and assessed under clause (2) only if the government agency or income-providing source certifies, upon the request of the homestead occupant, that the homestead occupant satisfies the disability requirements of this paragraph, and that the property is not eligible for the valuation exclusion under subdivision 34.

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Property is classified and assessed under paragraph (b) only if the commissioner of revenue or the county assessor certifies that the homestead occupant satisfies the requirements of this paragraph.

Permanently and totally disabled for the purpose of this subdivision means a condition which is permanent in nature and totally incapacitates the person from working at an occupation which brings the person an income. The first \$50,000 market value of class 1b property has a net classification rate of .45 percent of its market value. The remaining market value of class 1b property is classified as class 1a or class 2a property, whichever is appropriate.

(c) Class 1c property is commercial use real and personal property that abuts public water as defined in section 103G.005, subdivision 15, or abuts a state trail administered by the Department of Natural Resources, and is devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes but not devoted to commercial purposes for more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment, and that includes a portion used as a homestead by the owner, which includes a dwelling occupied as a homestead by a shareholder of a corporation that owns the resort, a partner in a partnership that owns the resort, or a member of a limited liability company that owns the resort even if the title to the homestead is held by the corporation, partnership, or limited liability company. For purposes of this paragraph, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day if any portion of the property, excluding the portion used exclusively as a homestead, is used for residential occupancy and a fee is charged for residential occupancy. Class 1c property must contain three or more rental units. A "rental unit" is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping site equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. Class 1c property must provide recreational activities such as the rental of ice fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country ski equipment; provide marina services, launch services, or guide services; or sell bait and fishing tackle. Any unit in which the right to use the property is transferred to an individual or entity by deeded interest, or the sale of shares or stock, no longer qualifies for class 1c even though it may remain available for rent. A camping pad offered for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 1c is also class 1c, regardless of the term of the rental agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. If

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the same owner owns two separate parcels that are located in the same township, and one of those properties is classified as a class 1c property and the other would be eligible to be classified as a class 1c property if it was used as the homestead of the owner, both properties will be assessed as a single class 1c property; for purposes of this sentence, properties are deemed to be owned by the same owner if each of them is owned by a limited liability company, and both limited liability companies have the same membership. The portion of the property used as a homestead is class 1a property under paragraph (a). The remainder of the property is classified as follows: the first \$600,000 \$850,000 of market value is tier I, the next \$1,700,000 \$2,250,000 of market value is tier II, and any remaining market value is tier III. The classification rates for class 1c are: tier I, 0.50 percent; tier II, 1.0 percent; and tier III, 1.25 percent. Owners of real and personal property devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes in which all or a portion of the property was devoted to commercial purposes for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment desiring classification as class 1c, must submit a declaration to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in the year preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be designated as class 1c as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be designated as class 3a commercial. The owner of property desiring designation as class 1c property must provide guest registers or other records demonstrating that the units for which class 1c designation is sought were not occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment if so requested. The portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not directly related to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes does not qualify for class 1c.

- (d) Class 1d property includes structures that meet all of the following criteria:
- (1) the structure is located on property that is classified as agricultural property under section 273.13, subdivision 23;
- (2) the structure is occupied exclusively by seasonal farm workers during the time when they work on that farm, and the occupants are not charged rent for the privilege of occupying the property, provided that use of the structure for storage of farm equipment and produce does not disqualify the property from classification under this paragraph;
- 69.34 (3) the structure meets all applicable health and safety requirements for the appropriate season; and

70.1 (4) the structure is not salable as residential property because it does not comply with local ordinances relating to location in relation to streets or roads.

The market value of class 1d property has the same classification rates as class 1a property under paragraph (a).

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 273.13, subdivision 25, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 25. Class 4. (a) Class 4a is residential real estate containing four or more units and used or held for use by the owner or by the tenants or lessees of the owner as a residence for rental periods of 30 days or more, excluding property qualifying for class 4d. Class 4a also includes hospitals licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, other than hospitals exempt under section 272.02, and contiguous property used for hospital purposes, without regard to whether the property has been platted or subdivided. The market value of class 4a property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.
- 70.15 (b) Class 4b includes:

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- 70.16 (1) residential real estate containing less than four units, including property rented as a 70.17 short-term rental property for more than 14 days in the preceding year, that does not qualify 70.18 as class 4bb, other than seasonal residential recreational property;
- 70.19 (2) manufactured homes not classified under any other provision;
- 70.20 (3) a dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b) containing two or three units; and
- 70.22 (4) unimproved property that is classified residential as determined under subdivision 70.23 33.
- For the purposes of this paragraph, "short-term rental property" means nonhomestead residential real estate rented for periods of less than 30 consecutive days.
- The market value of class 4b property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.
- 70.27 (c) Class 4bb includes:
- 70.28 (1) nonhomestead residential real estate containing one unit, other than seasonal residential recreational property;
- 70.30 (2) a single family dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b); and

(3) a condominium-type storage unit having an individual property identification number that is not used for a commercial purpose.

Class 4bb property has the same classification rates as class 1a property under subdivision 22.

Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at any time during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current owner does not qualify for class 4bb.

#### (d) Class 4c property includes:

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(1) except as provided in subdivision 22, paragraph (c), real and personal property devoted to commercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes, for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For purposes of this clause, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day if any portion of the property is used for residential occupancy, and a fee is charged for residential occupancy. Class 4c property under this clause must contain three or more rental units. A "rental unit" is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping site equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. A camping pad offered for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 4c under this clause is also class 4c under this clause regardless of the term of the rental agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. In order for a property to be classified under this clause, either (i) the business located on the property must provide recreational activities, at least 40 percent of the annual gross lodging receipts related to the property must be from business conducted during 90 consecutive days, and either (A) at least 60 percent of all paid bookings by lodging guests during the year must be for periods of at least two consecutive nights; or (B) at least 20 percent of the annual gross receipts must be from charges for providing recreational activities, or (ii) the business must contain 20 or fewer rental units, and must be located in a township or a city with a population of 2,500 or less located outside the metropolitan area, as defined under section 473.121, subdivision 2, that contains a portion of a state trail administered by the Department of Natural Resources. For purposes of item (i)(A), a paid booking of five or more nights shall be counted as two bookings. Class 4c property also includes commercial use real property used exclusively for recreational purposes in conjunction with other class 4c property classified under this clause and devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes, up to a total of two acres, provided the property is not devoted to commercial recreational use for more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment and is located within two miles of the class 4c property with which it is used. In order for a property to qualify for

classification under this clause, the owner must submit a declaration to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in the year preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be designated class 4c under this clause as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located will be designated as class 3a. The owner of property desiring designation as class 4c property under this clause must provide guest registers or other records demonstrating that the units for which class 4c designation is sought were not occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment if so requested. The portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not directly related to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes does not qualify for class 4c. For the purposes of this paragraph, "recreational activities" means renting ice fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country ski equipment; providing marina services, launch services, or guide services; or selling bait and fishing tackle;

(2) qualified property used as a golf course if:

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- (i) it is open to the public on a daily fee basis. It may charge membership fees or dues, but a membership fee may not be required in order to use the property for golfing, and its green fees for golfing must be comparable to green fees typically charged by municipal courses; and
  - (ii) it meets the requirements of section 273.112, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).
- A structure used as a clubhouse, restaurant, or place of refreshment in conjunction with the golf course is classified as class 3a property;
- (3) real property up to a maximum of three acres of land owned and used by a nonprofit community service oriented organization and not used for residential purposes on either a temporary or permanent basis, provided that:
- 72.28 (i) the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than six days in 72.29 the calendar year preceding the year of assessment; or
- (ii) the organization makes annual charitable contributions and donations at least equal to the property's previous year's property taxes and the property is allowed to be used for public and community meetings or events for no charge, as appropriate to the size of the facility.

For purposes of this clause:

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- (A) "charitable contributions and donations" has the same meaning as lawful gambling purposes under section 349.12, subdivision 25, excluding those purposes relating to the payment of taxes, assessments, fees, auditing costs, and utility payments;
  - (B) "property taxes" excludes the state general tax;
- (C) a "nonprofit community service oriented organization" means any corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational purposes, and which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3), (8), (10), or (19) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (D) "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be limited to property or that portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant open to the public, bowling alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations licensed under chapter 349, an insurance business, or office or other space leased or rented to a lessee who conducts a for-profit enterprise on the premises.
- Any portion of the property not qualifying under either item (i) or (ii) is class 3a. The use of the property for social events open exclusively to members and their guests for periods of less than 24 hours, when an admission is not charged nor any revenues are received by the organization shall not be considered a revenue-producing activity.
- The organization shall maintain records of its charitable contributions and donations and of public meetings and events held on the property and make them available upon request any time to the assessor to ensure eligibility. An organization meeting the requirement under item (ii) must file an application by May 1 with the assessor for eligibility for the current year's assessment. The commissioner shall prescribe a uniform application form and instructions;
- (4) postsecondary student housing of not more than one acre of land that is owned by a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A and is used exclusively by a student cooperative, sorority, or fraternity for on-campus housing or housing located within two miles of the border of a college campus;
- (5)(i) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, excluding manufactured home parks described in items (ii) and (iii), (ii) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, that are described in section 273.124, subdivision

3a, and (iii) class I manufactured home parks as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision
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- (6) real property that is actively and exclusively devoted to indoor fitness, health, social, recreational, and related uses, is owned and operated by a not-for-profit corporation, and is located within the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;
- 74.6 (7) a leased or privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under 74.7 section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:
- 74.8 (i) the land is on an airport owned or operated by a city, town, county, Metropolitan
  74.9 Airports Commission, or group thereof; and
- 74.10 (ii) the land lease, or any ordinance or signed agreement restricting the use of the leased 74.11 premise, prohibits commercial activity performed at the hangar.
- If a hangar classified under this clause is sold after June 30, 2000, a bill of sale must be filed by the new owner with the assessor of the county where the property is located within 60 days of the sale;
- 74.15 (8) a privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:
- 74.17 (i) the land abuts a public airport; and

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- 74.18 (ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement 74.19 restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the 74.20 hangar; and
- 74.21 (9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, 74.22 and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:
- 74.23 (i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14 74.24 or fewer days;
- 74.25 (ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated in 74.26 the basic room rate;
- 74.27 (iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewer than 74.28 seven days in the calendar year preceding the year of the assessment; and
- 74.29 (iv) the owner is the operator of the property.
- The market value subject to the 4c classification under this clause is limited to five rental units. Any rental units on the property in excess of five, must be valued and assessed as

class 3a. The portion of the property used for purposes of a homestead by the owner must be classified as class 1a property under subdivision 22;

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(10) real property up to a maximum of three acres and operated as a restaurant as defined under section 157.15, subdivision 12, provided it: (i) is located on a lake as defined under section 103G.005, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3); and (ii) is either devoted to commercial purposes for not more than 250 consecutive days, or receives at least 60 percent of its annual gross receipts from business conducted during four consecutive months. Gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages must be included in determining the property's qualification under item (ii). The property's primary business must be as a restaurant and not as a bar. Gross receipts from gift shop sales located on the premises must be excluded. Owners of real property desiring 4c classification under this clause must submit an annual declaration to the assessor by February 1 of the current assessment year, based on the property's relevant information for the preceding assessment year;

(11) lakeshore and riparian property and adjacent land, not to exceed six acres, used as a marina, as defined in section 86A.20, subdivision 5, which is made accessible to the public and devoted to recreational use for marina services. The marina owner must annually provide evidence to the assessor that it provides services, including lake or river access to the public by means of an access ramp or other facility that is either located on the property of the marina or at a publicly owned site that abuts the property of the marina. No more than 800 feet of lakeshore may be included in this classification. Buildings used in conjunction with a marina for marina services, including but not limited to buildings used to provide food and beverage services, fuel, boat repairs, or the sale of bait or fishing tackle, are classified as class 3a property; and

(12) real and personal property devoted to noncommercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes.

Class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.5 percent of market value, except that (i) each parcel of noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property under clause (12) has the same classification rates as class 4bb property, (ii) manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (i), have the same classification rate as class 4b property, the market value of manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (ii), have a classification rate of 0.75 percent if more than 50 percent of the lots in the park are occupied by shareholders in the cooperative corporation or association and a classification rate of one percent if 50 percent or less of the lots are so occupied, and class I manufactured home parks as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 13, have a classification rate of 1.0 percent, (iii) commercial-use seasonal residential recreational property and marina recreational land

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as described in clause (11), has a classification rate of one percent for the first \$500,000 of market value, and 1.25 percent for the remaining market value, (iv) the market value of property described in clause (4) has a classification rate of one percent, (v) the market value of property described in clauses (2), (6), and (10) has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, (vi) that portion of the market value of property in clause (9) qualifying for class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, and (vii) property qualifying for classification under clause (3) that is owned or operated by a congressionally chartered veterans organization has a classification rate of one percent. The commissioner of veterans affairs must provide a list of congressionally chartered veterans organizations to the commissioner of revenue by June 30, 2017, and by January 1, 2018, and each year thereafter.

(e) Class 4d property is qualifying low-income rental housing certified to the assessor by the Housing Finance Agency under section 273.128, subdivision 3. If only a portion of the units in the building qualify as low-income rental housing units as certified under section 273.128, subdivision 3, only the proportion of qualifying units to the total number of units in the building qualify for class 4d. The remaining portion of the building shall be classified by the assessor based upon its use. Class 4d also includes the same proportion of land as the qualifying low-income rental housing units are to the total units in the building. For all properties qualifying as class 4d, the market value determined by the assessor must be based on the normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents. Class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.25 percent.

(f) The first tier of market value of class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.75 percent. The remaining value of class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.25 percent. For the purposes of this paragraph, the "first tier of market value of class 4d property" means the market value of each housing unit up to the first tier limit. For the purposes of this paragraph, all class 4d property value must be assigned to individual housing units. The first tier limit is \$100,000 for assessment years 2022 and 2023. For subsequent assessment years, the limit is adjusted each year by the average statewide change in estimated market value of property classified as class 4a and 4d under this section for the previous assessment year, excluding valuation change due to new construction, rounded to the nearest \$1,000, provided, however, that the limit may never be less than \$100,000. Beginning with assessment year 2015, the commissioner of revenue must certify the limit for each assessment year by November 1 of the previous year.

76.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 273.13, subdivision 34, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 34. Homestead of veteran with a disability or family caregiver. (a) All or a portion of the market value of property owned by a veteran and serving as the veteran's homestead under this section is excluded in determining the property's taxable market value if the veteran has a service-connected disability of 70 percent or more as certified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for exclusion under this subdivision, the veteran must have been honorably discharged from the United States armed forces, as indicated by United States Government Form DD214 or other official military discharge papers.
- 77.11 (b)(1) For a disability rating of 70 percent or more, \$150,000 of market value is excluded, 77.12 except as provided in clause (2); and
  - (2) for a total (100 percent) and permanent disability, \$300,000 of market value is excluded.
  - (c) If a veteran with a disability qualifying for a valuation exclusion under paragraph (b), clause (2), predeceases the veteran's spouse, and if upon the death of the veteran the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead and permanently resides there, the exclusion shall carry over to the benefit of the veteran's spouse until such time as the spouse remarries, or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n). Qualification under this paragraph requires an application under paragraph (h), and a spouse must notify the assessor if there is a change in the spouse's marital status, ownership of the property, or use of the property as a permanent residence. If a spouse previously received the exclusion under this paragraph, but the exclusion expired prior to assessment year 2019 before the eligibility time period for surviving spouses was changed to a lifetime benefit, the spouse may reapply under paragraph (h) for the exclusion under this paragraph.
  - (d) If the spouse of a member of any branch or unit of the United States armed forces who dies due to a service-connected cause while serving honorably in active service, as indicated on United States Government Form DD1300 or DD2064, holds the legal or beneficial title to a homestead and permanently resides there, the spouse is entitled to the benefit described in paragraph (b), clause (2), until such time as the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n). If a spouse previously received the exclusion under this paragraph, but the exclusion expired prior to assessment year 2019 before the eligibility time period for

surviving spouses was changed to a lifetime benefit, the spouse may reapply under paragraph

(h) for the exclusion under this paragraph.

- (e) If a veteran meets the disability criteria of paragraph (a) but does not own property classified as homestead in the state of Minnesota, then the homestead of the veteran's primary family caregiver, if any, is eligible for the exclusion that the veteran would otherwise qualify for under paragraph (b).
- (f) In the case of an agricultural homestead, only the portion of the property consisting of the house and garage and immediately surrounding one acre of land qualifies for the valuation exclusion under this subdivision.
- (g) A property qualifying for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision is not eligible for the market value exclusion under subdivision 35, or classification under subdivision 22, paragraph (b).
  - (h) To qualify for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision a property owner must apply to the assessor by December 31 of the first assessment year for which the exclusion is sought. Except as provided in paragraph (c), the owner of a property that has been accepted for a valuation exclusion must notify the assessor if there is a change in ownership of the property or in the use of the property as a homestead.
- (i) A first-time application by a qualifying spouse for the market value exclusion under paragraph (d) must be made any time within two years of the death of the service member, within two years of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs Dependency and Indemnity Compensation determination, or by December 31, 2023, whichever is later. A qualifying spouse whose application was previously denied may reapply, pursuant to this paragraph, by December 31, 2023.
- 78.24 (j) For purposes of this subdivision:

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- 78.25 (1) "active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05;
- 78.26 (2) "own" means that the person's name is present as an owner on the property deed;
- 78.27 (3) "primary family caregiver" means a person who is approved by the secretary of the
  The United States Department of Veterans Affairs for assistance as the primary provider of
  personal care services for an eligible veteran under the Program of Comprehensive Assistance
  for Family Caregivers, codified as United States Code, title 38, section 1720G; and
- 78.31 (4) "veteran" has the meaning given the term in section 197.447.

(k) If a veteran dying after December 31, 2011, did not apply for or receive the exclusion
under paragraph (b), clause (2), before dying, the veteran's spouse is entitled to the benefit
under paragraph (b), clause (2), until the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise
disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n), if:

- (1) the spouse files a first-time application within two years of the death of the service member, within two years of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs Dependency and Indemnity Compensation determination, if applicable, or by June 1, 2019 December 31, 2023, whichever is later. A spouse whose application was previously denied may reapply, pursuant to this paragraph, by December 31, 2023;
- 79.10 (2) upon the death of the veteran, the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the 79.11 homestead and permanently resides there;
  - (3) the veteran met the honorable discharge requirements of paragraph (a); and
- 79.13 (4) the United States Department of Veterans Affairs certifies that:

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- 79.14 (i) the veteran met the total (100 percent) and permanent disability requirement under paragraph (b), clause (2); or
- 79.16 (ii) the spouse has been awarded dependency and indemnity compensation.
- 79.17 (l) The purpose of this provision of law providing a level of homestead property tax 79.18 relief for veterans with a disability, their primary family caregivers, and their surviving 79.19 spouses is to help ease the burdens of war for those among our state's citizens who bear 79.20 those burdens most heavily.
- 79.21 (m) By July 1, the county veterans service officer must certify the disability rating and permanent address of each veteran receiving the benefit under paragraph (b) to the assessor.
  - (n) A spouse who received the benefit in paragraph (c), (d), or (k) but no longer holds the legal or beneficial title to the property may continue to receive the exclusion for a property other than the property for which the exclusion was initially granted until the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, provided that:
- 79.27 (1) the spouse applies under paragraph (h) for the continuation of the exclusion allowed 79.28 under this paragraph;
- 79.29 (2) the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the property for which the continuation 79.30 of the exclusion is sought under this paragraph, and permanently resides there;
- 79.31 (3) the estimated market value of the property for which the exclusion is sought under 79.32 this paragraph is less than or equal to the estimated market value of the property that first

received the exclusion, based on the value of each property on the date of the sale of the property that first received the exclusion; and

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(4) the spouse has not previously received the benefit under this paragraph for a property other than the property for which the exclusion is sought.

### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessment year 2022 and thereafter.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.13, subdivision 35, is amended to read:
- Subd. 35. **Homestead market value exclusion.** (a) Prior to determining a property's net tax capacity under this section, property classified as class 1a or 1b under subdivision 22, and the portion of property classified as class 2a under subdivision 23 consisting of the house, garage, and surrounding one acre of land, shall be eligible for a market value exclusion as determined under paragraph (b).
- (b) For a homestead valued at \$76,000 \$95,000 or less, the exclusion is 40 percent of market value. For a homestead valued between \$76,000 \$95,000 and \$413,800 \$517,200, the exclusion is \$30,400 \$38,000 minus nine percent of the valuation over \$76,000 \$95,000. For a homestead valued at \$413,800 \$517,200 or more, there is no valuation exclusion. The valuation exclusion shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar, and may not be less than zero.
- (c) Any valuation exclusions or adjustments under section 273.11 shall be applied prior to determining the amount of the valuation exclusion under this subdivision.
- (d) In the case of a property that is classified as part homestead and part nonhomestead, (i) the exclusion shall apply only to the homestead portion of the property, but (ii) if a portion of a property is classified as nonhomestead solely because not all the owners occupy the property, not all the owners have qualifying relatives occupying the property, or solely because not all the spouses of owners occupy the property, the exclusion amount shall be initially computed as if that nonhomestead portion were also in the homestead class and then prorated to the owner-occupant's percentage of ownership. For the purpose of this section, when an owner-occupant's spouse does not occupy the property, the percentage of ownership for the owner-occupant spouse is one-half of the couple's ownership percentage.

80.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessment year 2023 and thereafter.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 36. Affordable housing market value exclusion. (a) Prior to determining a property's net tax capacity under this section, property classified as class 4a under subdivision 25, paragraph (a), shall be eligible for an affordable housing market value exclusion as determined under paragraph (b).
- (b) For a property that meets the requirements under section 273.129, the exclusion is 50 percent of the market value. The valuation shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar, and may not be less than zero.
- 81.10 (c) Any valuation exclusions or adjustments under section 273.11 shall be applied prior 81.11 to determining the amount of the valuation exclusion under this subdivision.
- 81.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.41, is amended to read:

## 273.41 AMOUNT OF TAX; DISTRIBUTION.

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There is hereby imposed upon each such cooperative association on December 31 of each year a tax of \$10 for each 100 members, or fraction thereof, of such association. The tax, when paid, shall be in lieu of all personal property taxes, state, county, or local, upon distribution lines and the attachments and appurtenances thereto of such associations located in rural areas. For purposes of this section, "attachments and appurtenances" includes, but are not limited to, all cooperative association-owned metering and streetlighting equipment that is physically or electrically connected to the cooperative association's distribution system. The tax shall be payable on or before March 1 of the next succeeding year, to the commissioner of revenue. If the tax, or any portion thereof, is not paid within the time herein specified for the payment thereof, there shall be added thereto a specific penalty equal to ten percent of the amount so remaining unpaid. Such penalty shall be collected as part of said tax, and the amount of said tax not timely paid, together with said penalty, shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270C.40 from the time such tax should have been paid until paid. The commissioner shall deposit the amount so received in the general fund of the state treasury.

81.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 275.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- Subdivision 1. Levy amount. The state general levy is levied against 82.3 commercial-industrial property and seasonal residential recreational property, as defined 82.4 in this section. The state general levy for commercial-industrial property is \$716,990,000 82.5 \$708,188,000 for taxes payable in 2023 through 2025; \$637,369,000 for taxes payable in 82.6 2026; \$566,550,000 for taxes payable in 2027; \$495,731,000 for taxes payable in 2028; 82.7 \$424,912,000 for taxes payable in 2029; \$354,093,000 for taxes payable in 2030; 82.8 \$283,274,000 for taxes payable in 2031; \$212,455,000 for taxes payable in 2032; 82.9 \$141,636,000 for taxes payable in 2033; \$70,817,000 for taxes payable in 2034; and \$0 for 82.10 taxes payable in 2035 and thereafter. The state general levy for seasonal-recreational property 82.11 is \$\frac{\$41,690,000}{}\$41,178,000 for taxes payable in \$\frac{2020}{}\$2023 through 2025; \$37,060,000 for 82.12 taxes payable in 2026; \$32,942,000 for taxes payable in 2027; \$28,824,000 for taxes payable 82.13 in 2028; \$24,706,000 for taxes payable in 2029; \$20,588,000 for taxes payable in 2030; 82.14 \$16,470,000 for taxes payable in 2031; \$12,352,000 for taxes payable in 2032; \$8,234,000 82.15 for taxes payable in 2033; \$4,116,000 for taxes payable in 2034; and \$0 for taxes payable 82.16 in 2035 and thereafter. The tax under this section is not treated as a local tax rate under 82.17 section 469.177 and is not the levy of a governmental unit under chapters 276A and 473F. 82.18 The commissioner shall increase or decrease the preliminary or final rate for a year as 82.19 necessary to account for errors and tax base changes that affected a preliminary or final rate 82.20 for either of the two preceding years. Adjustments are allowed to the extent that the necessary 82.21 information is available to the commissioner at the time the rates for a year must be certified, 82.22 and for the following reasons: 82.23 (1) an erroneous report of taxable value by a local official; 82.24 (2) an erroneous calculation by the commissioner; and 82.25 (3) an increase or decrease in taxable value for commercial-industrial or seasonal 82.26
- subdivision 2, clause (4), for the same year.

  The commissioner may, but need not, make adjustments if the total difference in the tax levied for the year would be less than \$100,000.

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residential recreational property reported to the commissioner under section 270C.85,

82.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 276.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2. Contents of tax statements. (a) The treasurer shall provide for the printing of the tax statements. The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the property tax statement and its contents. The tax statement must not state or imply that property tax credits are paid by the state of Minnesota. The statement must contain a tabulated statement of the dollar amount due to each taxing authority and the amount of the state tax from the parcel of real property for which a particular tax statement is prepared. The dollar amounts attributable to the county, the state tax, the voter approved school tax, the other local school tax, the township or municipality, and the total of the metropolitan special taxing districts as defined in section 275.065, subdivision 3, paragraph (i), must be separately stated. The amounts due all other special taxing districts, if any, may be aggregated except that any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter 398A shall be listed on a separate line directly under the appropriate county's levy. If the county levy under this paragraph includes an amount for a lake improvement district as defined under sections 103B.501 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that purpose must be separately stated from the remaining county levy amount. In the case of Ramsey County, if the county levy under this paragraph includes an amount for public library service under section 134.07, the amount attributable for that purpose may be separated from the remaining county levy amount. The amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under the senior citizens' property tax deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount of property tax before subtraction of the deferred property tax amount. The amount of the tax on contamination value imposed under sections 270.91 to 270.98, if any, must also be separately stated. The dollar amounts, including the dollar amount of any special assessments, may be rounded to the nearest even whole dollar. For purposes of this section whole odd-numbered dollars may be adjusted to the next higher even-numbered dollar. The amount of market value excluded under section 273.11, subdivision 16, if any, must also be listed on the tax statement.

- (b) The property tax statements for manufactured homes and sectional structures taxed as personal property shall contain the same information that is required on the tax statements for real property.
- (c) Real and personal property tax statements must contain the following information in the order given in this paragraph. The information must contain the current year tax information in the right column with the corresponding information for the previous year in a column on the left:
- (1) the property's estimated market value under section 273.11, subdivision 1;

(2) the property's homestead market value exclusion under section 273.13, subdivision 84.1 35, or the affordable housing market value exclusion under section 273.13, subdivision 36; 84.2 (3) the property's taxable market value under section 272.03, subdivision 15; 84.3 (4) the property's gross tax, before credits; 84.4 (5) for agricultural properties, the credits under sections 273.1384 and, 273.1387, and 84.5 273.1388; 84.6 84.7 (6) any credits received under sections 273.119; 273.1234 or 273.1235; 273.135; 273.1391; 273.1398, subdivision 4; 469.171; and 473H.10, except that the amount of credit 84.8 received under section 273.135 must be separately stated and identified as "taconite tax 84.9 relief"; and 84.10 (7) the net tax payable in the manner required in paragraph (a). 84.11 (d) If the county uses envelopes for mailing property tax statements and if the county 84.12 agrees, a taxing district may include a notice with the property tax statement notifying 84.13 taxpayers when the taxing district will begin its budget deliberations for the current year, 84.14and encouraging taxpayers to attend the hearings. If the county allows notices to be included 84.15 in the envelope containing the property tax statement, and if more than one taxing district 84.16 relative to a given property decides to include a notice with the tax statement, the county 84.17 treasurer or auditor must coordinate the process and may combine the information on a 84.18 single announcement. 84.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023. 84.20 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 279.03, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 84.21 Subd. 1a. Rate. (a) Except as provided in paragraph paragraphs (b) and (c), interest on 84.22 delinquent property taxes, penalties, and costs unpaid on or after January 1 is payable at the 84.23 84.24

per annum rate determined in section 270C.40, subdivision 5. If the rate so determined is less than ten percent, the rate of interest is ten percent. The maximum per annum rate is 14 percent if the rate specified under section 270C.40, subdivision 5, exceeds 14 percent. The rate is subject to change on January 1 of each year.

(b) If a person is the owner of one or more parcels of property on which taxes are delinquent, and the delinquent taxes are more than 25 percent of the prior year's school district levy, interest on the delinquent property taxes, penalties, and costs unpaid is payable

at twice the rate determined under paragraph (a) for the year.

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(c) A county board, by resolution, may establish an interest rate lower than the interest rate determined under paragraph (a).

- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for property taxes, penalties, and costs determined to be delinquent on or after January 1, 2023.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 282.261, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Interest rate.** (a) Except as provided under paragraph (b), the unpaid balance on any repurchase contract approved by the county board is subject to interest at the rate determined in section 279.03, subdivision 1a. The interest rate is subject to change each year on the unpaid balance in the manner provided for rate changes in section 279.03, subdivision 1a.
- (b) A county board, by resolution, or a county auditor, if delegated the responsibility to administer tax-forfeited land assigned to the county board as provided under section 282.135, may establish an interest rate lower than the interest rate determined under paragraph (a).
- 85.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2023.

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- 85.15 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.04, subdivision 2h, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 2h. Additional refund. (a) If the gross property taxes payable on a homestead increase more than 12 ten percent over the property taxes payable in the prior year on the same property that is owned and occupied by the same owner on January 2 of both years, and the amount of that increase is \$100 or more, a claimant who is a homeowner shall be allowed an additional refund equal to 60 percent of the amount of the increase over the greater of 12 ten percent of the prior year's property taxes payable or \$100. This subdivision shall not apply to any increase in the gross property taxes payable attributable to improvements made to the homestead after the assessment date for the prior year's taxes. This subdivision shall not apply to any increase in the gross property taxes payable attributable to the termination of valuation exclusions under section 273.11, subdivision 16.
- The maximum refund allowed under this subdivision is \$1,000 \$2,000.
- (b) For purposes of this subdivision "gross property taxes payable" means property taxes payable determined without regard to the refund allowed under this subdivision.
- (c) In addition to the other proofs required by this chapter, each claimant under this subdivision shall file with the property tax refund return a copy of the property tax statement for taxes payable in the preceding year or other documents required by the commissioner.

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(d) Upon request, the appropriate county official shall make available the names and addresses of the property taxpayers who may be eligible for the additional property tax refund under this section. The information shall be provided on a magnetic computer disk. The county may recover its costs by charging the person requesting the information the reasonable cost for preparing the data. The information may not be used for any purpose other than for notifying the homeowner of potential eligibility and assisting the homeowner, without charge, in preparing a refund claim.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for refund claims based on taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.
- 86.10 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Program qualifications.** The qualifications for the senior citizens' property tax deferral program are as follows:
  - (1) the property must be owned and occupied as a homestead by a person 65 years of age or older. In the case of a married couple, at least one of the spouses must be at least 65 years old at the time the first property tax deferral is granted, regardless of whether the property is titled in the name of one spouse or both spouses, or titled in another way that permits the property to have homestead status, and the other spouse must be at least 62 years of age;
  - (2) the total household income of the qualifying homeowners, as defined in section 290A.03, subdivision 5, for the calendar year preceding the year of the initial application may not exceed \$60,000 \$75,000;
  - (3) the homestead must have been owned and occupied as the homestead of at least one of the qualifying homeowners for at least <u>15 five</u> years prior to the year the initial application is filed;
    - (4) there are no state or federal tax liens or judgment liens on the homesteaded property;
  - (5) there are no mortgages or other liens on the property that secure future advances, except for those subject to credit limits that result in compliance with clause (6); and
    - (6) the total unpaid balances of debts secured by mortgages and other liens on the property, including unpaid and delinquent special assessments and interest and any delinquent property taxes, penalties, and interest, but not including property taxes payable during the year or debts secured by a residential PACE lien, as defined in section 216C.435, subdivision 10d, does not exceed 75 percent of the assessor's estimated market value for the year.

87.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for applications received for deferral of taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290B.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 3. Excess-income certification by taxpayer. A taxpayer whose initial application has been approved under subdivision 2 shall notify the commissioner of revenue in writing by July 1 if the taxpayer's household income for the preceding calendar year exceeded \$60,000 \$75,000. The certification must state the homeowner's total household income for the previous calendar year. No property taxes may be deferred under this chapter in any year following the year in which a program participant filed or should have filed an excess-income certification under this subdivision, unless the participant has filed a resumption of eligibility certification as described in subdivision 4.
- 87.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for applications received for deferral of taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.
- 87.14 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290B.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 4. **Resumption of eligibility certification by taxpayer.** A taxpayer who has previously filed an excess-income certification under subdivision 3 may resume program participation if the taxpayer's household income for a subsequent year is \$60,000 \$75,000 or less. If the taxpayer chooses to resume program participation, the taxpayer must notify the commissioner of revenue in writing by July 1 of the year following a calendar year in which the taxpayer's household income is \$60,000 \$75,000 or less. The certification must state the taxpayer's total household income for the previous calendar year. Once a taxpayer resumes participation in the program under this subdivision, participation will continue until the taxpayer files a subsequent excess-income certification under subdivision 3 or until participation is terminated under section 290B.08, subdivision 1.
- 87.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for applications received for deferral of taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290B.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  - Subdivision 1. **Determination by commissioner.** The commissioner shall determine each qualifying homeowner's "annual maximum property tax amount" following approval of the homeowner's initial application and following the receipt of a resumption of eligibility certification. The "annual maximum property tax amount" equals three percent of the homeowner's total household income for the year preceding either the initial application or

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the resumption of eligibility certification, whichever is applicable. Following approval of the initial application, the commissioner shall determine the qualifying homeowner's "maximum allowable deferral." No tax may be deferred relative to the appropriate assessment year for any homeowner whose total household income for the previous year exceeds \$60,000 \$75,000. No tax shall be deferred in any year in which the homeowner does not meet the program qualifications in section 290B.03. The maximum allowable total deferral is equal to 75 percent of the assessor's estimated market value for the year, less the balance of any mortgage loans and other amounts secured by liens against the property at the time of application, including any unpaid and delinquent special assessments and interest and any delinquent property taxes, penalties, and interest, but not including property taxes payable during the year.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for applications received for deferral of taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.

#### Sec. 25. CITY OF VIRGINIA; NET DEBT LIMIT EXEMPTION.

The city of Virginia may finance the construction of a public safety building in the city of Virginia by obtaining a loan from the United States Department of Agriculture secured by its general obligation pledge. Any bonds issued relating to this construction project or repayment of the loan must not be included in the computation of the city's limit on net debt under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.53, subdivision 1.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

# 88.21 ARTICLE 5 88.22 PROPERTY TAX AIDS AND CREDITS

## Section 1. [273.1388] AGRICULTURAL RIPARIAN BUFFER CREDIT.

Subdivision 1. Eligibility. Class 2a and 2b property under section 273.13, subdivision 23, containing a riparian buffer as defined in section 103F.48, not including land enrolled in and generating payments under a state or federal conservation reserve or easement program under sections 103F.501 to 103F.531, is eligible to receive the credit under this section, provided that the landowner follows the requirements of section 103F.48. Eligible land must be certified by the local soil and water conservation district to the county assessor. This certification is effective until the local soil and water conservation district notifies the assessor that qualified land is no longer eligible for a credit under the requirements of this section. The local soil and water conservation districts must annually notify their county

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assessor of any qualified land that is no longer eligible for a credit under the requirements
of this section.

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- Subd. 2. Credit amount. For each qualifying property, the agricultural riparian buffer credit is equal to the amount of net tax capacity-based property tax attributable to the portion of the property eligible under subdivision 1.
- Subd. 3. Credit reimbursement. The county auditor must determine the tax reductions allowed under this section within the county for each taxes payable year and must certify that amount to the commissioner of revenue as part of the data required under section 270C.85, subdivision 2. Any prior year adjustments must also be certified as part of the data required under section 270C.85, subdivision 2. The commissioner must review the certifications for accuracy and may make such changes as are deemed necessary or return the certification to the county auditor for correction. The credit under this section must be used to proportionately reduce the net tax capacity-based property tax payable to each local taxing jurisdiction as provided in section 273.1393.
- Subd. 4. **Payment.** (a) The commissioner of revenue shall reimburse each local taxing jurisdiction, other than school districts, for the tax reductions granted under this section in two equal installments on October 31 and December 26 of the taxes payable year for which the reductions are granted, including in each payment the prior year adjustments certified under section 270C.85, subdivision 2, for that taxes payable year.
- (b) The commissioner of revenue shall certify the total of the tax reductions granted under this section for each taxes payable year within each school district to the commissioner of the education and the commissioner of education must pay the reimbursement amounts to each school district as provided in section 273.1392.
- Subd. 5. **Appropriation.** An amount sufficient to make the payments required by this section to taxing jurisdictions other than school districts is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue. An amount sufficient to make the payments required by this section for school districts is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of education.
- 89.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2024.
- 89.30 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.1392, is amended to read:
- 89.31 **273.1392 PAYMENT; SCHOOL DISTRICTS.**
- The amounts of bovine tuberculosis credit reimbursements under section 273.113; conservation tax credits under section 273.119; disaster or emergency reimbursement under

90.1	sections 273.1231 to 273.1235; agricultural credits under sections 273.1384 and, 273.1387,
90.2	and 273.1388; aids and credits under section 273.1398; enterprise zone property credit
90.3	payments under section 469.171; and metropolitan agricultural preserve reduction under
90.4	section 473H.10; and electric generation transition aid under section 477A.23 for school
90.5	districts, shall be certified to the Department of Education by the Department of Revenue.
90.6	The amounts so certified shall be paid according to section 127A.45, subdivisions 9, 10,
90.7	and 13.
90.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2024.
90.9	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.1393, is amended to read:
90.10	273.1393 COMPUTATION OF NET PROPERTY TAXES.
90.11	Notwithstanding any other provisions to the contrary, "net" property taxes are determined
90.12	by subtracting the credits in the order listed from the gross tax:
90.13	(1) disaster credit as provided in sections 273.1231 to 273.1235;
90.14	(2) powerline credit as provided in section 273.42;
90.15	(3) agricultural preserves credit as provided in section 473H.10;
90.16	(4) enterprise zone credit as provided in section 469.171;
90.17	(5) disparity reduction credit;
90.18	(6) conservation tax credit as provided in section 273.119;
90.19	(7) the school bond credit as provided in section 273.1387;
90.20	(8) agricultural riparian buffer credit as provided in section 273.1388;
90.21	(8) (9) agricultural credit as provided in section 273.1384;
90.22	(9) (10) taconite homestead credit as provided in section 273.135;
90.23	(10) (11) supplemental homestead credit as provided in section 273.1391; and
90.24	(11) (12) the bovine tuberculosis zone credit, as provided in section 273.113.
90.25	The combination of all property tax credits must not exceed the gross tax amount.

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2024.

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Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 275.065, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 3. **Notice of proposed property taxes.** (a) The county auditor shall prepare and the county treasurer shall deliver after November 10 and on or before November 24 each year, by first class mail to each taxpayer at the address listed on the county's current year's assessment roll, a notice of proposed property taxes. Upon written request by the taxpayer, the treasurer may send the notice in electronic form or by electronic mail instead of on paper or by ordinary mail.
  - (b) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the notice.
- (c) The notice must inform taxpayers that it contains the amount of property taxes each taxing authority proposes to collect for taxes payable the following year. In the case of a town, or in the case of the state general tax, the final tax amount will be its proposed tax. The notice must clearly state for each city that has a population over 500, county, school district, regional library authority established under section 134.201, metropolitan taxing districts as defined in paragraph (i), and fire protection and emergency medical services special taxing districts established under section 144F.01, the time and place of a meeting for each taxing authority in which the budget and levy will be discussed and public input allowed, prior to the final budget and levy determination. The taxing authorities must provide the county auditor with the information to be included in the notice on or before the time it certifies its proposed levy under subdivision 1. The public must be allowed to speak at that meeting, which must occur after November 24 and must not be held before 6:00 p.m. It must provide a telephone number for the taxing authority that taxpayers may call if they have questions related to the notice and an address where comments will be received by mail, except that no notice required under this section shall be interpreted as requiring the printing of a personal telephone number or address as the contact information for a taxing authority. If a taxing authority does not maintain public offices where telephone calls can be received by the authority, the authority may inform the county of the lack of a public telephone number and the county shall not list a telephone number for that taxing authority.
  - (d) The notice must state for each parcel:
- (1) the market value of the property as determined under section 273.11, and used for computing property taxes payable in the following year and for taxes payable in the current year as each appears in the records of the county assessor on November 1 of the current year; and, in the case of residential property, whether the property is classified as homestead

or nonhomestead. The notice must clearly inform taxpayers of the years to which the market values apply and that the values are final values;

- (2) the items listed below, shown separately by county, city or town, and state general tax, agricultural homestead credit under section 273.1384, school building bond agricultural credit under section 273.1387, agricultural riparian buffer credit under section 273.1388, voter approved school levy, other local school levy, and the sum of the special taxing districts, and as a total of all taxing authorities:
  - (i) the actual tax for taxes payable in the current year; and
  - (ii) the proposed tax amount.

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If the county levy under clause (2) includes an amount for a lake improvement district as defined under sections 103B.501 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that purpose must be separately stated from the remaining county levy amount.

In the case of a town or the state general tax, the final tax shall also be its proposed tax unless the town changes its levy at a special town meeting under section 365.52. If a school district has certified under section 126C.17, subdivision 9, that a referendum will be held in the school district at the November general election, the county auditor must note next to the school district's proposed amount that a referendum is pending and that, if approved by the voters, the tax amount may be higher than shown on the notice. In the case of the city of Minneapolis, the levy for Minneapolis Park and Recreation shall be listed separately from the remaining amount of the city's levy. In the case of the city of St. Paul, the levy for the St. Paul Library Agency must be listed separately from the remaining amount of the city's levy. In the case of Ramsey County, any amount levied under section 134.07 may be listed separately from the remaining amount of the county's levy. In the case of a parcel where tax increment or the fiscal disparities areawide tax under chapter 276A or 473F applies, the proposed tax levy on the captured value or the proposed tax levy on the tax capacity subject to the areawide tax must each be stated separately and not included in the sum of the special taxing districts; and

(3) the increase or decrease between the total taxes payable in the current year and the total proposed taxes, expressed as a percentage.

For purposes of this section, the amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under the senior citizens' property tax deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount of property tax before subtraction of the deferred property tax amount.

	(e) The notice must clearly state that the proposed or final taxes do not include the	ıe
fo	owing:	

(1) special assessments;

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- 93.4 (2) levies approved by the voters after the date the proposed taxes are certified, including 93.5 bond referenda and school district levy referenda;
- 93.6 (3) a levy limit increase approved by the voters by the first Tuesday after the first Monday 93.7 in November of the levy year as provided under section 275.73;
- 93.8 (4) amounts necessary to pay cleanup or other costs due to a natural disaster occurring after the date the proposed taxes are certified;
- 93.10 (5) amounts necessary to pay tort judgments against the taxing authority that become 93.11 final after the date the proposed taxes are certified; and
  - (6) the contamination tax imposed on properties which received market value reductions for contamination.
  - (f) Except as provided in subdivision 7, failure of the county auditor to prepare or the county treasurer to deliver the notice as required in this section does not invalidate the proposed or final tax levy or the taxes payable pursuant to the tax levy.
  - (g) If the notice the taxpayer receives under this section lists the property as nonhomestead, and satisfactory documentation is provided to the county assessor by the applicable deadline, and the property qualifies for the homestead classification in that assessment year, the assessor shall reclassify the property to homestead for taxes payable in the following year.
  - (h) In the case of class 4 residential property used as a residence for lease or rental periods of 30 days or more, the taxpayer must either:
- 93.24 (1) mail or deliver a copy of the notice of proposed property taxes to each tenant, renter, 93.25 or lessee; or
- 93.26 (2) post a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place on the premises of the property.
- The notice must be mailed or posted by the taxpayer by November 27 or within three days of receipt of the notice, whichever is later. A taxpayer may notify the county treasurer of the address of the taxpayer, agent, caretaker, or manager of the premises to which the notice must be mailed in order to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph.

94.1	(i) For purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 6, "metropolitan special taxing
94.2	districts" means the following taxing districts in the seven-county metropolitan area that
94.3	levy a property tax for any of the specified purposes listed below:
94.4	(1) Metropolitan Council under section 473.132, 473.167, 473.249, 473.325, 473.446,
94.5	473.521, 473.547, or 473.834;
94.6	(2) Metropolitan Airports Commission under section 473.667, 473.671, or 473.672; and
94.7	(3) Metropolitan Mosquito Control Commission under section 473.711.
94.8	For purposes of this section, any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the county
94.9	of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter 398A
94.10	shall be included with the appropriate county's levy.
94.11	(j) The governing body of a county, city, or school district may, with the consent of the
94.12	county board, include supplemental information with the statement of proposed property
94.13	taxes about the impact of state aid increases or decreases on property tax increases or
94.14	decreases and on the level of services provided in the affected jurisdiction. This supplemental
94.15	information may include information for the following year, the current year, and for as
94.16	many consecutive preceding years as deemed appropriate by the governing body of the
94.17	county, city, or school district. It may include only information regarding:
94.18	(1) the impact of inflation as measured by the implicit price deflator for state and local
94.19	government purchases;
94.20	(2) population growth and decline;
94.21	(3) state or federal government action; and
94.22	(4) other financial factors that affect the level of property taxation and local services
94.23	that the governing body of the county, city, or school district may deem appropriate to
94.24	include.
94.25	The information may be presented using tables, written narrative, and graphic
94.26	representations and may contain instruction toward further sources of information or
94.27	opportunity for comment.
94.28	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2024.
94.29	Sec. 5. [477A.23] ELECTRIC GENERATION TRANSITION AID.
94.30	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have

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the meanings given.

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(b) "Electric generating unit" means a single generating unit at an electric generating

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95.2	plant powered by coal, nuclear, or natural gas.
95.3	(c) "Electric generation property" means taxable property of an electric generating plant
95.4	owned by a public utility, as defined in section 216B.02, subdivision 4, that is powered by
95.5	coal, nuclear, or natural gas and located in an eligible taxing jurisdiction.
95.6	(d) "Eligible taxing jurisdiction" means a county, home rule charter or statutory city,
95.7	town, or school district.
95.8	(e) "Unit base year" means the assessment year in which the assessed value of electric
95.9	generation property is reduced due to the retirement of the electric generating unit.
95.10	(f) "Unit differential" means (1) the tax capacity of electric generation property in the
95.11	assessment year preceding the unit base year, minus (2) the tax capacity of electric generation
95.12	property in the unit base year. The unit differential may not be less than zero. The unit
95.13	differential equals zero if the tax capacity of electric generation property in the eligible
95.14	taxing jurisdiction in the assessment year preceding the unit base year is less than four
95.15	percent of the total net tax capacity of the eligible taxing jurisdiction in the assessment year
95.16	preceding the aid calculation year, as adjusted under section 473F.08, subdivision 2, or
95.17	276A.06, subdivision 2, as applicable.
95.18	Subd. 2. Required notification. Notwithstanding the requirements of Minnesota Rules.
95.18 95.19	Subd. 2. Required notification. Notwithstanding the requirements of Minnesota Rules, chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects
95.19	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects
95.19 95.20	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The
95.19 95.20 95.21	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The notification must be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner, include
95.19 95.20 95.21 95.22	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The notification must be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner, include information required by the commissioner to calculate transition aid under this section, and
95.19 95.20 95.21 95.22 95.23	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The notification must be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner, include information required by the commissioner to calculate transition aid under this section, and be filed together with the reports required under section 273.371.
95.19 95.20 95.21 95.22 95.23	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The notification must be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner, include information required by the commissioner to calculate transition aid under this section, and be filed together with the reports required under section 273.371.  Subd. 3. Unit transition amount. (a) The initial unit transition amount equals the product
95.19 95.20 95.21 95.22 95.23 95.24 95.25	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The notification must be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner, include information required by the commissioner to calculate transition aid under this section, and be filed together with the reports required under section 273.371.  Subd. 3. Unit transition amount. (a) The initial unit transition amount equals the product of (1) the unit differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's tax rate for taxes payable in the unit
95.19 95.20 95.21 95.22 95.23 95.24 95.25 95.26	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The notification must be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner, include information required by the commissioner to calculate transition aid under this section, and be filed together with the reports required under section 273.371.  Subd. 3. Unit transition amount. (a) The initial unit transition amount equals the product of (1) the unit differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's tax rate for taxes payable in the unit base year.
95.19 95.20 95.21 95.22 95.23 95.24 95.25 95.26	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The notification must be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner, include information required by the commissioner to calculate transition aid under this section, and be filed together with the reports required under section 273.371.  Subd. 3. Unit transition amount. (a) The initial unit transition amount equals the product of (1) the unit differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's tax rate for taxes payable in the unit base year.  (b) The unit transition amount for the year following the unit base year, or in the year
95.19 95.20 95.21 95.22 95.23 95.24 95.25 95.26 95.27	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The notification must be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner, include information required by the commissioner to calculate transition aid under this section, and be filed together with the reports required under section 273.371.  Subd. 3. Unit transition amount. (a) The initial unit transition amount equals the product of (1) the unit differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's tax rate for taxes payable in the unit base year.  (b) The unit transition amount for the year following the unit base year, or in the year as provided under subdivision 6, equals the initial unit transition amount. Unit transition
95.19 95.20 95.21 95.22 95.23 95.24 95.25 95.26 95.27 95.28 95.29	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The notification must be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner, include information required by the commissioner to calculate transition aid under this section, and be filed together with the reports required under section 273.371.  Subd. 3. Unit transition amount. (a) The initial unit transition amount equals the product of (1) the unit differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's tax rate for taxes payable in the unit base year.  (b) The unit transition amount for the year following the unit base year, or in the year as provided under subdivision 6, equals the initial unit transition amount. Unit transition amounts in subsequent years must be reduced each year by an amount equal to five percent
95.19 95.20 95.21 95.22 95.23 95.24 95.25 95.26 95.27 95.28 95.29 95.30	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The notification must be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner, include information required by the commissioner to calculate transition aid under this section, and be filed together with the reports required under section 273.371.  Subd. 3. Unit transition amount. (a) The initial unit transition amount equals the product of (1) the unit differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's tax rate for taxes payable in the unit base year.  (b) The unit transition amount for the year following the unit base year, or in the year as provided under subdivision 6, equals the initial unit transition amount. Unit transition amounts in subsequent years must be reduced each year by an amount equal to five percent of the initial unit transition amount. If the unit transition amount attributable to any unit is
95.19 95.20 95.21 95.22 95.23 95.24 95.25 95.26 95.27 95.28 95.29 95.30 95.31	chapter 8100, a public utility must notify the commissioner when the public utility expects to retire an electric generating unit and remove that unit from the property tax base. The notification must be in the form and manner determined by the commissioner, include information required by the commissioner to calculate transition aid under this section, and be filed together with the reports required under section 273.371.  Subd. 3. Unit transition amount. (a) The initial unit transition amount equals the product of (1) the unit differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's tax rate for taxes payable in the unit base year.  (b) The unit transition amount for the year following the unit base year, or in the year as provided under subdivision 6, equals the initial unit transition amount. Unit transition amounts in subsequent years must be reduced each year by an amount equal to five percent of the initial unit transition amount. If the unit transition amount attributable to any unit is less than \$5,000 in any year, the unit transition amount for that unit equals zero.

96.1	Subd. 5. Aid elimination. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 4, beginning for aid in the
96.2	year after the year in which the jurisdiction first qualified for aid, aid for an eligible taxing
96.3	jurisdiction equals zero if the commissioner determines that the eligible taxing jurisdiction's
96.4	total net tax capacity in the assessment year preceding the aid calculation year is greater
96.5	than the product of:
96.6	(1) 90 percent of the jurisdiction's total net tax capacity in the assessment year preceding
96.7	the aid calculation year in which the jurisdiction first qualified for aid under this section;
96.8	times;
96.9	(2) the greater of one or the ratio of (i) the statewide total net tax capacity of real and
96.10	personal property in the assessment year preceding the aid calculation year to (ii) the
96.11	statewide total net tax capacity of real and personal property in the assessment year preceding
96.12	the aid calculation year in which the jurisdiction first qualified for aid under this section.
96.13	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, "net tax capacity" means net tax capacity as
96.14	adjusted under section 473F.08, subdivision 2, or 276A.06, subdivision 2, as applicable.
96.15	(c) If aid to a jurisdiction attributable to a previous unit retirement has been eliminated
96.16	under this subdivision, the jurisdiction may qualify for aid under this section for subsequent
96.17	unit retirements.
96.18	(d) The requirements of this subdivision do not apply to the aid attributable to prior unit
96.19	retirements qualifying under subdivision 7.
96.20	Subd. 6. Commissioner's duties; payment schedule. (a) The commissioner of revenue
96.21	shall compute the amount of electric generation transition aid payable to each jurisdiction
96.22	under this section. On or before August 1 of each year, the commissioner shall certify the
96.23	amount of aid computed for aids payable in the following year for each jurisdiction. The
96.24	commissioner shall pay aid to each jurisdiction other than school districts annually at the
96.25	times provided in section 477A.015. Aids to school districts must be certified to the
96.26	commissioner of education and paid under section 273.1392.
96.27	(b) The commissioner of revenue may require counties to provide any data that the
96.28	commissioner deems necessary to administer this section.
96.29	Subd. 7. Aid for prior unit retirements. An electric generating unit with a unit base
96.30	year after 2016 but before 2023 must be counted for the purpose of calculating aid under
96.31	this section. For a unit eligible to be counted under this subdivision and for the purpose of
96.32	the schedule of amounts under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), the unit base year is 2023.

97.1	Subd. 8. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to make the aid payments required by
97.2	this section to eligible taxing jurisdictions other than school districts is annually appropriated
97.3	from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue. An amount sufficient to make the
97.4	aid payments required by this section for school districts is annually appropriated from the
97.5	general fund to the commissioner of education.
97.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in 2024 and thereafter.
97.7	Sec. 6. MILLE LACS COUNTY; COUNTY, CITY, TOWNSHIP, AND SCHOOL
97.8	DISTRICT REIMBURSEMENT.
97.9	(a) A taxing jurisdiction located in Mille Lacs County that has lost property tax revenue
97.10	due to the placement of property into trust by the United States Department of the Interior
97.11	Bureau of Indian Affairs is eligible for reimbursement under this section in the following
97.12	manner:
97.13	(1) by July 1, 2022, the auditor of Mille Lacs County must certify to the commissioner
97.14	of revenue the amount of tax revenue lost by each taxing jurisdiction in the county due to
97.15	property being placed into trust between January 1, 2009, and December 31, 2020;
97.16	(2) by July 1 of each year starting in 2022, the auditor of Mille Lacs County must certify
97.17	to the commissioner of revenue the amount of tax revenue lost by each taxing jurisdiction
97.18	in the county due to property being placed into trust during the preceding calendar year.
97.19	This clause only applies to properties that were the subject of an application for placement
97.20	into trust between January 1, 2009, and June 30, 2021; and
97.21	(3) in the first five years following certification under clause (1) or (2), the commissioner
97.22	of education must distribute to the county the full amount certified for school districts, and
97.23	the commissioner of revenue must distribute to the county the full amount certified for
97.24	taxing jurisdictions other than school districts. The county must distribute to each taxing
97.25	jurisdiction the certified amount of tax revenue lost by the jurisdiction. In the sixth year
97.26	following certification and in each year thereafter, the commissioners of education and
97.27	revenue must distribute to the county, for distribution to each taxing jurisdiction, an amount
97.28	equal to the previous year's amount minus 20 percent of the amount distributed in the first
97.29	<u>year.</u>
97.30	(b) Reimbursements required by this section must be paid to taxing jurisdictions other
97.31	than school districts at the times provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.015, for
97.32	payment of local government aid. Aid to school districts must be certified to the
97.33	commissioner of education and paid under Minnesota Statutes, section 273.1392.

Item 11. Article 5 Sec. 6. 97

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98.1	(c) An amount sufficient to make the payments to taxing jurisdictions other than school
98.2	districts is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue. An
98.3	amount sufficient to make the payment to school districts is annually appropriated from the
98.4	general fund to the commissioner of education.
98.5	(d) For purposes of this section, "taxing jurisdiction" means a political subdivision
98.6	including a county, city, town, township, school district, or special taxing district imposing
98.7	a levy on real property.
98.8	(e) For purposes of this section, "tax revenue lost" means the amount that was payable
98.9	in the year before the property became exempt.
98.10	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
98.11	Sec. 7. CLASS 4D LOW-INCOME RENTAL PROPERTY 2024 AND 2025
98.12	TRANSITION AID; APPROPRIATION.
98.13	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms in this
98.14	subdivision have the meanings given.
98.15	(b) "4d property" means class 4d low-income rental property under Minnesota Statutes,
98.16	section 273.13, subdivision 25.
98.17	(c) "Base assessment year" means assessment year 2022.
98.18	(d) "Local unit" means a home rule charter or statutory city.
98.19	(e) "Modified transition tax capacity" means the product of (1) one minus the transition
98.20	ratio for the local unit, times (2) the transition tax capacity for the local unit.
98.21	(f) "Transition ratio" means the ratio of (1) the net tax capacity of 4d property for the
98.22	local unit in the base assessment year calculated using the classification rates and first-tier
98.23	limit in effect for 4d property for taxes payable in 2024, to (2) the net tax capacity of 4d
98.24	property for the local unit in the base assessment year calculated using the classification
98.25	rates and first-tier limit in effect for 4d property for taxes payable in 2023.
98.26	(g) "Transition tax capacity" means the greater of zero or the difference between (1) the
98.27	net tax capacity of 4d property for the local unit in the base assessment year, minus (2) two
98.28	percent of the total net tax capacity for the local unit in the base assessment year.
98.29	Subd. 2. Aid amount. In 2024 and 2025 only, transition aid for a local unit equals the
98.30	product of (1) the local unit's tax rate for taxes payable in 2023, times (2) the modified
98.31	transition tax capacity for the local unit.

Article 5 Sec. 7. 98

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<u>S</u>	Subd. 3. Administration; payment schedule. (a) For purposes of this section, net tax
capa	city must be determined by the commissioner of revenue based on information available
to th	e commissioner as of July 15, 2023.
<u>(</u>	b) The commissioner of revenue must notify a local unit of its transition aid amount
befo	re August 1 of the year preceding the aid distribution year and must pay the aid in two
insta	allments on the dates specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.015.
<u>S</u>	Subd. 4. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to pay transition aid under this section
is an	inually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
<u> </u>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aid payable in calendar year 2024
and :	2025 only.
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	c. 8. 2019 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF
<u>RO(</u>	OSEVELT; APPROPRIATION.
(	a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of
Roo	sevelt shall receive its aid payment for calendar year 2019 under Minnesota Statutes,
secti	on 477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision
3, pr	rovided that the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue that the state
<u>audi</u>	tor received the annual financial reporting form for 2018 from the city as well as all
form	ns, including the audited financial statement for calendar year 2019, by June 1, 2022.
The	commissioner of revenue shall make a payment of \$25,410 on July 1, 2022.
<u>(</u>	b) An amount sufficient to pay aid under this section is appropriated in fiscal year 2023
fron	the general fund to the commissioner of revenue. This is a onetime appropriation.
<u>I</u>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Se	c. 9. <b>2021 AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF BENA.</b>
<u>N</u>	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of Bena
mus	t receive the city's aid payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota Statutes, section
477 <i>I</i>	A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3,
and 1	the city's small city assistance payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota Statutes,
secti	on 162.145, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 162.145, subdivision
3, pa	aragraph (c), provided that the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue
that	the state auditor received the annual financial reporting form for 2020 from the city by
June	1, 2022. The commissioner of revenue must make a payment of \$43,774 to the city
by J	une 30, 2022.

Item 11. Article 5 Sec. 9. 99

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 100.1

Sec. 10. 2021 AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF BOY RIVER
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Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of Boy 100.3 River must receive the city's aid payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota Statutes, 100.4 section 477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 100.5 3, and the city's small city assistance payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota 100.6 Statutes, section 162.145, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 162.145, 100.7 subdivision 3, paragraph (c), provided that the state auditor certifies to the commissioner 100.8 100.9 of revenue that the state auditor received the annual financial reporting form for 2020 from the city by June 1, 2022. The commissioner of revenue must make a payment of \$19,578 100.10 100.11 to the city by June 30, 2022.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## Sec. 11. 2021 AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF ECHO.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of Echo must receive its aid payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota Statutes, section 100.15 477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, 100.16 and its small city assistance payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota Statutes, 100.17 section 162.145, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 162.145, subdivision 100.18 3, paragraph (c), provided that the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue 100.19 that the state auditor received the annual financial reporting form for 2020 from the city by 100.20 June 1, 2022. The commissioner of revenue must make a payment of \$46,060 to the city 100.21 by June 30, 2022. 100.22

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 100.23

#### Sec. 12. 2021 AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF MORTON. 100.24

100.25 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of Morton must receive its aid payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota Statutes, section 100.26 477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, 100.27 100.28 and its small city assistance payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota Statutes, section 162.145, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 162.145, subdivision 100.29 3, paragraph (c), provided that the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue 100.30 that it received the annual financial reporting form for 2020 from the city by June 1, 2022. 100.31 The commissioner of revenue must make a payment of \$79,476 to the city by June 30, 2022. 100.32

Article 5 Sec. 12. 100 Item 11. Page 148

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

# 101.2 ARTICLE 6 101.3 PUBLIC FINANCE

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Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 123B.61, is amended to read:

#### 123B.61 PURCHASE OF CERTAIN EQUIPMENT.

The board of a district may issue general obligation certificates of indebtedness or capital notes subject to the district debt limits to: (a) purchase vehicles, computers, telephone systems, cable equipment, photocopy and office equipment, technological equipment for instruction, and other capital equipment having an expected useful life at least as long as the terms of the certificates or notes; (b) purchase computer hardware and software, without regard to its expected useful life, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or unbundled, together with application development services and training related to the use of the computer; and (c) prepay special assessments. The certificates or notes must be payable in not more than ten 20 years and must be issued on the terms and in the manner determined by the board, except that certificates or notes issued to prepay special assessments must be payable in not more than 20 years. The certificates or notes may be issued by resolution and without the requirement for an election. The certificates or notes are general obligation bonds for purposes of section 126C.55. A tax levy must be made for the payment of the principal and interest on the certificates or notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds. The sum of the tax levies under this section and section 123B.62 for each year must not exceed the lesser of the amount of the district's total operating capital revenue or the sum of the district's levy in the general and community service funds excluding the adjustments under this section for the year preceding the year the initial debt service levies are certified. The district's general fund levy for each year must be reduced by the sum of (1) the amount of the tax levies for debt service certified for each year for payment of the principal and interest on the certificates or notes issued under this section as required by section 475.61, (2) the amount of the tax levies for debt service certified for each year for payment of the principal and interest on bonds issued under section 123B.62, and (3) any excess amount in the debt redemption fund used to retire bonds, certificates, or notes issued under this section or section 123B.62 after April 1, 1997, other than amounts used to pay capitalized interest. If the district's general fund levy is less than the amount of the reduction, the balance shall be deducted first from the district's community service fund levy, and next from the district's general fund or community service fund levies for the following year. A district using an excess amount in the debt redemption fund to retire the

Item 11. Article 6 Section 1. 101 Page 149

certificates or notes shall report the amount used for this purpose to the commissioner by July 15 of the following fiscal year. A district having an outstanding capital loan under section 126C.69 or an outstanding debt service loan under section 126C.68 must not use an excess amount in the debt redemption fund to retire the certificates or notes.

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 366.095, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Certificates of indebtedness.** The town board may issue certificates of indebtedness within the debt limits for a town purpose otherwise authorized by law. The certificates shall be payable in not more than ten 20 years and be issued on the terms and in the manner as determined by the board may determine, provided that notes issued for projects that eliminate R-22, as defined in section 240A.09, paragraph (b), clause (2), must be payable in not more than 20 years. If the amount of the certificates to be issued exceeds 0.25 percent of the estimated market value of the town, they shall not be issued for at least ten days after publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the town of the board's resolution determining to issue them. If within that time, a petition asking for an election on the proposition signed by voters equal to ten percent of the number of voters at the last regular town election is filed with the clerk, the certificates shall not be issued until their issuance has been approved by a majority of the votes cast on the question at a regular or special election. A tax levy shall be made to pay the principal and interest on the certificates as in the case of bonds.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 373.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Capital notes.** (a) A county board may, by resolution and without referendum, issue capital notes subject to the county debt limit to purchase capital equipment useful for county purposes that has an expected useful life at least equal to the term of the notes. The notes shall be payable in not more than ten 20 years and shall be issued on the terms and in the manner determined by the board determines. A tax levy shall be made for payment of the principal and interest on the notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds.
- (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "capital equipment" means:
- 102.29 (1) public safety, ambulance, road construction or maintenance, and medical equipment, and other capital equipment; and
- (2) computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or unbundled, together with application development services and training related to the use of the computer hardware or software.

Item 11. Article 6 Sec. 3. 102

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 383B.117, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2. Equipment acquisition; capital notes. The board may, by resolution and without public referendum, issue capital notes within existing debt limits for the purpose of purchasing ambulance and other medical equipment, road construction or maintenance equipment, public safety equipment and other capital equipment having an expected useful life at least equal to the term of the notes issued. The notes shall be payable in not more than ten 20 years and shall be issued on the terms and in a the manner as determined by the board determines, provided that notes issued for projects that eliminate R-22, as defined in section 240A.09, paragraph (b), clause (2), must be payable in not more than 20 years. The total principal amount of the notes issued for any fiscal year shall not exceed one percent of the total annual budget for that year and shall be issued solely for the purchases authorized in this subdivision. A tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on such notes as in the case of bonds. For purposes of this subdivision, "equipment" includes computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or unbundled. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "medical equipment" includes computer hardware and software and other intellectual property for use in medical diagnosis, medical procedures, research, record keeping, billing, and other hospital applications, together with application development services and training related to the use of the computer hardware and software and other intellectual property, all without regard to their useful life. For purposes of determining the amount of capital notes which the county may issue in any year, the budget of the county and Hennepin Healthcare System, Inc. shall be combined and the notes issuable under this subdivision shall be in addition to obligations issuable under section 373.01, subdivision 3.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 410.32, is amended to read:

#### 410.32 CITIES MAY ISSUE CAPITAL NOTES FOR CAPITAL EQUIPMENT.

- 103.26 (a) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of other law or charter, a home rule charter city may, by resolution and without public referendum, issue capital notes subject to the city debt limit to purchase capital equipment.
- (b) For purposes of this section, "capital equipment" means:
- 103.30 (1) public safety equipment, ambulance and other medical equipment, road construction 103.31 and maintenance equipment, and other capital equipment; and

Item 11. Article 6 Sec. 5. 103

(2) computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or unbundled, together with application development services and training related to the use of the computer hardware and software.

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- (c) The equipment or software must have an expected useful life at least as long as the term of the notes.
- (d) The notes shall be payable in not more than ten 20 years and be issued on the terms and in the manner determined by the city determines, provided that notes issued for projects that eliminate R-22, as defined in section 240A.09, paragraph (b), clause (2), must be payable in not more than 20 years. The total principal amount of the capital notes issued in a fiscal year shall not exceed 0.03 percent of the estimated market value of taxable property in the 104.10 city for that year. 104.11
- (e) A tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on the notes, 104.12 in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds. 104.13
- (f) Notes issued under this section shall require an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the 104.14 governing body of the city. 104.15
- (g) Notwithstanding a contrary provision of other law or charter, a home rule charter 104.16 city may also issue capital notes subject to its debt limit in the manner and subject to the 104.17 limitations applicable to statutory cities pursuant to section 412.301. 104.18
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 412.301, is amended to read: 104.19

#### 412.301 FINANCING PURCHASE OF CERTAIN EQUIPMENT. 104.20

- (a) The council may issue certificates of indebtedness or capital notes subject to the city 104.21 debt limits to purchase capital equipment. 104.22
- (b) For purposes of this section, "capital equipment" means: 104.23
- (1) public safety equipment, ambulance and other medical equipment, road construction 104.24 and maintenance equipment, and other capital equipment; and 104.25
- (2) computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or 104.26 unbundled, together with application development services and training related to the use 104.27 of the computer hardware or software. 104.28
- (c) The equipment or software must have an expected useful life at least as long as the 104.29 terms of the certificates or notes. 104.30

Article 6 Sec. 6. 104 Item 11. Page 152

(d) Such certificates or notes shall be payable in not more than ten <u>20</u> years and shall be issued on <u>such the</u> terms and in <u>such the</u> manner <u>as determined by</u> the council <u>may</u> determine, provided, however, that notes issued for projects that eliminate R-22, as defined in section 240A.09, paragraph (b), clause (2), must be payable in not more than 20 years.

- (e) If the amount of the certificates or notes to be issued to finance any such purchase exceeds 0.25 percent of the estimated market value of taxable property in the city, they shall not be issued for at least ten days after publication in the official newspaper of a council resolution determining to issue them; and if before the end of that time, a petition asking for an election on the proposition signed by voters equal to ten percent of the number of voters at the last regular municipal election is filed with the clerk, such certificates or notes shall not be issued until the proposition of their issuance has been approved by a majority of the votes cast on the question at a regular or special election.
- (f) A tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on such certificates or notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds.

105.15 ARTICLE 7
105.16 LOCAL SALES TAXES

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Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Legislative authority required before voter approval; requirements for adoption, use, termination. (a) A political subdivision must receive legislative authority to impose a local sales tax before submitting the tax for approval by voters of the political subdivision. Imposition of a local sales tax is subject to approval by voters of the political subdivision at a general election. The election must be conducted at a general election within the two-year period after the governing body of the political subdivision has received authority to impose the tax. If the authorizing legislation allows the tax to be imposed for more than one project, there must be a separate question approving the use of the tax revenue for each project. Notwithstanding the authorizing legislation, a project that is not approved by the voters may not be funded with the local sales tax revenue and the termination date of the tax set in the authorizing legislation must be reduced proportionately based on the share of that project's cost to the total costs of all projects included in the authorizing legislation. The ballot question must state the project or projects proposed to be funded by the tax and the estimated length of time the tax will be in effect.

Item 11. Article 7 Section 1. 105

(b) The proceeds of the tax must be dedicated exclusively to payment of the construction and rehabilitation costs and associated bonding costs related to the specific capital improvement projects that were approved by the voters under paragraph (a).

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- (c) The tax must terminate after the revenues raised are sufficient to fund the projects approved by the voters under paragraph (a).
- (d) After a sales tax imposed by a political subdivision has expired or been terminated, the political subdivision is prohibited from imposing a local sales tax for a period of one year.
  - (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if a political subdivision received voter approval to seek authority for a local sales tax at the November 6, 2018, general election and is granted authority to impose a local sales tax before January 1, 2021, the tax may be imposed without an additional referendum provided that it meets the requirements of subdivision 2 and the list of specific projects contained in the resolution does not conflict with the projects listed in the approving referendum.
- (f) If a tax is terminated because sufficient revenues have been raised, any amount of tax collected under subdivision 9, after sufficient revenues have been raised and before the quarterly termination required under subdivision 12, paragraph (a), that is greater than the average quarterly revenues collected over the immediately preceding 12 calendar months must be retained by the commissioner for deposit in the general fund.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for local sales taxes authorized in Laws

  2021, First Special Session chapter 14, article 8, and thereafter.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.190, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Collection.** The statutory or home rule charter city, town, or county when the county board is acting as a town board with respect to an unorganized territory, may agree with the commissioner of revenue that a tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected by the commissioner together with the tax imposed by chapter 297A, and subject to the same interest, penalties, and other rules and that its proceeds, less the cost of collection, shall be remitted to the city.
- 106.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 3. Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 43, as amended by Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, sections 28, 29, and 30, Laws 2011, First Special Session

Item 11. Article 7 Sec. 3. 106

chapter 7, article 4, sections 5, 6, and 7, and Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 10, sections 11, 12, and 13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. Authorization; extension. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a

city of Rochester may extend the sales and use tax of one-half of one percent authorized

general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the

under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), for the purposes specified in subdivision 3a. Except as

otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,

govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized

107.10 <u>under this subdivision.</u> The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local

sales and use tax imposed under any other special law.

107.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the

107.13 city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section

107.14 <u>645.021</u>, subdivisions 2 and 3.

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Sec. 4. Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 43, as amended by Laws 2005, First

107.16 Special Session chapter 3, article 5, sections 28, 29, and 30, Laws 2011, First Special Session

107.17 chapter 7, article 4, sections 5, 6, and 7, and Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 10, sections

107.18 11, 12, and 13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. Use of sales and use tax revenues; additional projects. The revenues derived

107.20 from the extension of the tax authorized under subdivision 1a must be used by the city of

107.21 Rochester to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for the following

projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance

all or part of the following projects:

(1) notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 2, paragraph (d),

\$50,000,000, plus associated bonding costs for the housing vitality fund;

107.26 (2) notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 2, paragraph (d),

\$50,000,000, plus associated bonding costs for street reconstruction;

107.28 (3) notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 2, paragraph (d),

107.29 \$40,000,000, plus associated bonding costs for flood control and water quality; and

(4) \$65,000,000, plus associated bonding costs for a Regional Community and Recreation

107.31 Complex.

107.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after compliance by the governing

body of the city of Rochester with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021.

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108.1	Sec. 5. Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 43, as amended by Laws 2005, First
108.2	Special Session chapter 3, article 5, sections 28, 29, and 30, Laws 2011, First Special Session
108.3	chapter 7, article 4, sections 5, 6, and 7, and Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 10, sections
108.4	11, 12, and 13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
108.5	Subd. 4a. Bonding authority; additional projects and extension of tax. (a) The city
108.6	of Rochester may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a
108.7	portion of the costs of the projects authorized in subdivision 3a and approved by the voters
108.8	as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The
108.9	aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed
108.10	\$205,000,000 for the projects described in subdivision 3a, plus an amount to be applied to
108.11	the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.
108.12	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of
108.13	Rochester, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1a and the full faith and credit
108.14	of the city. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes.
108.15	sections 275.60 and 275.61.
108.16	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
108.17	of Rochester, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
108.18	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
108.19	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
108.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
108.21	city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
108.22	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
108.23	Sec. 6. Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 43, subdivision 5, as amended by Laws
108.24	2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 30, Laws 2011, First Special Session
108.25	chapter 7, article 4, section 7, and Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 10, section 13, is amended
108.26	to read:
108.27	Subd. 5. <b>Termination of taxes.</b> (a) The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 expire
108.28	at the later of (1) December 31, 2009, or (2) when the city council determines that sufficient
108.29	funds have been received from the taxes to finance the first \$71,500,000 of capital
108.30	expenditures and bonds for the projects authorized in subdivision 3, including the amount
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	to prepay or retire at maturity the principal, interest, and premium due on any bonds issued
108.32	to prepay or retire at maturity the principal, interest, and premium due on any bonds issued for the projects under subdivision 4, unless the taxes are extended as allowed in paragraph

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under subdivisions 1 and 2 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

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- (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99 and 477A.016, or any other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Rochester may, by ordinance, extend the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1 and 2 beyond December 31, 2009, if approved by the voters of the city at a special election in 2005 or the general election in 2006. The question put to the voters must indicate that an affirmative vote would allow up to an additional \$40,000,000 of sales tax revenues be raised and up to \$40,000,000 of bonds to be issued above the amount authorized in the June 23, 1998, referendum for the projects specified in subdivision 3. If the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1 and 2 are extended under this paragraph, the taxes expire when the city council determines that sufficient funds have been received from the taxes to finance the projects and to prepay or retire at maturity the principal, interest, and premium due on any bonds issued for the projects under subdivision 4. Any funds remaining after completion of the project and retirement or redemption of the bonds may be placed in the general fund of the city.
- (c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99 and 477A.016, or any other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Rochester may, by ordinance, extend the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1, paragraph (a), and 2, up to December 31, 2049, provided that all additional revenues above those necessary to fund the projects and associated financing costs listed in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) to (e), are committed to fund public infrastructure projects contained in the development plan adopted under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.43, including all financing costs; otherwise the taxes terminate when the city council determines that sufficient funds have been received from the taxes to finance expenditures and bonds for the projects authorized in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) to (e), plus an amount equal to the costs of issuance of the bonds and including the amount to prepay or retire at maturity the principal, interest, and premiums due on any bonds issued for the projects under subdivision 4.
- (d) The tax imposed under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), expires at the earlier of <u>December 31, 2049</u>, or when the city council determines that sufficient funds have been raised from the tax plus all other city funding sources authorized in this article to meet the city obligation for financing the public infrastructure projects contained in the development plan adopted under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.43, including all financing costs.
- (e) The tax imposed under subdivision 1a expires at the earlier of (1) 16-1/2 years after first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount of revenues received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 3a for

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projects approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 110.1 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 110.2 110.3 of the bonds under subdivision 4a, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds 110.4 remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax 110.5 under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general 110.6 fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1a may expire at an earlier time if the 110.7 110.8 city so determines by ordinance. 110.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 110.10 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 110.11 Sec. 7. Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 17, is amended to read: 110.12 Sec. 17. COOK COUNTY; LODGING AND ADMISSIONS TAXES TAX. 110.13 Subdivision 1. Lodging tax. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, 110.14 or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the Board of Commissioners of 110.15 Cook County may impose, by ordinance, a tax of up to one percent on the gross receipts 110.16 subject to the lodging tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190. This tax is in addition to any tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190, and the total tax imposed 110.18 under that section and this provision must not exceed four percent. 110.19 Subd. 2. Admissions and recreation tax. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 110.20 477A.016, or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the Board of Commissioners of Cook County may impose, by ordinance, a tax of up to three percent on 110.22 admissions to entertainment and recreational facilities and rental of recreation equipment. 110.23 Subd. 3. Use of taxes. The taxes tax imposed in subdivisions subdivision 1 and 2 must 110.24 be used to fund a new Cook County Event and Visitors Bureau as established by the Board of Commissioners of Cook County. The Board of Commissioners of Cook County must 110.26

Subd. 4. **Termination.** The <u>taxes\_tax</u> imposed in <u>subdivisions\_subdivision\_1 and 2</u> terminate 15 terminates 30 years after they are it is first imposed.

subdivision 1 and 2 until the board of commissioners approves the annual budget.

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110.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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annually review the budget of the Cook County Event and Visitors Bureau. The event and

visitors bureau may not receive revenues raised from the taxes tax imposed in subdivisions

Sec. 8. Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 7, article 4, section 14, is amended to read:

#### Sec. 14. CITY OF MARSHALL; SALES AND USE TAX.

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Subdivision 1. **Authorization.** Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivisions 1 and 2, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Marshall, if approved by the voters at a general election held within two years of the date of final enactment of this section, may impose the tax authorized under subdivision 2. Two separate ballot questions must be presented to the voters, one for each of the two facility projects named in subdivision 3.

Subd. 2. **Sales and use tax authorized.** The city of Marshall may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of up to one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 3. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, except subdivisions 1 and 2, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.

Subd. 2a. Authorization; extension. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (d), or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, after payment of the bonds authorized under subdivision 4, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Marshall may extend the sales and use tax of one-half of one percent authorized under subdivision 2 for the purposes specified in subdivision 3a. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law.

Subd. 3. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 111.25 under subdivision 2 must be used by the city of Marshall to pay the costs of collecting and 111.26 administering the sales and use tax and to pay all or part of the costs of the new and existing 111.27 facilities of the Minnesota Emergency Response and Industry Training Center and all or 111.28 part of the costs of the new facilities of the Southwest Minnesota Regional Amateur Sports 111.29 111.30 Center. Authorized expenses include, but are not limited to, acquiring property, predesign, design, and paying construction, furnishing, and equipment costs related to these facilities 111.31 and paying debt service on bonds or other obligations issued by the city of Marshall under 111.32 subdivision 4 to finance the capital costs of these facilities. 111.33

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112.1	Subd. 3a. Use of sales and use tax revenues; aquatic center. The revenues derived
112.2	from the extension of the tax authorized under subdivision 2a must be used by the city of
112.3	Marshall to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for \$16,000,000
112.4	plus associated bonding costs for the construction of a new municipal aquatic center in the
112.5	city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance the project.
112.6	Subd. 4. <b>Bonds.</b> (a) If the imposition of a sales and use tax is approved by the voters,
112.7	the city of Marshall may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all
112.8	or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in subdivision 3, and may issue bonds
112.9	to refund bonds previously issued. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under
112.10	this subdivision may not exceed \$17,290,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment
112.11	of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds
112.12	available to the city of Marshall, including the tax authorized under subdivision 2.
112.13	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
112.14	of Marshall, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
112.15	and interest on the bonds, is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
112.16	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
112.17	Subd. 4a. Bonds; additional use and extension of tax. (a) After payment of the bonds
112.18	authorized under subdivision 4, the city of Marshall may issue bonds under Minnesota
112.19	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in
112.20	subdivision 2a and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section
112.21	297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued
112.22	under this subdivision may not exceed \$16,000,000, plus an amount to be applied to the
112.23	payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.
112.24	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Marshall,
112.25	including the tax authorized under subdivision 2a. The issuance of bonds under this
112.26	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
112.27	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
112.28	of Marshall, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
112.29	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
112.30	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
112.31	Subd. 5. <b>Termination of taxes.</b> (a) The tax imposed under subdivision 2 expires at the
112.32	earlier of (1) 15 years after the tax is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines
112.33	that the amount of revenues received from the tax to pay for the capital and administrative
112.34	costs of the facilities under subdivision 3 first equals or exceeds the amount authorized to

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be spent for the facilities plus the additional amount needed to pay the costs related to issuance of the bonds under subdivision 4, including interest on the bonds. Any funds remaining after payment of all such costs and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 2 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

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- (b) The tax imposed under subdivision 2a expires at the earlier of (1) 30 years after the tax under subdivision 2 is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount of revenues received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 3a for the project approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of the bonds under subdivision 4a, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 2a may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Marshall and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
- Sec. 9. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14, article 8, section 20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Use of sales and use tax revenues.** The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Waite Park to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and for the following projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:
- (1) up to \$7,500,000 plus associated bonding costs for regional trail connections; and
- (2) up to \$20,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction and equipping of a public safety facility; and
- (3) notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), up to \$15,500,000 plus associated bonding costs for the 10th Avenue regional corridor project.

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 114.1 city of Waite Park and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 114.2 114.3 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. Sec. 10. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14, article 8, section 20, subdivision 3, 114.4 is amended to read: 114.5 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Waite Park may issue bonds under Minnesota 114.6 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in 114.7 subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 114.8 114.9 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed: 114.10 114.11 (1) \$7,500,000 \$43,000,000 for the project projects listed in subdivision 2, elause (1), plus an amount needed to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment 114.12 of the costs of issuing the bonds; and 114.13 (2) \$20,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount needed 114.14 to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing 114.16 the bonds. (b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Waite 114.17 Park, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. 114.19 114.20 (b) (c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of Waite Park, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay 114.21 principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election 114.22 to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 114.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 114.24 city of Waite Park and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 114.25 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 114.26 Sec. 11. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14, article 8, section 20, subdivision 4, 114.27 is amended to read: 114.28 Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 114.29 subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1)  $\frac{19}{20}$  years 114.30 after the tax is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received 114.31

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from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for

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projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 115.1 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 115.2 115.3 of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 115.4 any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 115.5 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 115.6 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 115.7 115.8 if the city so determines by ordinance. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 115.9 city of Waite Park and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 115.10 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 115.11 Sec. 12. CITY OF AITKIN; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 115.12 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 115.13 section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters 115.14 at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 115.15 115.16 the city of Aitkin may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of 115.17 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and 115.18 enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this 115.19 subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special 115.20 115.21 law. Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 115.22 under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Aitkin to pay the costs of collecting and 115.23 administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing 115.24 and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects: 115.25 (1) \$8,300,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new municipal 115.26 building; and 115.27 (2) \$1,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for improvements to parks and trails. 115.28 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Aitkin may issue bonds under Minnesota 115.29 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in 115.30 subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 115.31

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297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued

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under this subdivision may not exceed \$9,300,000 for the projects listed in subdivision 2, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.

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- (b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Aitkin, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
- (c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of Aitkin, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
- Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 116.10 subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 19 years 116.11 after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received 116.12 from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for 116.13 projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 116.14 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 116.15 of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 116.16 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 116.17 any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 116.18 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 116.19 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 116.20 if the city so determines by ordinance. 116.21
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Aitkin and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

#### Sec. 13. CITY OF BLACKDUCK; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 116.26 section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters 116.27 at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 116.28 the city of Blackduck may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent 116.29 for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 116.30 the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, 116.31 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed 116.32 under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other 116.33 116.34 special law.

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117.1	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
117.2	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Blackduck to pay the costs of collecting
117.3	and administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing
117.4	and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:
117.5	(1) \$200,000 plus associated bonding costs for improvements to a city campground;
117.6	(2) \$300,000 plus associated bonding costs for improvements to a walking trail;
117.7	(3) \$250,000 plus associated bonding costs for improvements to a wayside rest;
117.8	(4) \$150,000 plus associated bonding costs for golf course irrigation improvements; and
117.9	(5) \$100,000 plus associated bonding costs for reconstruction of a library.
117.10	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Blackduck may issue bonds under Minnesota
117.11	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in
117.12	subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section
117.13	297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued
117.14	under this subdivision may not exceed \$1,000,000 for the projects listed in subdivision 2,
117.15	plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.
117.16	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of
117.17	Blackduck, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under
117.18	this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
117.19	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
117.20	of Blackduck, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay
117.21	principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election
117.22	to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
117.23	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
117.24	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 20 years
117.25	after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
117.26	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
117.27	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
117.28	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
117.29	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
117.30	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
117.31	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
117.32	of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the

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general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 118.1 118.2 if the city so determines by ordinance.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Blackduck and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

#### Sec. 14. CITY OF BLOOMINGTON; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

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- Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Bloomington may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one 118.10 118.11 percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, 118.12 administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. 118.13 The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed 118.14 under any other special law. 118.15
- 118.16 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. (a) The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Bloomington to pay the costs of 118.17 collecting and administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, 118.18 including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the 118.19 118.20 following projects:
- (1) \$32,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of improvements and 118.21 rehabilitation of the Bloomington Ice Garden and associated infrastructure; 118.22
- (2) \$70,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new Community 118.23 Health and Wellness Center and associated infrastructure; 118.24
- (3) \$33,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of an expansion to the 118.25 Bloomington Center for the Arts Concert Hall and associated infrastructure; and 118.26
- (4) \$15,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of and improvements to 118.27 the Dwan Golf Course and associated infrastructure. 118.28
- 118.29 (b)(1) For purposes of this subdivision, "associated infrastructure" includes any or all of the following activities: demolition, reconstruction, expansion, improvement, construction, 118.30 or rehabilitation, related to the existing facility or the new project, or both. 118.31

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119.1	(2) Associated infrastructure activities described in clause (1) include but are not limited
119.2	to the following activities associated with the capital project or projects that are needed for
119.3	safe access or use: facilities, roads, lighting, sidewalks, parking, landscaping, or utilities.
119.4	(3) Costs include all the costs associated with delivering the projects.
119.5	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Bloomington may issue bonds under
119.6	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities
119.7	authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes,
119.8	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds
119.9	issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$150,000,000 for the projects listed in
119.10	subdivision 2, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.
119.11	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of
119.12	Bloomington, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under
119.13	this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
119.14	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
119.15	of Bloomington, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay
119.16	principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election
119.17	to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
119.18	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
119.19	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 20 years
119.20	after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
119.21	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
119.22	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
119.23	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
119.24	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
119.25	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
119.26	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
119.27	of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the
119.28	general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time
119.29	if the city so determines by ordinance.
119.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
119.31	city of Bloomington and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
119.32	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

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# Sec. 15. CITY OF BROOKLYN CENTER; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

120.1

120.2	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
120.3	section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters
120.4	at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3,
120.5	the city of Brooklyn Center may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one
120.6	percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this
120.7	section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition,
120.8	administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.
120.9	The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed
120.10	under any other special law.
120.11	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
120.12	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Brooklyn Center to pay the costs of collecting
120.13	and administering the tax and to finance up to \$55,000,000, plus associated bonding costs,
120.14	for the renovation and expansion of the Brooklyn Center Community Center.
120.15	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Brooklyn Center may issue bonds under
120.16	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities
120.17	authorized in subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this
120.18	subdivision may not exceed \$55,000,000 plus an amount to be applied to the payment of
120.19	the costs of issuing the bonds.
120.20	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Brooklyn
120.21	Center, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1 and the full faith and credit of the
120.22	city. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes,
120.23	sections 275.60 and 275.61.
120.24	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
120.25	of Brooklyn Center and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay
120.26	principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election
120.27	to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
120.28	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
120.29	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 20 years
120.30	after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
120.31	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
120.32	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
120.33	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
120.34	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as

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otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 121.1 any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 121.2 121.3 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 121.4 if the city so determines by ordinance. 121.5 121.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Brooklyn Center and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 121.7 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 121.8 Sec. 16. CITY OF EAST GRAND FORKS; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 121.9 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 121.10 121.11 section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 121.12 the city of East Grand Forks may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of 1.25 percent 121.13 for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 121.14 the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, 121.15 121.16 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other 121.17 special law. 121.18 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 121.19 121.20 under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of East Grand Forks to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, 121.21 including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the 121.22 121.23 following projects: (1) \$15,500,000 plus associated bonding costs for reconstruction and remodeling of, 121.24 121.25 and upgrades and additions to, the Civic Center Sports Complex; and (2) \$6,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for reconstruction and remodeling of, and 121.26 upgrades and additions to, the VFW Memorial and Blue Line Arena. 121.27 121.28 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of East Grand Forks may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities 121.29 authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, 121.30 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds 121.31 121.32 issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$21,000,000 for the projects listed in subdivision 2, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.

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121.33

122.1	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of East
122.2	Grand Forks, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1 and the full faith and credit
122.3	of the city. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes,
122.4	sections 275.60 and 275.61.
122.5	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
122.6	of East Grand Forks and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay
122.7	principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election
122.8	to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
122.9	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
122.10	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 20 years
122.11	after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
122.12	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
122.13	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
122.14	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
122.15	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
122.16	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
122.17	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
122.18	of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the
122.19	general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time
122.20	if the city so determines by ordinance.
122.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
122.22	city of East Grand Forks and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes,
122.23	section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
122.24	Sec. 17. CITY OF GOLDEN VALLEY; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
122.25	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
122.26	section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters
122.27	at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3,
122.28	the city of Golden Valley may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of three-quarters of
122.29	one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in
122.30	this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition,
122.31	administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.
122.32	The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed
122.33	under any other special law.

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123.1	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
123.2	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Golden Valley to pay the costs of collecting
123.3	and administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing
123.4	and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:
123.5	(1) \$38,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new public works
123.6	facility; and
123.7	(2) \$35,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new public safety
123.8	facility.
123.9	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Golden Valley may issue bonds under
123.10	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the projects
123.11	authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes,
123.12	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds
123.13	issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$73,000,000 for the projects listed in
123.14	subdivision 2, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.
123.15	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Golden
123.16	Valley, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
123.17	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
123.18	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
123.19	of Golden Valley, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay
123.20	principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election
123.21	to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
123.22	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
123.23	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 30 years
123.24	after the tax is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
123.25	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
123.26	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
123.27	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
123.28	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
123.29	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
123.30	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
123.31	of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, must be placed in the
123.32	general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time
123.33	if the city so determines by ordinance.

Item 11. Article 7 Sec. 17. 123

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Golden Valley and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

#### Sec. 18. CITY OF HENDERSON; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

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- Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 124.5 section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters 124.6 at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 124.7 the city of Henderson may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent 124.8 124.9 for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, 124.10 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed 124.11 under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 124.13 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 124.14 under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Henderson to pay the costs of collecting 124.15 124.16 and administering the tax, and to finance up to \$240,000 plus associated bonding costs for the Allanson's Park Campground and Trail project. Authorized project costs include 124.17 improvements to trails, improvements to the park campground and related facilities, utility 124.18 improvements, handicap access improvements, and other improvements related to linkage 124.19 to other local trails, as well as the associated bond costs for any bonds issued under 124.20 subdivision 3. 124.21 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Henderson may issue bonds under Minnesota 124.22 124.23 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance up to \$240,000 of the portion of the costs of the project authorized in subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, 124.24 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds 124.25 issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$240,000 plus an amount to be applied to the 124.26 payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. 124.27 (b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of 124.28 Henderson, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under 124.29 124.30 this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. (c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city 124.31
- principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

of Henderson, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay

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125.1	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
125.2	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 15 years
125.3	after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
125.4	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
125.5	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
125.6	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
125.7	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
125.8	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
125.9	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
125.10	of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the
125.11	general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time
125.12	if the city so determines by ordinance.
125.13	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
125.14	city of Henderson and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
125.15	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
125.16	Sec. 19. LAKE OF THE WOODS COUNTY LODGING TAX AUTHORIZED.
125.17	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other provision of
125.18	law, ordinance, or city charter, and subject to the limitation in paragraph (b), the Board of
125.19	Commissioners of Lake of the Woods County may impose, by ordinance, a tax of up to
125.20	three percent on gross receipts in Lake of the Woods County subject to the lodging tax
125.21	provisions under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190.
125.22	(b) The provisions of paragraph (a) do not apply to the city of Baudette or any statutory
125.23	or home rule city or town located in Lake of the Woods County that imposes a lodging tax
125.24	under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190. The total tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes,
125.25	section 469.190, and this section, must not exceed three percent.
125.26	(c) To the extent not inconsistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190, this section
125.27	is governed by Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190.
125.28	(d) Revenues derived from taxes imposed under this section must be used to fund a new
125.29	Lake of the Woods County Event and Visitors Bureau as established by the Board of
125.30	Commissioners of Lake of the Woods County, for purposes of marketing Lake of the Woods
125.31	County. The Board of Commissioners must annually review the budget of the Event and
125.32	Visitors Bureau. The Event and Visitors Bureau may receive revenues raised from the taxes
125.33	imposed under this section only upon annual approval by the Board of Commissioners of
125.34	the Event and Visitors Bureau budget.

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 126.1 Lake of the Woods County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, 126.2 126.3 section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

## Sec. 20. CITY OF PARK RAPIDS; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

- 126.4 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 126.5 section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, 126.6 and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, 126.7 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Park Rapids may impose by ordinance a sales 126.8 126.9 and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 126.10 govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized 126.11 under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 126.13 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. Notwithstanding the requirements of 126.14 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), the revenues derived 126.15 126.16 from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Park Rapids to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for the following arterial roadway 126.17 improvement projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued 126.18 to finance all or part of the following projects: 126.19 126.20 (1) \$3,201,000, plus associated bonding costs, for improvements to 12th Street and Eastern Avenue from the southeast into the city; 126.21 (2) \$2,377,000, plus associated bonding costs, for improvements to 8th Street and Fishhook Avenue from the south into the city; the north side into the city and the Walmart retail area; (4) \$1,261,000, plus associated bonding costs, for improvements to Huntsinger Avenue 126.26
- 126.22 126.23
- (3) \$1,309,500, plus associated bonding costs, for improvements to Kaywood Drive on 126.24 126.25
- 126.27 on the east side into the city and near Park Rapids High School; and
- (5) \$651,500, plus associated bonding costs, for improvements to Main Avenue South 126.28 126.29 into the city's downtown business district.
- Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Park Rapids may issue bonds under 126.30 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the projects 126.31 authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, 126.32 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds 126.33

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issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$8,799,500 for the projects listed in subdivision
 2, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.
 (b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Park
 Rapids, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this

subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.

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(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of Park Rapids, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 20 years after the tax is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, must be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Park Rapids and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

#### Sec. 21. CITY OF PROCTOR; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 127.26 section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters 127.27 at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 127.28 the city of Proctor may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent 127.29 for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 127.30 the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, 127.31 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed 127.32 under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other 127.33 127.34 special law.

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128.1	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
128.2	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Proctor to pay the costs of collecting and
128.3	administering the tax and to finance up to \$3,850,000 plus associated bonding costs for
128.4	construction of a new regional and statewide trail spur in the city, including securing and
128.5	paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the project.
128.6	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Proctor may issue bonds under Minnesota
128.7	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in
128.8	subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may
128.9	not exceed \$3,850,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing
128.10	the bonds.
128.11	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Proctor,
128.12	including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
128.13	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
128.14	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
128.15	of Proctor, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
128.16	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
128.17	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
128.18	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
128.19	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 20 years
128.20	after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
128.21	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2, plus
128.22	an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under
128.23	subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota
128.24	Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment
128.25	of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes,
128.26	section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax
128.27	imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by
128.28	ordinance.
128.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
128.30	city of Proctor and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,

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subdivisions 2 and 3.

# Sec. 22. RICE COUNTY; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

129.1

129.2	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
129.3	section 477A.016, or any other law or ordinance, and if approved by the voters at a general
129.4	election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, Rice County
129.5	may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of three-eighths of one percent for the purposes
129.6	specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of
129.7	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and
129.8	enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this
129.9	subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special
129.10	<u>law.</u>
129.11	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
129.12	under subdivision 1 must be used by Rice County to pay the costs of collecting and
129.13	administering the tax and paying for up to \$77,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for
129.14	construction of a public safety facility in the county, including associated bond costs for
129.15	any bonds issued under subdivision 3.
129.16	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) Rice County may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes,
129.17	chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in subdivision
129.18	2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
129.19	subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this
129.20	subdivision may not exceed \$77,000,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of
129.21	the costs of issuing the bonds.
129.22	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to Rice County,
129.23	including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
129.24	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
129.25	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to Rice
129.26	County, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
129.27	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
129.28	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
129.29	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
129.30	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 30 years
129.31	after being first imposed, or (2) when the county board of commissioners determines that
129.32	the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under
129.33	subdivision 2, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds
129.34	authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided

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in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining 130.1 after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under 130.2 130.3 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of the county. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the county 130.4 so determines by ordinance. 130.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of Rice 130.6 County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 130.7 130.8 subdivisions 2 and 3. Sec. 23. CITY OF ROSEVILLE; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 130.9 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 130.10 130.11 section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 130.12 the city of Roseville may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent 130.13 for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 130.14 the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, 130.15 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed 130.17 under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 130.18 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 130.19 under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Roseville to pay the costs of collecting and 130.20 administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing 130.21 and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects: 130.22 130.23 (1) \$42,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new maintenance 130.24 facility; 130.25 (2) \$7,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new license and passport center; and 130.26 130.27 (3) \$16,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a pedestrian bridge. Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Roseville may issue bonds under Minnesota 130.28 130.29 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 130.30 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued 130.31 under this subdivision may not exceed \$65,000,000 for the projects listed in subdivision 2, 130.32

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plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.

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131.1	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Roseville,
131.2	including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
131.3	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
131.4	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
131.5	of Roseville, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
131.6	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
131.7	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
131.8	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
131.9	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 16 years
131.10	after the tax is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
131.11	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
131.12	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
131.13	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
131.14	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
131.15	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
131.16	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
131.17	of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the
131.18	general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time
131.19	if the city so determines by ordinance.
131.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
131.21	city of Roseville and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
131.22	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
131.23	Sec. 24. WINONA COUNTY; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
131.24	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
131.25	section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters
131.26	at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3,
131.27	Winona County may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of one-quarter of one percent
131.28	for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
131.29	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
131.30	collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed
131.31	under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other
131.32	special law.
131.33	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized

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131.34 under subdivision 1 must be used by Winona County to pay the costs of collecting and

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132.1	administering the tax, and to finance up to \$28,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for
132.2	construction of a new correctional facility or upgrades to an existing correctional facility,
132.3	as well as the associated bond costs for any bonds issued under subdivision 3.
132.4	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) Winona County may issue bonds under Minnesota
132.5	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in
132.6	subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may
132.7	not exceed \$28,000,000, plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the
132.8	bonds.
132.9	(b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the county, including
132.10	the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not
132.11	subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
132.12	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the county.
132.13	Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest
132.14	on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds
132.15	under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
132.16	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
132.17	earlier of: (1) 25 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the county determines that
132.18	it has received from this tax \$28,000,000 to fund the project listed in subdivision 2, plus an
132.19	amount sufficient to pay costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision
132.20	3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes,
132.21	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the
132.22	allowed costs due to timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section
132.23	297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the county's general fund. The tax imposed
132.24	under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the county determines by ordinance.
132.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of
132.26	Winona County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
132.27	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
132.28	Sec. 25. PANDEMIC-RELATED CONSTRUCTION COSTS; TEMPORARY
132.29	AUTHORITY FOR INCREASE.
132.30	(a) This section is intended as a response to pandemic-related increases in construction
132.31	costs for projects funded by local sales taxes governed under Minnesota Statutes, section
132.32	<u>297A.99.</u>

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133.1	(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 2, the amount
133.2	authorized to finance a project authorized in Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14,
133.3	article 8, may be increased by up to ten percent. The governing body of the political
133.4	subdivision shall adopt a resolution indicating approval of the increased amount for each
133.5	project. The increase allowed under this section applies only to political subdivisions that
133.6	have not held an election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision
133.7	3, paragraph (a). The question to approve the tax must indicate the amount approved in the
133.8	resolution.
133.9	(c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 2, the amount
133.10	authorized to finance a project authorized in this act may be increased by up to ten percent
133.11	if the governing body of the political subdivision adopts a resolution indicating approval
133.12	of the increased amount for each project. The question to approve the tax as required under
133.13	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), must indicate the amount
133.14	approved in the resolution.
133.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
133.16	ARTICLE 8
133.17	TAX INCREMENT FINANCING
133.18	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.174, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
133.19	Subd. 14. <b>Administrative expenses.</b> (a) "Administrative expenses" or "administrative
133.20	costs" means all documented expenditures of an authority other than or municipality,
133.21	including but not limited to:
133.22	(1) amounts paid for services provided by bond counsel, fiscal consultants, and economic
133.23	development consultants;
133.24	(2) allocated expenses and staff time of the authority or municipality for administering
133.25	a project, including but not limited to preparing the tax increment financing plan, negotiating
133.26	and preparing agreements, accounting for segregated funds of the district, preparing and
133.27	submitting required reporting for the district, and reviewing and monitoring compliance
133.28	with sections 469.174 to 469.1794;
133.29	(3) amounts paid to publish annual disclosures and provide notices under section 469.175;
133.30	(4) amounts to provide for the usual and customary maintenance and operation of
133.31	properties purchased with tax increments, including necessary reserves for repairs and the

Item 11. Article 8 Section 1. 133

134.1	(5) amounts allocated or paid to prepare a development action response plan for a soils
134.2	condition district or hazardous substance subdistrict; and
134.3	(6) amounts used to pay bonds, interfund loans, or other financial obligations to the
134.4	extent those obligations were used to finance costs described in clauses (1) to (5).
134.5	(b) Administrative expenses and administrative costs do not include:
134.6	(1) amounts paid for the purchase of land and buildings;
134.7	(2) amounts paid to contractors or others providing materials and services, including
134.8	architectural and engineering services, directly connected with the physical development
134.9	of the real property in the project, including architectural and engineering services and
134.10	materials and services for demolition, soil correction, and the construction or installation
134.11	of public improvements;
134.12	(3) relocation benefits paid to or services provided for persons residing or businesses
134.13	located in the project;
134.14	(4) amounts used to pay principal or interest on, fund a reserve for, or sell at a discount
134.15	bonds issued pursuant to section 469.178; or
134.16	(5) (4) amounts paid for property taxes or payments in lieu of taxes; and
134.17	(5) amounts used to pay principal or interest on, fund a reserve for, or sell at a discount
134.18	bonds issued pursuant to section 469.178 or other financial obligations to the extent those
134.19	obligations were used to finance costs described in clauses (1) to $\frac{(3)}{(4)}$ .
134.20	For districts for which the requests for certifications were made before August 1, 1979,
134.21	or after June 30, 1982, "administrative expenses" includes amounts paid for services provided
134.22	by bond counsel, fiscal consultants, and planning or economic development consultants.
134.23	This definition does not apply to administrative expenses or administrative costs referenced
134.24	under section 469.176, subdivision 4h.
134.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
134.26	applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.
124.27	See 2. Minnesote Statutes 2020, section 460 174, is amended by adding a subdivision to
134.27	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.174, is amended by adding a subdivision to
134.28	read:
134.29	Subd. 30. Pay-as-you-go contract and note. "Pay-as-you-go contract and note" means
134.30	a written note or contractual obligation under which all of the following apply:

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135.1	(1) the note or contractual obligation evidences an authority's commitment to reimburse
135.2	a developer, property owner, or note holder for the payment of costs of activities, including
135.3	any interest on unreimbursed costs;
135.4	(2) the reimbursement is made from tax increment revenues identified in the note or
135.5	contractual obligation as received by a municipality or authority as taxes are paid; and
135.6	(3) the risk that available tax increments may be insufficient to fully reimburse the costs
135.7	is borne by the developer, property owner, or note holder.
135.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
135.9	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.176, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
135.10	Subd. 3. Limitation on administrative expenses. (a) For districts for which certification
135.11	was requested before August 1, 2001, no tax increment shall be used to pay any
135.12	administrative expenses for a project which exceed ten percent of the total estimated tax
135.13	increment expenditures authorized by the tax increment financing plan or ten percent of the
135.14	total tax increment expenditures for the project net of any amounts returned to the county
135.15	auditor as excess increment, as returned increment under section 469.1763, subdivision 4,
135.16	paragraph (g), or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, whichever is less.
135.17	(b) For districts for which certification was requested after July 31, 2001, no tax increment
135.18	may be used to pay any administrative expenses for a project which exceed ten percent of
135.19	total estimated tax increment expenditures authorized by the tax increment financing plan
135.20	or ten percent of the total tax increments, as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 25,
135.21	clause (1), from received for the district net of any amounts returned to the county auditor
135.22	as excess increment, as returned increment under section 469.1763, subdivision 4, paragraph
135.23	(g), or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, whichever is less.
135.24	(c) Increments used to pay the county's administrative expenses under subdivision 4h
135.25	are not subject to the percentage limits in this subdivision.
135.26	(d) Increments defined under section 469.174, subdivision 25, clause (2), used for
135.27	administrative expenses described under section 469.174, subdivision 14, paragraph (a),
135.28	clause (4), are not subject to the percentage limits in this subdivision.
135.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
135.30	applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.

Item 11. Article 8 Sec. 3. 135

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.176, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

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Subd. 4. Limitation on use of tax increment; general rule. All revenues derived from tax increment shall be used in accordance with the tax increment financing plan. The revenues shall be used solely for the following purposes: (1) to pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued to finance a project; (2) by a rural development financing authority for the purposes stated in section 469.142; by a port authority or municipality exercising the powers of a port authority to finance or otherwise pay the cost of redevelopment pursuant to sections 469.048 to 469.068; by an economic development authority to finance or otherwise pay the cost of redevelopment pursuant to sections 469.090 to 469.108; by a housing and redevelopment authority or economic development authority to finance or otherwise pay public redevelopment costs pursuant to sections 469.001 to 469.047; by a municipality or economic development authority to finance or otherwise pay the capital and administration costs of a development district pursuant to sections 469.124 to 469.133; by a municipality or authority to finance or otherwise pay the costs of developing and implementing a development action response plan; by a municipality or redevelopment agency to finance or otherwise pay premiums for insurance or other security guaranteeing the payment when due of principal of and interest on the bonds pursuant to chapter 462C, sections 469.152 to 469.165, or both, or to accumulate and maintain a reserve securing the payment when due of the principal of and interest on the bonds pursuant to chapter 462C, sections 469.152 to 469.165, or both, which revenues in the reserve shall not exceed, subsequent to the fifth anniversary of the date of issue of the first bond issue secured by the reserve, an amount equal to 20 percent of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding and nondefeased bonds secured by the reserve; and (3) to pay administrative expenses.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.176, subdivision 4c, is amended to read:

Subd. 4c. **Economic development districts.** (a) Revenue derived from tax increment from an economic development district may not be used to provide improvements, loans, subsidies, grants, interest rate subsidies, or assistance in any form to developments consisting of buildings and ancillary facilities, if more than 15 percent of the buildings and facilities (determined on the basis of square footage) are used for a purpose other than:

136.32 (1) the manufacturing or production of tangible personal property, including processing resulting in the change in condition of the property;

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137.1 (2) warehousing, storage, and distribution of tangible personal property, excluding retail sales;

- (3) research and development related to the activities listed in clause (1) or (2);
- (4) telemarketing if that activity is the exclusive use of the property;
- 137.5 (5) tourism facilities;

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- 137.6 (6) space necessary for and related to the activities listed in clauses (1) to (5); or
- 137.7 (7) a workforce housing project that satisfies the requirements of paragraph (d).
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, revenues derived from tax 137.8 increment from an economic development district may be used to provide improvements, 137.9 loans, subsidies, grants, interest rate subsidies, or assistance in any form for up to 15,000 137.10 square feet of any separately owned commercial facility located within the municipal 137.11 jurisdiction of a small city, if the revenues derived from increments are spent only to assist 137.12 the facility directly or for administrative expenses, the assistance is necessary to develop 137.13 the facility, and all of the increments, except those for administrative expenses, are spent 137.14 only for activities within the district. If the separately owned commercial facility is a 137.15 multilevel facility, the 15,000 square feet limitation under this paragraph shall apply to the 137.16 first floor only. For purposes of this paragraph, "first floor" means the floor at street level. 137.17
  - (c) A city is a small city for purposes of this subdivision if the city was a small city in the year in which the request for certification was made and applies for the rest of the duration of the district, regardless of whether the city qualifies or ceases to qualify as a small city.
- (d) A project qualifies as a workforce housing project under this subdivision if:
- (1) increments from the district are used exclusively to assist in the acquisition of property; construction of improvements; and provision of loans or subsidies, grants, interest rate subsidies, public infrastructure, and related financing costs for rental housing developments in the municipality;
- 137.27 (2) the governing body of the municipality made the findings for the project required by section 469.175, subdivision 3, paragraph (f); and
- (3) the governing bodies of the county and the school district, following receipt, review, and discussion of the materials required by section 469.175, subdivision 2, for the tax increment financing district, have each approved the tax increment financing plan, by resolution.

Item 11. Article 8 Sec. 5. 137

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for districts for which the request for 138.1 certification was made after December 31, 2021. 138.2

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, is amended 138.3 to read: 138.4

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- Subd. 2. Expenditures outside district. (a) For each tax increment financing district, an amount equal to at least 75 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district must be expended on activities in the district or to pay bonds, to the extent that the proceeds of the bonds were used to finance activities in the district or to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other than redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 138.10 1995, the in-district percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 80 percent. Not 138.11 more than 25 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district may be expended, through a development fund or otherwise, on activities 138.13 138.14 outside of the district but within the defined geographic area of the project except to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other than 138.15 redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 1995, 138.16 the pooling percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 20 percent. The revenues 138.17 derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district that are expended on costs 138.18 under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, paragraph (b), may be deducted first before calculating 138.19 the percentages that must be expended within and without the district. 138.20
- 138.21 (b) In the case of a housing district, a housing project, as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 11, is an activity in the district. 138.22
- (c) All administrative expenses are considered to be expenditures for activities outside of the district, except that if the only expenses for activities outside of the district under this 138.24 subdivision are for the purposes described in paragraph (d), administrative expenses will 138.25 be considered as expenditures for activities in the district. 138.26
- (d) The authority may elect, in the tax increment financing plan for the district, to increase 138.27 by up to ten percentage points the permitted amount of expenditures for activities located 138.28 outside the geographic area of the district under paragraph (a). As permitted by section 138.29 469.176, subdivision 4k, the expenditures, including the permitted expenditures under 138.30 paragraph (a), need not be made within the geographic area of the project. Expenditures 138.31 that meet the requirements of this paragraph are legally permitted expenditures of the district, 138.32 notwithstanding section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, and 4j. To qualify for the increase 138.33 under this paragraph, the expenditures must: 138.34

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139.1	(1) be used exclusively to assist housing that meets the requirement for a qualified
139.2	low-income building, as that term is used in section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
139.3	(2) not exceed the qualified basis of the housing, as defined under section 42(c) of the
139.4	Internal Revenue Code, less the amount of any credit allowed under section 42 of the Internal
139.5	Revenue Code; and
139.6	(3) be used to:
139.7	(i) acquire and prepare the site of the housing;
139.8	(ii) acquire, construct, or rehabilitate the housing; or
139.9	(iii) make public improvements directly related to the housing; or
139.10	(4) be used to develop housing:
139.11	(i) if the market value of the housing does not exceed the lesser of:
139.12	(A) 150 percent of the average market value of single-family homes in that municipality;
139.13	or
139.14	(B) \$200,000 for municipalities located in the metropolitan area, as defined in section
139.15	473.121, or \$125,000 for all other municipalities; and
139.16	(ii) if the expenditures are used to pay the cost of site acquisition, relocation, demolition
139.17	of existing structures, site preparation, and pollution abatement on one or more parcels, if
139.18	the parcel contains a residence containing one to four family dwelling units that has been
139.19	vacant for six or more months and is in foreclosure as defined in section 325N.10, subdivision
139.20	7, but without regard to whether the residence is the owner's principal residence, and only
139.21	after the redemption period has expired; or
139.22	(5) to assist owner-occupied housing that meets the requirements of section 469.1761,
139.23	subdivision 2.
139.24	(e) The authority under paragraph (d), clause (4), expires on December 31, 2016.
139.25	Increments may continue to be expended under this authority after that date, if they are used
139.26	to pay bonds or binding contracts that would qualify under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), if
139.27	December 31, 2016, is considered to be the last date of the five-year period after certification
139.28	under that provision.
139.29	(f) For purposes of determining whether the minimum percentage of expenditures for
139.30	activities in the district and maximum percentages of expenditures allowed on activities
139.31	outside the district have been met under this subdivision, any amounts returned to the county
139.32	auditor as excess increment, as returned increment under subdivision 4, paragraph (g), or

Item 11. Article 8 Sec. 6. 139

as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, shall first be subtracted from the total revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district. Any other amounts returned to the county auditor for purposes other than a remedy under section 469.1771, subdivision 3, are considered to be expenditures for activities in the district.

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- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all districts with a request for certification date after April 30, 1990, except that paragraph (f) shall apply to districts decertifying after December 31, 2022.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Five-year rule.** (a) Revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district that are considered to have been expended on an activity within the district under will instead be considered to have been expended on an activity outside the district for purposes of subdivision 2 only if one of the following occurs unless:
- 140.14 (1) before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues are actually paid to a third party with respect to the activity;
- (2) bonds, the proceeds of which must be used to finance the activity, are issued and sold to a third party before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues are spent to repay the bonds, and the proceeds of the bonds either are, on the date of issuance, reasonably expected to be spent before the end of the later of (i) the five-year period, or (ii) a reasonable temporary period within the meaning of the use of that term under section 140.21 148(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, or are deposited in a reasonably required reserve or replacement fund;
  - (3) binding contracts with a third party are entered into for performance of the activity before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are spent under the contractual obligation;
- (4) costs with respect to the activity are paid before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are spent to reimburse a party for payment of the costs, including interest on unreimbursed costs; or
- (5) expenditures are made revenues are spent for housing purposes as permitted described by subdivision 2, paragraphs paragraph (b) and (d), or for public infrastructure purposes within a zone as permitted by subdivision 2, paragraph (e).
- (b) For purposes of this subdivision, bonds include subsequent refunding bonds if the original refunded bonds meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2).

Item 11. Article 8 Sec. 7. 140

05/08/22 11:30 am **COUNSEL** NP/ESS/TG SCH3669A-1 (c) For a redevelopment district or a renewal and renovation district certified after June 141.1 30, 2003, and before April 20, 2009, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are 141.2 extended to ten years after certification of the district. For a redevelopment district certified 141.3 after April 20, 2009, and before June 30, 2012, the five-year periods described in paragraph 141.4 (a) are extended to eight years after certification of the district. This extension is provided 141.5 primarily to accommodate delays in development activities due to unanticipated economic 141.6 circumstances. 141.7 141.8 (d) For a redevelopment district that was certified after December 31, 2017, and before June 30, 2020, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are extended to eight years 141.9 after certification of the district. 141.10 141.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all districts with a request for certification date after April 30, 1990. 141.12 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, is amended 141.13 to read: 141.14 141.15 Subd. 4. Use of revenues for decertification. (a) In each year beginning with the sixth year following certification of the district, or beginning with the ninth year following 141.16 certification of the district for districts whose five-year rule is extended to eight years under 141.17 141.18

- Subd. 4. Use of revenues for decertification. (a) In each year beginning with the sixth year following certification of the district, or beginning with the ninth year following certification of the district for districts whose five-year rule is extended to eight years under subdivision 3, paragraph (d), if the applicable in-district percent of the revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district exceeds the amount of expenditures that have been made for costs permitted under subdivision 3, an amount equal to the difference between the in-district percent of the revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district and the amount of expenditures that have been made for costs permitted under subdivision 3 must be used and only used to pay or defease the following or be set aside to pay the following:
- (1) outstanding bonds, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a), clause (2), and (b);
- 141.26 (2) contracts, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4);

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- (3) credit enhanced bonds to which the revenues derived from tax increments are pledged,
  but only to the extent that revenues of the district for which the credit enhanced bonds were
  issued are insufficient to pay the bonds and to the extent that the increments from the
  applicable pooling percent share for the district are insufficient; or
- 141.31 (4) the amount provided by the tax increment financing plan to be paid under subdivision
  141.32 2, paragraphs (b), (d), and (e).

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142.1	(b) The (a) Beginning with the sixth year following certification of the district, or
142.2	beginning with the year following the extended period for districts whose five-year period
142.3	is extended under subdivision 3, paragraphs (c) and (d), a district must be decertified and
142.4	the pledge of tax increment discharged when the outstanding bonds have been defeased and
142.5	when sufficient money has been set aside to pay, based on the product of the applicable
142.6	in-district percentage multiplied by the increment to be cumulative revenues derived from
142.7	tax increments paid by properties in the district that have been collected through the end of
142.8	the calendar year, equals or exceeds an amount sufficient to pay the following amounts:
142.9	(1) contractual any costs and obligations as defined described in subdivision 3, paragraph
142.10	paragraphs (a), clauses (3) and (4); and (b), excluding those under a qualifying pay-as-you-go
142.11	contract and note;
142.12	(2) the amount specified in the tax increment financing plan for activities qualifying
142.13	under subdivision 2, paragraph (b), that have not been funded with the proceeds of bonds
142.14	qualifying under paragraph (a), clause (1); and
142.15	(3) the additional expenditures permitted by the tax increment financing plan for housing
142.16	activities under an election under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), that have not been funded
142.17	with the proceeds of bonds qualifying under paragraph (a), clause (1).
142.18	(2) any accrued interest on the costs and obligations in clause (1), payable in accordance
142.19	with the terms thereof; and
142.20	(3) any administrative expenses falling within the exception in subdivision 2, paragraph
142.21	<u>(c).</u>
142.22	(b) For districts with an outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note, the
142.23	required decertification under paragraph (a) is deferred until the end of the remaining term
142.24	of the last outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note, and the applicable
142.25	in-district percentage of cumulative revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties
142.26	in the district are sufficient to pay the obligations identified in subdivision 3, paragraphs
142.27	(a) and (b), provided that the deferral shall not exceed the district's duration limit under
142.28	section 469.176. During the deferral, beginning at the time paragraph (a) would otherwise
142.29	require decertification, the authority must annually either:
142.30	(1) remove from the district, by the end of the year, all parcels that will no longer have
142.31	their tax increment revenue pledged or subject to a qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and
142.32	note or other costs and obligations described in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and (b), after
142 33	the end of the year: or

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143.1	(2) use the applicable in-district percentage of revenues derived from tax increments
143.2	paid by those parcels to prepay an outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note
143.3	of the district or other costs and obligations described in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and
143.4	(b), or to accumulate and use revenues derived from tax increments paid by those parcels
143.5	as permitted under paragraph (i).
143.6	The authority must remove any parcels as required by this paragraph by modification
143.7	of the tax increment financing plan and notify the county auditor of the removed parcels by
143.8	the end of the same calendar year. Notwithstanding section 469.175, subdivision 4,
143.9	paragraphs (b), clause (1), and (e), the notice, discussion, public hearing, and findings
143.10	required for approval of the original plan are not required for such a modification.
143.11	(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or (b), if tax increment was pledged prior to August
143.12	1, 2022, to a bond other than a pay-as-you-go contract and note or interfund loan, and the
143.13	proceeds of the bond were used solely or in part to pay authorized costs for activities outside
143.14	the district, the requirement to decertify under paragraph (a) or remove parcels under
143.15	paragraph (b) shall not apply prior to the bond being fully paid or defeased.
143.16	(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "applicable in-district percentage" means the
143.17	percentage of tax increment revenue that is restricted for expenditures within the district,
143.18	as determined under subdivision 2, paragraphs (a) and (d), for the district.
143.19	(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note" means
143.20	a pay-as-you-go contract and note that is considered to be for activities within the district
143.21	under subdivision 3, paragraph (a).
143.22	(f) For purposes of this subdivision, the reference in paragraph (a) to cumulative revenues
143.23	derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district through the end of the calendar
143.24	year shall include any final settlement distributions made in the following January. For
143.25	purposes of the calculation in paragraph (a), any amounts returned to the county auditor as
143.26	excess increment or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, shall first be
143.27	subtracted from the cumulative revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in
143.28	the district.
143.29	(g) The timing and implementation of a decertification pursuant to paragraphs (a) and
143.30	(b) shall be subject to the following:
143.31	(1) when a decertification is required under paragraph (a) and not deferred under
143.32	paragraph (b), the authority must, as soon as practical and no later than the final settlement
143.33	distribution date of January 25 as identified in section 276.111 for the property taxes payable
143.34	in the calendar year identified in paragraph (a), make the decertification by resolution

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effective for the end of the calendar year identified in paragraph (a), and communicate the decertification to the county auditor;

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- (2) when a decertification is deferred under paragraph (b), the authority must, by

  December 31 of the year in which the last qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note reaches

  termination, make the decertification by resolution effective for the end of that calendar

  year and communicate the decertification to the county auditor;
- (3) if the county auditor is unable to prevent tax increments from being calculated for taxes payable in the year following the year for which the decertification is made effective, the county auditor may redistribute the tax increments in the same manner as excess increments under section 469.176, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (4), without first distributing them to the authority; and
- (4) if tax increments are distributed to an authority for a taxes payable year after the year for which the decertification was required to be effective, the authority must return the amount of the distributions to the county auditor for redistribution in the same manner as excess increments under section 469.176, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (4).
  - (h) The provisions of this subdivision do not apply to a housing district.
- (i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in paragraphs (a) or (b), if an authority has made the election in the tax increment financing plan for the district under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), then the requirement to decertify under paragraph (a) or remove parcels under paragraph (b) shall not apply prior to such time that the accumulated revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district that are eligible to be expended for housing purposes described under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), equals the lesser of the amount the authority is permitted to expend for housing purposes described under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), or the amount authorized for such purposes in the tax increment financing plan. Increment revenues collected after the district would have decertified under paragraph (a) or from parcels which otherwise would be subject to removal under paragraph (b), absent the exception of this paragraph, shall be used solely for housing purposes as described in subdivision 2, paragraph (d).
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all districts with a request for certification after April 30, 1990, except that the requirements under paragraph (b) to remove parcels or use revenues from such parcels as prescribed in paragraph (b) apply only to districts for which the request for certification was made after the day following final enactment.

Item 11. Article 8 Sec. 8. 144 Page 192

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1763, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 6. **Pooling permitted for deficits.** (a) This subdivision applies only to districts for which the request for certification was made before August 1, 2001, and without regard to whether the request for certification was made prior to August 1, 1979.
- (b) The municipality for the district may transfer available increments from another tax increment financing district located in the municipality, if the transfer is necessary to eliminate a deficit in the district to which the increments are transferred. The municipality may transfer increments as provided by this subdivision without regard to whether the transfer or expenditure is authorized by the tax increment financing plan for the district from which the transfer is made. A deficit in the district for purposes of this subdivision means the lesser of the following two amounts:
- (1)(i) the amount due during the calendar year to pay preexisting obligations of the district; minus the sum of
- (ii) (i) the total increments collected or to be collected from properties located within
  the district that are available for the calendar year including amounts collected in prior years
  that are currently available; plus
- (iii) (ii) total increments from properties located in other districts in the municipality including amounts collected in prior years that are available to be used to meet the district's obligations under this section, excluding this subdivision, or other provisions of law; or
- (2) the reduction in increments collected from properties located in the district for the calendar year as a result of the changes in classification rates in Laws 1997, chapter 231, article 1; Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 2; and Laws 1999, chapter 243, and Laws 2001, First Special Session chapter 5, or the elimination of the general education tax levy under Laws 2001, First Special Session chapter 5.
- The authority may compute the deficit amount under clause (1) only (without regard to the limit under clause (2)) if the authority makes an irrevocable commitment, by resolution, to use increments from the district to which increments are to be transferred and any transferred increments are only used to pay preexisting obligations and administrative expenses for the district that are required to be paid under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, paragraph (a).
  - (c) A preexisting obligation means:
- 145.32 (1) bonds issued and sold before August 1, 2001, or bonds issued pursuant to a binding contract requiring the issuance of bonds entered into before July 1, 2001, and bonds issued

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to refund such bonds or to reimburse expenditures made in conjunction with a signed contractual agreement entered into before August 1, 2001, to the extent that the bonds are secured by a pledge of increments from the tax increment financing district; and

- (2) binding contracts entered into before August 1, 2001, to the extent that the contracts require payments secured by a pledge of increments from the tax increment financing district.
- (d) The municipality may require a development authority, other than a seaway port authority, to transfer available increments including amounts collected in prior years that are currently available for any of its tax increment financing districts in the municipality to make up an insufficiency in another district in the municipality, regardless of whether the district was established by the development authority or another development authority. This authority applies notwithstanding any law to the contrary, but applies only to a development authority that:
  - (1) was established by the municipality; or

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- (2) the governing body of which is appointed, in whole or part, by the municipality or an officer of the municipality or which consists, in whole or part, of members of the governing body of the municipality. The municipality may use this authority only after it has first used all available increments of the receiving development authority to eliminate the insufficiency and exercised any permitted action under section 469.1792, subdivision 3, for preexisting districts of the receiving development authority to eliminate the insufficiency.
- (e) The authority under this subdivision to spend tax increments outside of the area of the district from which the tax increments were collected:
- (1) is an exception to the restrictions under section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, 4d, 4e, 4i, and 4j; the expenditure limits under section 469.176, subdivision 1c; and the other provisions of this section; and the percentage restrictions under subdivision 2 must be calculated after deducting increments spent under this subdivision from the total increments for the district; and
- (2) applies notwithstanding the provisions of the Tax Increment Financing Act in effect for districts for which the request for certification was made before June 30, 1982, or any other law to the contrary.
- (f) If a preexisting obligation requires the development authority to pay an amount that is limited to the increment from the district or a specific development within the district and if the obligation requires paying a higher amount to the extent that increments are available,

Item 11. Article 8 Sec. 9. 146

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the municipality may determine that the amount due under the preexisting obligation equals the higher amount and may authorize the transfer of increments under this subdivision to pay up to the higher amount. The existence of a guarantee of obligations by the individual or entity that would receive the payment under this paragraph is disregarded in the determination of eligibility to pool under this subdivision. The authority to transfer increments under this paragraph may only be used to the extent that the payment of all other preexisting obligations in the municipality due during the calendar year have been satisfied.

- (g) For transfers of increments made in calendar year 2005 and later, the reduction in increments as a result of the elimination of the general education tax levy for purposes of paragraph (b), clause (2), for a taxes payable year equals the general education tax rate for the school district under Minnesota Statutes 2000, section 273.1382, subdivision 1, for taxes payable in 2001, multiplied by the captured tax capacity of the district for the current taxes payable year.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies only to districts for which the request for certification was made before August 1, 2001, and without regard to whether the request for certification was made prior to August 1, 1, 1979.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1771, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Collection of increment.** If an authority includes or retains a parcel of property in a tax increment financing district that does not qualify for inclusion or retention within the district, the authority must pay to the county auditor an amount of money equal to the increment collected from the property for the year or years. The property must be eliminated from the original and captured tax capacity of the district effective for the current property tax assessment year. This subdivision does not apply to a failure to decertify a district at the end of the duration limit specified in the tax increment financing plan.
- 147.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1771, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. **Suspension of distribution of tax increment.** (a) If an authority fails to make a disclosure or to submit a report containing the information required by section 469.175, subdivisions 5 and 6, regarding a tax increment financing district within the time provided in section 469.175, subdivisions 5 and 6, the state auditor shall mail to the authority a written notice that it or the municipality has failed to make the required disclosure or to submit a required report with respect to a particular district. The state auditor shall mail the notice

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on or before the third Tuesday of August of the year in which the disclosure or report was required to be made or submitted. The notice must describe the consequences of failing to disclose or submit a report as provided in paragraph (b). If the state auditor has not received a copy of a disclosure or a report described in this paragraph on or before the first day of October of the year in which the disclosure or report was required to be made or submitted, the state auditor shall mail a written notice to the county auditor to hold the distribution of tax increment from a particular district.

- (b) Upon receiving written notice from the state auditor to hold the distribution of tax increment, the county auditor shall hold: all tax increment that otherwise would be distributed after receipt of the notice, until further notified under paragraph (c).
- (1) 100 percent of the amount of tax increment that otherwise would be distributed, if
  the distribution is made after the first day of October but during the year in which the
  disclosure or report was required to be made or submitted; or
  - (2) 100 percent of the amount of tax increment that otherwise would be distributed, if the distribution is made after December 31 of the year in which the disclosure or report was required to be made or submitted.
  - (c) Upon receiving the copy of the disclosure and all of the reports described in paragraph (a) with respect to a district regarding which the state auditor has mailed to the county auditor a written notice to hold distribution of tax increment, the state auditor shall mail to the county auditor a written notice lifting the hold and authorizing the county auditor to distribute to the authority or municipality any tax increment that the county auditor had held pursuant to paragraph (b). The state auditor shall mail the written notice required by this paragraph within five working days after receiving the last outstanding item. The county auditor shall distribute the tax increment to the authority or municipality within 15 working days after receiving the written notice required by this paragraph.
- (d) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any interest that accrues on tax increment while it is being held by the county auditor pursuant to paragraph (b) is not tax increment and may be retained by the county.
- (e) For purposes of sections 469.176, subdivisions 1a to 1g, and 469.177, subdivision
  148.30 11, tax increment being held by the county auditor pursuant to paragraph (b) is considered
  distributed to or received by the authority or municipality as of the time that it would have
  been distributed or received but for paragraph (b).

148.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1771, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Expenditure of increment.** If an authority expends revenues derived from tax increments, including the proceeds of tax increment bonds, (1) for a purpose that is not a permitted project under section 469.176 sections 469.174 to 469.1794, (2) for a purpose that is not permitted under section 469.176 sections 469.174 to 469.1794 for the district from which the increment was received, or (3) on activities outside of the geographic area in which the revenues may be expended under this chapter, the authority must pay to the county auditor an amount equal to the expenditures made in violation of the law.

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 13. Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6, section 12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Special rules.** (a) If the city elects, upon the adoption of the tax increment financing plan for a district, the rules under this section apply to a redevelopment district, renewal and renovation district, soil condition district, or soil deficiency district established by the city or a development authority of the city in the project area.
- (b) Prior to or upon the adoption of the first tax increment plan subject to the special rules under this subdivision, the city must find by resolution that parcels consisting of at least 80 percent of the acreage of the project area, excluding street and railroad rights-of-way, are characterized by one or more of the following conditions:
- (1) peat or other soils with geotechnical deficiencies that impair development of commercial buildings or infrastructure;
- (2) soils or terrain that require substantial filling in order to permit the development of commercial buildings or infrastructure;
- (3) landfills, dumps, or similar deposits of municipal or private waste;
- (4) quarries or similar resource extraction sites;
- 149.25 (5) floodway; and

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- 149.26 (6) substandard buildings, within the meaning of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10.
- (c) For the purposes of paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (5), a parcel is characterized by the relevant condition if at least 70 percent of the area of the parcel contains the relevant condition. For the purposes of paragraph (b), clause (6), a parcel is characterized by substandard buildings if substandard buildings occupy at least 30 percent of the area of the parcel.

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150.1	(d) The five-year rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is
150.2	extended to eight 11 years for any district;; the five-year period under Minnesota Statutes,
150.3	section 469.175, subdivision 4, paragraph (f), is extended to eight years for any district; and
150.4	Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, does not apply to any district.
150.5	(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763,
150.6	subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax
150.7	increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be
150.8	expended on activities outside the district but within the project area.
150.9	(f) For a soil deficiency district:
150.10	(1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of
150.11	the first increment from the district;
150.12	(2) increments may be used only to:
150.13	(i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur;
150.14	(ii) pay for the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies and the additional
150.15	cost of installing public improvements directly caused by the deficiencies; and
150.16	(iii) pay for the administrative expenses of the authority allocable to the district; and
150.17	(3) any parcel acquired with increments from the district must be sold at no less than
150.18	their fair market value.
150.19	(g) Increments spent for any infrastructure costs, whether inside a district or outside a
150.20	district but within the project area, are deemed to satisfy the requirements of Minnesota
150.21	Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j.
150.22	(h) The authority to approve tax increment financing plans to establish tax increment
150.23	financing districts under this section expires June 30, 2020.
150.24	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
150.25	city of Savage and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
150.26	subdivisions 2 and 3.
150.27	Sec. 14. CITY OF SHAKOPEE; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT.
150.28	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
150.29	the meanings given.

Item 11. Article 8 Sec. 14. 150

(b) "City" means the city of Shakopee.

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151.1	(c) "Project area" means the following parcels, identified by parcel identification number:
151.2	279160102, 279160110, 279170020, and 279160120.
151.3	(d) "Soil deficiency district" means a type of tax increment financing district consisting
151.4	of a portion of the project area in which the city finds by resolution that the following
151.5	conditions exist:
151.6	(1) unusual terrain or soil deficiencies that occurred over 70 percent of the acreage in
151.7	the district require substantial filling, grading, or other physical preparation for use; and
151.8	(2) the estimated cost of the physical preparation under clause (1), excluding costs
151.9	directly related to roads as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 160.01, and local
151.10	improvements as described in Minnesota Statutes, sections 429.021, subdivision 1, other
151.11	than clauses (8) to (10), and Minnesota Statutes, 430.01, exceeds the fair market value of
151.12	the land before completion of the preparation.
151.13	Subd. 2. Special rules. (a) If the city elects, upon the adoption of the tax increment
151.14	financing plan for a district, the rules under this section apply to a redevelopment district,
151.15	renewal and renovation district, soil condition district, or soil deficiency district established
151.16	by the city or a development authority of the city in the project area. The city, or a
151.17	development authority acting on its behalf, may establish one or more soil deficiency districts
151.18	within the project area.
151.19	(b) Prior to or upon the adoption of the first tax increment plan subject to the special
151.20	rules under this subdivision, the city must find by resolution that parcels consisting of at
151.21	least 70 percent of the acreage of the project area, excluding street and railroad rights-of-way,
151.22	are characterized by one or more of the following conditions:
151.23	(1) peat or other soils with geotechnical deficiencies that impair development of
151.24	residential or commercial buildings or infrastructure;
151.25	(2) soils or terrain that requires substantial filling in order to permit the development of
151.26	residential or commercial buildings or infrastructure;
151.27	(3) landfills, dumps, or similar deposits of municipal or private waste;
151.28	(4) quarries or similar resource extraction sites;
151.29	(5) floodways; and
151.30	(6) substandard buildings, within the meaning of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174,
151.31	subdivision 10.

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05/08/22 11:30 am	COUNSEL	NP/ESS/TG	SCH3669A-1
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152.1	(c) For the purposes of paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (5), a parcel is characterized by the
152.2	relevant condition if at least 60 percent of the area of the parcel contains the relevant
152.3	condition. For the purposes of paragraph (b), clause (6), a parcel is characterized by
152.4	substandard buildings if substandard buildings occupy at least 30 percent of the area of the
152.5	parcel.
152.6	(d) The five-year rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is
152.7	extended to ten years for any district, and the period under Minnesota Statutes, section
152.8	469.1763, subdivision 4, is extended to 11 years.
152.9	(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763,
152.10	subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 80 percent of the total revenue derived from tax
152.11	increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be
152.12	expended on activities outside the district but within the project area.
152.13	(f) For a soil deficiency district:
152.14	(1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of
152.15	the first increment from the district; and
152.16	(2) except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, increments may be used only to:
152.17	(i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur;
152.18	(ii) pay for the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies and the additional
152.19	cost of installing public improvements directly caused by the deficiencies; and
152.20	(iii) pay for the administrative expenses of the authority allocable to the district.
152.21	(g) The authority to approve tax increment financing plans to establish tax increment
152.22	financing districts under this section expires December 31, 2026.
152.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
152.24	city of Shakopee and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
152.25	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
152.26	Sec. 15. CITY OF WOODBURY; TIF DISTRICT NO. 13; EXPENDITURES
152.27	ALLOWED; DURATION EXTENSION.
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152.28	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, or any other
152.29	law to the contrary, the city of Woodbury may expend increments generated from Tax
152.30	Increment Financing District No. 13 for the maintenance and facility and infrastructure
152.31	upgrades to Central Park. All such expenditures are deemed expended on activities within
152.32	the district.

Item 11. Article 8 Sec. 15. 152

05/08/22 11:30 am	COUNSEL	NP/ESS/TG	SCH3669A-1
13/U8/22 11:30 am	COUNSEL	NP/E35/1G	SCH3009A-1

153.1	(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 1b, the city of
153.2	Woodbury may elect to extend the duration of Tax Increment Financing District No. 13 by
153.3	five years.
153.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective the day after the governing body of the
153.5	city of Woodbury and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
153.6	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. Paragraph (b) is effective upon compliance
153.7	by the city of Woodbury, Washington County, and Independent School District No. 833
153.8	with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021,
153.9	subdivisions 2 and 3.
153.10	ARTICLE 9
153.11	MISCELLANEOUS
153.12	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 3.192, is amended to read:
153.13	3.192 REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW OR RENEWED TAX EXPENDITURES.
153.14	(a) Any Within 60 days after final enactment of a bill that creates, renews, or continues
153.15	a tax expenditure must include, the chairs of the house of representatives and senate
153.16	committees with primary jurisdiction over taxes must submit to the Tax Expenditure Review
153.17	Commission a statement of intent that clearly provides the purpose of the tax expenditure
153.18	and a standard or goal against which its effectiveness may be measured.
153.19	(b) For purposes of this section, "tax expenditure" has the meaning given in section
153.20	270C.11, subdivision 6, and "Tax Expenditure Review Commission" has the meaning given
153.21	in section 3.855.
153.22	(c) Any bill that creates a new tax expenditure or continues an expiring tax expenditure
153.23	must include an expiration date for the tax expenditure that is no more than eight years from
153.24	the day the provision takes effect Compliance with paragraphs (a) and (b) is not subject to
153.25	judicial review.
153.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
153.27	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270C.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to
153.28	read:
153.29	Subd. 2a. Report of expiring tax expenditures. By October 1 of each year, the
153.30	commissioner shall provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
153.31	house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over taxation listing each

Item 11. Article 9 Sec. 2. 153

tax expenditure that, absent legislative action, will expire before July 1 of the following
 year.

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- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.92, subdivision 20, is amended to read:
- Subd. 20. Miscellaneous withholding arrangements. (a) For purposes of this section, 154.6 any payment or distribution to an individual as defined under section 3405(e)(2) or (3) of 154.7 the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as if it were a payment of wages by an employer 154.8 to an employee for a payroll period subject to withholding at a rate of 6.25 percent. Any 154.9 payment to an individual of sick pay which does not constitute wages, determined without 154.10 regard to this subdivision, shall be treated as if it were a payment of wages by an employer 154.11 to an employee for a payroll period, if, at the time the payment is made a request that such 154.12 sick pay be subject to withholding under this section is in effect. Sick pay means any amount 154.13 154.14 which:
- (1) is paid to an employee pursuant to a plan to which the employer is a party, and
- (2) constitutes remuneration or a payment in lieu of remuneration for any period during which the employee is temporarily absent from work on account of sickness or personal injuries.
- (b) A request for withholding, the amount withheld, and sick pay paid pursuant to certain collective bargaining agreements shall conform with the provisions of section 3402(o)(3), (4), and (5) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) The commissioner is authorized by rules to provide for withholding:
- 154.23 (1) from remuneration for services performed by an employee for the employer which, 154.24 without regard to this subdivision, does not constitute wages, and
- (2) from any other type of payment with respect to which the commissioner finds that 154.25 withholding would be appropriate under the provisions of this section, if the employer and 154.26 the employee, or in the case of any other type of payment the person making and the person receiving the payment, agree to such withholding. Such agreement shall be made in such 154.28 154.29 form and manner as the commissioner may by rules provide. For purposes of this section remuneration or other payments with respect to which such agreement is made shall be 154.30 treated as if they were wages paid by an employer to an employee to the extent that such 154.31 remuneration is paid or other payments are made during the period for which the agreement 154.32 is in effect. 154.33

Item 11. Article 9 Sec. 3. 154

(d) An individual receiving a payment or distribution under paragraph (a) may elect to have paragraph (a) not apply to the payment or distribution as follows.

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- (1) For payments defined under section 3405(e)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, and an election remains in effect until revoked by such individual.
- 155.5 (2) For distributions defined under section 3405(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, the
  155.6 election is on a distribution-by-distribution basis.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 297E.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Collection; disposition. (a) Taxes imposed by this section are due and payable 155.11 to the commissioner when the gambling tax return is required to be filed. Distributors must 155.12 155.13 file their monthly sales figures with the commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Returns covering the taxes imposed under this section must be filed with 155 14 the commissioner on or before the 20th day of the month following the close of the previous 155.15 calendar month. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of returns 155.16 or other documents pursuant to section 270C.30. The proceeds, along with the revenue received from all license fees and other fees under sections 349.11 to 349.191, 349.211, and 349.213, must be paid to the commissioner of management and budget for deposit in 155.19 the general fund. 155.20
  - (b) The sales tax imposed by chapter 297A on the sale of pull-tabs and tipboards by the distributor is imposed on the retail sales price. The retail sale of pull-tabs or tipboards by the organization is exempt from taxes imposed by chapter 297A and is exempt from all local taxes and license fees except a fee authorized under section 349.16, subdivision 8.
- (c)(1) One-half of one percent of the revenue deposited in the general fund under paragraph (a), is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for the compulsive gambling treatment program established under section 245.98. One-half of one percent of the revenue deposited in the general fund under paragraph (a), is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for a grant to the state affiliate recognized by the National Council on Problem Gambling to increase public awareness of problem gambling, education and training for individuals and organizations providing effective treatment services to problem gamblers and their families, and research relating to problem gambling. Money

Item 11. Article 9 Sec. 4. 155

appropriated by this paragraph must supplement and must not replace existing state funding for these programs.

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- (2) For fiscal years 2024 and 2025 only, the appropriations under clause (1) must be calculated without regard to the changes to the combined net receipts tax brackets in section 297E.02, subdivision 6.
- (d) The commissioner of human services must provide to the state affiliate recognized by the National Council on Problem Gambling a monthly statement of the amounts deposited under paragraph (c). Beginning January 1, 2022, the commissioner of human services must provide to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over treatment for problem gambling and to the state affiliate recognized by the National Council on Problem Gambling an annual reconciliation of the amounts deposited under paragraph (c). The annual reconciliation under this paragraph must include the amount allocated to the commissioner of human services for the compulsive gambling treatment program established under section 245.98, and the amount allocated to the state affiliate recognized by the National Council on Problem Gambling.

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

156.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297E.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Combined net receipts tax. (a) In addition to the taxes imposed under subdivision 1, a tax is imposed on the combined net receipts of the organization. As used in this section, "combined net receipts" is the sum of the organization's gross receipts from lawful gambling less gross receipts directly derived from the conduct of paper bingo, raffles, and paddlewheels, as defined in section 297E.01, subdivision 8, and less the net prizes actually paid, other than prizes actually paid for paper bingo, raffles, and paddlewheels, for the fiscal year. The combined net receipts of an organization are subject to a tax computed according to the following schedule:

156.26 156.27	If the combined net receipts for the fiscal year are:	The tax is:
156.28	Not over \$87,500 \$100,000	nine percent
156.29	Over \$87,500 \$100,000, but	\$7,875 \$9,000 plus 18 percent of the
156.30	not over \$122,500 \$150,000	amount over $\$87,500 \$100,000$ , but
156.31		not over \$122,500 \$150,000
156.32	Over \$122,500 \$150,000,	\$14,175 <u>\$18,000</u> plus 27 percent of
156.33	but not over \$157,500	the amount over $\$122,500$ $\$150,000$ ,
156.34	\$200,000	but not over \$157,500 \$200,000
156.35	Over \$157,500 \$200,000	\$23,625 <u>\$31,500</u> plus 36 percent of
156.36		the amount over \$157,500 \$200,000

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157.1	(b) Gross receipts derived from sports-themed tipboards are exempt from taxation under
157.2	this section. For purposes of this paragraph, a sports-themed tipboard means a sports-themed
157.3	tipboard as defined in section 349.12, subdivision 34, under which the winning numbers
157.4	are determined by the numerical outcome of a professional sporting event.
157.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for games reported as played after June
157.6	<u>30, 2023.</u>
157.7	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297E.021, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
157.8	Subd. 2. <b>Determination of revenue increase.</b> By March 15 of each fiscal year, the
157.9	commissioner of management and budget, in consultation with the commissioner, shall
157.10	determine the estimated increase in revenues received from taxes imposed under this chapter
157.11	over the estimated revenues under the February 2012 state budget forecast for that fiscal
157.12	year. For fiscal years after fiscal year 2015, the commissioner of management and budget
157.13	shall use the February 2012 state budget forecast for fiscal year 2015 as the a baseline of:
157.14	(1) \$29,800,000 in fiscal year 2024; and (2) \$28,700,000 in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter.
157.15	All calculations under this subdivision must be made net of estimated refunds of the taxes
157.16	required to be paid.
157.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal years 2024 and later.
157.18	ARTICLE 10
157.19 157.20	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE POLICY AND TECHNICAL: PARTNERSHIP TAXES
157.21	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, is
157.22	amended to read:
157.23	Subd. 7a. <b>Pass-through entity tax.</b> (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, the following
157.24	terms have the meanings given:
157.25	(1) "income" has the meaning given in subdivision 7, paragraph (j), modified by the
157.26	addition provided in section 290.0131, subdivision 5, and the subtraction provided in section
157.27	290.0132, subdivision 3, except that the provisions that apply to a partnership apply to a
157.28	qualifying entity and the provisions that apply to a partner apply to a qualifying owner. The
157.29	income of both a resident and nonresident qualifying owner is allocated and assigned to
157.30	this state as provided for nonresident partners and shareholders under sections 290.17,
157.31	290.191, and 290.20;

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(2) "qualifying entity" means a partnership, limited liability company taxed as a
partnership or S corporation, or S corporation including a qualified subchapter S subsidiary
organized under section 1361(b)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code. Qualifying entity does
not include a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation that has a partnership,
limited liability company other than a disregarded entity, or corporation as a partner, member,
or shareholder; and
(3) "qualifying owner" means:
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- (i) a resident or nonresident individual or estate that is a partner, member, or shareholder 158.8 of a qualifying entity; or 158.9
- (ii) a resident or nonresident trust that is a shareholder of a qualifying entity that is an 158.10 S corporation. 158.11
- (b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, in which the taxes of a 158.12 qualifying owner are limited under section 164(b)(6)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, a 158.13 qualifying entity may elect to file a return and pay the pass-through entity tax imposed under 158.14 paragraph (c). The election: 158.15
- (1) must be made on or before the due date or extended due date of the qualifying entity's 158.16 pass-through entity tax return; 158.17
- (2) may only be made by qualifying owners who collectively hold more than a 50 percent 158.18 ownership interest in the qualifying entity; 158.19
- (3) is binding on all qualifying owners who have an ownership interest in the qualifying 158.20 entity; and 158.21
- (4) once made is irrevocable for the taxable year. 158.22
- (c) Subject to the election in paragraph (b), a pass-through entity tax is imposed on a 158.23 qualifying entity in an amount equal to the sum of the tax liability of each qualifying owner.
- (d) The amount of a qualifying owner's tax liability under paragraph (c) is the amount 158.25 of the qualifying owner's income multiplied by the highest tax rate for individuals under 158.26 section 290.06, subdivision 2c. When making this determination: 158.27
- (1) nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed; 158.28 158.29 and
- (2) a credit or deduction is allowed only to the extent allowed to the qualifying owner. 158.30

Article 10 Section 1. 158 Item 11. Page 206

(e) The amount of each credit and deduction used to determine a qualifying owner's tax liability under paragraph (d) must also be used to determine that qualifying owner's income tax liability under chapter 290.

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- (f) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that a qualifying owner pay estimated tax if the qualifying owner's tax liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section 289A.25. The qualifying owner's liability to pay estimated tax on the qualifying owner's tax liability as determined under paragraph (d) is, however, satisfied when the qualifying entity pays estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25 for composite estimated tax.
- 159.10 (g) A qualifying owner's adjusted basis in the interest in the qualifying entity, and the treatment of distributions, is determined as if the election to pay the pass-through entity tax 159.11 under paragraph (b) is not made. 159.12
- (h) To the extent not inconsistent with this subdivision, for purposes of this chapter, a pass-through entity tax return must be treated as a composite return and a qualifying entity filing a pass-through entity tax return must be treated as a partnership filing a composite return. 159.16
- (i) The provisions of subdivision 17 apply to the election to pay the pass-through entity 159.17 tax under this subdivision. 159.18
  - (j) If a nonresident qualifying owner of a qualifying entity making the election to file and pay the tax under this subdivision has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the pass-through entity tax return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1, provided that the nonresident qualifying owner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the income from the qualifying entity, other electing qualifying entities, and other partnerships electing to file a composite return under subdivision 7. If it is determined that the nonresident qualifying owner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of the income and tax liability for that owner under this provision will not constitute a return to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the qualifying owner as part of the pass-through entity tax return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the qualifying owner on the date on which the pass-through entity tax return payment was made.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 159.30 after December 31, 2020. 159.31

Article 10 Section 1. 159 Item 11. Page 207

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 289A.382, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 2. Reporting and payment requirements for partnerships and tiered partners. (a) Except for when an audited partnership makes the election in subdivision 3, and except for negative federal adjustments required under federal law taken into account by the partnership in the partnership return for the adjustment or other year, all final federal adjustments of an audited partnership must comply with paragraph (b) and each direct partner of the audited partnership, other than a tiered partner, must comply with paragraph (c).
- (b) No later than 90 days after the final determination date, the audited partnership must:
- 160.11 (1) file a completed federal adjustments report, including all partner-level information 160.12 required under section 289A.12, subdivision 3, with the commissioner;
- 160.13 (2) notify each of its direct partners of their distributive share of the final federal adjustments;
- (3) file an amended composite report for all direct partners who were included in a composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, in the reviewed year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments been reported properly as required; and
  - (4) file amended withholding reports for all direct partners who were or should have been subject to nonresident withholding under section 290.92, subdivision 4b, in the reviewed year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments been reported properly as required—; and
  - (5) file an amended pass-through entity tax report for all direct partners who were included in a pass-through entity tax return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, in the reviewed year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments been reported properly as required.
- (c) No later than 180 days after the final determination date, each direct partner, other than a tiered partner, that is subject to a tax administered under this chapter, other than the sales tax, must:
- 160.30 (1) file a federal adjustments report reporting their distributive share of the adjustments 160.31 reported to them under paragraph (b), clause (2); and
- 160.32 (2) pay any additional amount of tax due as if the final federal adjustment had been 160.33 properly reported, plus any penalty and interest due under this chapter, and less any credit

Item 11. Article 10 Sec. 2. 160

for related amounts paid or withheld and remitted on behalf of the direct partner under 161.1 paragraph (b), clauses (3) and (4). 161.2

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020.

#### **ARTICLE 11**

# DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE POLICY AND TECHNICAL: SALES AND USE TAXES AND SPECIAL TAXES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 296A.083, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 161.8

Subd. 3. Surcharge rate. (a) By July 16, 2008, and each April 1 thereafter May 1 each year, the commissioner of revenue shall calculate and publish a surcharge as provided in paragraphs paragraph (b) and (c). The surcharge is imposed from August 1, 2008, through June 30, 2009, and each new surcharge thereafter is imposed the following beginning July 161.12 1 of the year it is published through June 30 of the following year.

(b) For fiscal years 2009 through 2012, the commissioner shall set the surcharge as specified in the following surcharge rate schedule.

161.16	Surcharge Rate Schedule	
161.17	Fiscal Year	Rate (in cents per gallon)
161.18	<del>2009</del>	0.5
161.19	<del>2010</del>	<del>2.1</del>
161.20	<del>2011</del>	<del>2.5</del>
161.21	<del>2012</del>	<del>3.0</del>

(c) For fiscal year 2013 and thereafter, (b) The commissioner shall set the surcharge at the lesser of (1) 3.5 cents, or (2) an amount calculated so that the total proceeds from the surcharge deposited in the trunk highway fund from fiscal year 2009 to the upcoming fiscal year equals the total amount of debt service from fiscal years 2009 to 2039, and the surcharge is rounded to the nearest 0.1 cent.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.61, subdivision 29, is amended to read: 161.28

Subd. 29. State. Unless specifically provided otherwise, "state" means any state of the 161.29 United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia, and any 161.30 territory of the United States, including American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, 161.31 Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. 161.32

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following	final enactment.
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162.2	ARTICLE 12
162.3 162.4	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE POLICY AND TECHNICAL: FIRE AND POLICE STATE AIDS
162.5	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 6.495, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
162.6	Subd. 3. Reports to commissioner of revenue. (a) On or before September 15,
162.7	November 1, March 1, and June 1, the state auditor shall must file with the commissioner
162.8	of revenue a financial compliance report certifying for each relief association:
162.9	(1) the completion of the annual financial report required under section 424A.014 and
162.10	the auditing or certification of those financial reports under subdivision 1; and
162.11	(2) the receipt of any actuarial valuations required under section 424A.093 or Laws
162.12	2013, chapter 111, article 5, sections 31 to 42.
162.13	(b) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the
162.14	financial compliance reports required by paragraph (a), pursuant to section 270C.30.
162.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
162.16	and thereafter.
162.17	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
162.18	read:
162.19	Subd. 1a. Apportionment agreement. "Apportionment agreement" means an agreement
162.20	between two or more fire departments that provide contracted fire protection service to the
162.21	same municipality and establishes the percentage of the population and the percentage of
162.22	the estimated market value within the municipality serviced by each fire department.
162.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
162.24	and thereafter.
162.25	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.01, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
162.26	Subd. 5. Fire department. (a) "Fire department" includes means:
162.27	(1) a municipal fire department and;
162.28	(2) an independent nonprofit firefighting corporation-;
162.29	(3) a fire department established as or operated by a joint powers entity; or
162.30	(4) a fire protection special taxing district established under chapter 144F or special law.

Item 11. Article 12 Sec. 3. 162

163.1	(b)	This subdivision only applies to this chapter.
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163.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023

- and thereafter.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
- 163.5 read:
- Subd. 7a. Joint powers entity. "Joint powers entity" means a joint powers entity created
- 163.7 under section 471.59.
- 163.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
- 163.9 and thereafter.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.01, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Municipality.** (a) "Municipality" means:
- (1) a home rule charter or statutory city;
- 163.13 (2) an organized town;
- (3) a park district subject to chapter 398 a joint powers entity;
- 163.15 (4) the University of Minnesota a fire protection special taxing district; and or
- 163.16 (5) an American Indian tribal government entity located within a federally recognized
- 163.17 American Indian reservation.
- (b) This subdivision only applies to this chapter 477B.
- 163.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
- 163.20 and thereafter.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.01, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
- Subd. 11. **Secretary.** (a) "Secretary" means:
- (1) the secretary of an independent nonprofit firefighting corporation that has a subsidiary
- incorporated firefighters' relief association or whose firefighters participate in the statewide
- 163.25 volunteer firefighter plan-; or
- (2) the secretary of a joint powers entity or fire protection special taxing district or, if
- there is no such person, the person primarily responsible for managing the finances of a
- 163.28 joint powers entity or fire protection special taxing district.
- (b) This subdivision only applies to this chapter.

Item 11. Article 12 Sec. 6. 163

164.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
164.2	and thereafter.
164.3	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
164.4	Subd. 2. Establishment of fire department. (a) An independent nonprofit firefighting
164.5	corporation must be created under the nonprofit corporation act of this state operating for
164.6	the exclusive purpose of firefighting, or the governing body of a municipality must officially
164.7	establish a fire department.
164.8	(b) The fire department must have provided firefighting services for at least one calendar
164.9	year, and must have a current fire department identification number issued by the state fire
164.10	marshal.
164.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
164.12	and thereafter.
164.13	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
164.14	Subd. 3. Personnel and Benefits requirements. (a) A fire department must have a
164.15	minimum of ten paid or volunteer firefighters, including a fire chief and assistant fire chief.
164.16	(b) The fire department must have regular scheduled meetings and frequent drills that
164.17	include instructions in firefighting tactics and in the use, care, and operation of all fire
164.18	apparatus and equipment.
164.19	(e) (a) The fire department must have a separate subsidiary incorporated firefighters'
164.20	relief association that provides retirement benefits or must participate in the statewide
164.21	volunteer firefighter plan; or if the municipality solely employs full-time firefighters as
164.22	defined in section 299N.03, subdivision 5, retirement coverage must be provided by the
164.23	public employees police and fire retirement plan. For purposes of retirement benefits, a fire
164.24	department may be associated with only one volunteer firefighters' relief association or one
164.25	account in the voluntary statewide volunteer firefighter retirement plan at one time.
164.26	(d) (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (e) (a), a municipality without a relief association as
164.27	described under section 424A.08, paragraph (a), may still qualify to receive fire state aid if
164.28	all other requirements of this section are met.
164.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
164.30	and thereafter.

Item 11. Article 12 Sec. 8. 164

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to 165.1 165.2 read: 165.3 Subd. 4a. Public safety answering point requirement. The fire department must be dispatched by a public safety answering point as defined in section 403.02, subdivision 19. 165.4 165.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 and thereafter. 165.6 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 165.7 165.8 Subd. 5. Fire service contract or agreement; apportionment agreement filing requirement requirements. (a) Every municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting 165.9 corporation must file a copy of any duly executed and valid fire service contract or agreement 165.10 with the commissioner (1) a copy of any duly executed and valid fire service contracts, (2) 165.11 written notification of any fire service contract terminations, and (3) written notification of 165.12 165.13 any dissolution of a fire department, within 60 days of contract execution or termination, or department dissolution. 165.14 165.15 (b) If more than one fire department provides service to a municipality, the fire departments furnishing service must enter into an agreement apportioning among themselves 165.16 the percentage of the population and the percentage of the estimated market value of each 165.17 shared service fire department service area. The agreement must be in writing and must be filed file an apportionment agreement with the commissioner. 165.19 165.20 (c) When a municipality is a joint powers entity, it must file its joint powers agreement with the commissioner. If the joint powers agreement does not include sufficient information 165.21 defining the fire department service area of the joint powers entity for the purposes of 165.22 calculating fire state aid, the secretary must file a written statement with the commissioner 165.23 defining the fire department service area. 165.24 (d) When a municipality is a fire protection special taxing district, it must file its 165.25 resolution establishing the fire protection special taxing district, and any agreements required 165.26 165.27 for the establishment of the fire protection special taxing district, with the commissioner. If the resolution or agreement does not include sufficient information defining the fire 165.28 department service area of the fire protection special taxing district, the secretary must file 165.29 a written statement with the commissioner defining the fire department service area. 165.30 165.31 (e) The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the notifications, apportionment agreements, and written statements under paragraphs (a) to (d), pursuant to 165.32

Item 11. Article 12 Sec. 10. Page 213

section 270C.30, except that copies of fire service contracts, joint powers agreements, and

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166.1	resolutions establishing fire protection special taxing districts shall be filed in their existing
166.2	<u>form.</u>
166.3	(f) A document filed with the commissioner under this subdivision must be refiled any
166.4	time it is updated within 60 days of the update. An apportionment agreement must be refiled
166.5	only when a change in the averaged sum of the percentage of population and percentage of
166.6	estimated market value serviced by a fire department subject to the apportionment agreement
166.7	is at least one percent. The percentage amount must be rounded to the nearest whole
166.8	percentage.
166.9	(g) Upon the request of the commissioner, the county auditor must provide information
166.10	that the commissioner requires to accurately apportion the estimated market value of a fire
166.11	department service area for a fire department providing service to an unorganized territory
166.12	located in the county.
166.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
166.14	and thereafter.
166.15	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.02, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
166.16	Subd. 8. <b>PERA certification to commissioner.</b> On or before February 1 each year, if
166.17	retirement coverage for a fire department is provided by the statewide volunteer firefighter
166.18	<del>plan,</del> the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association must certify
166.19	the existence of retirement coverage. to the commissioner the fire departments that transferred
166.20	retirement coverage to, or terminated participation in, the voluntary statewide volunteer
166.21	firefighter retirement plan since the previous certification under this paragraph. This
166.22	certification must include the number of active volunteer firefighters under section 477B.03,
166.23	subdivision 5, paragraph (e).
166.24	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
166.25	and thereafter.
166.26	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.02, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
166.27	Subd. 9. Fire department certification to commissioner. On or before March 15 of
166.28	each year, the municipal clerk or the secretary, and the fire chief, must jointly certify to the
166.29	commissioner that the fire department exists and meets the qualification requirements of
166.30	this section the fire department service area as of December 31 of the previous year, and
166.31	that the fire department meets the qualification requirements of this section. The municipal
166.32	clerk or the secretary must provide the commissioner with documentation that the

Item 11. Article 12 Sec. 12. 166

commissioner deems necessary for determining eligibility for fire state aid or for calculating 167.1 and apportioning fire state aid under section 477B.03. The commissioner shall prescribe 167.2 167.3 the content, format, and manner of the certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and must include all other information that the commissioner requires pursuant 167.4 to section 270C.30. The municipal clerk or the secretary must send a copy of the certification 167.5 filed under this subdivision to the fire chief within five business days of the date the 167.6 certification was filed with the commissioner. 167.7 167.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 and thereafter. 167.9

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 167.11 Subd. 2. Apportionment of fire state aid. (a) The amount of fire state aid available for apportionment, before the addition of the minimum fire state aid allocation amount under 167.12 subdivision 5, is equal to 107 percent of the amount of premium taxes paid to the state upon 167.13 the fire, lightning, sprinkler leakage, and extended coverage premiums reported to the 167.14 commissioner by companies or insurance companies on the Minnesota Fire Premium Report, 167.15 except that credits claimed under section 297I.20, subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, do not affect the calculation of the amount of fire state aid available for apportionment. This amount must 167.17 be reduced by the amount required to pay the state auditor's costs and expenses of the audits 167.18 or exams of the firefighters' relief associations. 167.19
  - (b) The total amount available for apportionment must not be less than two percent of the premiums less return premiums reported to the commissioner by companies or insurance companies on the Minnesota Fire Premium Report after subtracting the following amounts:
- 167.23 (1) the amount required to pay the state auditor's costs and expenses of the audits or 167.24 exams of the firefighters' relief associations; and

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- 167.25 (2) one percent of the premiums reported by township mutual insurance companies and mutual property and casualty companies with total assets of \$5,000,000 or less.
- 167.27 (c) The commissioner must apportion the fire state aid to each municipality or independent 167.28 nonprofit firefighting corporation qualified under section 477B.02 relative to the premiums 167.29 reported on the Minnesota Fire Premium Reports filed under this chapter.
- (d) The commissioner must calculate the percentage of increase or decrease reflected in the apportionment over or under the previous year's available state aid using the same premiums as a basis for comparison.
- 167.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Item 11. Article 12 Sec. 13. Page 215

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 3. Population and estimated market value. (a) Official statewide federal census figures The most recent population estimates made by the state demographer pursuant to section 4A.02, paragraph (d), must be used in calculations requiring the use of population figures under this chapter. <del>Increases or decreases in population disclosed by reason of any</del> special census must not be taken into consideration.
- (b) The latest available estimated market value property figures for the assessment year immediately preceding the year the aid is distributed must be used in calculations requiring the use of estimated market value property figures under this chapter.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 168.10 and thereafter. 168.11
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 168.12
- Subd. 4. Initial fire state aid allocation amount. (a) The initial fire state aid allocation amount is the amount available for apportionment as fire state aid under subdivision 2, 168 14 without the inclusion of any additional funding amount to support a minimum fire state aid amount under section 423A.02, subdivision 3. The initial fire state aid allocation amount 168.16 is allocated one-half in proportion to the population for each fire department service area 168.17 and one-half in proportion to the estimated market value of each fire department service area, including (1) the estimated market value of tax-exempt property, and (2) the estimated 168.19 market value of natural resources lands receiving in lieu payments under sections 477A.11 168.20 to 477A.14 and 477A.17. The estimated market value of minerals is excluded. 168.21
  - (b) In the case of a municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation furnishing fire protection to other municipalities as evidenced by valid fire service contracts, joint powers agreements, resolutions, and other supporting documents filed with the commissioner under section 477B.02, subdivision 5, the distribution must be adjusted proportionately to take into consideration the crossover fire protection service. Necessary adjustments must be made to subsequent apportionments.
  - (c) In the case of municipalities or independent nonprofit firefighting corporations qualifying for aid, the commissioner must calculate the state aid for the municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation on the basis of the population and the estimated market value of the area furnished fire protection service by the fire department as evidenced by valid fire service agreements contracts, joint powers agreements, resolutions, and other supporting documents filed with the commissioner under section 477B.02, subdivision 5.

Article 12 Sec. 15. 168 Item 11. Page 216

(d) In the case of more than one fire department furnishing contracted fire service to a municipality, the population and estimated market value in the apportionment agreement filed with the commissioner under section 477B.02, subdivision 5, must be used in calculating the state aid.

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- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 169.5 and thereafter. 169.6
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 169.7
- Subd. 5. Minimum fire state aid allocation amount. (a) The minimum fire state aid allocation amount is the amount derived from any additional funding amount to support a minimum fire state aid amount under section 423A.02, subdivision 3. The minimum fire 169.11 state aid allocation amount is allocated to municipalities or independent nonprofit firefighting corporations with volunteer firefighters' relief associations or covered by the statewide 169.12 volunteer firefighter plan. The amount is based on the number of active volunteer firefighters 169.13 who are (1) members of the relief association as reported to the Office of the State Auditor 169.14 in a specific annual financial reporting year as specified in paragraphs (b) to (d), or (2) 169.15 covered by the statewide volunteer firefighter plan as specified in paragraph (e).
  - (b) For relief associations established in calendar year 1993 or a prior year, the number of active volunteer firefighters equals the number of active volunteer firefighters who were members of the relief association as reported in the annual financial reporting for calendar year 1993, but not to exceed 30 active volunteer firefighters.
- (c) For relief associations established in calendar year 1994 through calendar year 1999, the number of active volunteer firefighters equals the number of active volunteer firefighters 169.22 who were members of the relief association as reported in the annual financial reporting for calendar year 1998 to the Office of the State Auditor, but not to exceed 30 active volunteer firefighters.
  - (d) For relief associations established after calendar year 1999, the number of active volunteer firefighters equals the number of active volunteer firefighters who are members of the relief association as reported in the first annual financial reporting submitted to the Office of the State Auditor, but not to exceed 20 active volunteer firefighters.
- (e) If a relief association is terminated as a result of For a municipality or independent 169.30 nonprofit firefighting corporation that is providing retirement coverage for volunteer 169.31 169.32 firefighters by the statewide volunteer firefighter plan under chapter 353G, the number of active volunteer firefighters equals the number of active volunteer firefighters of the 169.33

Article 12 Sec. 16. 169 Item 11. Page 217

municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation covered by the statewide plan as certified by the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association to the commissioner and the state auditor by February 1 immediately following the date the municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation begins coverage in the plan, but not to exceed 30 active firefighters.

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170.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 170.7 and thereafter.

- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.03, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- 170.9 Subd. 7. Appeal. A municipality, an independent nonprofit firefighting corporation, a fire relief association, or the statewide volunteer firefighter plan may object to the amount 170.11 of fire state aid apportioned to it by filing a written request with the commissioner to review and adjust the apportionment of funds within the state. The objection of a municipality, an 170.12 independent nonprofit firefighting corporation, a fire relief association, or the voluntary 170.13 statewide volunteer firefighter retirement plan must be filed with the commissioner within 170.14 60 days of the date the amount of apportioned fire state aid is paid. The decision of the 170.15 commissioner is subject to appeal, review, and adjustment by the district court in the county in which the applicable municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation is located or by the Ramsey County District Court with respect to the statewide volunteer 170.18 firefighter plan. 170.19
- 170.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 and thereafter.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  - Subdivision 1. **Payments.** (a) The commissioner must make payments to the Public Employees Retirement Association for deposit in the statewide volunteer firefighter fund on behalf of a municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation that is a member of the statewide volunteer firefighter plan under chapter 353G, or directly to a municipality or county designated by an independent nonprofit firefighting corporation. The commissioner must directly pay all other municipalities qualifying for fire state aid, except as provided in paragraph (d). The payment is equal to the amount of fire state aid apportioned to the applicable fire state aid recipient under section 477B.03.
- (b) Fire state aid is payable on October 1 annually. The amount of state aid due and not paid by October 1 accrues interest payable to the recipient at the rate of one percent for each month or part of a month that the amount remains unpaid after October 1.

Item 11. Article 12 Sec. 18. 170

171.1	(c) If the commissioner of revenue does not receive a financial compliance report
171.2	described in section 6.495, subdivision 3, for a relief association, the amount of fire state
171.3	aid apportioned to a municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation under
171.4	section 477B.03 for that relief association must be withheld from payment to the Public
171.5	Employees Retirement Association or the municipality. The commissioner of revenue must
171.6	issue a withheld payment within ten business days of receipt of a financial compliance report
171.7	under section 6.495, subdivision 3. The interest under paragraph (b) does not apply when
171.8	to a payment has not been made by October 1 due to noncompliance with sections 424A.014
171.9	and 477B.02, subdivision 7 withheld under this paragraph.
171.10	(d) The commissioner must make payments directly to the largest municipality in
171.11	population located within any area included in a joint powers entity that does not have a
171.12	designated agency under section 471.59, subdivision 3, or within the fire department service
171.13	area of an eligible independent nonprofit firefighting corporation. If there is no city or town
171.14	within the fire department service area of an eligible independent nonprofit firefighting
171.15	corporation, fire state aid must be paid to the county where the independent nonprofit
171.16	firefighting corporation is located.
171.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
171.18	and thereafter.
171.19	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.04, is amended by adding a subdivision
171.20	to read:
171.21	Subd. 4. Aid amount corrections. (a) An adjustment needed to correct a fire state aid
171.22	overpayment or underpayment due to a clerical error must be made to subsequent fire state
171.23	aid payments as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c). The authority to correct an aid payment
171.24	under this subdivision is limited to three years after the payment was issued.
171.25	(b) If an overpayment equals more than ten percent of the most recently paid aid amount,
171.26	the commissioner must reduce the aid a municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting
171.27	corporation is to receive by the amount overpaid over a period of no more than three years.
171.28	If an overpayment equals or is less than ten percent of the most recently paid aid amount,
171.29	the commissioner must reduce the next aid payment occurring in 30 days or more by the
171.30	amount overpaid.
171.31	(c) In the event of an underpayment, the commissioner must distribute the amount of
171.32	underpaid funds to the municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation over
171.33	a period of no more than three years. An additional distribution to a municipality or
171.34	independent nonprofit firefighting corporation must be paid from the general fund and must

Item 11. Article 12 Sec. 19. 171 Page 219

not diminish the payments made to other municipalities or independent nonprofit firefighting corporations under this chapter.

- 172.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 and thereafter.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477C.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Apportionment of police state aid. (a) The total amount available for 172.6 apportionment as police state aid is equal to 104 percent of the amount of premium taxes 172.7 paid to the state on the premiums reported to the commissioner by companies or insurance 172.8 companies on the Minnesota Aid to Police Premium Report, except that credits claimed 172.9 under section 297I.20, subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, do not affect the calculation of the total 172.10 amount of police state aid available for apportionment. The total amount for apportionment 172.11 for the police state aid program must not be less than two percent of the amount of premiums 172.12 reported to the commissioner by companies or insurance companies on the Minnesota Aid 172.13 to Police Premium Report. 172.14
- (b) The commissioner must calculate the percentage of increase or decrease reflected in the apportionment over or under the previous year's available state aid using the same premiums as a basis for comparison.
- (c) In addition to the amount for apportionment of police state aid under paragraph (a), each year \$100,000 must be apportioned for police state aid. An amount sufficient to pay this increase is annually appropriated from the general fund.
- (d) The commissioner must apportion police state aid to all municipalities in proportion to the relationship that the total number of peace officers employed by that municipality for the prior calendar year and the proportional or fractional number who were employed less than a calendar year as credited under section 477C.02, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), bears to the total number of peace officers employed by all municipalities subject to any reduction under subdivision 3.
- 172.27 (e) Any necessary additional adjustments must be made to subsequent police state aid
  172.28 apportionments.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. (a) The amendment to paragraph (a) is effective the day following
  final enactment.
- (b) The amendment striking paragraph (e) is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 and thereafter.

Item 11. Article 12 Sec. 20. 172

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477C.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 173.1 Subd. 5. Appeal. A municipality may object to the amount of police state aid apportioned 173.2 to it by filing a written request with the commissioner to review and adjust the apportionment 173.3 of funds to the municipality. The objection of a municipality must be filed with the 173.4 commissioner within 60 days of the date the amount of apportioned police state aid is paid. 173.5 The decision of the commissioner is subject to appeal, review, and adjustment by the district 173.6 court in the county in which the applicable municipality is located or by the Ramsey County 173.7 District Court with respect to the Departments of Natural Resources or Public Safety. 173.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 173.9 and thereafter. 173.10 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477C.04, is amended by adding a subdivision 173.11 to read: 173.12 173.13 Subd. 4. Aid amount corrections. (a) An adjustment needed to correct a police state aid overpayment or underpayment due to a clerical error must be made to subsequent police 173.14 state aid payments as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c). The authority to correct an aid 173.15 payment under this subdivision is limited to three years after the payment was issued. 173.16 (b) If an overpayment equals more than ten percent of the most recently paid aid amount, 173.17 the commissioner must reduce the aid a municipality is to receive by the amount overpaid over a period of no more than three years. If an overpayment equals or is less than ten 173.19 percent of the most recently paid aid amount, the commissioner must reduce the next aid 173.20 payment occurring in 30 days or more by the amount overpaid. 173.21 (c) In the event of an underpayment, the commissioner must distribute the amount of 173.22 underpaid funds to the municipality over a period of no more than three years. An additional 173.23 distribution to a municipality must be paid from the general fund and must not diminish the 173.24 payments made to other municipalities under this chapter. 173.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 173.26 173.27 and thereafter.

173.28 Sec. 23. **REPEALER.** 

Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 477B.02, subdivision 4; and 477B.03, subdivision 6, are repealed.

173.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 and thereafter.

Item 11. Article 12 Sec. 23. 173

174.1 **ARTICLE 13** 

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## DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE POLICY AND TECHNICAL: MISCELLANEOUS TAX PROVISIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.03, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. Property taxes payable. "Property taxes payable" means the property tax exclusive of special assessments, penalties, and interest payable on a claimant's homestead after deductions made under sections 273.135, 273.1384, 273.1391, 273.42, subdivision 2, and any other state paid property tax credits in any calendar year, and after any refund claimed and allowable under section 290A.04, subdivision 2h, that is first payable in the year that the property tax is payable. In the case of a claimant who makes ground lease payments, "property taxes payable" includes the amount of the payments directly attributable to the property taxes assessed against the parcel on which the house is located. Regardless of the limitations in section 280A(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, "property taxes payable" must be apportioned or reduced for the use of a portion of the claimant's homestead for a business purpose if the claimant deducts any business depreciation expenses for the use of a portion of the homestead or deducts expenses under section 280A of the Internal Revenue Code for a business operated in the claimant's homestead. For homesteads which are manufactured homes as defined in section 273.125, subdivision 8, including manufactured homes located in a manufactured home community owned by a cooperative organized under chapter 308A or 308B, and park trailers taxed as manufactured homes under section 168.012, subdivision 9, "property taxes payable" shall also include 17 percent of the gross rent paid in the preceding year for the site on which the homestead is located. When a homestead is owned by two or more persons as joint tenants or tenants in common, such tenants shall determine between them which tenant may claim the property taxes payable on the homestead. If they are unable to agree, the matter shall be referred to the commissioner of revenue whose decision shall be final. Property taxes are considered payable in the year prescribed by law for payment of the taxes.

In the case of a claim relating to "property taxes payable," the claimant must have owned and occupied the homestead on January 2 of the year in which the tax is payable and (i) the property must have been classified as homestead property pursuant to section 273.124, on or before December 15 31 of the assessment year to which the "property taxes payable" relate; or (ii) the claimant must provide documentation from the local assessor that application for homestead classification has been made on or before December 15 31 of the year in which the "property taxes payable" were payable and that the assessor has approved the application.

Item 11. Article 13 Section 1. 174 Page 222

175.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for refund claims based on property taxes payable in 2022 and thereafter.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.19, is amended to read:

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#### 290A.19 OWNER OR MANAGING AGENT TO FURNISH RENT CERTIFICATE.

- (a) The owner or managing agent of any property for which rent is paid for occupancy as a homestead must furnish a certificate of rent paid to a person who is a renter on December 31, in the form prescribed by the commissioner. If the renter moves before December 31, the owner or managing agent may give the certificate to the renter at the time of moving, or mail the certificate to the forwarding address if an address has been provided by the renter. The certificate must be made available to the renter before February 1 of the year following the year in which the rent was paid. The owner or managing agent must retain a duplicate of each certificate or an equivalent record showing the same information for a period of three years. The duplicate or other record must be made available to the commissioner upon request.
- (b) The commissioner may require the owner or managing agent, through a simple 175.15 process, to furnish to the commissioner on or before March 1 a copy of each certificate of 175.16 rent paid furnished to a renter for rent paid in the prior year. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the form pursuant to section 270C.30. The commissioner 175.18 may require the Social Security number, individual taxpayer identification number, federal 175.19 175.20 employer identification number, or Minnesota taxpayer identification number of the owner or managing agent who is required to furnish a certificate of rent paid under this paragraph. 175.21 Prior to implementation, the commissioner, after consulting with representatives of owners 175.22 or managing agents, shall develop an implementation and administration plan for the 175.23 requirements of this paragraph that attempts to minimize financial burdens, administration 175.24 and compliance costs, and takes into consideration existing systems of owners and managing 175.25 175.26 agents.
- (c) For the purposes of this section, "owner" includes a park owner as defined under section 327C.01, subdivision 6, and "property" includes a lot as defined under section 327C.01, subdivision 3.
- 175.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for refund claims based on rent paid in 2022 and thereafter."
- 175.32 Amend the title accordingly

Item 11. Article 13 Sec. 2. 175

#### SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

S.F. No. 4559

(SENATE AUTHORS: DAHMS)

**DATE D-PG** 04/29/2022 7718

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OFFICIAL STATUS

29/2022 7718 Introduction and first reading Referred to Capital Investment

1.1 A bill for an act relating to capital investment: appropriating mone

relating to capital investment; appropriating money for improvements at Southwest Minnesota State University; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

#### Section 1. SOUTHWEST MINNESOTA STATE UNIVERSITY.

Subdivision 1. **Appropriation.** \$6,000,000 is appropriated from the bond proceeds fund to the commissioner of employment and economic development to provide a grant to the city of Marshall to acquire, design, construct, furnish, and equip spaces in the social sciences building of Southwest Minnesota State University to provide regional educational service alternatives to at-risk students, special education students, students with severe disabilities, students with a diagnosis of autism spectrum disorder, or students with behavioral issues.

Subd. 2. **Bond sale.** To provide the money appropriated in this section from the bond proceeds fund, the commissioner of management and budget shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$6,000,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Item 11. 1. Page 224

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#### State of Minnesota

Printed Page No.

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### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-SECOND SESSION

H. F. No. 3669

02/21/2022 Authored by Marquart; Youakim; Olson, L.; Lippert and Her

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Taxes

04/19/2022 Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means 04/28/2022

Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register as Amended

Read for the Second Time 05/04/2022 Calendar for the Day, Amended

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Read Third Time as Amended

Passed by the House as Amended and transmitted to the Senate to include Floor Amendments

A bill for an act

relating to taxation; modifying provisions governing individual income and corporate franchise taxes, sales and use taxes, property taxes, certain state aid programs, certain local taxes, tax increment financing, and various other taxes and tax-related provisions; providing for certain federal tax conformity; modifying and proposing certain income tax credits and subtractions; providing for certain sales tax exemptions; modifying property tax refunds and programs; proposing additional local government aid programs; authorizing certain tax increment financing; authorizing certain local taxes; converting the renter's property tax refund into a refundable individual income tax credit; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 6.495, subdivision 3; 38.27, subdivision 4; 41B.0391, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 123B.595, subdivision 3; 123B.61; 126C.40, subdivision 1; 270A.03, subdivision 2; 270B.12, subdivision 8; 272.01, subdivision 2; 272.02, subdivisions 24, 98, by adding subdivisions; 272.025, subdivision 1; 273.124, subdivisions 3a, 6, 13a, 13c, 13d; 273.1245, subdivision 1; 273.13, subdivision 35; 273.1315, subdivision 2; 273.1387, subdivision 2; 273.41; 279.03, subdivision 1a; 282.261, subdivision 2; 287.12; 287.29; 287.31, subdivision 3; 289A.02, subdivision 7; 289A.38, subdivision 4; 289A.56, subdivision 6; 289A.60, subdivision 12; 290.0131, by adding subdivisions; 290.0132, subdivisions 18, 21, 26, by adding subdivisions; 290.0133, by adding a subdivision; 290.0134, by adding a subdivision; 290.067; 290.0674, subdivision 2; 290.0681, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 290.0685, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 290.091, subdivision 2; 290.095, subdivision 11; 290A.02; 290A.03, subdivisions 6, 8, 12, 13, 15; 290A.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 2h, 4; 290A.05; 290A.07, subdivision 2a; 290A.08; 290A.09; 290A.091; 290A.13; 290A.19; 290A.25; 290B.03, subdivision 1; 290B.04, subdivisions 3, 4; 290B.05, subdivision 1; 291.005, subdivision 1; 296A.083, subdivision 3; 297A.61, subdivisions 12, 29; 297A.68, subdivision 25, by adding subdivisions; 297A.70, subdivision 21; 297A.71, subdivision 51, by adding subdivisions; 297A.94; 297A.99, subdivisions 1, 3; 297H.13, subdivision 2; 298.28, subdivisions 7a, 9b; 366.095, subdivision 1; 373.01, subdivision 3; 383B.117, subdivision 2; 410.32; 412.301; 462A.05, subdivision 24; 462A.38; 469.174, subdivision 14, by adding a subdivision; 469.176, subdivisions 3, 4; 469.1763, subdivision 6; 469.1771, subdivisions 2, 2a, 3; 477A.011, subdivision 34, by adding subdivisions; 477A.0124, subdivision 2; 477A.013, subdivisions 8, 9; 477A.015; 477A.03, subdivision 2a; 477A.12, subdivisions 1, 3, by adding a subdivision; 477B.01, subdivisions 5, 10, 11, by adding subdivisions; 477B.02, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 8, 9, by adding a subdivision; 477B.03, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 7; 477B.04, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision;

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**EAP** 

2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10 2.11 2.12 2.13 2.14 2.15 2.16 2.17 2.18 2.19 2.20 2.21

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477C.03, subdivisions 2, 5; 477C.04, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes
2021 Supplement, sections 3.8855, subdivisions 4, 7; 16A.152, subdivision 2;
116J.8737, subdivision 5; 116U.27, subdivision 1; 126C.10, subdivision 2e;
272.0295, subdivision 2; 273.11, subdivision 12; 273.124, subdivisions 13, 14;
273.13, subdivisions 23, 25, 34; 289A.08, subdivisions 7, 7a; 289A.382, subdivision
2; 290.01, subdivisions 19, 31; 290.06, subdivisions 2c, 22; 290.0671, subdivision
1; 290.0681, subdivision 10; 290.0682, by adding subdivisions; 290.993; 290A.03,
subdivision 3; 297A.71, subdivision 52; 297A.75, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 297A.99,
subdivision 2; 297F.09, subdivision 10; 297G.09, subdivision 9; 469.1763,
subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 477A.03, subdivision 2b; 477A.30; Laws 1998, chapter 389,
article 8, section 43, as amended; Laws 2003, chapter 127, article 10, section 31,
subdivision 1, as amended; Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 11, section 3, as
amended; Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 17; Laws 2011, First Special
Session chapter 7, article 4, section 14; Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6, section
12, subdivision 2; Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 1, article 3, section
26; Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 6, article 6, section 25; Laws 2021,
First Special Session chapter 14, article 8, sections 5; 7; proposing coding for new
law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 240A; 290; 477A; proposing coding for new
law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 428B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2020,
sections 6.91; 290.0674, subdivision 2a; 290A.03, subdivisions 9, 11; 290A.04,
subdivisions 2a 5: 290A 23 subdivision 1: 327C 01 subdivision 13: 327C 16:

2.25 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

477A.011, subdivisions 30a, 38, 42, 45; 477A.013, subdivision 13; 477B.02,

subdivision 4; 477B.03, subdivision 6; Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement,

# 2.26 **ARTICLE 1**2.27 **FEDERAL CONFORMITY**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.02, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Internal Revenue Code. Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal

- 2.30 Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through <del>December</del>
- 2.31 31, 2018 November 15, 2021.

section 290.0111.

- 2.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment, except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time the
- 2.34 changes were effective for federal purposes.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 289A.08, subdivision 7, is amended
- 2.36 to read:

Subd. 7. Composite income tax returns for nonresident partners, shareholders, and beneficiaries. (a) The commissioner may allow a partnership with nonresident partners to file a composite return and to pay the tax on behalf of nonresident partners who have no other Minnesota source income. This composite return must include the names, addresses, Social Security numbers, income allocation, and tax liability for the nonresident partners

electing to be covered by the composite return.

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- (b) The computation of a partner's tax liability must be determined by multiplying the income allocated to that partner by the highest rate used to determine the tax liability for individuals under section 290.06, subdivision 2c. Nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed.
- (c) The partnership must submit a request to use this composite return filing method for nonresident partners. The requesting partnership must file a composite return in the form prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The filing of a composite return is considered a request to use the composite return filing method.
- (d) The electing partner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the income from the partnership, other electing partnerships, and other qualifying entities electing to file and pay the pass-through entity tax under subdivision 7a. If it is determined that the electing partner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of the income and tax liability for that partner under this provision will not constitute a return to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the individual as part of the composite return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the individual on the date on which the composite return payment was made. If the electing nonresident partner has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the composite return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1.
- (e) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that an individual pay estimated tax if the individual's liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section 289A.25. The individual's liability to pay estimated tax is, however, satisfied when the partnership pays composite estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25.
- (f) If an electing partner's share of the partnership's gross income from Minnesota sources is less than the filing requirements for a nonresident under this subdivision, the tax liability is zero. However, a statement showing the partner's share of gross income must be included as part of the composite return.
- (g) The election provided in this subdivision is only available to a partner who has no other Minnesota source income and who is either (1) a full-year nonresident individual or (2) a trust or estate that does not claim a deduction under either section 651 or 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (h) A corporation defined in section 290.9725 and its nonresident shareholders may make an election under this paragraph. The provisions covering the partnership apply to the corporation and the provisions applying to the partner apply to the shareholder.
- (i) Estates and trusts distributing current income only and the nonresident individual beneficiaries of the estates or trusts may make an election under this paragraph. The

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 2. 3

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- provisions covering the partnership apply to the estate or trust. The provisions applying to the partner apply to the beneficiary.
- (j) For the purposes of this subdivision, "income" means the partner's share of federal 4.3 adjusted gross income from the partnership modified by the additions provided in section 4.4 290.0131, subdivisions 8 to 10, 16, and 17, and 19, and the subtractions provided in: (1) 4.5 section 290.0132, subdivisions 9, 27, and 28, to the extent the amount is assignable or 4.6 allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17; and (2) section 290.0132, subdivision 4.7 subdivisions 14 and 31. The subtraction allowed under section 290.0132, subdivision 9, is 4.8 only allowed on the composite tax computation to the extent the electing partner would 4.9 have been allowed the subtraction. 4.10
- 4.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
   4.12 31, 2021.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 19. **Net income.** (a) For a trust or estate taxable under section 290.03, and a corporation taxable under section 290.02, the term "net income" means the federal taxable income, as defined in section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through the date named in this subdivision, incorporating the federal effective dates of changes to the Internal Revenue Code and any elections made by the taxpayer in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income for federal income tax purposes, and with the modifications provided in sections 290.0131 to 290.0136.
  - (b) For an individual, the term "net income" means federal adjusted gross income with the modifications provided in sections 290.0131, 290.0132, and 290.0135 to 290.0137.
  - (c) In the case of a regulated investment company or a fund thereof, as defined in section 851(a) or 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, federal taxable income means investment company taxable income as defined in section 852(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that:
- 4.28 (1) the exclusion of net capital gain provided in section 852(b)(2)(A) of the Internal
   4.29 Revenue Code does not apply;
- 4.30 (2) the deduction for dividends paid under section 852(b)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue 4.31 Code must be applied by allowing a deduction for capital gain dividends and exempt-interest 4.32 dividends as defined in sections 852(b)(3)(C) and 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code; 4.33 and

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 3. 4

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(3) the deduction for dividends paid must also be applied in the amount of any
undistributed capital gains which the regulated investment company elects to have treated
as provided in section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (d) The net income of a real estate investment trust as defined and limited by section 856(a), (b), and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code means the real estate investment trust taxable income as defined in section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (e) The net income of a designated settlement fund as defined in section 468B(d) of the Internal Revenue Code means the gross income as defined in section 468B(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (f) The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2018
   November 15, 2021, applies for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, except
   the sections of federal law in section 290.0111 shall also apply.
- (g) Except as otherwise provided, references to the Internal Revenue Code in this
   subdivision and sections 290.0131 to 290.0136 mean the code in effect for purposes of
   determining net income for the applicable year.
  - <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective the day following final enactment, except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time the changes were effective for federal purposes.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 31, is amended to read:
- Subd. 31. **Internal Revenue Code.** Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2018, except the sections of federal law in section 290.0111 shall also apply November 15, 2021. Internal Revenue Code also includes any uncodified provision in federal law that relates to provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that are incorporated into Minnesota law.
- 5.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment, except
  the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time the
  changes were effective for federal purposes.

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 4. 5

	HF3669 THIRD ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	EAP	H3669-3
6.1	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020,	section 290.0131, is a	amended by adding a	a subdivision
6.2	to read:			
6.3	Subd. 19. Meal expenses. The a	amount of meal expen	nses in excess of the	50 percent
6.4	limitation under section 274(n)(1) of	of the Internal Revenu	ue Code allowed und	der subsection
6.5	(n), paragraph (2), subparagraph (D	), of that section is a	n addition.	
6.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	on is effective for taxa	ble years beginning a	fter December
6.7	<u>31, 2021.</u>			
6.8	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020,	section 290.0132, sub	odivision 18, is ame	nded to read:

- Subd. 18. Net operating losses. (a) The amount of the net operating loss allowed under 6.9 section 290.095, subdivision 11, paragraph (c), is a subtraction. 6.10
- (b) The unused portion of a net operating loss carryover under section 290.095, 6.11 subdivision 11, paragraph (d), is a subtraction. The subtraction is the lesser of: 6.12
- (1) the amount carried into the taxable year minus any subtraction made under this 6.13 section for prior taxable years; or 6.14
- 6.15 (2) 80 percent of Minnesota taxable net income in a single taxable year and determined without regard to this subtraction. 6.16
- 6.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021. 6.18
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision 6.19 to read: 6.20
- Subd. 31. **Delayed business interest.** (a) For each of the five taxable years beginning 6.21 after December 31, 2021, there is allowed a subtraction equal to one-fifth of the adjustment 6.22 6.23 amount, to the extent not already deducted, for the exclusion under section 16, subdivision 2, clause (10), due to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 6.24
- 116-136, section 2306. 6.25
- (b) This subdivision expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2026. 6.26
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 6.27 31, 2021. 6.28

Article 1 Sec. 7. 6 Item 11. Page 230

7.1	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0133, is amended by adding a subdivision
7.2	to read:

- Subd. 15. **Meal expenses.** The amount of meal expenses in excess of the 50 percent
- 7.4 limitation under section 274(n)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code allowed under section
- 7.5 274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code is an addition.
- 7.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
- 7.7 <u>31, 2021.</u>
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0134, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 7.9 to read:
- Number 7.10 Subd. 20. Delayed business interest. (a) For each of the five taxable years beginning
- after December 31, 2021, there is allowed a subtraction equal to one-fifth of the adjustment
- amount, to the extent not already deducted, for the exclusion under section 16, subdivision
- 7.13 2, clause (10), due to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law
- 7.14 <u>116-136</u>, section 2306.
- 7.15 (b) This subdivision expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2026.
- 7.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
- 7.17 31, 2021.
- 7.18 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, is amended
- 7.19 to read:
- 7.20 Subd. 2c. Schedules of rates for individuals, estates, and trusts. (a) The income taxes
- 7.21 imposed by this chapter upon married individuals filing joint returns and surviving spouses
- as defined in section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code must be computed by applying to
- 7.23 their taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 7.24 (1) On the first \$38,770, 5.35 percent;
- 7.25 (2) On all over \$38,770, but not over \$154,020, 6.8 percent;
- 7.26 (3) On all over \$154,020, but not over \$269,010, 7.85 percent;
- 7.27 (4) On all over \$269,010, 9.85 percent.
- 7.28 Married individuals filing separate returns, estates, and trusts must compute their income
- 7.29 tax by applying the above rates to their taxable income, except that the income brackets
- vill be one-half of the above amounts after the adjustment required in subdivision 2d.

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 10. 7

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- (b) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals must be computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates: 8.2
- (1) On the first \$26,520, 5.35 percent; 8.3
- (2) On all over \$26,520, but not over \$87,110, 6.8 percent; 8.4
- (3) On all over \$87,110, but not over \$161,720, 7.85 percent; 8.5
- (4) On all over \$161,720, 9.85 percent. 8.6
  - (c) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals qualifying as a head of household as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code must be computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- (1) On the first \$32,650, 5.35 percent; 8.10
  - (2) On all over \$32,650, but not over \$131,190, 6.8 percent;
- (3) On all over \$131,190, but not over \$214,980, 7.85 percent; 8.12
- (4) On all over \$214,980, 9.85 percent. 8.13
  - (d) In lieu of a tax computed according to the rates set forth in this subdivision, the tax of any individual taxpayer whose taxable net income for the taxable year is less than an amount determined by the commissioner must be computed in accordance with tables prepared and issued by the commissioner of revenue based on income brackets of not more than \$100. The amount of tax for each bracket shall be computed at the rates set forth in this subdivision, provided that the commissioner may disregard a fractional part of a dollar unless it amounts to 50 cents or more, in which case it may be increased to \$1.
  - (e) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in this subdivision. After the application of the nonrefundable credits provided in this chapter, the tax liability must then be multiplied by a fraction in which:
- (1) the numerator is the individual's Minnesota source federal adjusted gross income as 8.25 defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and increased by: 8.26
- (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and 8.27 17, and 19, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by 8.28
- (ii) the Minnesota assignable portion of the subtraction for United States government 8.29 interest under section 290.0132, subdivision 2, the subtractions under sections 290.0132, 8.30

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- subdivisions 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 27, and 31, and 290.0137, paragraph (c), after applying 9.1
- the allocation and assignability provisions of section 290.081, clause (a), or 290.17; and 9.2
- (2) the denominator is the individual's federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 9.3 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, increased by: 9.4
- 9.5 (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and 17, and 19, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by 9.6
- (ii) the subtractions under sections 290.0132, subdivisions 2, 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 9.7 27, and 31, and 290.0137, paragraph (c). 9.8
- (f) If an individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year is a qualifying owner of a qualifying entity that elects to pay tax as provided in section 289A.08, subdivision 9.10 7a, paragraph (b), the individual must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as 9.11 provided in paragraph (e), and also must include, to the extent attributed to the electing 9.12 qualifying entity: 9.13
- (1) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (i), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (i), the 9.14 addition under section 290.0131, subdivision 5; and 9.15
- (2) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (ii), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (ii), the 9.16 subtraction under section 290.0132, subdivision 3. 9.17
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 9.18 31, 2021. 9.19
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 9.20
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, the following 9.21 terms have the meanings given. 9.22
- (a) "Alternative minimum taxable income" means the sum of the following for the taxable 9.23 year: 9.24
- (1) the taxpayer's federal alternative minimum taxable income as defined in section 9.25 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code; 9.26
- (2) the taxpayer's itemized deductions allowed in computing federal alternative minimum 9.27 9.28 taxable income, but excluding:
- (i) the charitable contribution deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code; 9.29
- (ii) the medical expense deduction; 9.30
- (iii) the casualty, theft, and disaster loss deduction; and 9.31

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- (iv) the impairment-related work expenses of a person with a disability;
  - (3) for depletion allowances computed under section 613A(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, with respect to each property (as defined in section 614 of the Internal Revenue Code), to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the excess of the deduction for depletion allowable under section 611 of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year over the adjusted basis of the property at the end of the taxable year (determined without regard to the depletion deduction for the taxable year);
    - (4) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount of the tax preference for intangible drilling cost under section 57(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code determined without regard to subparagraph (E);
- 10.11 (5) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount of interest income as provided by section 290.0131, subdivision 2;
- 10.13 (6) the amount of addition required by section 290.0131, subdivisions 9, 10, and 16, and 10.14 19;
  - (7) the deduction allowed under section 199A of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent not included in the addition required under clause (6); and
- 10.17 (8) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount of foreign-derived intangible income deducted under section 250 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- less the sum of the amounts determined under the following:
- (i) interest income as defined in section 290.0132, subdivision 2;
- 10.22 (ii) an overpayment of state income tax as provided by section 290.0132, subdivision 3, to the extent included in federal alternative minimum taxable income;
- 10.24 (iii) the amount of investment interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on
  10.25 indebtedness to the extent that the amount does not exceed net investment income, as defined
  10.26 in section 163(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Interest does not include amounts deducted
  10.27 in computing federal adjusted gross income;
- (iv) amounts subtracted from federal taxable or adjusted gross income as provided by section 290.0132, subdivisions 7, 9 to 15, 17, 21, 24, and 26 to <del>29</del> 33;
- 10.30 (v) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision 11,
  10.31 paragraph paragraphs (c) and (d); and

Item 11. Article 1 Sec. 11. 10

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11.1	(vi) the amount allowable as a Minnesota itemized deduction under section 290.0122
11.2	subdivision 7.

In the case of an estate or trust, alternative minimum taxable income must be computed as provided in section 59(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, except alternative minimum taxable income must be increased by the addition in section 290.0131, subdivision 16.

- (b) "Investment interest" means investment interest as defined in section 163(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) "Net minimum tax" means the minimum tax imposed by this section.
- (d) "Regular tax" means the tax that would be imposed under this chapter (without regard to this section and section 290.032), reduced by the sum of the nonrefundable credits allowed under this chapter.
- (e) "Tentative minimum tax" equals 6.75 percent of alternative minimum taxable income after subtracting the exemption amount determined under subdivision 3.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December

  31, 2021.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.095, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
- Subd. 11. **Carryback or carryover adjustments.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (c), for individuals, estates, and trusts the amount of a net operating loss that may be carried back or carried over shall be the same dollar amount allowable in the determination of federal taxable income, provided that, notwithstanding any other provision, estates and trusts must apply the following adjustments to the amount of the net operating loss that may be carried back or carried over:
- (1) Nonassignable income or losses as required by section 290.17.
- (2) Deductions not allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17.
- 11.25 (b) The net operating loss carryback or carryover applied as a deduction in the taxable
  11.26 year to which the net operating loss is carried back or carried over shall be equal to the net
  11.27 operating loss carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year in arriving at federal taxable
  11.28 income provided that trusts and estates must apply the following modifications:
- (1) Increase the amount of carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year by the amount of losses and interest, taxes and other expenses not assignable or allowable to Minnesota incurred in the taxable year.

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- (2) Decrease the amount of carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year by the amount of income not assignable to Minnesota earned in the taxable year. For estates and trusts, the net operating loss carryback or carryover to the next consecutive taxable year shall be the net operating loss carryback or carryover as calculated in clause (b) less the amount applied in the earlier taxable year(s). No additional net operating loss carryback or carryover shall be allowed to estates and trusts if the entire amount has been used to offset Minnesota income in a year earlier than was possible on the federal return. However, if a net operating loss carryback or carryover was allowed to offset federal income in a year earlier than was possible on the Minnesota return, an estate or trust shall still be allowed to offset Minnesota income but only if the loss was assignable to Minnesota in the year the loss occurred.
- (c) This paragraph does not apply to eligible small businesses that make a valid election to carry back their losses for federal purposes under section 172(b)(1)(H) of the Internal Revenue Code as amended through March 31, 2009.
- (1) A net operating loss of an individual, estate, or trust that is allowed under this subdivision and for which the taxpayer elects to carry back for more than two years under section 172(b)(1)(H) of the Internal Revenue Code is a net operating loss carryback to each of the two taxable years preceding the loss, and unused portions may be carried forward for 20 taxable years after the loss.
- (2) The entire amount of the net operating loss for any taxable year must be carried to the earliest of the taxable years to which the loss may be carried. The portion of the loss which may be carried to each of the other taxable years is the excess, if any, of the amount of the loss over the greater of the taxable net income or alternative minimum taxable income for each of the taxable years to which the loss may be carried.
- (d) For net operating loss carryovers or carrybacks arising in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and before December 31, 2020, a net operating loss carryover or carryback is allowed as provided in the Internal Revenue Code as amended through December 31, 2018, as follows:
- (1) the entire amount of the net operating loss, to the extent not already deducted, must be carried to the earliest taxable year and any unused portion may be carried forward for 20 taxable years after the loss; and
- 12.32 (2) the portion of the loss which may be carried to each of the other taxable years is the
  12.33 excess, if any, of the amount of the loss over the greater of the taxable net income or

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13.1	alternative minimum taxable income for each of the taxable years to which the loss may be
13.2	carried.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 13.3 after December 31, 2017, and before December 31, 2020. 13.4
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.993, is amended to read: 13.5

#### 290.993 SPECIAL LIMITED ADJUSTMENT.

- Subdivision 1. Tax year 2018. (a) For an individual, estate, or trust, or a partnership 13.7 that elects to file a composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, for taxable years 13.8 beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2019, the following special rules 13.9 apply: 13.10
  - (1) an individual income taxpayer may: (i) take the standard deduction; or (ii) make an election under section 63(e) of the Internal Revenue Code to itemize, for Minnesota individual income tax purposes, regardless of the choice made on their federal return; and
- 13.14 (2) there is an adjustment to tax equal to the difference between the tax calculated under this chapter using the Internal Revenue Code as amended through December 16, 2016, and 13.15 the tax calculated under this chapter using the Internal Revenue Code amended through 13.16 December 31, 2018, before the application of credits. The end result must be zero additional 13.17 tax due or refund. 13.18
- 13.19 (b) The adjustment in paragraph (a), clause (2), this subdivision does not apply to any changes due to sections 11012, 13101, 13201, 13202, 13203, 13204, 13205, 13207, 13301, 13.20 13302, 13303, 13313, 13502, 13503, 13801, 14101, 14102, 14211 through 14215, and 13.21 14501 of Public Law 115-97; and section 40411 of Public Law 115-123. 13.22
- Subd. 2. Tax years prior to 2022. (a) For all taxpayers, including an entity that elects 13.23 to file a composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, and an entity that elects to 13.24 pay the pass-through entity tax under section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, for taxable years 13.25 beginning after December 31, 2016, and before January 1, 2022, the provisions in this 13.26 subdivision apply. 13.27
- (b) There is an adjustment to tax equal to the difference between the amount calculated 13.28 and reported under this chapter incorporating the Internal Revenue Code as amended through 13.29 Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14, and the amount calculated under this chapter 13.30 incorporating the Internal Revenue Code as amended through November 15, 2021. For 13.31 taxable years beginning before January 1, 2022, the end result of incorporating the Internal 13.32

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14.1	Revenue Code as amended through November 15, 2021, must be zero additional tax due
14.2	or refund, except as provided in paragraph (c).
14.3	(c) The adjustment does not apply to changes due to:
14.4	(1) the Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section
14.5	114, exclusion of gross income of discharge of qualified principal residence indebtedness;
14.6	(2) the Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section
14.7	304(b), special rules for disaster-related personal casualty losses;
14.8	(3) the COVID-related Tax Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section 278,
14.9	paragraphs (a) and (d), clarification of tax treatment of certain loan forgiveness and other
14.10	business financial assistance;
14.11	(4) the American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9672, tax treatment of
14.12	targeted EIDL advances;
14.13	(5) the American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9673, tax treatment of
14.14	restaurant revitalization grants; and
14.15	(6) the American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9675, modification of
14.16	treatment of student loan forgiveness.
14.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
14.18	before January 1, 2022.
14.19	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.03, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
14.20	Subd. 15. Internal Revenue Code. "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue
14.21	Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2018 November 15, 2021.
14.22	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for property tax refunds based on property
14.23	taxes payable in 2023 and rent paid in 2022 and thereafter.
14.24	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 291.005, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
14.25	Subdivision 1. <b>Scope.</b> Unless the context otherwise clearly requires, the following terms
14.26	used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:
14.27	(1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue or any person to whom the
14.28	commissioner has delegated functions under this chapter.
14.29	(2) "Federal gross estate" means the gross estate of a decedent as required to be valued

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and otherwise determined for federal estate tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code,

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- increased by the value of any property in which the decedent had a qualifying income interest for life and for which an election was made under section 291.03, subdivision 1d, for Minnesota estate tax purposes, but was not made for federal estate tax purposes.
- (3) "Internal Revenue Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2018 November 15, 2021.
- (4) "Minnesota gross estate" means the federal gross estate of a decedent after (a) excluding therefrom any property included in the estate which has its situs outside Minnesota, and (b) including any property omitted from the federal gross estate which is includable in the estate, has its situs in Minnesota, and was not disclosed to federal taxing authorities.
- (5) "Nonresident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death was not in Minnesota.
- (6) "Personal representative" means the executor, administrator or other person appointed by the court to administer and dispose of the property of the decedent. If there is no executor, administrator or other person appointed, qualified, and acting within this state, then any person in actual or constructive possession of any property having a situs in this state which is included in the federal gross estate of the decedent shall be deemed to be a personal representative to the extent of the property and the Minnesota estate tax due with respect to the property.
- (7) "Resident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death was in Minnesota. The provisions of section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraphs (c) and (d), apply to determinations of domicile under this chapter.
- 15.22 (8) "Situs of property" means, with respect to:
- (i) real property, the state or country in which it is located;
- 15.24 (ii) tangible personal property, the state or country in which it was normally kept or
  15.25 located at the time of the decedent's death or for a gift of tangible personal property within
  15.26 three years of death, the state or country in which it was normally kept or located when the
  15.27 gift was executed;
- (iii) a qualified work of art, as defined in section 2503(g)(2) of the Internal Revenue
  Code, owned by a nonresident decedent and that is normally kept or located in this state
  because it is on loan to an organization, qualifying as exempt from taxation under section
  501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is located in Minnesota, the situs of the art is
  deemed to be outside of Minnesota, notwithstanding the provisions of item (ii); and

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(iv) intangible personal property, the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled
at death or for a gift of intangible personal property within three years of death, the state or
country in which the decedent was domiciled when the gift was executed.
For a nonresident decedent with an ownership interest in a pass-through entity with

assets that include real or tangible personal property, situs of the real or tangible personal property, including qualified works of art, is determined as if the pass-through entity does not exist and the real or tangible personal property is personally owned by the decedent. If the pass-through entity is owned by a person or persons in addition to the decedent, ownership of the property is attributed to the decedent in proportion to the decedent's capital ownership share of the pass-through entity.

- (9) "Pass-through entity" includes the following:
- (i) an entity electing S corporation status under section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (ii) an entity taxed as a partnership under subchapter K of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (iii) a single-member limited liability company or similar entity, regardless of whether it is taxed as an association or is disregarded for federal income tax purposes under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.7701-3; or
- 16.18 (iv) a trust to the extent the property is includable in the decedent's federal gross estate; 16.19 but excludes
- 16.20 (v) an entity whose ownership interest securities are traded on an exchange regulated 16.21 by the Securities and Exchange Commission as a national securities exchange under section 16.22 6 of the Securities Exchange Act, United States Code, title 15, section 78f.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except
  the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time the
  changes were effective for federal purposes.

#### 16.26 Sec. 16. NONCONFORMITY ADJUSTMENT.

- Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
- (b) For an individual, estate, or trust:
- 16.30 (1) "subtraction" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0132, subdivision 1, and the rules in that subdivision apply for this section; and

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7.1	(2) "addition" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0131, subdivision
7.2	1, and the rules in that subdivision apply for this section.
7.3	(c) For a corporation other than an S corporation:
7.4	(1) "subtraction" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0134,
7.5	subdivision 1, and the rules in that subdivision apply for this section; and
7.6	(2) "addition" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0133, subdivision
7.7	1, and the rules in that subdivision apply for this section.
7.8	(d) "Pass-through entity" means an entity that is not subject to the tax imposed under
.9	section 290.02, including but not limited to S corporations, partnerships, estates, and trusts
.10	other than grantor trusts.
.11	(e) The definitions in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.01, apply for this section.
.12	Subd. 2. Calculation of nonconformity adjustment A taxpayer's nonconformity
13	adjustment equals the difference between adjusted gross income, as defined under section
14	62 of the Internal Revenue Code for individuals, and federal taxable income as defined
5	under section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for all other taxpayers incorporating the
6	Internal Revenue Code as amended through Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14,
7	and the amount calculated under this chapter incorporating the Internal Revenue Code as
3	amended through November 15, 2021, but does not include impacts to state tax credits. The
)	nonconformity adjustment is an addition or subtraction to net income but does not include
)	the following federal law changes:
1	(1) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of 2019, Public Law 116-94, section
2	104, deduction of qualified tuition and related expenses;
3	(2) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of 2019, Public Law 116-94, section
24	203, employee retention credit for employers affected by qualified disasters;
25	(3) Families First Coronavirus Response Act, Public Law 116-127, section 7001, payroll
26	credit for required paid sick leave;
27	(4) Families First Coronavirus Response Act, Public Law 116-127, section 7003, payroll
.28	credit for required paid family leave;
29	(5) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
30	2204, allowance of partial above the line deduction for charitable contributions;
31	(6) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
.32	2205(a), modification of limitations on charitable contributions during 2020;

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<u>(7) Co</u>	oronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
2301, em	ployee retention credit for employers subject to closure due to COVID-19;
(8) Co	pronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
2303, mo	difications for net operating losses;
(9) Co	pronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
2304, mo	dification of limitation on losses for taxpayers other than corporations;
(10) C	Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section
2306, lim	itation on business interest;
(11) T	Saxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260,
section 20	07, extension and modification of employee retention and rehiring credit;
(12) T	Saxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260,
section 2	10, temporary allowance of full deduction for business meals;
(13) T	Caxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260,
section 2	12, certain charitable contributions by nonitemizers;
(14) T	Caxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260,
section 2	13, modification of limitations on charitable contributions;
(15) T	Caxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260,
section 30	03, employee retention credit for employers affected by qualified disasters;
(16) T	Caxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260,
section 30	04(a), special rules for qualified disaster relief contributions;
(17) A	American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9501(b), preserving health
benefits f	or workers;
(18) A	American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9631, refundability and
enhancen	nent of child and dependent care tax credit;
(19) A	merican Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9641, payroll sick and family
leave cred	dits;
(20) A	merican Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9651, extension of employee
retention	credit; and
(21) a	ny changes excluded from the special limited adjustment under section 290.993,
subdivisio	on 2, paragraph (c).

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Subd. 3. Timing of adjustment	for pass-through er	ntities. Partners, sha	reholders, or
beneficiaries who file their returns of	on a calendar year ba	sis, and who receive	ed an addition
or subtraction from a pass-through e	ntity filing their retur	n on a fiscal year bas	sis, must make
the addition or subtraction under thi	is section in the taxab	ole year it is received	d as required
for federal income tax purposes.			
Subd. 4. Special limited adjust	ment addition; indiv	viduals, estates, an	d trusts. For
an individual, estate, or trust, the am	ount of a nonconform	nity adjustment und	er subdivision
2 that increases net income for the t	axable year is an add	ition.	
Subd. 5. Special limited adjustr	nent subtraction; in	dividuals, estates, a	nd trusts. For
an individual, estate, or trust, the am	ount of a nonconform	nity adjustment und	er subdivision
2 that decreases net income for the t	taxable year is a subt	raction.	
Subd. 6. Special limited adjustr	nent addition; C cor	porations. For a cor	poration other
than an S corporation, the amount o	f a nonconformity ad	ljustment under subo	division 2 that
increases net income for the taxable	year is an addition.		
Subd. 7. Special limited adjustr	nent subtraction; in	dividuals, estates, a	nd trusts. For
a corporation other than an S corpora	ation, the amount of a	a nonconformity adj	ustment under
subdivision 2 that decreases net inco	ome for the taxable y	ear is a subtraction.	
Subd. 8. Nonresident apportion	ment; alternative mi	inimum tax. (a) The	commissioner
of revenue must apply each of the su	btractions and additio	ons in this section wh	en calculating
the following amounts:			
(1) the percentage under Minnes	ota Statutes, section	290.06, subdivision	2c, paragraph
<u>(e);</u>			
(2) a taxpayer's alternative minir	num taxable income	under Minnesota St	atutes, section
<u>290.091.</u>			
(b) The commissioner of revenu	e must consider each	of the subtractions	and additions
in this section when calculating "inco	ome" as defined in Mi	nnesota Statutes, sec	etion 289A.08.
EFFECTIVE DATE. (a) Subdi	visions 1 to 7 are effe	ective for taxable ye	ears beginning
after December 31, 2021 and before	e January 1, 2023, ex	cept for a pass-throu	igh entity

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19.32 an addition or a subtraction under this section.

the addition or subtraction is required in that subdivision.

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covered by subdivision 3, subdivisions 1 to 7 are effective retroactively for the taxable years

(b) Subdivision 8 is effective retroactively for any taxable year in which a taxpayer had

20.1	Sec. 17. <u>REPEALER.</u>
20.2	Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.0111, is repealed.
20.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except
20.4	the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time as
20.5	the changes were effective for federal purposes.
20.6	ARTICLE 2
20.7	INDIVIDUAL INCOME AND CORPORATE FRANCHISE TAXES
20.8	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 41B.0391, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
20.9	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
20.10	the meanings given.
20.11	(b) "Agricultural assets" means agricultural land, livestock, facilities, buildings, and
20.12	machinery used for farming in Minnesota.
20.13	(c) "Beginning farmer" means an individual, or a limited liability company owned by
20.14	an individual, who:
20.15	(1) is a resident of Minnesota;
20.16	(2) is seeking entry, or has entered within the last ten years, into farming;
20.17	(3) intends to farm land located within the state borders of Minnesota;
20.18	(4) is not and whose spouse is not a family member of the owner of the agricultural
20.19	assets from whom the beginning farmer is seeking to purchase or rent agricultural assets;
20.20	(5) is not and whose spouse is not a family member of a partner, member, shareholder,
20.21	or trustee of the owner of agricultural assets from whom the beginning farmer is seeking to
20.22	purchase or rent agricultural assets; and
20.23	(6) meets the following eligibility requirements as determined by the authority:
20.24	(i) has a net worth that does not exceed the limit provided under section 41B.03,
20.25	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (2);
20.26	(ii) provides the majority of the day-to-day physical labor and management of the farm;
20.27	(iii) has, by the judgment of the authority, adequate farming experience or demonstrates

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knowledge in the type of farming for which the beginning farmer seeks assistance from the

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authority;

21.1	(iv) demonstrates to the authority a profit potential by submitting projected earnings
21.2	statements;
21.3	(v) asserts to the satisfaction of the authority that farming will be a significant source
21.4	of income for the beginning farmer;
21.5	(vi) is enrolled in or has completed within ten years of their first year of farming a
21.6	financial management program approved by the authority or the commissioner of agriculture;
21.7	(vii) agrees to notify the authority if the beginning farmer no longer meets the eligibility
21.8	requirements within the three-year certification period, in which case the beginning farmer
21.9	is no longer eligible for credits under this section; and
21.10	(viii) has other qualifications as specified by the authority.
21.11	The authority may waive the requirement in item (vi) if the participant requests a waiver
21.12	and has a four-year degree in an agricultural program or related field, reasonable agricultural
21.13	job-related experience, or certification as an adult farm management instructor.
21.14	(d) "Family member" means a family member within the meaning of the Internal Revenue
21.15	Code, section 267(c)(4).
21.16	(e) "Farm product" means plants and animals useful to humans and includes, but is not
21.17	limited to, forage and sod crops, oilseeds, grain and feed crops, dairy and dairy products,
21.18	poultry and poultry products, livestock, fruits, and vegetables.
21.19	(f) "Farming" means the active use, management, and operation of real and personal
21.20	property for the production of a farm product.
21.21	(g) "Limited liability company" means a family farm limited liability company, an
21.22	authorized farm limited liability company, or other limited liability company authorized to
21.23	engage in farming and own, acquire, or otherwise obtain an interest in agricultural land
21.24	under section 500.24.
21.25	(g) (h) "Owner of agricultural assets" means an individual, trust, or pass-through entity
21.26	that is the owner in fee of agricultural land or has legal title to any other agricultural asset.
21.27	Owner of agricultural assets does not mean an equipment dealer, livestock dealer defined
21.28	in section 17A.03, subdivision 7, or comparable entity that is engaged in the business of
21.29	selling agricultural assets for profit and that is not engaged in farming as its primary business
21.30	activity. An owner of agricultural assets approved and certified by the authority under
21.31	subdivision 4 must notify the authority if the owner no longer meets the definition in this
21.32	paragraph within the three year certification period and is then no longer eligible for credits

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under this section.

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22.1	(h) (i)	"Resident"	has the	meaning	given in	section	290.01	, subdivision	7
22.1	(11) (11)	restacht	mas unc	meaning	givenin	SCCHOIL	270.UI	, subuivision	/

- (i) (j) "Share rent agreement" means a rental agreement in which the principal consideration given to the owner of agricultural assets is a predetermined portion of the production of farm products produced from the rented agricultural assets and which provides for sharing production costs or risk of loss, or both.
- 22.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 22.7 31, 2021.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 41B.0391, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 2. **Tax credit for owners of agricultural assets.** (a) An owner of agricultural assets may take a credit against the tax due under chapter 290 for the sale or rental of agricultural assets to a beginning farmer in the amount allocated by the authority under subdivision 4. An owner of agricultural assets is eligible for allocation of a credit equal to:
  - (1) five percent of the lesser of the sale price or the fair market value of the agricultural asset, up to a maximum of \$32,000;
  - (2) ten percent of the gross rental income in each of the first, second, and third years of a rental agreement, up to a maximum of \$7,000 per year; or
    - (3) 15 percent of the cash equivalent of the gross rental income in each of the first, second, and third years of a share rent agreement, up to a maximum of \$10,000 per year.
    - (b) A qualifying rental agreement includes cash rent of agricultural assets or a share rent agreement. The agricultural asset must be rented at prevailing community rates as determined by the authority.
    - (c) The credit may be claimed only after approval and certification by the authority, and is limited to the amount stated on the certificate issued under subdivision 4. An owner of agricultural assets must apply to the authority for certification and allocation of a credit, in a form and manner prescribed by the authority.
    - (d) An owner of agricultural assets or beginning farmer may terminate a rental agreement, including a share rent agreement, for reasonable cause upon approval of the authority. If a rental agreement is terminated without the fault of the owner of agricultural assets, the tax credits shall not be retroactively disallowed. In determining reasonable cause, the authority must look at which party was at fault in the termination of the agreement. If the authority determines the owner of agricultural assets did not have reasonable cause, the owner of agricultural assets must repay all credits received as a result of the rental agreement to the

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commissioner of revenue. The repayment is additional income tax for the taxable year which the authority makes its decision or when a final adjudication under subdivision paragraph (a), is made, whichever is later.	
(e) The credit is limited to the liability for tax as computed under chapter 290 for taxable year. If the amount of the credit determined under this section for any taxable exceeds this limitation, the excess is a beginning farmer incentive credit carryover according to section 290.06, subdivision 37.	e year
(f) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, paragraph (c), for purposes of the credit for the of an agricultural asset under paragraph (a), clause (1), the family member definition exclusions in subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clauses (4) and (5), do not apply.	
(g) For a qualifying sale to a family member to qualify for the credit under paragramatical (a), clause (1), the sale price of the agricultural asset must equal or exceed the assessivalue of the asset under chapter 273 as of the date of the sale. If there is no assessed to	ed
the sale price must equal or exceed 80 percent of the fair market value of the asset as date of the sale.	
(h) For the purposes of this section, "qualifying sale to a family member" means at to a beginning farmer in which the beginning farmer or the beginning farmer's spous family member of:	
<ul><li>(1) the owner of the agricultural asset; or</li><li>(2) a partner, member, shareholder, or trustee of the owner of the agricultural asset</li></ul>	et.
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after Dece 31, 2021.	ember
Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 41B.0391, subdivision 4, is amended to re- Subd. 4. <b>Authority duties.</b> (a) The authority shall:	ead:
(1) approve and certify or recertify beginning farmers as eligible for the program	under

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this section;

qualification and participation in financial management programs approved by the authority; 23.30

credit under subdivision 2 subject to the allocation limits in paragraph (c);

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(2) approve and certify or recertify owners of agricultural assets as eligible for the tax

(3) provide necessary and reasonable assistance and support to beginning farmers for

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(4) refer beginning farmers to agencies and organizations that may provide additional
pertinent information and assistance; and

- (5) notwithstanding section 41B.211, the Rural Finance Authority must share information with the commissioner of revenue to the extent necessary to administer provisions under this subdivision and section 290.06, subdivisions 37 and 38. The Rural Finance Authority must annually notify the commissioner of revenue of approval and certification or recertification of beginning farmers and owners of agricultural assets under this section. For credits under subdivision 2, the notification must include the amount of credit approved by the authority and stated on the credit certificate.
- (b) The certification of a beginning farmer or an owner of agricultural assets under this section is valid for the year of the certification and the two following years, after which time the beginning farmer or owner of agricultural assets must apply to the authority for recertification.
- 24.14 (c) For credits for owners of agricultural assets allowed under subdivision 2, the authority
  24.15 must not allocate more than:
- 24.16 (1) \$5,000,000 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2019, and must not allocate more than;
- 24.18 (2) \$6,000,000 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, and before January
  24.19 1, 2022; and
- 24.20 (3) \$5,700,000 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021.
  - (d) The authority must allocate credits on a first-come, first-served basis beginning on January 1 of each year, except that recertifications for the second and third years of credits under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), have first priority. Any amount authorized but not allocated in any taxable year does not cancel and is added to the allocation for the next taxable year.
- 24.26 (e) \$300,000 in fiscal year 2023 and \$300,000 in fiscal year 2024 are appropriated from
  24.27 the general fund to the Rural Finance Authority to develop an online application system
  24.28 and administer the credits under this section. The base for the appropriation is \$0 in fiscal
  24.29 year 2025 and later.
  - (f) To encourage socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers to apply for and receive credits under this section, the authority must promote the availability of this credit to socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers, and must provide application assistance targeted to socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers. For the purposes of this section, "socially

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25.1	disadvantaged farmer or rancher" has the meaning given in United States Code, title 7,
25.2	section 2279(a)(5).

- 25.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 25.4 31, 2021.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 116J.8737, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 5. **Credit allowed.** (a) A qualified investor or qualified fund is eligible for a credit equal to 25 percent of the qualified investment in a qualified small business. Investments made by a pass-through entity qualify for a credit only if the entity is a qualified fund. The commissioner must not allocate to qualified investors or qualified funds more than the dollar amount in credits allowed for the taxable years listed in paragraph (i). For each taxable year, 50 percent must be allocated to credits for qualified investments in qualified greater Minnesota businesses and minority-owned, women-owned, or veteran-owned qualified small businesses in Minnesota. Any portion of a taxable year's credits that is reserved for qualified investments in greater Minnesota businesses and minority-owned, women-owned, or veteran-owned qualified small businesses in Minnesota that is not allocated by September 30 of the taxable year is available for allocation to other credit applications beginning on October 1. Any portion of a taxable year's credits that is not allocated by the commissioner does not cancel and may be carried forward to subsequent taxable years until all credits have been allocated.
  - (b) The commissioner may not allocate more than a total maximum amount in credits for a taxable year to a qualified investor for the investor's cumulative qualified investments as an individual qualified investor and as an investor in a qualified fund; for married couples filing joint returns the maximum is \$250,000, and for all other filers the maximum is \$125,000. The commissioner may not allocate more than a total of \$1,000,000 in credits over all taxable years for qualified investments in any one qualified small business.
  - (c) The commissioner may not allocate a credit to a qualified investor either as an individual qualified investor or as an investor in a qualified fund if, at the time the investment is proposed:
- 25.30 (1) the investor is an officer or principal of the qualified small business; or
- 25.31 (2) the investor, either individually or in combination with one or more members of the investor's family, owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more of the outstanding securities of the qualified small business.

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- A member of the family of an individual disqualified by this paragraph is not eligible for a credit under this section. For a married couple filing a joint return, the limitations in this paragraph apply collectively to the investor and spouse. For purposes of determining the ownership interest of an investor under this paragraph, the rules under section 267(c) and 267(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply.
- (d) Applications for tax credits must be made available on the department's website by November 1 of the preceding year.
- (e) Qualified investors and qualified funds must apply to the commissioner for tax credits. Tax credits must be allocated to qualified investors or qualified funds in the order that the tax credit request applications are filed with the department. The commissioner must approve or reject tax credit request applications within 15 days of receiving the application. The investment specified in the application must be made within 60 days of the allocation of the credits. If the investment is not made within 60 days, the credit allocation is canceled and available for reallocation. A qualified investor or qualified fund that fails to invest as specified in the application, within 60 days of allocation of the credits, must notify the commissioner of the failure to invest within five business days of the expiration of the 60-day investment period.
- (f) All tax credit request applications filed with the department on the same day must be treated as having been filed contemporaneously. If two or more qualified investors or qualified funds file tax credit request applications on the same day, and the aggregate amount of credit allocation claims exceeds the aggregate limit of credits under this section or the lesser amount of credits that remain unallocated on that day, then the credits must be allocated among the qualified investors or qualified funds who filed on that day on a pro rata basis with respect to the amounts claimed. The pro rata allocation for any one qualified investor or qualified fund is the product obtained by multiplying a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of the credit allocation claim filed on behalf of a qualified investor and the denominator of which is the total of all credit allocation claims filed on behalf of all applicants on that day, by the amount of credits that remain unallocated on that day for the taxable year.
- (g) A qualified investor or qualified fund, or a qualified small business acting on their behalf, must notify the commissioner when an investment for which credits were allocated has been made, and the taxable year in which the investment was made. A qualified fund must also provide the commissioner with a statement indicating the amount invested by each investor in the qualified fund based on each investor's share of the assets of the qualified fund at the time of the qualified investment. After receiving notification that the investment

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27.1	was made, the commissioner must issue credit certificates for the taxable year in which the
27.2	investment was made to the qualified investor or, for an investment made by a qualified
27.3	fund, to each qualified investor who is an investor in the fund. The certificate must state
27.4	that the credit is subject to revocation if the qualified investor or qualified fund does not
27.5	hold the investment in the qualified small business for at least three years, consisting of the
27.6	calendar year in which the investment was made and the two following years. The three-year
27.7	holding period does not apply if:
27.8	(1) the investment by the qualified investor or qualified fund becomes worthless before
27.9	the end of the three-year period;

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- 27.10 (2) 80 percent or more of the assets of the qualified small business is sold before the end of the three-year period; 27.11
- (3) the qualified small business is sold before the end of the three-year period; 27.12
- (4) the qualified small business's common stock begins trading on a public exchange 27.13 before the end of the three-year period; or 27.14
- (5) the qualified investor dies before the end of the three-year period. 27.15
- (h) The commissioner must notify the commissioner of revenue of credit certificates 27.16 issued under this section. 27.17
- 27.18 (i) The credit allowed under this subdivision is effective as follows:
- (1) \$10,000,000 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and before January 27.19 1, 2022; and 27.20
- (2) \$5,000,000 \$12,000,000 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and 27.21 before January 1, 2023. 27.22
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 27.23 27.24 after December 31, 2021.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 116U.27, subdivision 1, is amended 27.25 to read: 27.26
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have 27.27 27.28 the meanings given.
- (b) "Allocation certificate" means a certificate issued by the commissioner to a taxpayer 27.29 27.30 upon receipt of an initial application for a credit for a project that has not yet been completed.
- (c) "Application" means the application for a credit under subdivision 4. 27.31

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28.1	(d) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.
28.2	(e) "Credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the commissioner upon submission
28.3	of the cost verification report in subdivision 4, paragraph (e).
28.4	(f) "Eligible production costs" means eligible production costs as defined in section
28.5	116U.26, paragraph (b), clause (1), incurred in Minnesota that are directly attributable to
28.6	the production of a film project in Minnesota.
28.7	(g) "Film" has the meaning given in section 116U.26, paragraph (b), clause (2).
28.8	(h) "Project" means a film:
28.9	(1) that includes the promotion of Minnesota;
28.10	(2) for which the taxpayer has expended at least \$1,000,000 in the taxable year a
28.11	consecutive twelve-month period beginning when expenditures are first paid in Minnesota
28.12	for eligible production costs; and
28.13	(3) to the extent practicable, that employs Minnesota residents.
28.14	(i) "Promotion of Minnesota" or "promotion" means visible display of a static or animated
28.15	logo, approved by the commissioner and lasting approximately five seconds, that promotes
28.16	Minnesota within its presentation in the end credits before the below-the-line crew crawl
28.17	for the life of the project.
28.18	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
28.19	after December 31, 2021.
28.20	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, is amended
28.21	to read:
28.22	Subd. 7a. <b>Pass-through entity tax.</b> (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, the following
28.23	terms have the meanings given:
28.24	(1) "income" has the meaning given in subdivision 7, paragraph (j), modified by the
28.25	addition provided in section 290.0131, subdivision 5, and the subtraction provided in section
28.26	290.0132, subdivision 3, except that the provisions that apply to a partnership apply to a
28.27	qualifying entity and the provisions that apply to a partner apply to a qualifying owner. The
28.28	income of both a resident and qualifying owner of an entity taxed as a partnership under

S corporation including a qualified subchapter S subsidiary organized under section

the Internal Revenue Code is not subject to allocation outside this state as provided for

resident individuals under section 290.17, subdivision 1, paragraph (a). The income of a

nonresident qualifying owner or the income of a qualifying owner of an entity taxed as an

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- 1361(b)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code is allocated and assigned to this state as provided for nonresident partners and shareholders under sections 290.17, 290.191, and 290.20;
  - (2) "qualifying entity" means a partnership, limited liability company taxed as a partnership or S corporation, or S corporation including a qualified subchapter S subsidiary organized under section 1361(b)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code. Qualifying entity does not may include a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation that has a partnership, limited liability company other than a disregarded entity, or corporation as a partner, member, or shareholder, provided those entities are excluded from the qualifying entity's tax return; the entity is taxed as a partnership, limited liability company, or S corporation; and is not a publicly traded partnership, as defined in section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended through January 1, 2021; and
- 29.12 (3) "qualifying owner" means:
  - (i) a resident or nonresident individual <u>trust</u> or estate that is a partner, member, or shareholder of a qualifying entity; or
- 29.15 (ii) a resident or nonresident trust that is a shareholder of a qualifying entity that is an 29.16 S corporation an entity taxed as a partnership under the Internal Revenue Code; or
- 29.17 (iii) a disregarded entity that has a qualifying owner as its single owner.
- 29.18 (b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, in which the taxes of a
  29.19 qualifying owner are limited under section 164(b)(6)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, a
  29.20 qualifying entity may elect to file a return and pay the pass-through entity tax imposed under
  29.21 paragraph (c). The election:
- 29.22 (1) must be made on or before the due date or extended due date of the qualifying entity's pass-through entity tax return;
- 29.24 (2) may only be made by qualifying owners who collectively hold more than a 50 percent ownership interest in the qualifying entity;
- 29.26 (3) is binding on all qualifying owners who have an ownership interest in the qualifying entity; and
- 29.28 (4) once made is irrevocable for the taxable year.
- 29.29 (c) Subject to the election in paragraph (b), a pass-through entity tax is imposed on a qualifying entity in an amount equal to the sum of the tax liability of each qualifying owner.

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- (d) The amount of a qualifying owner's tax liability under paragraph (c) is the amount of the qualifying owner's income multiplied by the highest tax rate for individuals under section 290.06, subdivision 2c. When making this determination:
- (1) nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed; and
  - (2) a credit or deduction is allowed only to the extent allowed to the qualifying owner.
- (e) The amount of each credit and deduction used to determine a qualifying owner's tax liability under paragraph (d) must also be used to determine that qualifying owner's income tax liability under chapter 290.
- (f) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that a qualifying owner pay estimated tax if the qualifying owner's tax liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section 289A.25. The qualifying owner's liability to pay estimated tax on the qualifying owner's tax liability as determined under paragraph (d) is, however, satisfied when the qualifying entity pays estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25 for composite estimated tax.
- (g) A qualifying owner's adjusted basis in the interest in the qualifying entity, and the treatment of distributions, is determined as if the election to pay the pass-through entity tax under paragraph (b) is not made.
- (h) To the extent not inconsistent with this subdivision, for purposes of this chapter, a pass-through entity tax return must be treated as a composite return and a qualifying entity filing a pass-through entity tax return must be treated as a partnership filing a composite return.
- (i) The provisions of subdivision 17 apply to the election to pay the pass-through entity tax under this subdivision.
- (j) If a nonresident qualifying owner of a qualifying entity making the election to file and pay the tax under this subdivision has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the pass-through entity tax return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1, provided that the nonresident qualifying owner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the income from the qualifying entity, other electing qualifying entities, and other partnerships electing to file a composite return under subdivision 7. If it is determined that the nonresident qualifying owner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of the income and tax liability for that owner under this provision will not constitute a return to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the qualifying owner as part of the

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pass-through entity tax return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the qualifying owner
on the date on which the pass-through entity tax return payment was made.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 31.3 after December 31, 2020. 31.4
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 289A.382, subdivision 2, is amended 31.5 to read: 31.6
- Subd. 2. Reporting and payment requirements for partnerships and tiered partners. (a) Except for when an audited partnership makes the election in subdivision 3, and except for negative federal adjustments required under federal law taken into account 31.9 by the partnership in the partnership return for the adjustment or other year, all final federal 31.10 adjustments of an audited partnership must comply with paragraph (b) and each direct 31.11 partner of the audited partnership, other than a tiered partner, must comply with paragraph 31.12 (c). 31.13
  - (b) No later than 90 days after the final determination date, the audited partnership must:
- (1) file a completed federal adjustments report, including all partner-level information 31.15 required under section 289A.12, subdivision 3, with the commissioner; 31.16
  - (2) notify each of its direct partners of their distributive share of the final federal adjustments;
    - (3) file an amended composite report for all direct partners who were included in a composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, in the reviewed year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments been reported properly as required; and
    - (4) file amended withholding reports for all direct partners who were or should have been subject to nonresident withholding under section 290.92, subdivision 4b, in the reviewed year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments been reported properly as required-; and
- (5) file an amended pass-through entity tax report for all direct partners who were 31.27 included in a pass-through entity tax return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, in the 31.28 31.29 reviewed year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments been reported properly as required. 31.30

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32.1	(c) No later than 180 days after the final determination date, each direct partner, other
32.2	than a tiered partner, that is subject to a tax administered under this chapter, other than the
32.3	sales tax, must:
32.4	(1) file a federal adjustments report reporting their distributive share of the adjustments
32.5	reported to them under paragraph (b), clause (2); and
32.6	(2) pay any additional amount of tax due as if the final federal adjustment had been
32.7	properly reported, plus any penalty and interest due under this chapter, and less any credit
32.8	for related amounts paid or withheld and remitted on behalf of the direct partner under
32.9	paragraph (b), clauses (3) and (4).
32.10	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
32.11	after December 31, 2020.
32.12	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0131, is amended by adding a subdivision
32.13	to read:
32.14	Subd. 20. Dependent flexible spending accounts. For a taxpayer who claims the credit
32.15	under section 290.067, or for a married taxpayer filing a separate return whose spouse claims
32.16	the credit under that section, the amount of dependent care assistance that is excluded from
32.17	gross income under section 129 of the Internal Revenue Code is an addition.
32.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
32.19	<u>31, 2021.</u>
32.20	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
32.21	Subd. 21. Military service pension; retirement pay. (a) To the extent included in
32.22	federal adjusted gross income, compensation received from a pension or other retirement
32.23	pay from the federal government for service in the military, as is a subtraction. Only the
32.24	following amounts may be subtracted under this subdivision:
32.25	(1) compensation computed under United States Code, title 10, sections 1401 to 1414,
32.26	1447 to 1455, and 12733, is a subtraction.;
32.27	(2) the total amount of a federal employee retirement system pension under United States
32.28	Code, title 5, chapter 84, multiplied by the taxpayer's military service ratio; and
32.29	(3) the total amount of a civil service retirement system pension under United States
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Code, title 5, chapter 83, subchapter III, multiplied by the taxpayer's military service ratio.

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(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "military service ratio" means:	
(1) in the case of a federal employee retirement system pension, the years of service	<u> </u>
credited to the taxpayer for military service under United States Code, title 5, section 84	11,
divided by the total service credited to the taxpayer under that section; and	
(2) in the case of a civil service retirement system pension, the years of service credi	ted
to the taxpayer for military service under United States Code, title 5, section 8322, divident	ded
by the total service credited to the taxpayer under that section.	
(d) For purposes of calculating the ratio under paragraph (b), the commissioner mus	<u>st</u>
consider the number of full years and months credited to the taxpayer, excluding any	
fractional part of a month, if any.	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginn	ing
after December 31, 2020.	
Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, subdivision 26, is amended to re	ad:
Subd. 26. Social Security benefits. (a) A portion of taxable Social Security benefit	s is
allowed as a subtraction. The taxpayer is allowed a subtraction equals equal to the grea	<u>ter</u>
of the simplified subtraction determined under paragraph (b) or the alternate subtraction	<u>n</u>
determined under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e).	
(b) A taxpayer's simplified subtraction equals the amount of taxable Social Security	<u>,</u>
benefits. For a taxpayer with adjusted gross income above the phaseout threshold, the	
subtraction is reduced by ten percent for each \$4,000 of adjusted gross income, or fract	ion
thereof, in excess of the threshold. The phaseout threshold equals:	
(1) \$75,000 for a married taxpayer filing a joint return or surviving spouse;	
(2) \$58,600 for a single or head of household taxpayer; or	
(3) half the amount allowed under clause (1) for a married taxpayer filing a separate	<u> </u>
return.	
(c) A taxpayer's alternate subtraction equals the lesser of taxable Social Security bene	fits
or a maximum subtraction subject to the limits under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), (e), a	nd

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34.1	(b) (d) For married taxpayers filing a joint return and surviving spouses, the maximum
34.2	subtraction under paragraph (c) equals \$5,150 \$5,450. The maximum subtraction is reduced
34.3	by 20 percent of provisional income over \$78,180 \$82,770. In no case is the subtraction
34.4	less than zero.
34.5	(e) (e) For single or head-of-household taxpayers, the maximum subtraction under
34.6	paragraph (c) equals \$4,020 \$4,260. The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of
34.7	provisional income over $$61,080 $ $$64,670$ . In no case is the subtraction less than zero.
34.8	(d) (f) For married taxpayers filing separate returns, the maximum subtraction under
34.9	paragraph (c) equals one-half the maximum subtraction for joint returns under paragraph
34.10	(b) (d). The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional income over
34.11	one-half the threshold amount specified in paragraph (b) (d). In no case is the subtraction
34.12	less than zero.
34.13	(e) (g) For purposes of this subdivision, "provisional income" means modified adjusted
34.14	gross income as defined in section 86(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus one-half of
34.15	the taxable Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, and "Social Security
34.16	benefits" has the meaning given in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
34.17	(f) (h) The commissioner shall adjust the maximum subtraction and threshold amounts
34.18	in paragraphs (b) to $\frac{\text{(d)}}{\text{(f)}}$ as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is taxable
34.19	year 2019 2022. The maximum subtraction and phaseout threshold amounts as adjusted
34.20	must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded
34.21	up to the nearest \$10 amount.
34.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
34.23	<u>31, 2021.</u>
34.24	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision
34.25	to read:
34.26	Subd. 32. Emergency assistance for postsecondary student grants. (a) An emergency
34.27	grant for postsecondary students is a subtraction.
34.28	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, "emergency grant for postsecondary students"
34.29	means an emergency grant to a student of an eligible institution, as defined in section
34.30	136A.103, to meet the financial needs of a student that could result in the student not
34.31	completing the term or their program, including but not limited to grants provided under
34.32	Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 2, article 1, section 2, subdivision 24.

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(c) This subdivision expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2029.

EFFECTIVE DATE.	This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
31, 2021, and before Jan	uary 1, 2030.
Sec. 12. Minnesota Star	tutes 2020, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:	
Subd. 33. Workforce	e incentive fund grant payments. (a) The amount of workforce
incentive grants received	by an eligible worker under section 256.4778 is a subtraction.
(b) This subdivision e	expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2029.
EFFECTIVE DATE.	. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
31, 2021, and before Jan	uary 1, 2030.
Sec. 13. Minnesota Stat	utes 2021 Supplement, section 290.06, subdivision 22, is amended
to read:	
Subd. 22. Credit for	taxes paid to another state. (a) A taxpayer who is liable for taxes
based on net income to an	nother state, as provided in paragraphs (b) through (f), upon income
allocated or apportioned	to Minnesota, is entitled to a credit for the tax paid to another state
if the tax is actually paid	in the taxable year or a subsequent taxable year. A taxpayer who
is a resident of this state	pursuant to section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraph (b), and who
is subject to income tax a	as a resident in the state of the individual's domicile is not allowed
this credit unless the state	e of domicile does not allow a similar credit.
(b) For an individual,	estate, or trust, the credit is determined by multiplying the tax
payable under this chapte	er by the ratio derived by dividing the income subject to tax in the
other state that is also sul	bject to tax in Minnesota while a resident of Minnesota by the
taxpayer's federal adjuste	ed gross income, as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue
Code, modified by the ac	ldition required by section 290.0131, subdivision 2, and the
subtraction allowed by se	ection 290.0132, subdivision 2, to the extent the income is allocated
or assigned to Minnesota	under sections 290.081 and 290.17.
(c) If the taxpayer is a	an athletic team that apportions all of its income under section
290.17, subdivision 5, th	e credit is determined by multiplying the tax payable under this
chapter by the ratio deriv	red from dividing the total net income subject to tax in the other
state by the taxpayer's M	innesota taxable income.
(d)(1) The credit dete	rmined under paragraph (b) or (c) shall not exceed the amount of
tax so paid to the other st	tate on the gross income earned within the other state subject to
tax under this chapter; ar	nd

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amount less than what would be assessed if the gross income earned within the other state

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were excluded from taxable net income.

(e) In the case of the tax assessed on a lump-sum distribution under section 290.032, the credit allowed under paragraph (a) is the tax assessed by the other state on the lump-sum distribution that is also subject to tax under section 290.032, and shall not exceed the tax assessed under section 290.032. To the extent the total lump-sum distribution defined in section 290.032, subdivision 1, includes lump-sum distributions received in prior years or is all or in part an annuity contract, the reduction to the tax on the lump-sum distribution allowed under section 290.032, subdivision 2, includes tax paid to another state that is properly apportioned to that distribution.

- (f) If a Minnesota resident reported an item of income to Minnesota and is assessed tax in such other state on that same income after the Minnesota statute of limitations has expired, the taxpayer shall receive a credit for that year under paragraph (a), notwithstanding any statute of limitations to the contrary. The claim for the credit must be submitted within one year from the date the taxes were paid to the other state. The taxpayer must submit sufficient proof to show entitlement to a credit.
- (g) For the purposes of this subdivision, a resident shareholder of a corporation treated as an "S" corporation under section 290.9725, must be considered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in an amount equal to the shareholder's pro rata share of any net income tax paid by the S corporation to another state. For the purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "net income tax" means any tax imposed on or measured by a corporation's net income.
- (h) For the purposes of this subdivision, a resident partner of an entity taxed as a partnership under the Internal Revenue Code must be considered to have paid a tax imposed on the partner in an amount equal to the partner's pro rata share of any net income tax paid by the partnership to another state. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "net income" tax means any tax imposed on or measured by a partnership's net income. For purposes of this paragraph, "partnership" includes a limited liability company and "partner" includes a member of a limited liability company.
  - (i) For the purposes of this subdivision, "another state":
- 36.32 (1) includes:
- 36.33 (i) the District of Columbia; and

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- (2) excludes Puerto Rico and the several territories organized by Congress.
- 37.3 (j) The limitations on the credit in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), are imposed on a state by state basis.
  - (k) For a tax imposed by a province or territory of Canada, the tax for purposes of this subdivision is the excess of the tax over the amount of the foreign tax credit allowed under section 27 of the Internal Revenue Code. In determining the amount of the foreign tax credit allowed, the net income taxes imposed by Canada on the income are deducted first. Any remaining amount of the allowable foreign tax credit reduces the provincial or territorial tax that qualifies for the credit under this subdivision.
  - (l)(1) The credit allowed to a qualifying individual under this section for tax paid to a qualifying state equals the credit calculated under paragraphs (b) and (d), plus the amount calculated by multiplying:
- 37.14 (i) the difference between the preliminary credit and the credit calculated under paragraphs
  37.15 (b) and (d), by
  - (ii) the ratio derived by dividing the income subject to tax in the qualifying state that consists of compensation for performance of personal or professional services by the total amount of income subject to tax in the qualifying state.
  - (2) If the amount of the credit that a qualifying individual is eligible to receive under clause (1) for tax paid to a qualifying state exceeds the tax due under this chapter before the application of the credit calculated under clause (1), the commissioner shall refund the excess to the qualifying individual. An amount sufficient to pay the refunds required by this subdivision is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.
  - (3) For purposes of this paragraph, "preliminary credit" means the credit that a qualifying individual is eligible to receive under paragraphs (b) and (d) for tax paid to a qualifying state without regard to the limitation in paragraph (d), clause (2); "qualifying individual" means a Minnesota resident under section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraph (a), who received compensation during the taxable year for the performance of personal or professional services within a qualifying state; and "qualifying state" means a state with which an agreement under section 290.081 is not in effect for the taxable year but was in effect for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2010.
  - (m) For purposes of this subdivision, a resident sole member of a disregarded limited liability company must be considered to have paid a tax imposed on the sole member in an

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38.1	amount equal to the net income tax paid by the disregarded limited liability company to
38.2	another state. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "disregarded limited liability
38.3	company" means a limited liability company that is disregarded as an entity separate from
38.4	its owner as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.7701; and "net
38.5	income" tax means any tax imposed on or measured by a disregarded limited liability
38.6	company's net income.
38.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
38.8	31, 2021.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.067, is amended to read:

## 290.067 <del>DEPENDENT</del> GREAT START CHILD CARE AND DEPENDENT CARE CREDIT.

Subdivision 1. Amount of credit. (a) A taxpayer may take as a credit against the tax due from the taxpayer and a spouse, if any, under this chapter an amount equal to the dependent care credit for which the taxpayer is eligible pursuant to the provisions of section 21 of the Internal Revenue Code except that in determining whether the child qualified as a dependent, income received as a Minnesota family investment program grant or allowance to or on behalf of the child must not be taken into account in determining whether the child received more than half of the child's support from the taxpayer the taxpayer's eligible dependent care expenses, as determined under subdivisions 1a and 1b, multiplied by the taxpayer's credit percentage, as determined under subdivision 1c.

(b) If a child who has not attained the age of six years at the close of the taxable year is cared for at a licensed family day care home operated by the child's parent, the taxpayer is deemed to have paid employment-related expenses. If the child is 16 months old or younger at the close of the taxable year, the amount of expenses deemed to have been paid equals the maximum limit for one qualified individual under section 21(c) and (d) of the Internal Revenue Code. If the child is older than 16 months of age but has not attained the age of six years at the close of the taxable year, the amount of expenses deemed to have been paid equals the amount the licensee would charge for the care of a child of the same age for the same number of hours of care.

- (c) If a married couple:
- (1) has a child who has not attained the age of one year at the close of the taxable year; 38.31
- (2) files a joint tax return for the taxable year; and 38.32

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39.1	(3) does not participate in a dependent care assistance program as defined in section 129
39.2	of the Internal Revenue Code, in lieu of the actual employment related expenses paid for
39.3	that child under paragraph (a) or the deemed amount under paragraph (b), the lesser of (i)
39.4	the combined earned income of the couple or (ii) the amount of the maximum limit for one
39.5	qualified individual under section 21(c) and (d) of the Internal Revenue Code will be deemed
39.6	to be the employment related expense paid for that child. The earned income limitation of
39.7	section 21(d) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not apply to this deemed amount. These
39.8	deemed amounts apply regardless of whether any employment-related expenses have been
39.9	<del>paid.</del>
39.10	(d) If the taxpayer is not required and does not file a federal individual income tax return
39.11	for the tax year, no credit is allowed for any amount paid to any person unless:
39.12	(1) the name, address, and taxpayer identification number of the person are included on
39.13	the return claiming the credit; or
39.14	(2) if the person is an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
39.15	Code and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, the name
39.16	and address of the person are included on the return claiming the credit.
39.17	In the case of a failure to provide the information required under the preceding sentence,
39.18	the preceding sentence does not apply if it is shown that the taxpayer exercised due diligence
39.19	in attempting to provide the information required.
39.20	(e) (b) In the case of a nonresident, part-year resident, or a person who has earned income
39.21	not subject to tax under this chapter including earned income excluded pursuant to section
39.22	290.0132, subdivision 10, the credit determined under section 21 of the Internal Revenue
39.23	Code this section must be allocated based on the ratio by which the earned income of the
39.24	claimant and the claimant's spouse from Minnesota sources bears to the total earned income
39.25	of the claimant and the claimant's spouse using the percentage calculated in section 290.06,
39.26	subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).
39.27	(c) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given:
39.28	(1) "employment-related expenses" has the meaning given in section 21(b)(2) of the
39.29	Internal Revenue Code;
39.30	(2) "qualifying individual" has the meaning given in section 21(b)(1) of the Internal
39.31	Revenue Code, except that in determining whether the child qualified as a dependent, income

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received as a Minnesota family investment program grant or allowance to or on behalf of

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	the child must not be taken into account in determining whether the child received more
	than half of the child's support from the taxpayer; and
	(3) "young child" means a qualifying individual who had not attained the age of five by
	December 31 of the taxable year.
	(f) For residents of Minnesota, the subtractions for military pay under section 290.0132,
	subdivisions 11 and 12, are not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this
	<del>chapter."</del>
	(g) For residents of Minnesota, the exclusion of combat pay under section 112 of the
	Internal Revenue Code is not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this
	<del>chapter."</del>
	(h) For taxpayers with federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$52,230, the credit is
	equal to the lesser of the credit otherwise calculated under this subdivision, or the amount
	equal to \$600 minus five percent of federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$52,230 for
	taxpayers with one qualified individual, or \$1,200 minus five percent of federal adjusted
	gross income in excess of \$52,230 for taxpayers with two or more qualified individuals,
1	out in no case is the credit less than zero.
	Subd. 1a. Eligible dependent care expenses. (a) A taxpayer's eligible dependent care
(	expenses equals the amount of employment-related expenses incurred by the taxable year,
5	subject to the limitations in paragraphs (b) and (c).
	(b) Except as provided in subdivision 1b, a taxpayer's eligible dependent care expenses
	are limited to:
	(1) \$3,000 if there was one qualifying individual with respect to the taxpayer; or
	(2) \$6,000 if there were two or more qualifying individuals with respect to the taxpayer.
	Subd. 1b. <b>Special rules for tax years 2022 to 2028.</b> For taxable years beginning after
	December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2029, for a taxpayer with a young child, the limit
	in paragraph (b) is increased as follows:
	(1) for a taxpayer with one young child with respect to the taxpayer, the limit is increased
	by \$3,000;
	(2) for a taxpayer with two young children with respect to the taxpayer, the limit is

(3) for a taxpayer with three or more young children with respect to the taxpayer, the limit is increased by \$9,000. 40.32

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increased by \$6,000; or

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as increased by subdivision 1b.

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41.1	Subd. 1c. Credit percentage. (a) The credit percentage equals 50 percent, subject to
41.2	the reductions in paragraphs (b) and (c).
41.3	(b) A taxpayer's credit percentage is reduced by one percentage point for each \$2,000,
41.4	or fraction thereof, by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income exceeds \$125,000, until
41.5	the credit percentage equals 20 percent.
41.6	(c) For a taxpayer with adjusted gross income in excess of \$400,000, the credit percentage
41.7	equals 20 percent, reduced by one percentage point for each \$2,000, or fraction thereof, by
41.8	which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income exceeds \$400,000.
41.9	(d) For a married taxpayer filing a separate return, the credit percentage must be calculated
41.10	under paragraphs (a) to (c), except the adjusted gross income thresholds are one-half the
41.11	amounts for other filers, as adjusted for inflation under subdivision 2b.
41.12	Subd. 2b. Inflation adjustment. The commissioner shall annually adjust the dollar
41.13	amount of the income threshold at which the maximum credit percentage begins to be
41.14	reduced under subdivision <u>1 1c</u> as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is taxable
41.15	year <del>2019</del> <u>2022</u> .
41.16	Subd. 2c. Deemed expenses. (a) If a child who has not attained the age of six years at
41.17	the close of the taxable year is cared for at a licensed family day care home operated by the
41.18	child's parent, the taxpayer is deemed to have paid employment-related expenses. The
41.19	amount of expenses deemed to have been paid equals the amount the licensee would charge
41.20	for the care of a child of the same age for the same number of hours of care.
41.21	(b) If a married couple:
41.22	(1) has a child who has not attained the age of one year at the close of the taxable year;
41.23	<u>and</u>
41.24	(2) does not participate in a dependent care assistance program as defined in section 129
41.25	of the Internal Revenue Code; then in lieu of the actual employment-related expenses paid
41.26	for that child under or the deemed amount under paragraph (a), the amount deemed to be
41.27	the employment-related expense paid for that child equals the lesser of:
41.28	(i) the combined earned income of the couple; or
41.29	(ii) the amount of the maximum limit for one qualified individual under subdivision 1a,

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42.1	The earned income limitation of sec	tion 21(d) of the Inte	rnal Revenue Code sl	hall not apply
42.2	to this deemed amount. These deem	ed amounts apply re	gardless of whether a	any
42.3	employment-related expenses have	been paid.		
42.4	Subd. 2d. Identifying informat	<b>ion required.</b> (a) No	credit is allowed for	any amount
42.5	paid to any person unless:			
42.6	(1) the name, address, and taxpa	yer identification nur	mber of the person are	e included on
42.7	the return claiming the credit; or			
42.8	(2) if the person is an organization	n described in section	1 501(c)(3) of the Inte	ernal Revenue
42.9	Code and exempt from tax under se	ction 501(a) of the I	nternal Revenue Cod	e, the name
42.10	and address of the person are include	ed on the return clai	ming the credit.	
42.11	(b) The rule in section 21(e)(10)	of the Internal Reve	enue Code applies for	the credit
42.12	under this section.			
42.13	Subd. 3. Credit to be refundab	le. If the amount of o	credit which a claima	nt would be
42.14	eligible to receive pursuant to this s	ubdivision exceeds t	he claimant's tax liab	ility under
42.15	chapter 290, the excess amount of the	ne credit shall be ref	unded to the claimant	t by the
42.16	commissioner of revenue. An amou	nt sufficient to pay the	he refunds required b	y this section
42.17	is appropriated to the commissioner	from the general fur	nd.	
42.18	Subd. 4. Right to file claim. The	eright to file a claim	under this section sha	ll be personal
42.19	to the claimant and shall not survive	e death, but such righ	nt may be exercised o	on behalf of a
42.20	claimant by the claimant's legal gua	rdian or attorney-in-	fact. When a claiman	nt dies after
42.21	having filed a timely claim the amou	unt thereof shall be d	isbursed to another m	nember of the
42.22	household as determined by the con	nmissioner of revenu	ie. If the claimant wa	s the only
42.23	member of a household, the claim n	nay be paid to the cla	aimant's personal rep	resentative,
42.24	but if neither is appointed and quali	fied within two year	s of the filing of the c	claim, the
42.25	amount of the claim shall escheat to	the state.		
42.26	Subd. 5. Employment-related e	expenses. For the pu	rposes of determining	<u>g</u>
42.27	employment-related expenses, the p	rovisions of sections	s 21(d) and 21(e)(6) o	of the Internal
42.28	Revenue Code apply.			
42.29	Subd. 6. Rules for married cou	ples filing separate	<b>returns.</b> A married ta	axpaver filing

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the credit. 42.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 42.32 31, 2021. 42.33

a separate return may claim the credit under this section, but only one spouse may claim

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- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.0671, subdivision 1, is amended 43.1 to read: 43.2 Subdivision 1. Credit allowed. (a) An individual who is a resident of Minnesota is 43.3
  - allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter equal to a percentage of earned income. To receive a credit, a taxpayer must be eligible for a credit under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that:
  - (1) a taxpayer with no qualifying children who has attained the age of 19, but not attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year and is otherwise eligible for a credit under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code may also receive a credit; and
  - (2) a taxpayer who is otherwise eligible for a credit under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code remains eligible for the credit even if the taxpayer's earned income or adjusted gross income exceeds the income limitation under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code-; and
  - (3) the requirements of section 32(m) of the Internal Revenue Code do not apply.
  - (b) For individuals with no qualifying children, the credit equals 3.9 percent of the first \$7,150 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 2.0 percent of earned income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
    - (c) For individuals with one qualifying child, the credit equals 9.35 percent of the first \$11,950 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 6.0 percent of earned income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
  - (d) For individuals with two qualifying children, the credit equals 11 percent of the first \$19,600 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 10.5 percent of earned income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
- (e) For individuals with three or more qualifying children, the credit equals 12.5 percent of the first \$20,000 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 10.5 percent of earned income 43.28 or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
- (f) For a part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on the percentage calculated 43.31 under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e). 43.32

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44.1	(g) For a person who was a resident for the entire tax year and has earned income not
44.2	subject to tax under this chapter, including income excluded under section 290.0132,
44.3	subdivision 10, the credit must be allocated based on the ratio of federal adjusted gross
44.4	income reduced by the earned income not subject to tax under this chapter over federal
44.5	adjusted gross income. For purposes of this paragraph, the following clauses are not
44.6	considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter":
44.7	(1) the subtractions for military pay under section 290.0132, subdivisions 11 and 12;
44.8	(2) the exclusion of combat pay under section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
44.9	(3) income derived from an Indian reservation by an enrolled member of the reservation
44.10	while living on the reservation.
44.11	(h) For the purposes of this section, the phaseout threshold equals:
44.12	(1) \$14,570 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with no qualifying children;
44.13	(2) \$8,730 for all other taxpayers with no qualifying children;
44.14	(3) \$28,610 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with one qualifying child;
44.15	(4) \$22,770 for all other taxpayers with one qualifying child;
44.16	(5) \$32,840 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with two qualifying children;
44.17	(6) \$27,000 for all other taxpayers with two qualifying children;
44.18	(7) \$33,140 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with three or more qualifying
44.19	children; and
44.20	(8) \$27,300 for all other taxpayers with three or more qualifying children.
44.21	(i) The commissioner shall construct tables showing the amount of the credit at various
44.22	income levels and make them available to taxpayers. The tables shall follow the schedule
44.23	contained in this subdivision, except that the commissioner may graduate the transition
44.24	between income brackets.
44.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
44.26	<u>31, 2021.</u>
44.27	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0674, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
44.28	Subd. 2. Limitations. (a) For claimants with adjusted gross income not greater than
44.29	\$33,500 \$70,000, the maximum credit allowed for a family is \$1,000 multiplied by the

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number of qualifying children in kindergarten through grade 12 in the family. The maximum

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45.1	credit for families with one qualifying child in kindergarten through grade 12 is reduced by
45.2	\$1 for each \$4 of household adjusted gross income over \$33,500 \$70,000, and the maximum
45.3	credit for families with two or more qualifying children in kindergarten through grade 12
45.4	is reduced by \$2 for each \$4 of household adjusted gross income over \$33,500 \$70,000,
45.5	but in no case is the credit less than zero.

- (b) In the case of a married claimant, a credit is not allowed unless a joint income tax return is filed.
  - (c) For a nonresident or part-year resident, the credit determined under subdivision 1 and the maximum credit amount in paragraph (a) must be allocated using the percentage calculated in section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).
- (d) The commissioner shall annually adjust the household income limitation in paragraph 45.11 (a) as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is 2022. 45.12
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 45.13 31, 2021. 45.14
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0681, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 45.15
- Subd. 2. Credit or grant allowed; certified historic structure. (a) A credit is allowed 45.16 against the tax imposed under this chapter equal to not more than 100 percent of the credit 45.17 allowed under section 47(a) of the Internal Revenue Code for a project. The credit is payable 45.18 in five equal yearly installments beginning with the year the project is placed in service. 45.19 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 47(a) of the Internal Revenue Code that require 45.20 the federal credit to be allocated ratably over a five-year period, the full amount of the credit 45.21
- under this section is allowed in the taxable year in which the qualified rehabilitated building 45.22 is placed in service. To qualify for the credit: 45.23
- (1) the project must receive Part 3 certification and be placed in service during the taxable 45.24 year; and 45.25
- (2) the taxpayer must be allowed the federal credit and be issued a credit certificate for 45.26 the taxable year as provided in subdivision 4. 45.27
  - (b) The commissioner of administration may pay a grant in lieu of the credit. The grant equals 90 percent of the credit that would be allowed for the project. The grant is payable in five equal yearly installments beginning with in the year the project is placed in service.
- 45.31 (c) In lieu of the credit under paragraph (a), an insurance company may claim a credit against the insurance premiums tax imposed under chapter 297I. 45.32

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6.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for credit certificates issued after June
6.2	30, 2022, and applies retroactively for applications for allocation certificates submitted after
6.3	December 31, 2017.

- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0681, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Applications; allocations. (a) To qualify for a credit or grant under this section, the developer of a project must apply to the office before the rehabilitation begins. The application must contain the information and be in the form prescribed by the office. The office may collect a fee for application of up to 0.5 percent of qualified rehabilitation expenditures, up to \$40,000, based on estimated qualified rehabilitation expenditures, to offset costs associated with personnel and administrative expenses related to administering the credit and preparing the economic impact report in subdivision 9. Application fees are deposited in the account. The application must indicate if the application is for a credit or a grant in lieu of the credit or a combination of the two and designate the taxpayer qualifying for the credit or the recipient of the grant.
- (b) Upon approving an application for credit, the office shall issue allocation certificates 46.15 46.16 that:
- (1) verify eligibility for the credit or grant; 46.17
  - (2) state the amount of credit or grant anticipated with the project, with the credit amount equal to 100 percent and the grant amount equal to 90 percent of the federal credit anticipated in the application;
  - (3) state that the credit or grant allowed may increase or decrease if the federal credit the project receives at the time it is placed in service is different than the amount anticipated at the time the allocation certificate is issued; and
  - (4) state the fiscal year in which the credit or grant is allocated, and that the taxpayer or grant recipient is entitled to receive one-fifth of the total amount of either the credit or the grant at the time the project is placed in service, provided that date is within three calendar years following the issuance of the allocation certificate.
  - (c) The office, in consultation with the commissioner, shall determine if the project is eligible for a credit or a grant under this section and must notify the developer in writing of its determination. Eligibility for the credit is subject to review and audit by the commissioner.
- (d) The federal credit recapture and repayment requirements under section 50 of the 46.32 Internal Revenue Code do not apply to the credit allowed under this section. 46.33

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- (e) Any decision of the office under paragraph (c) may be challenged as a contested case under chapter 14. The contested case proceeding must be initiated within 45 days of the date of written notification by the office.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for credit certificates issued after June
  30, 2022, and applies retroactively for applications for allocation certificates submitted after
  December 31, 2017.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0681, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 4. Credit certificates; grants. (a)(1) The developer of a project for which the office has issued an allocation certificate must notify the office when the project is placed in service. Upon verifying that the project has been placed in service, and was allowed a federal credit, the office must issue a credit certificate to the taxpayer designated in the application or must issue a grant to the recipient designated in the application. The credit certificate must state the amount of the credit.
- 47.14 (2) The credit amount equals the federal credit allowed for the project.
- 47.15 (3) The grant amount equals 90 percent of the federal credit allowed for the project.
  - (b) The recipient of a credit certificate may assign the certificate to another taxpayer before the first one-fifth payment is claimed, which is then allowed the credit under this section or section 297I.20, subdivision 3. An assignment is not valid unless the assignee notifies the commissioner within 30 days of the date that the assignment is made. The commissioner shall prescribe the forms necessary for notifying the commissioner of the assignment of a credit certificate and for claiming a credit by assignment.
- 47.22 (c) Credits passed through to partners, members, shareholders, or owners pursuant to 47.23 subdivision 5 are not an assignment of a credit certificate under this subdivision.
- (d) A grant agreement between the office and the recipient of a grant may allow the grant to be issued to another individual or entity.
- 47.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for credit certificates issued after June
  47.27 30, 2022, and applies retroactively for applications for allocation certificates submitted after
  47.28 December 31, 2017.

Item 11. Article 2 Sec. 19. 47

48.1	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.0681, subdivision 10, is amended
48.2	to read:
48.3	Subd. 10. <b>Sunset.</b> This section expires after fiscal year 2022 2030, except that the office's
48.4	authority to issue credit certificates under subdivision 4 based on allocation certificates that
48.5	were issued before fiscal year 2023 2031 remains in effect through 2025 calendar year 2033,
48.6	and the reporting requirements in subdivision 9 remain in effect through the year following
48.7	the year in which all allocation certificates have either been canceled or resulted in issuance
48.8	of credit certificates, or 2026 2034, whichever is earlier.
48.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
48.10	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.0682, is amended by adding
48.11	a subdivision to read:
48.12	Subd. 3. Credit refundable; appropriation. (a) If the amount of credit which a claimant
48.13	is eligible to receive under this section exceeds the claimant's tax liability under this chapter,
48.14	the commissioner shall refund the excess to the claimant.
48.15	(b) An amount sufficient to pay the refunds required by this section is appropriated to
48.16	the commissioner from the general fund.
48.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
48.18	<u>31, 2021.</u>
48.19	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.0682, is amended by adding
48.20	a subdivision to read:
48.21	Subd. 4. Special rules for tax years 2022 to 2028. For taxable years beginning after
48.22	December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2029, the maximum credit under subdivision 2,
48.23	paragraph (b), clause (4), is \$1,400.
48.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
48.25	31, 2021, and before January 1, 2029.
48.26	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0685, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
48.27	Subdivision 1. Credit allowed. (a) An eligible individual is allowed a credit against the

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tax imposed by this chapter equal to \$2,000 for each birth for which a certificate of birth

resulting in stillbirth has been issued under section 144.2151 stillbirth. The credit under this

section is allowed only in the taxable year in which the stillbirth occurred and if the child

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49.1	would have been a dependent of the taxpayer as defined in section 152 of the Internal
49.2	Revenue Code.
49.3	(b) For a nonresident or part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on the
49.4	percentage calculated under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).
49.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
49.6	after December 31, 2015.
49.7	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0685, is amended by adding a subdivision
49.8	to read:
49.9	Subd. 1a. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
49.10	meanings given, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
49.11	(b) "Certificate of birth" means the printed certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth issued
49.12	under section 144.2151 or for a birth occurring in another state or country a similar certificate
49.13	issued under that state's or country's law.
49.14	(c) "Eligible individual" means an individual who is:
49.15	(1)(i) a resident; or
49.16	(ii) the nonresident spouse of a resident who is a member of armed forces of the United
49.17	States or the United Nations; and
49.18	(2)(i) the individual who gave birth resulting in stillbirth and is listed as a parent on the
49.19	certificate of birth;
49.20	(ii) if no individual meets the requirements of clause (i) for a stillbirth that occurs in this
49.21	state, then the first parent listed on the certificate of birth resulting in still birth; or
49.22	(iii) the individual who gave birth resulting in stillbirth for a birth outside of this state
49.23	for which no certificate of birth was issued.
49.24	(d) "Stillbirth" means a birth for which a fetal death report would be required under
49.25	section 144.222, subdivision 1, if the birth occurred in this state.
49.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
49.27	after December 31, 2015.
49.28	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290A.03, subdivision 3, is amended
49.29	to read:

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Subd. 3. **Income.** (a) "Income" means the sum of the following:

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- (ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section 469, paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity loss carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 50.7 (iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness of a 50.8 solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal Revenue 50.9 Code;
  - (iv) cash public assistance and relief;
    - (v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received under the federal Social Security Act, Supplemental Security Income, and veterans benefits), which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was funded exclusively by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;
- 50.16 (vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality or 50.17 political subdivision thereof;
- 50.18 (vii) workers' compensation;
- 50.19 (viii) nontaxable strike benefits;
- 50.20 (ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or sick 50.21 pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through insurance 50.22 or otherwise;
- 50.23 (x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1995;
  - (xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account, including a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan; self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent the sum of amounts exceeds the retirement base amount for the claimant and spouse;
- 50.31 (xii) to the extent not included in federal adjusted gross income, distributions received 50.32 by the claimant or spouse from a traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan;

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51.1	(xiii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants;
51.2	(xiv) alimony received to the extent not included in the recipient's income;
51.3	(xv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal Revenue
51.4	Code;
51.5	(xvi) the amount deducted for tuition expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue
51.6	Code; and
51.7	(xvii) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school
51.8	teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.
51.9	In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the
51.10	term "federal adjusted gross income" shall mean federal adjusted gross income reflected in
51.11	the fiscal year ending in the calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income shall not be reduced
51.12	by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss carryback
51.13	or carryforward allowed for the year.
51.14	(b) "Income" does not include:
51.15	(1) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and 102;
51.16	(2) amounts of any pension or annuity which was exclusively funded by the claimant
51.17	or spouse and which funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross
51.18	income in the years when the payments were made;
51.19	(3) to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, amounts contributed by the
51.20	claimant or spouse to a traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan, but not to exceed
51.21	the retirement base amount reduced by the amount of contributions excluded from federal
51.22	adjusted gross income, but not less than zero;
51.23	(4) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;
51.24	(5) relief granted under this chapter;
51.25	(6) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution or
51.26	legal separation;
51.27	(7) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as
51.28	defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001,
51.29	Public Law 107-16;
51.30	(8) alimony paid; <del>or</del>

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(9) veterans disability compensation paid under title 38 of the United States Code; and

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52.1	(10) workforce incentive grant payments under section 256.4778.
52.2	(c) The sum of the following amounts may be subtracted from income:
52.3	(1) for the claimant's first dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.4;
52.4	(2) for the claimant's second dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.3;
52.5	(3) for the claimant's third dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.2;
52.6	(4) for the claimant's fourth dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.1;
52.7	(5) for the claimant's fifth dependent, the exemption amount; and
52.8	(6) if the claimant or claimant's spouse had a disability or attained the age of 65 on or
52.9	before December 31 of the year for which the taxes were levied or rent paid, the exemption
52.10	amount.
52.11	(d) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given:
52.12	(1) "exemption amount" means the exemption amount under section 290.0121,
52.13	subdivision 1, paragraph (b), for the taxable year for which the income is reported;
52.14	(2) "retirement base amount" means the deductible amount for the taxable year for the
52.15	claimant and spouse under section 219(b)(5)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted for
52.16	inflation as provided in section 219(b)(5)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard
52.17	to whether the claimant or spouse claimed a deduction; and
52.18	(3) "traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan" means retirement plans under
52.19	sections 401, 403, 408, 408A, and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code.
52.20	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with refunds based on rent
52.21	paid in 2022 and property taxes payable in 2023.
52.22	Sec. 26. SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR CERTAIN ALLOCATION CERTIFICATES;
52.23	CREDIT FOR HISTORIC STRUCTURE REHABILITATION.
52.24	For an allocation certificate issued pursuant to an application submitted after December
52.25	31, 2017, for a project receiving a credit certificate issued after June 30, 2022, the allocation
52.26	certificate is deemed to state that the taxpayer or grant recipient is entitled to receive the
52.27	full amount of the credit or grant at the time the project is placed in service.
52.28	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec	e. 27. TEMPORARY INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX SUBTRACTION;
UNE	MPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS.
<u>(</u> 8	a) For the purposes of this section the following terms having the meanings given:
<u>(</u> 1	) "adjusted gross income" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.01,
subd	ivision 21a;
<u>(2</u>	2) "Internal Revenue Code" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section
290.0	01, subdivision 31;
<u>(3</u>	3) "subtraction" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0132,
subd	ivision 1;
<u>(</u> 4	4) "taxable year" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.01,
subd	ivision 9; and
<u>(</u> :	5) "unemployment compensation" has the meaning given in section 85(b) of the Internal
Reve	enue Code.
<u>(</u> ł	b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and before January 1, 2022,
an in	dividual taxpayer is allowed a subtraction equal to the amount of unemployment
comp	pensation received in the taxable year, subject to the limit in paragraphs (c) and (d).
<u>(c</u>	e) The subtraction is limited to \$10,200, except for a married taxpayer filing a joint
retur	n the subtraction is limited to \$10,200 in unemployment compensation received by
each	spouse.
<u>(c</u>	d) The limit in paragraph (c) is reduced by five percent of adjusted gross income in
exce	ss of:
<u>(</u> ]	1) \$150,000 for a joint return; or
<u>(2</u>	2) \$75,000 for all other filers.
In no	case is the limit less than \$0.
	FFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
_	December 31, 2020, and before January 1, 2022.
Sec	e. 28. INCOME TAX REBATES FOR PARENTS OF QUALIFYING CHILDREN.
<u>S</u>	ubdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, "qualifying child" has
the n	neaning given in section 24(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, but disregarding section

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9611(a)(i)(2) of Public Law 117-2.

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(b) The definitions in Minnesota	Statutes, section 29	0.01, apply to this se	ction.
Subd. 2. Credit allowed. (a) An i	ndividual income ta	axpayer is allowed a	credit against
the taxes imposed in Minnesota Statu	ites, sections 290.03	3 and 290.091. The c	redit equals
\$325 multiplied by the number of inc	lividuals who were	a qualifying child of	the taxpayer
for the taxable year.			
(b) The credit under this section is	s reduced by ten pe	rcent of adjusted gro	ss income in
excess of:			
(1) \$140,000 for a married taxpay	ver filing a joint retu	ırn; or	
(2) \$70,000 for all other filers.			
Subd. 3. Part-year residents. For	r an individual who	was a resident of M	innesota for
less than the entire taxable year, the c	redit equals the amo	ount determined under	er subdivision
2 for their filing status, multiplied by	the percentage dete	ermined pursuant to	Minnesota
Statutes, section 290.06, subdivision	2c, paragraph (e).		
Subd. 4. Credit refundable; appr	<b>copriation.</b> (a) If the	amount of credit wh	ich a claimant
is eligible to receive under this section	on exceeds the clain	nant's liability for tax	a, the
commissioner shall refund the excess	s to the claimant.		
(b) An amount sufficient to pay the	ne refunds required	by this section is app	propriated to
the commissioner from the general fu	ınd.		
Subd. 5. Distribution of credit p	ayments; filing pr	ocess for taxpayers	without tax
<u>liability.</u> (a) To the extent feasible, th	e commissioner of	revenue must automa	atically adjust
the return of any taxpayer who filed a	a return for a taxabl	e year in which the c	eredit under
this section applies. If a taxpayer is e	ligible for a refund	as a result of the cree	dit under this
section, to the extent feasible, the com	missioner must dist	cribute the refund via	direct deposit
to the taxpayer's bank account, check	, or any other mech	nanism the commission	oner deems
appropriate.			
(b) The commissioner of revenue	must establish a sin	mplified filing proces	ss through
which a taxpayer who does not have	an individual incon	ne tax filing requiren	nent may file

may be in the form or manner determined by the commissioner, but must be designed to 54.29 reduce the complexity of the filing process and the time needed to file for individuals without 54.30 an income tax liability for the taxable year. 54.31

a return for the taxable years in which the credit is available. The filing process and forms

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55.1	Subd. 6. Recapture of payments forbidden. The commissioner of revenue must not
5.2	apply, and must not certify to another agency to apply, a payment resulting from the credit
5.3	under this section to any unpaid tax or nontax debt owed by an individual.
55.4	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
55.5	after December 31, 2020, and before January 1, 2022.
55.6	Sec. 29. REPEALER.
55.7	Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0674, subdivision 2a, is repealed.
55.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
55.9	<u>31, 2021.</u>
· - 10	ADTICLE 2
5.10	ARTICLE 3
55.11	SALES AND USE TAXES
5.12	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 38.27, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
55.13	Subd. 4. Use of a portion of county fair revenues. A county agricultural society must
55.14	annually determine the amount of sales tax savings attributable to section 297A.70,
55.15	subdivision 21. If the county agricultural society owns its own fairgrounds, it, and must use
55.16	the amount equal to the sales tax savings to maintain, improve, or expand society-owned
55.17	buildings and facilities on the fairgrounds; otherwise it must transfer this amount to the
55.18	owner of the fairgrounds. An owner that receives a transfer of money under this subdivision
55.19	must use the transferred amount to maintain, improve, and expand entity owned buildings
55.20	and facilities on the county fairgrounds.
55.21	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment for
55.22	the most recent annual tax savings determined prior to enactment.
55.23	Sec. 2. [240A.15] AMATEUR SPORTS ACCOUNT.
55.24	An amateur sports account is established in the special revenue fund and consists of
55.25	money deposited under section 297A.94, paragraph (k). Money in the account, including
55.26	interest, is appropriated to the commission for the promotion and development of amateur
55.27	sports as provided in section 240A.04. Money in the account does not cancel and is available
55.28	until spent.

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2022.

56.1	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.61, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
56.2	Subd. 12. <b>Farm machinery.</b> (a) "Farm machinery" means new or used machinery,
56.3	equipment, implements, accessories, and contrivances used directly and principally in
56.4	agricultural production of tangible personal property intended to be sold ultimately at retail
56.5	including, but not limited to:
<b>-</b>	
56.6	(1) machinery for the preparation, seeding, or cultivation of soil for growing agricultural
56.7	crops;
56.8	(2) barn cleaners, milking systems, grain dryers, feeding systems including stationary
56.9	feed bunks, fencing material, and similar installations, whether or not the equipment is
56.10	installed by the seller and becomes part of the real property; and
56.11	(3) irrigation equipment sold for exclusively agricultural use, including pumps, pipe
56.12	fittings, valves, sprinklers, and other equipment necessary to the operation of an irrigation
56.13	system when sold as part of an irrigation system, whether or not the equipment is installed
56.14	by the seller and becomes part of the real property.
56.15	(b) Farm machinery does not include:
56.16	(1) repair or replacement parts;
56.17	(2) tools, shop equipment, grain bins, fencing material, communication equipment, and
56.18	other farm supplies;
56.19	(3) motor vehicles taxed under chapter 297B;
56.20	(4) snowmobiles or snow blowers;
56.21	(5) lawn mowers except those used in the production of sod for sale, or garden-type
56.22	tractors or garden tillers; or
56.23	(6) machinery, equipment, implements, accessories, and contrivances used directly in
56.24	the production of horses not raised for slaughter, fur-bearing animals, or research animals.
56.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
56.26	made after June 30, 2021.
56.27	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.68, subdivision 25, is amended to read:
56.28	Subd. 25. Sale of property used in a trade or business. (a) The sale of tangible personal
56.29	property primarily used in a trade or business is exempt if the sale is not made in the normal
56.30	course of business of selling that kind of property and if one of the following conditions is

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satisfied:

57.1	(1) the sale occurs in a transaction subject to or described in section 118, 331, 332, 336,
57.2	337, 338, 351, 355, 368, 721, 731, 1031, or 1033 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended
57.3	through December 16, 2016;
57.4	(2) the sale is between members of a controlled group as defined in section 1563(a) of
57.5	the Internal Revenue Code;
57.6	(3) the sale is between a sole member of a disregarded limited liability company and the
57.7	disregarded limited liability company;
57.8	(3) (4) the sale is a sale of farm machinery;
57.9	(4) (5) the sale is a farm auction sale;
57.10	(5) (6) the sale is a sale of substantially all of the assets of a trade or business; or
57.11	(6) (7) the total amount of gross receipts from the sale of trade or business property made
57.12	during the calendar month of the sale and the preceding 11 calendar months does not exceed
57.13	\$1,000.
57.14	The use, storage, distribution, or consumption of tangible personal property acquired as
57.15	a result of a sale exempt under this subdivision is also exempt.
57.16	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given.
57.17	(1) "Disregarded limited liability company" means a limited liability company that is
57.18	disregarded as an entity separate from its owner as defined in Code of Federal Regulations,
57.19	title 26, section 301.7701.
57.20	(1) (2) A "farm auction" is a public auction conducted by a licensed auctioneer if
57.21	substantially all of the property sold consists of property used in the trade or business of
57.22	farming and property not used primarily in a trade or business.
57.23	(2) (3) "Trade or business" includes the assets of a separate division, branch, or
57.24	identifiable segment of a trade or business if, before the sale, the income and expenses
57.25	attributable to the separate division, branch, or identifiable segment could be separately
57.26	ascertained from the books of account or record (the lease or rental of an identifiable segment
57.27	does not qualify for the exemption).
57.28	(3) (4) A "sale of substantially all of the assets of a trade or business" must occur as a

Item 11. Article 3 Sec. 4. 57

single transaction or a series of related transactions within the 12-month period beginning

on the date of the first sale of assets intended to qualify for the exemption provided in

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paragraph (a), clause (5).

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	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
30,	<u>2022.</u>
Se	ec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.68, is amended by adding a subdivision to
reac	1:
	Subd. 35b. Fiber and conduit; broadband and Internet access. Fiber and conduit
pur	chased or leased for use directly by a broadband or Internet service provider, primarily
n t	he provision of broadband or Internet access services that are ultimately to be sold at
reta	il, are exempt.
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
nac	de after June 30, 2017.
	ec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.68, is amended by adding a subdivision to
eac	d:
	Subd. 46. Food service establishment equipment. (a) The purpose of the exemption
ro	vided by this subdivision is to create parity between the treatment of capital equipment
se	d in the manufacturing industry and food service equipment used for the production of
rej	pared food and beverages. The goal is to provide the same exemption for equipment
se	d by food service establishments in the production of prepared food and furnishing of
ev	erages, as is provided for capital equipment pursuant to subdivision 5.
	(b) Food service equipment purchased or leased for use in this state by a food service
esta	blishment in the production of prepared food or furnishing of beverages, up to the point
he	prepared food or beverage is ready for delivery or service to the customer, is exempt.
	(c) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given:
	(1) "catering service" means a business that prepares food and beverages for service in
sup	port of an event with a predetermined guest list such as a reception, party, luncheon,
on	ference, ceremony, or trade show;
	(2) "food service equipment" means machinery, equipment, fixtures, and supplies used
эу а	a food service establishment that are integral to the production of prepared food or the
urr	nishing of beverages and that meet the standards imposed under Minnesota Rules, chapter
162	6. Food service equipment:
	(i) includes cooking utensils, serving utensils, ovens, grills, coolers, microwave ovens,
free	ezers, refrigerators and refrigerator stations, holding cabinets, deep fryers, condiment
stat	ions, dishwashers, steamers, coffee machines, ice machines, water heaters, sinks, faucets,

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59.1	food warmers and warming trays, tabletop chaffing equipment, buffets and buffet equipment,
59.2	self-service condiment equipment, self-service beverage equipment, beer dispensing systems,
59.3	equipment needed for bar service, and any other item that is integral to the production of
59.4	prepared food or the furnishing of beverages; and
59.5	(ii) excludes items used by customers such as linens, paper napkins, glasses, cups, mugs,
59.6	utensils, tables, and chairs. Also excluded are delivery vehicles or any motor vehicles
59.7	purchased by a food service establishment;
59.8	(3) "food service establishment" means a restaurant as defined in section 157.15,
59.9	subdivision 12, a mobile food unit as defined in section 157.15, subdivision 9, or a catering
59.10	service as defined in this paragraph;
59.11	(4) "furnishing of beverages" means the production of beverages, including alcoholic
59.12	beverages, by a bartender, server, caterer, or other person employed by a food service
59.13	establishment;
59.14	(5) "prepared food" has the meaning given in section 297A.61, subdivision 31; and
9.15	(6) "production" means an operation or series of operations where ingredients are changed
9.16	in form, composition, or condition that results in the creation of prepared food or a beverage.
59.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
59.18	<u>30, 2022.</u>
59.19	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.70, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
59.20	Subd. 21. County agricultural society sales at county fairs. (a) The following sales
59.21	by a county agricultural society during a regularly scheduled county fair are exempt. For
59.22	purposes of this subdivision, sales include:
59.23	(1) admissions to and parking at the county fairgrounds;
59.24	(2) admissions to separately ticketed events run by the county agricultural society; and
59.25	(3) concessions and other sales made by employees or volunteers of the county
59.26	agricultural society on the county fairgrounds.
9.27	This (b) The exemption under paragraph (a) does not apply to sales or for events by a
59.28	eounty agricultural society held at a time other than at the time of the regularly scheduled
59.29	county fair, or events not held on the county fairgrounds.
59.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes	s 2020, section 297A.71	, subdivision 51, i	is amended to read
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- Subd. 51. **Properties destroyed by fire.** (a) Building materials and supplies used or consumed in, and equipment incorporated into, the construction or replacement of real property affected by, and capital equipment to replace equipment destroyed in, the fire on March 11, 2018, in the city of Mazeppa are exempt. The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied and then refunded in the manner provided in section 297A.75. For purposes of this subdivision, "capital equipment" includes durable equipment used in a restaurant for food storage, preparation, and serving.
- 60.9 (b) The exemption under this subdivision applies to sales and purchases made after 60.10 March 11, 2018, and before January 1, 2022 2024.

## 60.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from March 11, 2018.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 297A.71, subdivision 52, is amended to read:
- Subd. 52. Construction; certain local government facilities. (a) Materials and supplies used in and equipment incorporated into the construction, reconstruction, upgrade, expansion, or remodeling of the following local government owned facilities are exempt:
  - (1) a new fire station, which includes firefighting, emergency management, public safety training, and other public safety facilities in the city of Monticello if materials, supplies, and equipment are purchased after January 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2022;
  - (2) a new fire station, which includes firefighting and public safety training facilities and public safety facilities, in the city of Inver Grove Heights if materials, supplies, and equipment are purchased after June 30, 2018, and before January 1, 2021;
  - (3) a fire station and police station, including access roads, lighting, sidewalks, and utility components, on or adjacent to the property on which the fire station or police station are located that are necessary for safe access to and use of those buildings, in the city of Minnetonka if materials, supplies, and equipment are purchased after May 23, 2019, and before January 1, 2022;
  - (4) the school building in Independent School District No. 414, Minneota, if materials, supplies, and equipment are purchased after January 1, 2018, and before January 1, 2021;
- 60.30 (5) a fire station in the city of Mendota Heights, if materials, supplies, and equipment 60.31 are purchased after December 31, 2018, and before January 1, 2021; and

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61.1	(6) a Dakota County law enforcement collaboration center, also known as the Safety
61.2	and Mental Health Alternative Response Training (SMART) Center, if materials, supplies,
61.3	and equipment are purchased after June 30, 2019, and before July 1, 2021-;
61.4	(7) new construction, upgrades, and remodeling to the Itasca County courts and
61.5	courthouse in conjunction and coordination with the new construction of a correctional
61.6	facility, if materials, supplies, and equipment are purchased after April 30, 2021, and before
61.7	<u>January 1, 2025;</u>
61.8	(8) the North Metro Regional Public Safety Training Facility in Maple Grove, if materials,
61.9	supplies, and equipment are purchased after August 31, 2021, and before December 31,
61.10	<u>2023; and</u>
61.11	(9) the following projects in Wayzata if materials, supplies, and equipment are purchased
61.12	after March 31, 2020, and before January 1, 2025:
61.13	(i) expansion and remodeling of Depot Park;
61.14	(ii) construction of community docks for purposes of access from Lake Minnetonka;
61.15	(iii) construction of a lakeside boardwalk of approximately 1,500 lineal feet;
61.16	(iv) shoreline restoration, including installation of native plants, trees, and natural habitat;
61.17	(v) restoration of Section Foreman House, including installation of a learning center to
61.18	provide indoor and outdoor classroom and community space;
61.19	(vi) construction of Eco Park, including shoreline restoration and marsh and water quality
61.20	improvement, a pier extension of the lakeside boardwalk, and creation of eco-living
61.21	<u>classrooms;</u>
61.22	(vii) construction of a public plaza with a restroom, 9/11 memorial, interactive water
61.23	display, and gathering space;
61.24	(viii) construction of a regional multiuse trail; and
61.25	(ix) construction of railroad crossings.
61.26	(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62,
61.27	subdivision 1, applied and then refunded in the manner provided in section 297A.75.
61.28	(c) The total refund for the project listed in paragraph (a), clause (3), must not exceed
61.29	\$850,000.
61.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases

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made during the periods indicated in paragraph (a), clauses (7) to (9).

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62.1	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020	, section 297A.71, is	amended by adding a	subdivision
62.2	to read:			
62.3	Subd. 54. Building materials;	farm fencing materi	al. Materials and sup	plies used or
62.4	consumed in, and equipment incorp	porated into, the cons	truction or improvem	ent of farm
62.5	fencing material that is not exempt	under section 297A.	51, subdivision 12, ar	e exempt.
62.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This sect	ion is effective retroa	actively for sales and	purchases
62.7	made after June 30, 2021.			
62.8 62.9	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, to read:	, section 297A.71, is	amended by adding a	subdivision
62.10	Subd. 55. Construction materi	als purchased by co	ntractors; exemption	a for certain
62.11	entities. (a) Materials and supplies	used or consumed in	and equipment incor	porated into
62.12	the construction, reconstruction, rep	pair, maintenance, or	improvement of build	dings or
62.13	facilities used principally by the foll	owing entities are exc	empt if the materials,	supplies, and
62.14	equipment are purchased after June	30, 2021, and before	2 January 1, 2023:	
62.15	(1) school districts, as defined u	nder section 297A.70	), subdivision 2, para	graph (c);
62.16	(2) local governments, as define	ed under section 297A	x.70, subdivision 2, pa	aragraph (d);
62.17	(3) hospitals and nursing homes	owned and operated	by political subdivisi	ions of the
62.18	state, as described under section 29	7A.70, subdivision 2	, paragraph (a), claus	e (3);
62.19	(4) county law libraries under ch	napter 134A and publ	ic libraries, regional p	oublic library
62.20	systems, and multicounty, multitype	e library systems, as	defined in section 13 <sup>2</sup>	<del>1.001;</del>
62.21	(5) nonprofit groups, as defined	under section 297A.	70, subdivision 4;	
62.22	(6) hospitals, outpatient surgical	centers, and critical	access dental provider	rs, as defined
62.23	under section 297A.70, subdivision	7; and		
62.24	(7) nursing homes and boarding	care homes, as defin	ed under section 297.	A.70,
62.25	subdivision 18.			
62.26	(b) Materials and supplies used	or consumed in and	equipment incorporate	ed into the
62.27	construction, reconstruction, repair,	, maintenance, or imp	provement of public in	1frastructure
62.28	of any kind, including but not limit	ed to roads, bridges,	culverts, drinking wat	ter facilities,

purchased after June 30, 2021, and before January 1, 2023:

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Item 11. Article 3 Sec. 11. 62

and wastewater facilities, purchased by a contractor, subcontractor, or builder as part of a

contract with the following entities are exempt if the materials, supplies, and equipment are

63.1	(1) school districts, as defined under section 297A.70, subdivision 2, paragraph (c); or
63.2	(2) local governments, as defined under section 297A.70, subdivision 2, paragraph (d).
63.3	(c) The tax on purchases exempt under this subdivision must be imposed and collected
63.4	as if the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the manner
63.5	provided in section 297A.75. Refunds for eligible purchases must not be issued after June
63.6	<u>30, 2023.</u>
63.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
63.8	made after June 30, 2021, and before January 1, 2023.
63.9	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a subdivision
63.10	to read:
63.11	Subd. 56. Construction materials purchased by contractors; exemption for certain
63.12	projects at the Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport. (a) Materials and supplies
63.13	used in, and equipment incorporated into, the construction, reconstruction, repair,
63.14	maintenance, or improvement of public infrastructure at the Minneapolis-St. Paul
63.15	International Airport purchased by a contractor or subcontractor for the following projects
63.16	are exempt if purchased after June 30, 2021, and before January 1, 2023:
63.17	(1) security improvements to the rental automobile quick turnaround facility at Terminal
63.18	<u>1;</u>
63.19	(2) replacing air handling units at Terminal 1 and Terminal 2;
63.20	(3) improvements to the C concourse loading dock at Terminal 1;
63.21	(4) lighting upgrades to LED;
63.22	(5) restroom upgrades at Terminal 1;
63.23	(6) renovation of mechanical rooms in Terminal 1, a MAC storage facility, and a liquid
63.24	deicer storage facility;
63.25	(7) a new trades storage facility;
63.26	(8) a new liquid deicer storage facility; and
63.27	(9) Terminal 1 passenger arrivals and departures replacement, rehabilitation, and
63.28	operational improvements.
63.29	(b) The tax on purchases exempt under this subdivision must be imposed and collected
63.30	as if the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the manner
63.31	provided in section 297A.75. Refunds for eligible purchases must not be made after June

Item 11. Article 3 Sec. 12. 63

64.1	30, 2023. The exemption allowed under this subdivision only applies to sales and purchases
64.2	for which an exemption is not claimed under subdivision 55

- 64.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2021, and before January 1, 2023.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Tax collected.** The tax on the gross receipts from the sale of the following exempt items must be imposed and collected as if the sale were taxable and the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied. The exempt items include:
- (1) building materials for an agricultural processing facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 13;
- 64.12 (2) building materials for mineral production facilities exempt under section 297A.71, 64.13 subdivision 14;
- 64.14 (3) building materials for correctional facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 3;
- 64.15 (4) building materials used in a residence for veterans with a disability exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 11;
- (5) elevators and building materials exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 12;
- (6) materials and supplies for qualified low-income housing under section 297A.71, subdivision 23;
- 64.20 (7) materials, supplies, and equipment for municipal electric utility facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 35;
- (8) equipment and materials used for the generation, transmission, and distribution of electrical energy and an aerial camera package exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 37;
- (9) commuter rail vehicle and repair parts under section 297A.70, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (10);
- 64.27 (10) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction or improvement of projects and facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 40;
- 64.29 (11) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction, improvement, or expansion of 64.30 a biopharmaceutical manufacturing facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 45;

Item 11. Article 3 Sec. 13. 64

65.1	(12) enterprise information technology equipment and computer software for use in a
65.2	qualified data center exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 42;
65.3	(13) materials, supplies, and equipment for qualifying capital projects under section
65.4	297A.71, subdivision 44, paragraph (a), clause (1), and paragraph (b);
65.5	(14) items purchased for use in providing critical access dental services exempt under
65.6	section 297A.70, subdivision 7, paragraph (c);
65.7	(15) items and services purchased under a business subsidy agreement for use or
65.8	consumption primarily in greater Minnesota exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision
65.9	44;
65.10	(16) building materials, equipment, and supplies for constructing or replacing real
65.11	property exempt under section 297A.71, subdivisions 49; 50, paragraph (b); and 51;
65.12	(17) building materials, equipment, and supplies for qualifying capital projects under
65.13	section 297A.71, subdivision 52; and
65.14	(18) building materials, equipment, and supplies for constructing, remodeling, expanding,
65.15	or improving a fire station, police station, or related facilities exempt under section 297A.71,
65.16	subdivision 53-;
65.17	(19) building construction or reconstruction materials, supplies, and equipment exempt
65.18	under section 297A.71, subdivision 55; and
65.19	(20) building construction or reconstruction materials, supplies, and equipment purchased
65.20	for qualifying projects at the Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport under section
65.21	<u>297A.71, subdivision 56.</u>
65.22	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
65.23	made after June 30, 2021.
65.24	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 297A.75, subdivision 2, is amended
65.25	to read:
65.26	Subd. 2. Refund; eligible persons. Upon application on forms prescribed by the
65.27	commissioner, a refund equal to the tax paid on the gross receipts of the exempt items must
65.28	be paid to the applicant. Only the following persons may apply for the refund:
65.29	(1) for subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), and (14), the applicant must be the purchaser;

Item 11. Article 3 Sec. 14. 65

(2) for subdivision 1, clause (3), the applicant must be the governmental subdivision;

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(3) for subdivision 1, clause (4), the applicant must be the recipient of the benefit provided in United States Code, title 38, chapter 21;  (4) for subdivision 1, clause (5), the applicant must be the owner of the homester property;  (5) for subdivision 1, clause (6), the owner of the qualified low-income housing property;  (6) for subdivision 1, clause (7), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility joint venture of municipal electric utilities;  (7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), (12), and (15), the owner of the qualifying business;  (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (13), (17), and (18), the applicant must be governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and  (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of building or project.  (10) for subdivision 1, clause (19), the applicant must be the entity:
(4) for subdivision 1, clause (5), the applicant must be the owner of the homester property;  (5) for subdivision 1, clause (6), the owner of the qualified low-income housing property;  (6) for subdivision 1, clause (7), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility joint venture of municipal electric utilities;  (7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), (12), and (15), the owner of the qualifying business;  (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (13), (17), and (18), the applicant must be governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and  (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of building or project.
for subdivision 1, clause (6), the owner of the qualified low-income housing process.  (6) for subdivision 1, clause (7), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility joint venture of municipal electric utilities;  (7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), (12), and (15), the owner of the qualifying business;  (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (13), (17), and (18), the applicant must be governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and  (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of building or project.
(5) for subdivision 1, clause (6), the owner of the qualified low-income housing process.  (6) for subdivision 1, clause (7), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility joint venture of municipal electric utilities;  (7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), (12), and (15), the owner of the qualifying business;  (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (13), (17), and (18), the applicant must be governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and  (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of building or project.
(6) for subdivision 1, clause (7), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility joint venture of municipal electric utilities;  (7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), (12), and (15), the owner of the qualifying business;  (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (13), (17), and (18), the applicant must be governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and  (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of building or project.;
joint venture of municipal electric utilities;  (7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), (12), and (15), the owner of the qualifying business;  (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (13), (17), and (18), the applicant must be governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and  (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of building or project.
(7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), (12), and (15), the owner of the qualifying business;  (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (13), (17), and (18), the applicant must be governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and  (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of building or project.;
business;  (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (13), (17), and (18), the applicant must be governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and  (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of building or project.
governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and  (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of building or project-;
governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and  (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of building or project-;
66.12 (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of building or project-;
66.13 building or project-;
(10) for subdivision 1, clause (19), the applicant must be the entity:
(i) listed in section 297A.71, subdivision 55, paragraph (a), that principally uses
66.16 <u>building or facility; or</u>
(ii) listed in section 297A.71, subdivision 55, paragraph (b), that contracts with a
66.18 contractor, subcontractor, or builder for the public infrastructure project; and
66.19 (11) for subdivision 1, clause (20), the applicant must be an airport commission.
66.20 <b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for sales and purcha
66.21 <u>made after June 30, 2021.</u>
Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 297A.75, subdivision 3, is am
66.23 to read:
Subd. 3. <b>Application.</b> (a) The application must include sufficient information to part of the subd. 3. Application and the subd.
the commissioner to verify the tax paid. If the tax was paid by a contractor, subcontr
or builder, under subdivision 1, clauses (3) to (13) or (15) to (18) (20), the contractor
subcontractor, or builder must furnish to the refund applicant a statement including the
of the exempt items and the taxes paid on the items unless otherwise specifically pro-

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by this subdivision. The provisions of sections 289A.40 and 289A.50 apply to refunds under

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this section.

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67.1	(b) An applicant may not file more than two applications per calendar year for refunds
67.2	for taxes paid on capital equipment exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 5.

67.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2021.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.94, is amended to read:

## 297A.94 DEPOSIT OF REVENUES.

- (a) Except as provided in this section, the commissioner shall deposit the revenues, including interest and penalties, derived from the taxes imposed by this chapter in the state treasury and credit them to the general fund.
- (b) The commissioner shall deposit taxes in the Minnesota agricultural and economic account in the special revenue fund if:
- (1) the taxes are derived from sales and use of property and services purchased for the construction and operation of an agricultural resource project; and
- 67.14 (2) the purchase was made on or after the date on which a conditional commitment was 67.15 made for a loan guaranty for the project under section 41A.04, subdivision 3.
- The commissioner of management and budget shall certify to the commissioner the date on which the project received the conditional commitment. The amount deposited in the loan guaranty account must be reduced by any refunds and by the costs incurred by the Department of Revenue to administer and enforce the assessment and collection of the taxes.
  - (c) The commissioner shall deposit the revenues, including interest and penalties, derived from the taxes imposed on sales and purchases included in section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clauses (1) and (4), in the state treasury, and credit them as follows:
  - (1) first to the general obligation special tax bond debt service account in each fiscal year the amount required by section 16A.661, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and
- 67.25 (2) after the requirements of clause (1) have been met, the balance to the general fund.
- (d) Beginning with sales taxes remitted after July 1, 2017, the commissioner shall deposit in the state treasury the revenues collected under section 297A.64, subdivision 1, including interest and penalties and minus refunds, and credit them to the highway user tax distribution fund.
- 67.30 (e) The commissioner shall deposit the revenues, including interest and penalties, 67.31 collected under section 297A.64, subdivision 5, in the state treasury and credit them to the

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general fund. By July 15 of each year the commissioner shall transfer to the highway user tax distribution fund an amount equal to the excess fees collected under section 297A.64, subdivision 5, for the previous calendar year.

- (f) Beginning with sales taxes remitted after July 1, 2017, in conjunction with the deposit of revenues under paragraph (d), the commissioner shall deposit into the state treasury and credit to the highway user tax distribution fund an amount equal to the estimated revenues derived from the tax rate imposed under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, on the lease or rental for not more than 28 days of rental motor vehicles subject to section 297A.64. The commissioner shall estimate the amount of sales tax revenue deposited under this paragraph based on the amount of revenue deposited under paragraph (d).
- (g) Starting after July 1, 2017, the commissioner shall deposit an amount of the remittances monthly into the state treasury and credit them to the highway user tax distribution fund as a portion of the estimated amount of taxes collected from the sale and purchase of motor vehicle repair parts in that month. For the remittances between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2019, the monthly deposit amount is \$2,628,000. For remittances in each subsequent fiscal year, the monthly deposit amount is \$12,137,000. For purposes of this paragraph, "motor vehicle" has the meaning given in section 297B.01, subdivision 11, and "motor vehicle repair and replacement parts" includes (i) all parts, tires, accessories, and equipment incorporated into or affixed to the motor vehicle as part of the motor vehicle maintenance and repair, and (ii) paint, oil, and other fluids that remain on or in the motor vehicle as part of the motor vehicle maintenance or repair. For purposes of this paragraph, "tire" means any tire of the type used on highway vehicles, if wholly or partially made of rubber and if marked according to federal regulations for highway use.
- (h) 72.43 percent of the revenues, including interest and penalties, transmitted to the commissioner under section 297A.65, must be deposited by the commissioner in the state treasury as follows:
- (1) 50 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund, and may be spent only on activities that improve, enhance, or protect fish and wildlife resources, including conservation, restoration, and enhancement of land, water, and other natural resources of the state;
- 68.31 (2) 22.5 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, and may 68.32 be spent only for state parks and trails;
- 68.33 (3) 22.5 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, and may be spent only on metropolitan park and trail grants;

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- (4) three percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, and may be spent only on local trail grants; and
- (5) two percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, and may be spent only for the Minnesota Zoological Garden, the Como Park Zoo and Conservatory, and the Duluth Zoo.
- (i) The revenue dedicated under paragraph (h) may not be used as a substitute for traditional sources of funding for the purposes specified, but the dedicated revenue shall supplement traditional sources of funding for those purposes. Land acquired with money deposited in the game and fish fund under paragraph (h) must be open to public hunting and fishing during the open season, except that in aquatic management areas or on lands where angling easements have been acquired, fishing may be prohibited during certain times of the year and hunting may be prohibited. At least 87 percent of the money deposited in the game and fish fund for improvement, enhancement, or protection of fish and wildlife resources under paragraph (h) must be allocated for field operations.
- (j) The commissioner must deposit the revenues, including interest and penalties minus 69.15 any refunds, derived from the sale of items regulated under section 624.20, subdivision 1, 69.16 that may be sold to persons 18 years old or older and that are not prohibited from use by the general public under section 624.21, in the state treasury and credit:
- (1) 25 percent to the volunteer fire assistance grant account established under section 69.19 88.068; 69.20
- (2) 25 percent to the fire safety account established under section 297I.06, subdivision 69.21 3; and 69.22
- (3) the remainder to the general fund. 69.23
  - For purposes of this paragraph, the percentage of total sales and use tax revenue derived from the sale of items regulated under section 624.20, subdivision 1, that are allowed to be sold to persons 18 years old or older and are not prohibited from use by the general public under section 624.21, is a set percentage of the total sales and use tax revenues collected in the state, with the percentage determined under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 1, article 3, section 39.
- (k) Beginning in 2023, by June 30, the commissioner shall deposit revenues, including 69.30 interest and penalties, derived from taxes on sales and purchases made at the National Sports 69.31 Center in Blaine, in the amateur sports account in the special revenue fund. 69.32

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70.1	$\frac{(k)(l)}{l}$ The revenues deposited under paragraphs (a) to $\frac{(i)(k)}{l}$ do not include the revenues,
70.2	including interest and penalties, generated by the sales tax imposed under section 297A.62,
70.3	subdivision 1a, which must be deposited as provided under the Minnesota Constitution,
70.4	article XI, section 15.
70.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
70.6	<u>30, 2022.</u>
70.7	Sec. 17. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 1, article 3, section 26, the effective
70.7	date, is amended to read:
70.0	date, is afficilted to read.
70.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
70.10	30, 2017, and before July 1, <del>2027</del> <u>2030</u> .
70.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
70.12	Sec. 18. REFUNDS; FIBER AND CONDUIT.
70.12	Sec. 16. REPUNDS, FIBER AND CONDUIT.
70.13	Notwithstanding limitations on claims for refund under Minnesota Statutes, section
70.14	289A.40, requests for refunds of purchases exempt under Minnesota Statutes, section
70.15	297A.68, subdivision 35b, made after July 1, 2017, and before July 1, 2022, must be
70.16	submitted by December 31, 2022. Only the broadband or Internet service provider may
70.17	apply for a refund. The application must include sufficient information to permit the
70.18	commissioner to verify the tax paid. If the tax was paid by a contractor, subcontractor, or
70.19	builder, the contractor, subcontractor, or builder must furnish to the broadband or Internet
70.20	service provider a statement including the cost of the exempt items and the taxes paid on
70.21	the items. An amount sufficient to pay the refunds is appropriated to the commissioner from
70.22	the general fund. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75, subdivision 4,
70.23	apply to refunds issued under this section.
70.24	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
70.25	Sec. 19. SPECIAL EXEMPTIONS; CONSTRUCTION SALES AND USE TAX.
70.26	(a) The following provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.71, subdivision 55,
70.27	do not apply to a special exemption:
70.28	(1) paragraph (a), limiting the exemption to purchases of materials, supplies, and
70.29	equipment after June 30, 2021, and before January 1, 2023;

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(2) paragraph (b), limiting the exemption to purchases of materials, supplies, and

equipment after June 30, 2021, and before January 1, 2023; and

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71.1	(3) paragraph (c), prohibiting refunds from being issued after June 30, 2023.
71.2	(b) Any provision of Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.71, subdivision 55, and 297A.75,
71.3	subdivisions 1, 2, and 3, inconsistent with a provision in a special exemption, do not apply
71.4	to the special exemption.
71.5	(c) For purposes of this section, "special exemption" means one of the following
71.6	exemptions provided in this article:
71.7	(1) the exemption for Duluth Public Schools in section 21;
71.8	(2) the exemption for Ely Public Schools in section 23;
71.9	(3) the exemption for Hibbing Public Schools in section 24;
71.10	(4) the exemption for Rock Ridge Public Schools in section 25;
71.11	(5) the exemption for Chisholm Public Schools in section 20;
71.12	(6) the exemption for Nashwauk-Keewatin Public Schools in section 22;
71.13	(7) the exemption for Northland Learning Center in section 26;
71.14	(8) the exemption for Northern Lights Academy in section 27;
71.15	(9) the exemption for Itasca County in section 9;
71.16	(10) the exemption for Maple Grove in section 9;
71.17	(11) the exemption for Wayzata in section 9; and
71.18	(12) the exemption for the public infrastructure project at the Minneapolis-St. Paul
71.19	International Airport in section 12.
71.20	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
71.21	Sec. 20. CHISHOLM PUBLIC SCHOOLS; SALES TAX EXEMPTION FOR
71.22	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS.
71.23	Subdivision 1. <b>Exemption</b> ; <b>refund</b> . (a) Materials and supplies used in and equipment
71.24	incorporated into the construction and renovation projects for Chisholm Elementary School,
71.25	Chisholm High School, and Vaughan Steffensrud School in Independent School District
71.26	No. 695, Chisholm Public Schools, are exempt from sales and use tax imposed under
71.27	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, if materials, supplies, and equipment are purchased after
71.28	December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2025.
71.29	(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, section

Item 11. Article 3 Sec. 20. 71

297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the same manner provided for projects

72.1	under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, clause (17). Refunds for eligible
72.2	purchases must not be issued until after June 30, 2022.
72.3	Subd. 2. Appropriation. The amount required to pay the refunds under subdivision 1
72.4	is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
72.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2022, and
72.6	applies to sales and purchases made after December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2025.
72.7	Sec. 21. DULUTH PUBLIC SCHOOLS; SALES TAX EXEMPTION FOR
72.8	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS.
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72.9	Subdivision 1. Exemption; refund. (a) Materials and supplies used in and equipment
72.10	incorporated into the construction of an administrative building and a transportation facility
72.11	in Independent School District No. 709, Duluth Public Schools, are exempt from sales and
72.12	use tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, if materials, supplies, and
72.13	equipment are purchased after June 30, 2021, and before January 1, 2025.
72.14	(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, section
72.15	297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the same manner provided for projects
72.16	under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, clause (17). Refunds for eligible
72.17	purchases must not be issued until after June 30, 2022.
72.18	Subd. 2. <b>Appropriation.</b> The amount required to pay the refunds under subdivision 1
72.19	is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
72.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2021, and
72.21	applies to sales and purchases made after June 30, 2021, and before January 1, 2025.
72.22	Sec. 22. NASHWAUK-KEEWATIN PUBLIC SCHOOLS; SALES TAX EXEMPTION
72.23	FOR CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS.
72.24	Subdivision 1. Exemption; refund. (a) Materials and supplies used in and equipment
72.25	incorporated into the construction of a new school building and attached community wellness
72.26	center to replace Keewatin Elementary School and the Nashwauk High School in Independent
72.27	School District No. 319, Nashwauk-Keewatin Public Schools, are exempt from sales and
72.28	use tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, if materials, supplies, and
72.29	equipment are purchased after December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2025.
72.30	(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, section

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297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the same manner provided for projects

73.1	under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, clause (17). Refunds for eligible
73.2	purchases must not be issued until after June 30, 2022.
73.3	Subd. 2. <b>Appropriation.</b> The amount required to pay the refunds under subdivision 1
73.4	is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
73.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2022, and
73.6	applies to sales and purchases made after December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2025.
73.7	Sec. 23. ELY PUBLIC SCHOOLS; SALES TAX EXEMPTION FOR
73.8	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS.
73.9	Subdivision 1. Exemption; refund. (a) Materials and supplies used in and equipment
73.10	incorporated into the following projects in Independent School District No. 696, Ely Public
73.11	Schools, are exempt from sales and use tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter
73.12	297A, if materials, supplies, and equipment are purchased after May 1, 2019, and before
73.13	January 1, 2024:
73.14	(1) renovations to the elementary school building and high school building; and
73.15	(2) construction of a building that connects the elementary school and high school
73.16	buildings, containing classrooms, a common area, gymnasium, and administrative offices.
73.17	(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, section
73.18	297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the same manner provided for projects
3.19	under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, clause (17). Refunds for eligible
3.20	purchases must not be issued until after June 30, 2022.
3.21	Subd. 2. Appropriation. The amount required to pay the refunds under subdivision 1
3.22	is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
3.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively from May 2, 2019, and
73.24	applies to sales and purchases made after May 1, 2019, and before January 1, 2024.
73.25	Sec. 24. HIBBING PUBLIC SCHOOLS; SALES TAX EXEMPTION FOR
73.26	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS.
73.27	Subdivision 1. Exemption; refund. (a) Materials and supplies used in and equipment
73.28	incorporated into the following projects in the city of Hibbing are exempt from sales and

Item 11. Article 3 Sec. 24. 73

use tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, if materials, supplies, and

equipment are purchased after May 1, 2019, and before January 1, 2025:

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74.1	(1) the addition of an Early Childhood Family Education Center to an existing elementary
74.2	school; and
74.3	(2) improvements to an existing athletic facility in Independent School District No. 701,
74.4	Hibbing Public Schools.
74.5	(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, section
74.6	297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the same manner provided for projects
74.7	under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, clause (17). Refunds for eligible
74.8	purchases must not be issued until after June 30, 2022.
74.9	Subd. 2. Appropriation. The amount required to pay the refunds under subdivision 1
74.10	is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
74.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively from May 2, 2019, and
74.12	applies to sales and purchases made after May 1, 2019, and before January 1, 2025.
74.13	Sec. 25. ROCK RIDGE PUBLIC SCHOOLS; SALES TAX EXEMPTION FOR
74.14	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS.
74.15	Subdivision 1. Exemption; refund. (a) Materials and supplies used in and equipment
74.16	incorporated into the construction of two new elementary school buildings and a new high
74.17	school building in Independent School District No. 2909, Rock Ridge Public Schools, are
74.18	exempt from sales and use tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, if materials,
74.19	supplies, and equipment are purchased after May 1, 2019, and before January 1, 2024.
74.20	(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, section
74.21	297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the same manner provided for projects
74.22	under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, clause (17). Refunds for eligible
74.23	purchases must not be issued until after June 30, 2022.
74.24	Subd. 2. Appropriation. The amount required to pay the refunds under subdivision 1
74.25	is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
74.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively from May 2, 2019, and
74.27	applies to sales and purchases made after May 1, 2019, and before January 1, 2024.
74.20	Sec. 26. NORTHLAND LEARNING CENTER; SALES TAX EXEMPTION FOR
74.28	
74.29	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS.
74.30	Subdivision 1. Exemption; refund. (a) Materials and supplies used in and equipment
74.31	incorporated into the renovation and addition to the James Madison Building for Northland

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Learning Center, No. 6076, are exempt from sales and use tax imposed under Minneson	<u>ota</u>
Statutes, chapter 297A, if materials, supplies, and equipment are purchased after Decen	<u>ıber</u>
31, 2021, and before January 1, 2025.	
(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, sec	tion
297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the same manner provided for proj	ects
under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, clause (17). Refunds for elig	ible
purchases must not be issued until after June 30, 2022.	
Subd. 2. Appropriation. The amount required to pay the refunds under subdivision	<u>n 1</u>
is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.	
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2022,	and
applies to sales and purchases made after December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 20	<u>)25.</u>
Sec. 27. NORTHERN LIGHTS ACADEMY; SALES TAX EXEMPTION FOR	
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS.	
Subdivision 1. Exemption; refund. (a) Materials and supplies used in and equipm	ont
incorporated into the construction of a new building for special education cooperative	
6096, Northern Lights Academy, are exempt from sales and use tax imposed under Minne	
Statutes, chapter 297A, if materials, supplies, and equipment are purchased after Decen	<u>iber</u>
31, 2021, and before January 1, 2025.	
(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, sec	tion
297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the same manner provided for proj	ects
under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, clause (17). Refunds for elig	<u>ible</u>
purchases must not be issued until after June 30, 2022.	
Subd. 2. Appropriation. The amount required to pay the refunds under subdivision	<u>n 1</u>
is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2022,	and
applies to sales and purchases made after December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 20	<u>)25.</u>
ARTICLE 4	
PROPERTY TAXES	
Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 123B.595, subdivision 3, is amended to r	ead:
Subd. 3. <b>Intermediate districts and other cooperative units.</b> (a) Upon approval thro	ugh
the adoption of a resolution by each member district school board of an intermediate dis	trict

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or other cooperative <u>units unit</u> under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, <u>or a joint powers</u>
district under section 471.59, and the approval of the commissioner of education, a school
district may include in its authority under this section a proportionate share of the long-term
maintenance costs of the intermediate district or, cooperative unit, or joint powers district.
The cooperative unit or joint powers district may issue bonds to finance the project costs
or levy for the costs, using long-term maintenance revenue transferred from member districts
to make debt service payments or pay project costs or, for leased facilities, pay the portion
of lease costs attributable to the amortized cost of long-term facilities maintenance projects
completed by the landlord. Authority under this subdivision is in addition to the authority
for individual district projects under subdivision 1.

- (b) The resolution adopted under paragraph (a) may specify which member districts will share the project costs under this subdivision, except that debt service payments for bonds issued by a cooperative unit or joint powers district to finance long-term maintenance project costs must be the responsibility of all member districts.
- 76.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2024 and later.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 126C.10, subdivision 2e, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 2e. **Local optional revenue.** (a) For fiscal year 2021 and later, local optional revenue for a school district equals the sum of the district's first tier local optional revenue and second tier local optional revenue. A district's first tier local optional revenue equals \$300 times the adjusted pupil units of the district for that school year. A district's second tier local optional revenue equals \$424 times the adjusted pupil units of the district for that school year.
  - (b) For fiscal year 2021 and later, a district's local optional levy equals the sum of the first tier local optional levy and the second tier local optional levy.
  - (c) <u>For fiscal years 2022 and 2023</u>, a district's first tier local optional levy equals the district's first tier local optional revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$880,000. <u>For fiscal year 2024 and later, a district's first tier local optional levy equals the district's first tier local optional revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per resident pupil unit to 170 percent of the local optional revenue equalizing factor defined in paragraph (d).</u>

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(d) A district's local optional revenue equalizing factor equals the quotient derived by
dividing the referendum market value of all school districts in the state for the year before
the year the levy is certified by the total number of resident pupil units in all school districts
in the state in the year before the year the levy is certified.

- (d) (e) For fiscal year 2022, a district's second tier local optional levy equals the district's second tier local optional revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$510,000. For fiscal year 2023, a district's second tier local optional levy equals the district's second tier local optional revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$548,842. For fiscal year 2024 and later, a district's second tier local optional levy equals the district's second tier local optional revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$510,000.
- 77.13 (e) (f) The local optional levy must be spread on referendum market value. A district may levy less than the permitted amount.
- 77.15 (f) (g) A district's local optional aid equals its local optional revenue minus its local optional levy. If a district's actual levy for first or second tier local optional revenue is less than its maximum levy limit for that tier, its aid must be proportionately reduced.

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 126C.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  - Subdivision 1. **To lease building or land.** (a) When an independent or a special school district or a group of independent or special school districts finds it economically advantageous to rent or lease a building or land for any instructional purposes or for school storage or furniture repair, and it determines that the operating capital revenue authorized under section 126C.10, subdivision 13, is insufficient for this purpose, it may apply to the commissioner for permission to make an additional capital expenditure levy for this purpose. An application for permission to levy under this subdivision must contain financial justification for the proposed levy, the terms and conditions of the proposed lease, and a description of the space to be leased and its proposed use.
  - (b) The criteria for approval of applications to levy under this subdivision must include: the reasonableness of the price, the appropriateness of the space to the proposed activity, the feasibility of transporting pupils to the leased building or land, conformity of the lease to the laws and rules of the state of Minnesota, and the appropriateness of the proposed lease to the space needs and the financial condition of the district. The commissioner must

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not authorize a levy under this subdivision in an amount greater than the cost to the district of renting or leasing a building or land for approved purposes. The proceeds of this levy must not be used for custodial or other maintenance services. A district may not levy under this subdivision for the purpose of leasing or renting a district-owned building or site to itself.

- (c) For agreements finalized after July 1, 1997, a district may not levy under this subdivision for the purpose of leasing: (1) a newly constructed building used primarily for regular kindergarten, elementary, or secondary instruction; or (2) a newly constructed building addition or additions used primarily for regular kindergarten, elementary, or secondary instruction that contains more than 20 percent of the square footage of the previously existing building.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a district may levy under this subdivision for the purpose of leasing or renting a district-owned building or site to itself only if the amount is needed by the district to make payments required by a lease purchase agreement, installment purchase agreement, or other deferred payments agreement authorized by law, and the levy meets the requirements of paragraph (c). A levy authorized for a district by the commissioner under this paragraph may be in the amount needed by the district to make payments required by a lease purchase agreement, installment purchase agreement, or other deferred payments agreement authorized by law, provided that any agreement include a provision giving the school districts the right to terminate the agreement annually without penalty.
- (e) The total levy under this subdivision for a district for any year must not exceed \$212 times the adjusted pupil units for the fiscal year to which the levy is attributable.
- (f) For agreements for which a review and comment have been submitted to the Department of Education after April 1, 1998, the term "instructional purpose" as used in this subdivision excludes expenditures on stadiums.
- (g) The commissioner of education may authorize a school district to exceed the limit in paragraph (e) if the school district petitions the commissioner for approval. The commissioner shall grant approval to a school district to exceed the limit in paragraph (e) for not more than five years if the district meets the following criteria:
- 78.30 (1) the school district has been experiencing pupil enrollment growth in the preceding five years;
- 78.32 (2) the purpose of the increased levy is in the long-term public interest;
- 78.33 (3) the purpose of the increased levy promotes colocation of government services; and

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- (4) the purpose of the increased levy is in the long-term interest of the district by avoiding over construction of school facilities.
- (h) A school district that is a member of an intermediate school district or other cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or a joint powers district under section 471.59 may include in its authority under this section the costs associated with leases of administrative and classroom space for intermediate school district programs of the intermediate school district or other cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or joint powers district under section 471.59. This authority must not exceed \$65 times the adjusted pupil units of the member districts. This authority is in addition to any other authority authorized under this section. The intermediate school district, other cooperative unit, or joint powers district may specify which member districts will levy for lease costs under this paragraph.
- (i) In addition to the allowable capital levies in paragraph (a), for taxes payable in 2012 to 2023, a district that is a member of the "Technology and Information Education Systems" data processing joint board, that finds it economically advantageous to enter into a lease agreement to finance improvements to a building and land for a group of school districts or special school districts for staff development purposes, may levy for its portion of lease costs attributed to the district within the total levy limit in paragraph (e). The total levy authority under this paragraph shall not exceed \$632,000.
- (j) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a district may levy under this subdivision for the purpose of leasing administrative space if the district can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commissioner that the lease cost for the administrative space is no greater than the lease cost for instructional space that the district would otherwise lease. The commissioner must deny this levy authority unless the district passes a resolution stating its intent to lease instructional space under this section if the commissioner does not grant authority under this paragraph. The resolution must also certify that the lease cost for administrative space under this paragraph is no greater than the lease cost for the district's proposed instructional lease.
- (k) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a district may levy under this subdivision for the district's proportionate share of deferred maintenance expenditures for a district-owned building or site leased to a cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or a joint powers district under section 471.59 for any instructional purposes or for school storage.
- 79.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2024 and later.

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- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 272.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Exempt property used by private entity for profit. (a) When any real or personal property which is exempt from ad valorem taxes, and taxes in lieu thereof, is leased, loaned, or otherwise made available and used by a private individual, association, or corporation in connection with a business conducted for profit, there shall be imposed a tax, for the privilege of so using or possessing such real or personal property, in the same amount and to the same extent as though the lessee or user was the owner of such property.
  - (b) The tax imposed by this subdivision shall not apply to:
- (1) property leased or used as a concession in or relative to the use in whole or part of a public park, market, fairgrounds, port authority, economic development authority established under chapter 469, municipal auditorium, municipal parking facility, municipal museum, or municipal stadium;
- (2) except as provided in paragraph (c), property of an airport owned by a city, town, county, or group thereof which is:
  - (i) leased to or used by any person or entity including a fixed base operator; and
- 80.16 (ii) used as a hangar for the storage or, repair, or manufacture of aircraft or to provide 80.17 aviation goods, services, or facilities to the airport or general public;
- 80.18 the exception from taxation provided in this clause does not apply to:
- (i) property located at an airport owned or operated by the Metropolitan Airports

  Commission or by a city of over 50,000 population according to the most recent federal

  census or such a city's airport authority; or
  - (ii) hangars leased by a private individual, association, or corporation in connection with a business conducted for profit other than an aviation-related business;
    - (3) property constituting or used as a public pedestrian ramp or concourse in connection with a public airport;
  - (4) except as provided in paragraph (d), property constituting or used as a passenger check-in area or ticket sale counter, boarding area, or luggage claim area in connection with a public airport but not the airports owned or operated by the Metropolitan Airports

    Commission or cities of over 50,000 population or an airport authority therein. Real estate owned by a municipality in connection with the operation of a public airport and leased or used for agricultural purposes is not exempt;

81.1	(5) property leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual,
81.2	corporation, or association under a cooperative farming agreement made pursuant to section
81.3	97A.135; or
81.4	(6) property leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual,
81.5	corporation, or association under section 272.68, subdivision 4.
81.6	(c) The exception from taxation provided in paragraph (b), clause (2), does not apply
81.7	<u>to:</u>
81.8	(1) property located at an airport owned or operated by:
81.9	(i) the Metropolitan Airports Commission; or
81.10	(ii) a city of over 50,000 population according to the most recent federal census or such
81.11	a city's airport authority, except that, when calculating the tax imposed by this subdivision
81.12	for property taxes payable in 2023 through 2030, the net tax capacity of such property is
81.13	reduced by 50 percent if it is owned or operated by a city over 50,000 but under 150,000
81.14	in population according to the most recent federal census or such a city's airport authority;
81.15	<u>or</u>
81.16	(2) hangars leased by a private individual, association, or corporation in connection with
81.17	a business conducted for profit other than an aviation-related business.
81.18	(d) The exception from taxation provided in paragraph (b), clause (4), does not apply
81.19	<u>to:</u>
81.20	(1) the property described in paragraph (b), clause (4), at airports that are owned or
81.21	operated by:
81.22	(i) the Metropolitan Airports Commission; or
81.23	(ii) a city of over 50,000 population or an airport authority therein, except that, when
81.24	calculating the tax imposed by this subdivision for property taxes payable in 2023 through
81.25	2030, the net tax capacity of such property is reduced by 50 percent if it is owned or operated
81.26	by a city over 50,000 but under 150,000 in population according to the most recent federal
81.27	census or such a city's airport authority; or
81.28	(2) real estate owned by a municipality in connection with the operation of a public
81.29	airport and leased or used for agricultural purposes.
81.30	(e) (e) Taxes imposed by this subdivision are payable as in the case of personal property
81.31	taxes and shall be assessed to the lessees or users of real or personal property in the same
81 32	manner as taxes assessed to owners of real or personal property, except that such taxes shall

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not become a lien against the property. When due, the taxes shall constitute a debt due from
the lessee or user to the state, township, city, county, and school district for which the taxes
were assessed and shall be collected in the same manner as personal property taxes. If
property subject to the tax imposed by this subdivision is leased or used jointly by two or
more persons, each lessee or user shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of the
tax.

(d) (f) The tax on real property of the federal government, the state or any of its political subdivisions that is leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual, association, or corporation and becomes taxable under this subdivision or other provision of law must be assessed and collected as a personal property assessment. The taxes do not become a lien against the real property.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable 82.12 in 2023. 82.13
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 272.02, subdivision 24, is amended to read: 82.14
  - Subd. 24. Solar energy generating systems. Personal property consisting of solar energy generating systems, as defined in section 272.0295, is exempt. If the real property upon which a solar energy generating system is located is used primarily for solar energy production subject to the production tax under section 272.0295, the real property shall be classified as class 3a. If the real property upon which a solar energy generating system is located is not used primarily for solar energy production subject to the production tax under section 272.0295, the real property shall be classified without regard to the system. If a parcel contains more than one solar energy generating system that cannot be combined with the nameplate capacity of another solar energy generating system for the purposes of the production tax under section 272.0295 but the capacity of the systems are in aggregate over one megawatt, the real property upon which the systems are located shall be classified as class 3a.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable 82.27 in 2023 and thereafter. 82.28
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 272.02, subdivision 98, is amended to read: 82.29
- Subd. 98. Certain property owned by an Indian tribe. (a) Property is exempt that: 82.30
- (1) was classified as 3a under section 273.13, subdivision 24, for taxes payable in 2013; 82.31

Article 4 Sec. 6. 82 Item 11. Page 306 (2) is located in a city of the first class with a population greater than 300,000 as of the

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83.2	2010 federal census;
83.3	(3) was on January 2, 2012, and is for the current assessment owned by a federally
83.4	recognized Indian tribe, or its instrumentality, that is located within the state of Minnesota;
83.5	and
83.6	(4) is used exclusively for tribal purposes or institutions of purely public charity as
83.7	defined in subdivision 7.
83.8	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, a "tribal purpose" means a public purpose as defined
83.9	in subdivision 8 and includes noncommercial tribal government activities. Property that
83.10	qualifies for the exemption under this subdivision is limited to no more than two contiguous
83.11	parcels and structures that do not exceed in the aggregate 20,000 square feet. Property
83.12	acquired for single-family housing, market-rate apartments, agriculture, or forestry does
83.13	not qualify for this exemption. The exemption created by this subdivision expires with taxes
83.14	payable in 2024 2030.
83.15	(c) Property exempt under this section is exempt from the requirements of section
83.16	272.025.
02.15	
83.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxes payable in 2022.
83.18	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 272.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to
83.19	read:
83.20	Subd. 105. Elderly living facility. (a) An elderly living facility is exempt from taxation
83.21	if it meets all of the following requirements:
83.22	(1) the facility is located in a city of the first class with a population of fewer than
83.23	<u>110,000;</u>
83.24	(2) the facility is owned and operated by a nonprofit organization organized under section
83.25	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;
83.26	(3) construction of the facility was completed between January 1, 1963, and January 1,
83.27	<u>1964;</u>
83.28	(4) the facility is an assisted living facility licensed by the state of Minnesota;
03.20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
83.29	(5) residents of the facility must be (i) at least 55 years of age, or (ii) disabled; and
83.30	(6) at least 30 percent of the units in the facility are occupied by persons whose annual
83 31	income does not exceed 50 percent of the median family income for the area

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84.1	(b) The exemption created by thi	s subdivision expires	s with taxes payable	in 2030.
84.2	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	on is effective begins	ning with assessmen	t year 2023
84.3	and thereafter.			
84.4	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, se	ection 272.02, is ame	ended by adding a su	ıbdivision to
84.5	read:			
84.6	Subd. 106. Energy storage system	ems. (a) Real or person	onal property consis	ting of an
84.7	energy storage system is exempt. Fo	r the purposes of this	s subdivision, "energ	gy storage
84.8	system" has the meaning given in sec	tion 216B.2422, sub	division 1, paragraph	(f). The land
84.9	on which the property is located rem	ains taxable and mus	st be classified as cla	ass 3a under
84.10	section 273.13, subdivision 24.			
84.11	(b) Any taxpayer requesting an ex	emption under this su	ubdivision must file a	ın application
84.12	with the commissioner of revenue. T	he commissioner mu	ust prescribe the con	tent, format,
84.13	and manner of the application pursua	nt to section 270C.3	0, except that a "law	administered
84.14	by the commissioner" includes the pr	operty tax laws. If an	application is made	by electronic
84.15	means, the taxpayer's signature is de	fined pursuant to sec	tion 270C.304, exce	pt that a "law
84.16	administered by the commissioner" i	ncludes the property	tax laws.	
84.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section	on is effective begins	ning with assessmen	t year 2022.
84.18	For assessment year 2022, an exemp	tion application und	er this section must l	be filed with
84.19	the commissioner of revenue by July	1, 2022.		
84.20	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, se	ection 272.025, subd	ivision 1, is amende	d to read:
84.21	Subdivision 1. Statement of exe	<b>mption.</b> (a) Except i	n the case of propert	y owned by
84.22	the state of Minnesota or any political	subdivision thereof,	a taxpayer claiming	an exemption
84.23	from taxation on property described	in section 272.02 m	ust file a statement o	f exemption

with the assessor of the assessment district in which the property is located. By January 2, 84.24 2018, and each third year thereafter, the commissioner of revenue shall publish on its website 84.25 a list of the exemptions for which a taxpayer claiming an exemption must file a statement 84.26 of exemption. The commissioner's requirement that a taxpayer file a statement of exemption 84.27 pursuant to this subdivision shall not be considered a rule and is not subject to the 84.28 84.29 Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 14. (b) A taxpayer claiming an exemption from taxation on property described in section 84.30 272.02, subdivision 10 or 106, must file a statement of exemption with the commissioner 84.31

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of revenue, on or before February 1 exemption.	5 of each year for wh	ich the taxpayer c	laims an
(c) In case of sickness, absence of commissioner may extend the time to exceed 60 days.	-		
(d) The commissioner of revenue statement of exemption pursuant to the commissioner" includes the prop	section 270C.30, exc		
(e) If a statement is made by elect to section 270C.304, except that a "property tax laws.	law administered by t	the commissioner'	" includes the
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section and thereafter.	on is effective beginn	ung with assessme	ent year 2023
Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2021 S to read:	upplement, section 27	2.0295, subdivisio	on 2, is amended
Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For the generating system" means a set of d by means of any combination of columns energy.	evices whose primary	purpose is to pro	duce electricity
(b) The total size of a solar energy determined according to this paragra distribution systems, the nameplate combined with the nameplate capac	ph. Unless the systems	s are interconnected ergy generating systems.	ed with different ystem shall be

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(1) is constructed within the same 12-month period as the solar energy generating system; and

(2) exhibits characteristics <u>at the time of development</u> of being a single development, including but not limited to ownership structure, an umbrella sales arrangement, shared interconnection, revenue-sharing arrangements, and common debt or equity financing.

In the case of a dispute, the commissioner of commerce shall determine the total size of the system and shall draw all reasonable inferences in favor of combining the systems. <u>In</u> determining the total size of the system, the commissioner of commerce shall determine

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that a solar energy generating system with an application for an interconnection agreement

HF3669 THIRD ENGROSSMENT **REVISOR EAP** H3669-3 submitted on or after September 25, 2015, pursuant to section 216B.1641, with the public 86.1 utility subject to section 116C.779, is considered to be a solar energy generating system 86.2 86.3 with a capacity of one megawatt alternating current or less and is exempt from the tax imposed by this section. 86.4 For the purposes of making a determination under this paragraph, the original construction 86.5 date of an existing solar energy conversion system is not changed if the system is replaced, 86.6 repaired, or otherwise maintained or altered. 86.7 (c) In making a determination under paragraph (b), the commissioner of commerce may 86.8determine that two solar energy generating systems are under common ownership when the 86.9 86.10 underlying ownership structure contains similar persons or entities, even if the ownership shares differ between the two systems. Solar energy generating systems are not under 86.11 common ownership solely because the same person or entity provided equity financing for 86.12 the systems. 86.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for reports filed beginning in 2023. 86.14 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 273.11, subdivision 12, is amended 86.15 to read: 86.16 Subd. 12. Community land trusts. (a) A community land trust, as defined under chapter 86.17 462A, is (i) a community-based nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A, which 86.18 qualifies for tax exempt status under 501(c)(3), or (ii) a "city" as defined in section 462C.02, 86.19 subdivision 6, which has received funding from the Minnesota housing finance agency for 86.20 purposes of the community land trust program. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency 86.21

shall set the criteria for community land trusts.

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- (b) Before the community land trust can rent or sell a unit to an applicant, the community land trust shall verify to the satisfaction of the administering agency or the city that the family income of each person or family applying for a unit in the community land trust building is within the income criteria provided in section 462A.30, subdivision 9. The administering agency or the city shall verify to the satisfaction of the county assessor that the occupant meets the income criteria under section 462A.30, subdivision 9. The property tax benefits under paragraph (c) shall be granted only to property owned or rented by persons or families within the qualifying income limits. The family income criteria and verification is only necessary at the time of initial occupancy in the property.
- (c) A unit which is owned by the occupant and used as a homestead by the occupant qualifies for homestead treatment as class 1a under section 273.13, subdivision 22 unless

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the unit meets the requirements of section 273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (e), clause (2), in which case the unit shall be classified as 4d(2). A unit which is rented by the occupant and used as a homestead by the occupant shall be class 4a or 4b property, under section 273.13, subdivision 25, whichever is applicable. Any remaining portion of the property not used for residential purposes shall be classified by the assessor in the appropriate class based upon the use of that portion of the property owned by the community land trust. The land upon which the building is located shall be assessed at the same classification rate as the units within the building, provided that if the building contains some units assessed as class 1a or class 4d and some units assessed as class 4a or 4b, the market value of the land will be assessed in the same proportions as the value of the building.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. **Manufactured home park cooperative.** (a) When a manufactured home park is owned by a corporation or association organized under chapter 308A or 308B, and each person who owns a share or shares in the corporation or association is entitled to occupy a lot within the park, the corporation or association may claim homestead treatment for the park. Each lot must be designated by legal description or number, and each lot is limited to not more than one-half acre of land.
- (b) The manufactured home park shall be entitled to homestead treatment if all of the following criteria are met:
  - (1) the occupant or the cooperative corporation or association is paying the ad valorem property taxes and any special assessments levied against the land and structure either directly, or indirectly through dues to the corporation or association; and
  - (2) the corporation or association organized under chapter 308A or 308B is wholly owned by persons having a right to occupy a lot owned by the corporation or association.
  - (c) A charitable corporation, organized under the laws of Minnesota with no outstanding stock, and granted a ruling by the Internal Revenue Service for 501(c)(3) tax-exempt status, qualifies for homestead treatment with respect to a manufactured home park if its members hold residential participation warrants entitling them to occupy a lot in the manufactured home park.
- 87.32 (d) "Homestead treatment" under this subdivision means the classification rate provided 87.33 for class 4c property classified under section 273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (d), clause

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(5), item (ii), and the homestead market value exclusion under section 273.13, subdivision 35, does not apply.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable in 2024 and thereafter.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Leasehold cooperatives.** When one or more dwellings or one or more buildings which each contain several dwelling units is owned by a nonprofit corporation subject to the provisions of chapter 317A and qualifying under section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a limited partnership which corporation or partnership operates the property in conjunction with a cooperative association, and has received public financing, homestead treatment may be claimed by the cooperative association on behalf of the members of the cooperative for each dwelling unit occupied by a member of the cooperative. The cooperative association must provide the assessor with the Social Security numbers or individual tax identification numbers of those members. To qualify for the treatment provided by this subdivision, the following conditions must be met:
- (a) the cooperative association must be organized under chapter 308A or 308B and all voting members of the board of directors must be resident tenants of the cooperative and must be elected by the resident tenants of the cooperative;
- (b) the cooperative association must have a lease for occupancy of the property for a term of at least 20 years, which permits the cooperative association, while not in default on the lease, to participate materially in the management of the property, including material participation in establishing budgets, setting rent levels, and hiring and supervising a management agent;
- (c) to the extent permitted under state or federal law, the cooperative association must have a right under a written agreement with the owner to purchase the property if the owner proposes to sell it; if the cooperative association does not purchase the property it is offered for sale, the owner may not subsequently sell the property to another purchaser at a price lower than the price at which it was offered for sale to the cooperative association unless the cooperative association approves the sale;
- (d) a minimum of 40 percent of the cooperative association's members must have incomes at or less than 60 percent of area median gross income as determined by the United States Secretary of Housing and Urban Development under section 142(d)(2)(B) of the Internal

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Revenue Code. For purposes of this clause, "member income" means the income of a member existing at the time the member acquires cooperative membership;

- (e) if a limited partnership owns the property, it must include as the managing general partner a nonprofit organization operating under the provisions of chapter 317A and qualifying under section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code and the limited partnership agreement must provide that the managing general partner have sufficient powers so that it materially participates in the management and control of the limited partnership;
- (f) prior to becoming a member of a leasehold cooperative described in this subdivision, a person must have received notice that (1) describes leasehold cooperative property in plain language, including but not limited to the effects of classification under this subdivision on rents, property taxes and tax credits or refunds, and operating expenses, and (2) states that copies of the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the cooperative association, the lease between the owner and the cooperative association, a sample sublease between the cooperative association and a tenant, and, if the owner is a partnership, a copy of the limited partnership agreement, can be obtained upon written request at no charge from the owner, and the owner must send or deliver the materials within seven days after receiving any request;
- (g) if a dwelling unit of a building was occupied on the 60th day prior to the date on which the unit became leasehold cooperative property described in this subdivision, the notice described in paragraph (f) must have been sent by first class mail to the occupant of the unit at least 60 days prior to the date on which the unit became leasehold cooperative property. For purposes of the notice under this paragraph, the copies of the documents referred to in paragraph (f) may be in proposed version, provided that any subsequent material alteration of those documents made after the occupant has requested a copy shall be disclosed to any occupant who has requested a copy of the document. Copies of the articles of incorporation and certificate of limited partnership shall be filed with the secretary of state after the expiration of the 60-day period unless the change to leasehold cooperative status does not proceed;
- (h) the county attorney of the county in which the property is located must certify to the assessor that the property meets the requirements of this subdivision;
  - (i) the public financing received must be from at least one of the following sources:
- 89.32 (1) tax increment financing proceeds used for the acquisition or rehabilitation of the 89.33 building or interest rate write-downs relating to the acquisition of the building;

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- (2) government issued bonds exempt from taxes under section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code, the proceeds of which are used for the acquisition or rehabilitation of the building;
- (3) programs under section 221(d)(3), 202, or 236, of Title II of the National Housing Act;
  - (4) rental housing program funds under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, or the market rate family graduated payment mortgage program funds administered by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency that are used for the acquisition or rehabilitation of the building;
    - (5) low-income housing credit under section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code;
  - (6) public financing provided by a local government used for the acquisition or rehabilitation of the building, including grants or loans from (i) federal community development block grants; (ii) HOME block grants; or (iii) residential rental bonds issued under chapter 474A; or
- (7) other rental housing program funds provided by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency for the acquisition or rehabilitation of the building;
- (j) at the time of the initial request for homestead classification or of any transfer of ownership of the property, the governing body of the municipality in which the property is located must hold a public hearing and make the following findings:
- (1) that the granting of the homestead treatment of the apartment's units will facilitate safe, clean, affordable housing for the cooperative members that would otherwise not be available absent the homestead designation;
- (2) that the owner has presented information satisfactory to the governing body showing that the savings garnered from the homestead designation of the units will be used to reduce tenant's rents or provide a level of furnishing or maintenance not possible absent the designation; and
  - (3) that the requirements of paragraphs (b), (d), and (i) have been met.

Homestead treatment must be afforded to units occupied by members of the cooperative association and the units must be assessed as provided in subdivision 3, provided that any unit not so occupied shall be classified and assessed pursuant to the appropriate class. No more than three acres of land may, for assessment purposes, be included with each dwelling unit that qualifies for homestead treatment under this subdivision.

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When dwelling units no longer qualify under this subdivision, the current owner must notify the assessor within 60 days. Failure to notify the assessor within 60 days shall result in the loss of benefits under this subdivision for taxes payable in the year that the failure is discovered. For these purposes, "benefits under this subdivision" means the difference in the net tax capacity of the units which no longer qualify as computed under this subdivision and as computed under the otherwise applicable law, times the local tax rate applicable to the building for that taxes payable year. Upon discovery of a failure to notify, the assessor shall inform the auditor of the difference in net tax capacity for the building or buildings in which units no longer qualify, and the auditor shall calculate the benefits under this subdivision. Such amount, plus a penalty equal to 100 percent of that amount, shall then be demanded of the building's owner. The property owner may appeal the county's determination by serving copies of a petition for review with county officials as provided in section 278.01 and filing a proof of service as provided in section 278.01 with the Minnesota Tax Court within 60 days of the date of the notice from the county. The appeal shall be governed by the Tax Court procedures provided in chapter 271, for cases relating to the tax laws as defined in section 271.01, subdivision 5; disregarding sections 273.125, subdivision 5, and 278.03, but including section 278.05, subdivision 2. If the amount of the benefits under this subdivision and penalty are not paid within 60 days, and if no appeal has been filed, the county auditor shall certify the amount of the benefit and penalty to the succeeding year's tax list to be collected as part of the property taxes on the affected buildings.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for homestead applications filed in 2022 and thereafter.

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 273.124, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. **Homestead application.** (a) A person who meets the homestead requirements under subdivision 1 must file a homestead application with the county assessor to initially obtain homestead classification.
- (b) The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the homestead application required to be filed under this chapter pursuant to section 270C.30. The application must clearly inform the taxpayer that this application must be signed by all owners who occupy the property or by the qualifying relative and returned to the county assessor in order for the property to receive homestead treatment.
- 91.33 (c) Every property owner applying for homestead classification must furnish to the 91.34 county assessor the Social Security number or individual tax identification number of each

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occupant who is listed as an owner of the property on the deed of record, the name and address of each owner who does not occupy the property, and the name and Social Security number or individual tax identification number of the spouse of each occupying owner. The application must be signed by each owner who occupies the property and by each owner's spouse who occupies the property, or, in the case of property that qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), by the qualifying relative.

If a property owner occupies a homestead, the property owner's spouse may not claim another property as a homestead unless the property owner and the property owner's spouse file with the assessor an affidavit or other proof required by the assessor stating that the property qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (e).

Owners or spouses occupying residences owned by their spouses and previously occupied with the other spouse, either of whom fail to include the other spouse's name and Social Security number or individual tax identification number on the homestead application or provide the affidavits or other proof requested, will be deemed to have elected to receive only partial homestead treatment of their residence. The remainder of the residence will be classified as nonhomestead residential. When an owner or spouse's name and Social Security number or individual tax identification number appear on homestead applications for two separate residences and only one application is signed, the owner or spouse will be deemed to have elected to homestead the residence for which the application was signed.

(d) If residential real estate is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a relative of the owner and qualifies for a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in order for the property to receive homestead status, a homestead application must be filed with the assessor. The Social Security number or individual tax identification number of each relative occupying the property and the name and Social Security number or individual tax identification number of the spouse of a relative occupying the property shall be required on the homestead application filed under this subdivision. If a different relative of the owner subsequently occupies the property, the owner of the property must notify the assessor within 30 days of the change in occupancy. The Social Security number or individual tax identification number of a relative occupying the property or the spouse of a relative occupying the property is private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may be disclosed to the commissioner of revenue, or, for the purposes of proceeding under the Revenue Recapture Act to recover personal property taxes owing, to the county treasurer.

(e) The homestead application shall also notify the property owners that if the property is granted homestead status for any assessment year, that same property shall remain

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classified as homestead until the property is sold or transferred to another person, or the
owners, the spouse of the owner, or the relatives no longer use the property as their
homestead. Upon the sale or transfer of the homestead property, a certificate of value must
be timely filed with the county auditor as provided under section 272.115. Failure to notify
the assessor within 30 days that the property has been sold, transferred, or that the owner,
the spouse of the owner, or the relative is no longer occupying the property as a homestead,
shall result in the penalty provided under this subdivision and the property will lose its
current homestead status.

(f) If a homestead application has not been filed with the county by December 31, the assessor shall classify the property as nonhomestead for the current assessment year for taxes payable in the following year, provided that the owner may be entitled to receive the homestead classification by proper application under section 375.192.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for homestead applications filed in 2022 and thereafter.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 13a, is amended to read:

Subd. 13a. **Occupant list.** At the request of the commissioner, each county must give the commissioner a list that includes the name and Social Security number or individual tax identification number of each occupant of homestead property who is the property owner, property owner's spouse, qualifying relative of a property owner, or a spouse of a qualifying relative. The commissioner shall use the information provided on the lists as appropriate under the law, including for the detection of improper claims by owners, or relatives of owners, under chapter 290A.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for homestead applications filed in 2022 and thereafter.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 13c, is amended to read:

Subd. 13c. **Property lists.** In addition to lists of homestead properties, the commissioner may ask the counties to furnish lists of all properties and the record owners. The Social Security numbers, individual tax identification numbers, and federal identification numbers that are maintained by a county or city assessor for property tax administration purposes, and that may appear on the lists retain their classification as private or nonpublic data; but may be viewed, accessed, and used by the county auditor or treasurer of the same county for the limited purpose of assisting the commissioner in the preparation of microdata samples under section 270C.12. The commissioner shall use the information provided on the lists

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94.1	as appropriate under the law, including for the detection of improper claims by owners, or
94.2	relatives of owners, under chapter 290A.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for homestead applications filed in 2022 and thereafter.

- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 13d, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13d. **Homestead data.** On or before April 30 each year beginning in 2007, each county must provide the commissioner with the following data for each parcel of homestead property by electronic means as defined in section 289A.02, subdivision 8:
- 94.9 (1) the property identification number assigned to the parcel for purposes of taxes payable 94.10 in the current year;
  - (2) the name and Social Security number <u>or individual tax identification number</u> of each occupant of homestead property who is the property owner or qualifying relative of a property owner, and the spouse of the property owner who occupies homestead property or spouse of a qualifying relative of a property owner who occupies homestead property;
- 94.15 (3) the classification of the property under section 273.13 for taxes payable in the current year and in the prior year;
- 94.17 (4) an indication of whether the property was classified as a homestead for taxes payable 94.18 in the current year because of occupancy by a relative of the owner or by a spouse of a 94.19 relative;
- 94.20 (5) the property taxes payable as defined in section 290A.03, subdivision 13, for the current year and the prior year;
- 94.22 (6) the market value of improvements to the property first assessed for tax purposes for taxes payable in the current year;
- 94.24 (7) the assessor's estimated market value assigned to the property for taxes payable in 94.25 the current year and the prior year;
- 94.26 (8) the taxable market value assigned to the property for taxes payable in the current 94.27 year and the prior year;
- 94.28 (9) whether there are delinquent property taxes owing on the homestead;
- 94.29 (10) the unique taxing district in which the property is located; and
- 94.30 (11) such other information as the commissioner decides is necessary.

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95.1	The commissioner shall use the information provided on the lists as appropriate under
95.2	the law, including for the detection of improper claims by owners, or relatives of owners,
95.3	under chapter 290A.
95.4	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for homestead applications
95.5	filed in 2022 and thereafter.
95.6	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 273.124, subdivision 14, is amended
95.7	to read:
95.8	Subd. 14. Agricultural homesteads; special provisions. (a) Real estate of less than ten
95.9	acres that is the homestead of its owner must be classified as class 2a under section 273.13,
95.10	subdivision 23, paragraph (a), if:
95.11	(1) the parcel on which the house is located is contiguous on at least two sides to (i)
95.12	agricultural land, (ii) land owned or administered by the United States Fish and Wildlife
95.13	Service, or (iii) land administered by the Department of Natural Resources on which in lieu
95.14	taxes are paid under sections 477A.11 to 477A.14 or section 477A.17;
95.15	(2) its owner also owns a noncontiguous parcel of agricultural land that is at least 20
95.16	acres;
95.17	(3) the noncontiguous land is located not farther than four townships or cities, or a
95.18	combination of townships or cities from the homestead; and
95.19	(4) the agricultural use value of the noncontiguous land and farm buildings is equal to
95.20	at least 50 percent of the market value of the house, garage, and one acre of land.
95.21	Homesteads initially classified as class 2a under the provisions of this paragraph shall
95.22	remain classified as class 2a, irrespective of subsequent changes in the use of adjoining
95.23	properties, as long as the homestead remains under the same ownership, the owner owns a
95.24	noncontiguous parcel of agricultural land that is at least 20 acres, and the agricultural use
95.25	value qualifies under clause (4). Homestead classification under this paragraph is limited
95.26	to property that qualified under this paragraph for the 1998 assessment.
95.27	(b)(i) Agricultural property shall be classified as the owner's homestead, to the same
95.28	extent as other agricultural homestead property, if all of the following criteria are met:
95.29	(1) the agricultural property consists of at least 40 acres including undivided government
95.30	lots and correctional 40's;
95.31	(2) the owner, the owner's spouse, or a grandchild, child, sibling, or parent, grandparent,

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stepparent, stepchild, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece of the owner or of the owner's spouse,

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is actively farming the agricultural property, either on the person's own behalf as an individual or on behalf of a partnership operating a family farm, family farm corporation, joint family farm venture, or limited liability company of which the person is a partner, shareholder, or member;

- (3) both the owner of the agricultural property and the person who is actively farming the agricultural property under clause (2), are Minnesota residents;
- (4) neither the owner nor the spouse of the owner claims another agricultural homestead in Minnesota; and
- (5) neither the owner nor the person actively farming the agricultural property lives farther than four townships or cities, or a combination of four townships or cities, from the agricultural property, except that if the owner or the owner's spouse is required to live in employer-provided housing, the owner or owner's spouse, whichever is actively farming the agricultural property, may live more than four townships or cities, or combination of four townships or cities from the agricultural property.
  - The relationship under this paragraph may be either by blood or marriage.
- (ii) Property containing the residence of an owner who owns qualified property under clause (i) shall be classified as part of the owner's agricultural homestead, if that property is also used for noncommercial storage or drying of agricultural crops.
- (iii) As used in this paragraph, "agricultural property" means class 2a property and any class 2b property that is contiguous to and under the same ownership as the class 2a property.
- (c) Noncontiguous land shall be included as part of a homestead under section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), only if the homestead is classified as class 2a and the detached land is located in the same township or city, or not farther than four townships or cities or combination thereof from the homestead. Any taxpayer of these noncontiguous lands must notify the county assessor that the noncontiguous land is part of the taxpayer's homestead, and, if the homestead is located in another county, the taxpayer must also notify the assessor of the other county.
- (d) Agricultural land used for purposes of a homestead and actively farmed by a person holding a vested remainder interest in it must be classified as a homestead under section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a). If agricultural land is classified class 2a, any other dwellings on the land used for purposes of a homestead by persons holding vested remainder interests who are actively engaged in farming the property, and up to one acre of the land

surrounding each homestead and reasonably necessary for the use of the dwelling as a home, must also be assessed class 2a.

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- 97.3 (e) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under section 97.4 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 1997 assessment shall remain classified as 97.5 agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:
- 97.6 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural 97.7 homestead as a result of the April 1997 floods;
- 97.8 (2) the property is located in the county of Polk, Clay, Kittson, Marshall, Norman, or Wilkin;
- (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the current assessment year as existed for the 1997 assessment year and continue to be used for agricultural purposes;
- 97.13 (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in Minnesota and is within 30 miles 97.14 of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and
- (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the 1997 floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by the assessor in verifying the change in dwelling. Further notifications to the assessor are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.
- 97.20 (f) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under section 97.21 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 1998 assessment shall remain classified 97.22 agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:
- 97.23 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural homestead as a result of damage caused by a March 29, 1998, tornado;
- 97.25 (2) the property is located in the county of Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood, LeSueur, 97.26 Nicollet, Nobles, or Rice;
- 97.27 (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the current assessment year as existed for the 1998 assessment year;
- 97.29 (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in this state and is within 50 miles of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and
- 97.31 (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to a March 29, 97.32 1998, tornado, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by

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the assessor in verifying the change in homestead dwelling. For taxes payable in 1999, the owner must notify the assessor by December 1, 1998. Further notifications to the assessor are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.

- (g) Agricultural property of a family farm corporation, joint family farm venture, family farm limited liability company, or partnership operating a family farm as described under subdivision 8 shall be classified homestead, to the same extent as other agricultural homestead property, if all of the following criteria are met:
- (1) the property consists of at least 40 acres including undivided government lots and correctional 40's;
- 98.11 (2) a shareholder, member, or partner of that entity is actively farming the agricultural property;
  - (3) that shareholder, member, or partner who is actively farming the agricultural property is a Minnesota resident;
    - (4) neither that shareholder, member, or partner, nor the spouse of that shareholder, member, or partner claims another agricultural homestead in Minnesota; and
    - (5) that shareholder, member, or partner does not live farther than four townships or cities, or a combination of four townships or cities, from the agricultural property.
      - Homestead treatment applies under this paragraph even if:
- 98.20 (i) the shareholder, member, or partner of that entity is actively farming the agricultural property on the shareholder's, member's, or partner's own behalf; or
  - (ii) the family farm is operated by a family farm corporation, joint family farm venture, partnership, or limited liability company other than the family farm corporation, joint family farm venture, partnership, or limited liability company that owns the land, provided that:
  - (A) the shareholder, member, or partner of the family farm corporation, joint family farm venture, partnership, or limited liability company that owns the land who is actively farming the land is a shareholder, member, or partner of the family farm corporation, joint family farm venture, partnership, or limited liability company that is operating the farm; and
- 98.30 (B) more than half of the shareholders, members, or partners of each family farm 98.31 corporation, joint family farm venture, partnership, or limited liability company are persons

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or spouses of persons who are a qualifying relative under section 273.124, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c) and (d).

Homestead treatment applies under this paragraph for property leased to a family farm corporation, joint farm venture, limited liability company, or partnership operating a family farm if legal title to the property is in the name of an individual who is a member, shareholder, or partner in the entity.

- (h) To be eligible for the special agricultural homestead under this subdivision, an initial full application must be submitted to the county assessor where the property is located. Owners and the persons who are actively farming the property shall be required to complete only a one-page abbreviated version of the application in each subsequent year provided that none of the following items have changed since the initial application:
- 99.12 (1) the day-to-day operation, administration, and financial risks remain the same;
- 99.13 (2) the owners and the persons actively farming the property continue to live within the 99.14 four townships or city criteria and are Minnesota residents;
  - (3) the same operator of the agricultural property is listed with the Farm Service Agency;
- 99.16 (4) a Schedule F or equivalent income tax form was filed for the most recent year;
- 99.17 (5) the property's acreage is unchanged; and
- 99.18 (6) none of the property's acres have been enrolled in a federal or state farm program 99.19 since the initial application.

The owners and any persons who are actively farming the property must include the appropriate Social Security numbers or individual tax identification numbers, and sign and date the application. If any of the specified information has changed since the full application was filed, the owner must notify the assessor, and must complete a new application to determine if the property continues to qualify for the special agricultural homestead. The commissioner of revenue shall prepare a standard reapplication form for use by the assessors.

- (i) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 2007 assessment shall remain classified agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:
- 99.29 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural 99.30 homestead as a result of damage caused by the August 2007 floods;
- 99.31 (2) the property is located in the county of Dodge, Fillmore, Houston, Olmsted, Steele, 99.32 Wabasha, or Winona;

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- (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the current 100.1 assessment year as existed for the 2007 assessment year; 100.2
  - (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in this state and is within 50 miles of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and

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- (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the August 2007 floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by the assessor in verifying the change in homestead dwelling. For taxes payable in 2009, the owner must notify the assessor by December 1, 2008. Further notifications to the assessor are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.
- (j) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under section 100.11 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 2008 assessment shall remain classified as 100.12 agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if: 100.13
- 100.14 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural homestead as a result of the March 2009 floods: 100.15
- (2) the property is located in the county of Marshall; 100.16
- (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the current 100.17 assessment year as existed for the 2008 assessment year and continue to be used for 100.18 agricultural purposes; 100.19
- (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in Minnesota and is within 50 miles 100.20 of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and 100.21
  - (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the 2009 floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by the assessor in verifying the change in dwelling. Further notifications to the assessor are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.
- 100.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for homestead applications filed in 2022 and thereafter. 100.28
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.1245, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 100.29
- Subdivision 1. Private or nonpublic data. The following data are private or nonpublic 100.30 data as defined in section 13.02, subdivisions 9 and 12, when they are submitted to a county 100.31 or local assessor under section 273.124, 273.13, or another section, to support a claim for 100.32

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101.1	the property tax homestead classification under section 273.13, or other property tax
101.2	classification or benefit:
101.3	(1) Social Security numbers;
101.4	(2) individual tax identification numbers;
101.5	(2) (3) copies of state or federal income tax returns; and
101.6	(3) (4) state or federal income tax return information, including the federal income tax
101.7	schedule F.
101.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for homestead applications
101.9	filed in 2022 and thereafter.
101.10	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 273.13, subdivision 23, is amended
101.11	to read:
101.12	Subd. 23. Class 2. (a) An agricultural homestead consists of class 2a agricultural land
101.13	that is homesteaded, along with any class 2b rural vacant land that is contiguous to the class
101.14	2a land under the same ownership. The market value of the house and garage and immediately
101.15	surrounding one acre of land has the same classification rates as class 1a or 1b property
101.16	under subdivision 22. The value of the remaining land including improvements up to the
101.17	first tier valuation limit of agricultural homestead property has a classification rate of 0.5
101.18	percent of market value. The remaining property over the first tier has a classification rate
101.19	of one percent of market value. For purposes of this subdivision, the "first tier valuation
101.20	limit of agricultural homestead property" and "first tier" means the limit certified under
101.21	section 273.11, subdivision 23.
101.22	(b) Class 2a agricultural land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof, that
101.23	are agricultural land and buildings. Class 2a property has a classification rate of one percent
101.24	of market value, unless it is part of an agricultural homestead under paragraph (a). Class 2a
101.25	property must also include any property that would otherwise be classified as 2b, but is
101.26	interspersed with class 2a property, including but not limited to sloughs, wooded wind
101.27	shelters, acreage abutting ditches, ravines, rock piles, land subject to a setback requirement,
101.28	and other similar land that is impractical for the assessor to value separately from the rest

An assessor may classify the part of a parcel described in this subdivision that is used for agricultural purposes as class 2a and the remainder in the class appropriate to its use.

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of the property or that is unlikely to be able to be sold separately from the rest of the property.

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- (c) Class 2b rural vacant land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof, that are unplatted real estate, rural in character and not used for agricultural purposes, including land used for growing trees for timber, lumber, and wood and wood products, that is not improved with a structure. The presence of a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure as defined by the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the property from classification under this paragraph. Any parcel of 20 acres or more improved with a structure that is not a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure must be split-classified, and ten acres must be assigned to the split parcel containing the structure. If a parcel of 20 acres or more is enrolled in the sustainable forest management incentive program under chapter 290C, the number of acres assigned to the split parcel improved with a structure that is not a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure must equal three acres or the number of acres excluded from the sustainable forest incentive act covenant due to the structure, whichever is greater. Class 2b property has a classification rate of one percent of market value unless it is part of an agricultural homestead under paragraph (a), or qualifies as class 2c under paragraph (d).
- (d) Class 2c managed forest land consists of no less than 20 and no more than 1,920 acres statewide per taxpayer that is being managed under a forest management plan that meets the requirements of chapter 290C, but is not enrolled in the sustainable forest resource management incentive program. It has a classification rate of .65 percent, provided that the owner of the property must apply to the assessor in order for the property to initially qualify for the reduced rate and provide the information required by the assessor to verify that the property qualifies for the reduced rate. If the assessor receives the application and information before May 1 in an assessment year, the property qualifies beginning with that assessment year. If the assessor receives the application and information after April 30 in an assessment year, the property may not qualify until the next assessment year. The commissioner of natural resources must concur that the land is qualified. The commissioner of natural resources shall annually provide county assessors verification information on a timely basis. The presence of a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure as defined by the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the property from classification under this paragraph.
  - (e) Agricultural land as used in this section means:
- 102.30 (1) contiguous acreage of ten acres or more, used during the preceding year for agricultural purposes; or
- 102.32 (2) contiguous acreage used during the preceding year for an intensive livestock or poultry confinement operation, provided that land used only for pasturing or grazing does not qualify under this clause.

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"Agricultural purposes" as used in this section means the raising, cultivation, drying, or storage of agricultural products for sale, or the storage of machinery or equipment used in support of agricultural production by the same farm entity. For a property to be classified as agricultural based only on the drying or storage of agricultural products, the products being dried or stored must have been produced by the same farm entity as the entity operating the drying or storage facility. "Agricultural purposes" also includes (i) enrollment in a local conservation program or the Reinvest in Minnesota program under sections 103F.501 to 103F.535 or the federal Conservation Reserve Program as contained in Public Law 99-198 or a similar state or federal conservation program if the property was classified as agricultural (A) under this subdivision for taxes payable in 2003 because of its enrollment in a qualifying program and the land remains enrolled or (B) in the year prior to its enrollment, or (ii) use of land, not to exceed three acres, to provide environmental benefits such as buffer strips, old growth forest restoration or retention, or retention ponds to prevent soil erosion. For purposes of this section, a "local conservation program" means a program administered by a town, statutory or home rule charter city, or county, including a watershed district, water management organization, or soil and water conservation district, in which landowners voluntarily enroll land and receive incentive payments equal to at least \$50 per acre in exchange for use or other restrictions placed on the land. In order for property to qualify under the local conservation program provision, a taxpayer must apply to the assessor by February 1 of the assessment year and must submit the information required by the assessor, including but not limited to a copy of the program requirements, the specific agreement between the land owner and the local agency, if applicable, and a map of the conservation area. Agricultural classification shall not be based upon the market value of any residential structures on the parcel or contiguous parcels under the same ownership.

"Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of, or a contiguous portion of, a tax parcel as described in section 272.193, or all of, or a contiguous portion of, a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section that are owned by the same person.

- (f) Agricultural land under this section also includes:
- (1) contiguous acreage that is less than ten acres in size and exclusively used in the preceding year for raising or cultivating agricultural products; or
- (2) contiguous acreage that contains a residence and is less than 11 acres in size, if the contiguous acreage exclusive of the house, garage, and surrounding one acre of land was used in the preceding year for one or more of the following three uses:

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(i) for an intensive grain drying or storage operation, or for intensive machinery or
equipment storage activities used to support agricultural activities on other parcels of property
operated by the same farming entity;

- (ii) as a nursery, provided that only those acres used intensively to produce nursery stock are considered agricultural land; or
- (iii) for intensive market farming; for purposes of this paragraph, "market farming" means the cultivation of one or more fruits or vegetables or production of animal or other agricultural products for sale to local markets by the farmer or an organization with which the farmer is affiliated.
- "Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of a tax parcel as described in section 272.193, or all of a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section that are owned by the same person.
- 104.13 (g) Land shall be classified as agricultural even if all or a portion of the agricultural use 104.14 of that property is the leasing to, or use by another person for agricultural purposes.
- 104.15 Classification under this subdivision is not determinative for qualifying under section 273.111.
- (h) The property classification under this section supersedes, for property tax purposes only, any locally administered agricultural policies or land use restrictions that define minimum or maximum farm acreage.
- 104.20 (i) The term "agricultural products" as used in this subdivision includes production for sale of:
- (1) livestock; dairy animals; dairy products; poultry and poultry products; fur-bearing animals; horticultural and nursery stock; fruit of all kinds; vegetables; forage; grains; hemp; bees; and apiary products by the owner;
- 104.25 (2) aquacultural products for sale and consumption, as defined under section 17.47, if 104.26 the aquaculture occurs on land zoned for agricultural use;
- 104.27 (3) the commercial boarding of horses, which may include related horse training and riding instruction, if the boarding is done on property that is also used for raising pasture to graze horses or raising or cultivating other agricultural products as defined in clause (1);
- 104.30 (4) property which is owned and operated by nonprofit organizations used for equestrian activities, excluding racing;

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(5) game birds and waterfowl bred and raised (i) on a game farm licensed under section
97A.105, provided that the annual licensing report to the Department of Natural Resources,
which must be submitted annually by March 30 to the assessor, indicates that at least 500
birds were raised or used for breeding stock on the property during the preceding year and
that the owner provides a copy of the owner's most recent schedule F; or (ii) for use on a
shooting preserve licensed under section 97A.115;

- 105.7 (6) insects primarily bred to be used as food for animals;
- 105.8 (7) trees, grown for sale as a crop, including short rotation woody crops, and not sold 105.9 for timber, lumber, wood, or wood products; and
- 105.10 (8) maple syrup taken from trees grown by a person licensed by the Minnesota 105.11 Department of Agriculture under chapter 28A as a food processor.
- 105.12 (j) If a parcel used for agricultural purposes is also used for commercial or industrial purposes, including but not limited to:
- 105.14 (1) wholesale and retail sales;
- 105.15 (2) processing of raw agricultural products or other goods;
- 105.16 (3) warehousing or storage of processed goods; and
- (4) office facilities for the support of the activities enumerated in clauses (1), (2), and 105.17 (3), the assessor shall classify the part of the parcel used for agricultural purposes as class 105.18 1b, 2a, or 2b, whichever is appropriate, and the remainder in the class appropriate to its use. 105.19 The grading, sorting, and packaging of raw agricultural products for first sale is considered 105.20 an agricultural purpose. A greenhouse or other building where horticultural or nursery products are grown that is also used for the conduct of retail sales must be classified as agricultural if it is primarily used for the growing of horticultural or nursery products from 105.23 seed, cuttings, or roots and occasionally as a showroom for the retail sale of those products. 105.24 Use of a greenhouse or building only for the display of already grown horticultural or nursery 105.25 products does not qualify as an agricultural purpose. 105.26
  - (k) The assessor shall determine and list separately on the records the market value of the homestead dwelling and the one acre of land on which that dwelling is located. If any farm buildings or structures are located on this homesteaded acre of land, their market value shall not be included in this separate determination.
- 105.31 (l) Class 2d airport landing area consists of a landing area or public access area of a 105.32 privately owned public use airport. It has a classification rate of one percent of market value. 105.33 To qualify for classification under this paragraph, a privately owned public use airport must

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be licensed as a public airport under section 360.018. For purposes of this paragraph, "landing area" means that part of a privately owned public use airport properly cleared, regularly maintained, and made available to the public for use by aircraft and includes runways, taxiways, aprons, and sites upon which are situated landing or navigational aids. A landing area also includes land underlying both the primary surface and the approach surfaces that comply with all of the following:

- (i) the land is properly cleared and regularly maintained for the primary purposes of the landing, taking off, and taxiing of aircraft; but that portion of the land that contains facilities for servicing, repair, or maintenance of aircraft is not included as a landing area;
  - (ii) the land is part of the airport property; and
- (iii) the land is not used for commercial or residential purposes.
  - The land contained in a landing area under this paragraph must be described and certified by the commissioner of transportation. The certification is effective until it is modified, or until the airport or landing area no longer meets the requirements of this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph, "public access area" means property used as an aircraft parking ramp, apron, or storage hangar, or an arrival and departure building in connection with the airport.
  - (m) Class 2e consists of land with a commercial aggregate deposit that is not actively being mined and is not otherwise classified as class 2a or 2b, provided that the land is not located in a county that has elected to opt-out of the aggregate preservation program as provided in section 273.1115, subdivision 6. It has a classification rate of one percent of market value. To qualify for classification under this paragraph, the property must be at least ten contiguous acres in size and the owner of the property must record with the county recorder of the county in which the property is located an affidavit containing:
  - (1) a legal description of the property;
- 106.26 (2) a disclosure that the property contains a commercial aggregate deposit that is not actively being mined but is present on the entire parcel enrolled;
- 106.28 (3) documentation that the conditional use under the county or local zoning ordinance of this property is for mining; and
- (4) documentation that a permit has been issued by the local unit of government or the mining activity is allowed under local ordinance. The disclosure must include a statement from a registered professional geologist, engineer, or soil scientist delineating the deposit and certifying that it is a commercial aggregate deposit.

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in preparation for excavation or excavation of a commercial deposit.

- (n) When any portion of the property under this subdivision or subdivision 22 begins to be actively mined, the owner must file a supplemental affidavit within 60 days from the day any aggregate is removed stating the number of acres of the property that is actively being mined. The acres actively being mined must be (1) valued and classified under subdivision 24 in the next subsequent assessment year, and (2) removed from the aggregate resource preservation property tax program under section 273.1115, if the land was enrolled in that program. Copies of the original affidavit and all supplemental affidavits must be filed with the county assessor, the local zoning administrator, and the Department of Natural Resources, Division of Land and Minerals. A supplemental affidavit must be filed each 107.13 time a subsequent portion of the property is actively mined, provided that the minimum acreage change is five acres, even if the actual mining activity constitutes less than five acres.
- 107.17 (o) The definitions prescribed by the commissioner under paragraphs (c) and (d) are not rules and are exempt from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and the provisions in 107.18 section 14.386 concerning exempt rules do not apply. 107.19
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023 107.20 and thereafter. 107.21
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 273.13, subdivision 25, is amended 107.22 to read: 107.23
- Subd. 25. Class 4. (a) Class 4a is residential real estate containing four or more units 107.24 and used or held for use by the owner or by the tenants or lessees of the owner as a residence 107.25 for rental periods of 30 days or more, excluding property qualifying for class 4d. Class 4a 107.26 also includes hospitals licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, other than hospitals exempt 107.27 under section 272.02, and contiguous property used for hospital purposes, without regard 107.28 to whether the property has been platted or subdivided. The market value of class 4a property 107.29 has a classification rate of 1.25 percent. 107.30
- (b) Class 4b includes: 107.31

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(1) residential real estate containing less than four units, including property rented as a
short-term rental property for more than 14 days in the preceding year, that does not qualify
as class 4bb, other than seasonal residential recreational property;

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- (2) manufactured homes not classified under any other provision;
- 108.5 (3) a dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b) containing two or three units; and 108.6
- 108.7 (4) unimproved property that is classified residential as determined under subdivision 33. 108.8
- For the purposes of this paragraph, "short-term rental property" means nonhomestead 108.9 residential real estate rented for periods of less than 30 consecutive days. 108.10
- The market value of class 4b property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent. 108.11
- (c) Class 4bb includes: 108.12
- (1) nonhomestead residential real estate containing one unit, other than seasonal 108.13 residential recreational property; 108.14
- (2) a single family dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a 108.15 nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b); and 108.16
- (3) a condominium-type storage unit having an individual property identification number 108.17 that is not used for a commercial purpose. 108.18
- 108.19 Class 4bb property has the same classification rates as class 1a property under subdivision 22. 108.20
- 108.21 Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at any time during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current owner does 108.22 not qualify for class 4bb. 108.23
- (d) Class 4c property includes: 108.24
- (1) except as provided in subdivision 22, paragraph (c), real and personal property 108.25 devoted to commercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes, 108.26 for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For purposes of 108.27 this clause, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day if any portion of 108.28 the property is used for residential occupancy, and a fee is charged for residential occupancy. 108.29 Class 4c property under this clause must contain three or more rental units. A "rental unit" 108.30 is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping site 108.31 equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. A camping pad offered 108.32

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for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 4c under this clause is also class 4c under this clause regardless of the term of the rental agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. In order for a property to be classified under this clause, either (i) the business located on the property must provide recreational activities, at least 40 percent of the annual gross lodging receipts related to the property must be from business conducted during 90 consecutive days, and either (A) at least 60 percent of all paid bookings by lodging guests during the year must be for periods of at least two consecutive nights; or (B) at least 20 percent of the annual gross receipts must be from charges for providing recreational activities, or (ii) the business must contain 20 or fewer rental units, and must be located in a township or a city with a population of 2,500 or less located outside the metropolitan area, as defined under section 473.121, subdivision 2, that contains a portion of a state trail administered by the Department of Natural Resources. For purposes of item (i)(A), a paid booking of five or more nights shall be counted as two bookings. Class 4c property also includes commercial use real property used exclusively for recreational purposes in conjunction with other class 4c property classified under this clause and devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes, up to a total of two acres, provided the property is not devoted to commercial recreational use for more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment and is located within two miles of the class 4c property with which it is used. In order for a property to qualify for classification under this clause, the owner must submit a declaration to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in the year preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be designated class 4c under this clause as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located will be designated as class 3a. The owner of property desiring designation as class 4c property under this clause must provide guest registers or other records demonstrating that the units for which class 4c designation is sought were not occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment if so requested. The portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not directly related to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes does not qualify for class 4c. For the purposes of this paragraph, "recreational activities" means renting ice fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country ski equipment; providing marina services, launch services, or guide services; or selling bait and fishing tackle;

(2) qualified property used as a golf course if:

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- (i) it is open to the public on a daily fee basis. It may charge membership fees or dues, but a membership fee may not be required in order to use the property for golfing, and its green fees for golfing must be comparable to green fees typically charged by municipal courses; and
- (ii) it meets the requirements of section 273.112, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).
- 110.6 A structure used as a clubhouse, restaurant, or place of refreshment in conjunction with 110.7 the golf course is classified as class 3a property;
- (3) real property up to a maximum of three acres of land owned and used by a nonprofit community service oriented organization and not used for residential purposes on either a temporary or permanent basis, provided that:
- (i) the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than six days in the calendar year preceding the year of assessment; or
- (ii) the organization makes annual charitable contributions and donations at least equal to the property's previous year's property taxes and the property is allowed to be used for public and community meetings or events for no charge, as appropriate to the size of the facility.
- For purposes of this clause:
- (A) "charitable contributions and donations" has the same meaning as lawful gambling purposes under section 349.12, subdivision 25, excluding those purposes relating to the payment of taxes, assessments, fees, auditing costs, and utility payments;
- (B) "property taxes" excludes the state general tax;
- (C) a "nonprofit community service oriented organization" means any corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational purposes, and which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3), (8), (10), or (19) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (D) "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be limited to property or that portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant open to the public, bowling alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations licensed under chapter 349, an insurance business, or office or other space leased or rented to a lessee who conducts a for-profit enterprise on the premises.

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The organization shall maintain records of its charitable contributions and donations and of public meetings and events held on the property and make them available upon request any time to the assessor to ensure eligibility. An organization meeting the requirement under item (ii) must file an application by May 1 with the assessor for eligibility for the current year's assessment. The commissioner shall prescribe a uniform application form and instructions;

- (4) postsecondary student housing of not more than one acre of land that is owned by a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A and is used exclusively by a student cooperative, sorority, or fraternity for on-campus housing or housing located within two miles of the border of a college campus;
- (5)(i) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, excluding including manufactured home parks described in items (ii) and (iii), (ii) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, that are described in section 273.124, subdivision 3a, and (iii) class I manufactured home parks as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 13;
- (6) real property that is actively and exclusively devoted to indoor fitness, health, social, recreational, and related uses, is owned and operated by a not-for-profit corporation, and is located within the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;
- 111.23 (7) a leased or privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:
- (i) the land is on an airport owned or operated by a city, town, county, Metropolitan
  Airports Commission, or group thereof; and
- (ii) the land lease, or any ordinance or signed agreement restricting the use of the leased premise, prohibits commercial activity performed at the hangar.
- If a hangar classified under this clause is sold after June 30, 2000, a bill of sale must be filed by the new owner with the assessor of the county where the property is located within 60 days of the sale;
- 111.32 (8) a privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:

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(1)	the	land	abuts	a	public	airport;	and

- (ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the hangar; and
- 112.5 (9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met: 112.6
- 112.7 (i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14 or fewer days; 112.8
- (ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated in 112.9 the basic room rate; 112.10
- (iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewer than 112.11 seven days in the calendar year preceding the year of the assessment; and 112.12
- (iv) the owner is the operator of the property. 112.13
- The market value subject to the 4c classification under this clause is limited to five rental 112.14 units. Any rental units on the property in excess of five, must be valued and assessed as 112.15 class 3a. The portion of the property used for purposes of a homestead by the owner must 112.16 be classified as class 1a property under subdivision 22;
- (10) real property up to a maximum of three acres and operated as a restaurant as defined 112.18 under section 157.15, subdivision 12, provided it: (i) is located on a lake as defined under 112.19 section 103G.005, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3); and (ii) is either devoted to 112.20 commercial purposes for not more than 250 consecutive days, or receives at least 60 percent of its annual gross receipts from business conducted during four consecutive months. Gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages must be included in determining the property's 112.23 qualification under item (ii). The property's primary business must be as a restaurant and 112.24 not as a bar. Gross receipts from gift shop sales located on the premises must be excluded. 112.25 Owners of real property desiring 4c classification under this clause must submit an annual 112.26 declaration to the assessor by February 1 of the current assessment year, based on the 112.27 property's relevant information for the preceding assessment year; 112.28
- (11) lakeshore and riparian property and adjacent land, not to exceed six acres, used as a marina, as defined in section 86A.20, subdivision 5, which is made accessible to the public 112.30 and devoted to recreational use for marina services. The marina owner must annually provide evidence to the assessor that it provides services, including lake or river access to the public by means of an access ramp or other facility that is either located on the property of the 112.33

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marina or at a publicly owned site that abuts the property of the marina. No more than 800 feet of lakeshore may be included in this classification. Buildings used in conjunction with a marina for marina services, including but not limited to buildings used to provide food and beverage services, fuel, boat repairs, or the sale of bait or fishing tackle, are classified as class 3a property; and

(12) real and personal property devoted to noncommercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes.

Class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.5 percent of market value, except that (i) each parcel of noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property under clause (12) has the same classification rates as class 4bb property, (ii) manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (i), have the same classification rate as class 4b property, the market value of manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (ii), have a classification rate of 0.75 percent if more than 50 percent of the lots in the park are occupied by shareholders in the cooperative corporation or association and a classification rate of one percent if 50 percent or less of the lots are so occupied, and class I manufactured home parks as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 13, have a classification rate of 1.0 0.75 percent, (iii) commercial-use seasonal residential recreational property and marina recreational land as described in clause (11), has a classification rate of one percent for the first \$500,000 of market value, and 1.25 percent for the remaining market value, (iv) the market value of property described in clause (4) has a classification rate of one percent, (v) the market value of property described in clauses (2), (6), and (10) has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, (vi) that portion of the market value of property in clause (9) qualifying for class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, and (vii) property qualifying for classification under clause (3) that is owned or operated by a congressionally chartered veterans organization has a classification rate of one percent. The commissioner of veterans affairs must provide a list of congressionally chartered veterans organizations to the commissioner of revenue by June 30, 2017, and by January 1, 2018, and each year thereafter.

## (e) Class 4d property is includes:

(1) qualifying low-income rental housing certified to the assessor by the Housing Finance Agency under section 273.128, subdivision 3. If only a portion of the units in the building qualify as low-income rental housing units as certified under section 273.128, subdivision 3, only the proportion of qualifying units to the total number of units in the building qualify for class  $4\frac{d}{d}(1)$ . The remaining portion of the building shall be classified by the assessor based upon its use. Class  $4\frac{d}{d}(1)$  also includes the same proportion of land as the qualifying low-income rental housing units are to the total units in the building. For all properties

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qualifying as class 4d 4d(1), the market value determined by the assessor must be based on 114.1 the normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents-; and 114.2

- (2) a unit that is owned by the occupant and used as a homestead by the occupant, and otherwise meets all the requirements for community land trust property under section 273.11, subdivision 12, provided that by December 31 of each assessment year, the community land trust certifies to the assessor that (i) the community land trust owns the real property on which the unit is located, and (ii) the unit owner is a member in good standing of the community land trust. For all units qualifying as class 4d(2), the market value determined by the assessor must be based on the normal approach to value without regard to any restrictions that apply because the unit is a community land trust property.
- 114.11 (f) The first tier of market value of class 4d 4d(1) property has a classification rate of 0.75 percent. The remaining value of class 4d 4d(1) property has a classification rate of 114.12 0.25 percent. For the purposes of this paragraph, the "first tier of market value of class 4d 114.13 4d(1) property" means the market value of each housing unit up to the first tier limit. For 114.14 the purposes of this paragraph, all class 4d property value must be assigned to individual 114.15 housing units. The first tier limit is \$100,000 for assessment years 2022 and 2023. For subsequent assessment years, the limit is adjusted each year by the average statewide change 114.17 in estimated market value of property classified as class 4a and 4d 4d(1) under this section 114.18 for the previous assessment year, excluding valuation change due to new construction, 114.19 rounded to the nearest \$1,000, provided, however, that the limit may never be less than 114.20 \$100,000. Beginning with assessment year 2015, the commissioner of revenue must certify 114.21 the limit for each assessment year by November 1 of the previous year. Class 4d(2) property 114.22 has a classification rate of 0.75 percent. 114.23
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** (a) The amendments to paragraph (d) are effective for property 114.24 taxes payable in 2024 and thereafter. 114.25
- 114.26 (b) The amendments to paragraphs (e) and (f) are effective for property taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter. 114.27
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 273.13, subdivision 34, is amended 114.28 to read: 114.29
- 114.30 Subd. 34. Homestead of veteran with a disability or family caregiver. (a) All or a portion of the market value of property owned by a veteran and serving as the veteran's 114.31 homestead under this section is excluded in determining the property's taxable market value 114.32 if the veteran has a service-connected disability of 70 percent or more as certified by the 114.33 United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for exclusion under this subdivision, 114.34

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the veteran must have been honorably discharged from the United States armed forces, as indicated by United States Government Form DD214 or other official military discharge papers.

- (b)(1) For a disability rating of 70 percent or more, \$150,000 of market value is excluded, except as provided in clause (2); and
- (2) for a total (100 percent) and permanent disability, \$300,000 of market value is excluded.
- (c) If a veteran with a disability qualifying for a valuation exclusion under paragraph (b), clause (2), predeceases the veteran's spouse, and if upon the death of the veteran the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead and permanently resides there, 115.10 the exclusion shall carry over to the benefit of the veteran's spouse until such time as the 115.11 spouse remarries, or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise 115.12 provided in paragraph (n). Qualification under this paragraph requires an application under 115.13 paragraph (h), and a spouse must notify the assessor if there is a change in the spouse's marital status, ownership of the property, or use of the property as a permanent residence. 115.15 If a spouse previously received the exclusion under this paragraph, but the exclusion expired 115.16 prior to assessment year 2019 before the eligibility time period for surviving spouses was 115.17 changed to a lifetime benefit, the spouse may reapply under paragraph (h) for the exclusion 115.18 under this paragraph. 115.19
  - (d) If the spouse of a member of any branch or unit of the United States armed forces who dies due to a service-connected cause while serving honorably in active service, as indicated on United States Government Form DD1300 or DD2064, holds the legal or beneficial title to a homestead and permanently resides there, the spouse is entitled to the benefit described in paragraph (b), clause (2), until such time as the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n). If a spouse previously received the exclusion under this paragraph, but the exclusion expired prior to assessment year 2019 before the eligibility time period for surviving spouses was changed to a lifetime benefit, the spouse may reapply under paragraph (h) for the exclusion under this paragraph.
  - (e) If a veteran meets the disability criteria of paragraph (a) but does not own property classified as homestead in the state of Minnesota, then the homestead of the veteran's primary family caregiver, if any, is eligible for the exclusion that the veteran would otherwise qualify for under paragraph (b).

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- (f) In the case of an agricultural homestead, only the portion of the property consisting of the house and garage and immediately surrounding one acre of land qualifies for the valuation exclusion under this subdivision.
- 116.4 (g) A property qualifying for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision is not eligible 116.5 for the market value exclusion under subdivision 35, or classification under subdivision 22, 116.6 paragraph (b).
  - (h) To qualify for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision a property owner must apply to the assessor by December 31 of the first assessment year for which the exclusion is sought. Except as provided in paragraph (c), the owner of a property that has been accepted for a valuation exclusion must notify the assessor if there is a change in ownership of the property or in the use of the property as a homestead.
- (i) A first-time application by a qualifying spouse for the market value exclusion under paragraph (d) must be made any time within two years of the death of the service member, within two years of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs Dependency and Indemnity Compensation determination, or by December 31, 2023, whichever is later. A qualifying spouse whose application was previously denied may reapply, pursuant to this paragraph, by December 31, 2023.
- 116.18 (j) For purposes of this subdivision:
- (1) "active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05;
- 116.20 (2) "own" means that the person's name is present as an owner on the property deed;
- 116.21 (3) "primary family caregiver" means a person who is approved by the secretary of the
  116.22 United States Department of Veterans Affairs for assistance as the primary provider of
  116.23 personal care services for an eligible veteran under the Program of Comprehensive Assistance
  116.24 for Family Caregivers, codified as United States Code, title 38, section 1720G; and
- (4) "veteran" has the meaning given the term in section 197.447.
- (k) If a veteran dying after December 31, 2011, did not apply for or receive the exclusion under paragraph (b), clause (2), before dying, the veteran's spouse is entitled to the benefit under paragraph (b), clause (2), until the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n), if:
- 116.30 (1) the spouse files a first-time application within two years of the death of the service 116.31 member, within two years of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs Dependency 116.32 and Indemnity Compensation determination, if applicable, or by June 1, 2019 December

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117.1	31, 2023, whichever is later. A spouse whose application was previously denied may reapply,
117.2	pursuant to this paragraph, by December 31, 2023;

- (2) upon the death of the veteran, the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead and permanently resides there;
- 117.5 (3) the veteran met the honorable discharge requirements of paragraph (a); and
- 117.6 (4) the United States Department of Veterans Affairs certifies that:
- (i) the veteran met the total (100 percent) and permanent disability requirement under paragraph (b), clause (2); or
- (ii) the spouse has been awarded dependency and indemnity compensation.
- (l) The purpose of this provision of law providing a level of homestead property tax relief for veterans with a disability, their primary family caregivers, and their surviving spouses is to help ease the burdens of war for those among our state's citizens who bear those burdens most heavily.
- (m) By <u>July 1 December 31</u>, the county veterans service officer must certify the disability rating and permanent address of each veteran receiving the benefit under paragraph (b) to the assessor.
- (n) A spouse who received the benefit in paragraph (c), (d), or (k) but no longer holds
  the legal or beneficial title to the property may continue to receive the exclusion for a
  property other than the property for which the exclusion was initially granted until the spouse
  remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, provided that:
- (1) the spouse applies under paragraph (h) for the continuation of the exclusion allowed under this paragraph;
- 117.23 (2) the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the property for which the continuation of the exclusion is sought under this paragraph, and permanently resides there;
- 117.25 (3) the estimated market value of the property for which the exclusion is sought under this paragraph is less than or equal to the estimated market value of the property that first received the exclusion, based on the value of each property on the date of the sale of the property that first received the exclusion; and
- 117.29 (4) the spouse has not previously received the benefit under this paragraph for a property other than the property for which the exclusion is sought.
- 117.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessment year 2022 and thereafter.

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Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.13, subdivision 35, is amended to read:

Subd. 35. Homestead market value exclusion. (a) Prior to determining a property's net tax capacity under this section, property classified as class 1a or 1b under subdivision 22, and the portion of property classified as class 2a under subdivision 23 consisting of the house, garage, and surrounding one acre of land, shall be eligible for a market value exclusion as determined under paragraph (b).

- (b) For a homestead valued at \$76,000 \$80,300 or less, the exclusion is 40 percent of market value. For a homestead valued between \$76,000 over \$80,300 and \$413,800 less than \$437,100, the exclusion is \$30,400 \$32,120 minus nine percent of the valuation over \$76,000 \$80,300. For a homestead valued at \$413,800 \$437,100 or more, there is no valuation exclusion. The valuation exclusion shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar, and may not be less than zero.
- (c) Any valuation exclusions or adjustments under section 273.11 shall be applied prior to determining the amount of the valuation exclusion under this subdivision.
- (d) In the case of a property that is classified as part homestead and part nonhomestead, (i) the exclusion shall apply only to the homestead portion of the property, but (ii) if a portion of a property is classified as nonhomestead solely because not all the owners occupy the property, not all the owners have qualifying relatives occupying the property, or solely because not all the spouses of owners occupy the property, the exclusion amount shall be 118.19 initially computed as if that nonhomestead portion were also in the homestead class and then prorated to the owner-occupant's percentage of ownership. For the purpose of this section, when an owner-occupant's spouse does not occupy the property, the percentage of ownership for the owner-occupant spouse is one-half of the couple's ownership percentage.

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessment year 2023 and thereafter.

- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.1315, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 118.25
- Subd. 2. Class 1b homestead declaration 2009 and thereafter. (a) Any property owner 118.26 118.27 seeking classification and assessment of the owner's homestead as class 1b property pursuant to section 273.13, subdivision 22, paragraph (b), after October 1, 2008, shall file with the 118.28 county assessor a class 1b homestead declaration, on a form prescribed by the commissioner 118.29 of revenue. The declaration must contain the following information: 118.30
- 118.31 (1) the information necessary to verify that, on or before June 30 of the filing year, the property owner or the owner's spouse satisfies the requirements of section 273.13, subdivision 118.32 22, paragraph (b), for class 1b classification; and 118.33

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- (2) any additional information prescribed by the commissioner.
- (b) The declaration must be filed on or before October 1 to be effective for property 119.2 taxes payable during the succeeding calendar year. The Social Security numbers, individual 119.3 tax identification numbers, and income and medical information received from the property 119.4 owner pursuant to this subdivision are private data on individuals as defined in section 119.5 13.02. If approved by the assessor, the declaration remains in effect until the property no 119.6 longer qualifies under section 273.13, subdivision 22, paragraph (b). Failure to notify the 119.7 119.8 assessor within 30 days that the property no longer qualifies under that paragraph because of a sale, change in occupancy, or change in the status or condition of an occupant shall 119.9 result in the penalty provided in section 273.124, subdivision 13b, computed on the basis 119.10 of the class 1b benefits for the property, and the property shall lose its current class 1b 119.11 classification. 119.12
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for homestead applications filed in 2022 and thereafter.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.1387, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 119.16 Subd. 2. Credit amount. For each qualifying property, the school building bond agricultural credit is equal to the credit percent multiplied by the property's eligible net tax 119.17 capacity multiplied by the school debt tax rate determined under section 275.08, subdivision 119.18 1b. For property taxes payable prior to 2020, the credit percent is equal to 40 percent. For 119.19 property taxes payable in 2020, the credit percent is equal to 50 percent. For property taxes 119.20 payable in 2021, the credit percent is equal to 55 percent. For property taxes payable in 119.21 2022, the credit percent is equal to 60 percent. For property taxes payable in 2023 and 119.22 thereafter, the credit percent is equal to 70 percent. For property taxes payable in 2024 and 119.23 thereafter, the credit percent is equal to 85 percent. 119.24
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable in 2024.
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.41, is amended to read:
- 119.28 **273.41 AMOUNT OF TAX; DISTRIBUTION.**

There is hereby imposed upon each such cooperative association on December 31 of each year a tax of \$10 for each 100 members, or fraction thereof, of such association. The tax, when paid, shall be in lieu of all personal property taxes, state, county, or local, upon distribution lines and the attachments and appurtenances thereto of such associations located

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in rural areas. For purposes of this section, "attachments and appurtenances" include all cooperative association-owned metering equipment, streetlights, and any other infrastructure that is physically or electrically connected to the cooperative association's distribution system. The tax shall be payable on or before March 1 of the next succeeding year, to the commissioner of revenue. If the tax, or any portion thereof, is not paid within the time herein specified for the payment thereof, there shall be added thereto a specific penalty equal to ten percent of the amount so remaining unpaid. Such penalty shall be collected as part of said tax, and the amount of said tax not timely paid, together with said penalty, shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270C.40 from the time such tax should have been paid until paid. The commissioner shall deposit the amount so received in the general fund of the state treasury.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2023.
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 279.03, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. **Rate.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph paragraphs (b) and (c), interest on delinquent property taxes, penalties, and costs unpaid on or after January 1 is payable at the per annum rate determined in section 270C.40, subdivision 5. If the rate so determined is less than ten percent, the rate of interest is ten percent. The maximum per annum rate is 14 percent if the rate specified under section 270C.40, subdivision 5, exceeds 14 percent. The rate is subject to change on January 1 of each year.
  - (b) If a person is the owner of one or more parcels of property on which taxes are delinquent, and the delinquent taxes are more than 25 percent of the prior year's school district levy, interest on the delinquent property taxes, penalties, and costs unpaid is payable at twice the rate determined under paragraph (a) for the year.
- 120.24 (c) A county board, by resolution, may establish an interest rate lower than the interest rate determined under paragraph (a).
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for property taxes, penalties, and costs determined to be delinquent on or after January 1, 2023.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 282.261, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Interest rate.** (a) Except as provided under paragraph (b), the unpaid balance on any repurchase contract approved by the county board is subject to interest at the rate determined in section 279.03, subdivision 1a. The interest rate is subject to change each

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121.1	year on the unpaid balance in the manner provided for rate changes in section 279.03
121.2	subdivision 1a.

- (b) A county board, by resolution, or a county auditor, if delegated the responsibility to administer tax-forfeited land assigned to the county board as provided under section 282.135, may establish an interest rate lower than the interest rate determined under paragraph (a).
  - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2023.
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. Homestead. "Homestead" means the dwelling occupied as the claimant's 121.8 principal residence and so much of the land surrounding it, not exceeding ten acres, as is 121.9 reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home and any other property used for 121.10 purposes of a homestead as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22, except for or 273.13, 121.11 subdivision 25, paragraph (e), clause (2). For agricultural land assessed as part of a homestead 121.12 pursuant to section 273.13, subdivision 23, "homestead" is limited to the house and garage 121.13 and immediately surrounding one acre of land. The homestead may be owned or rented and may be a part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and the land on which it is built. 121.15 121.16 A manufactured home, as defined in section 273.125, subdivision 8, or a park trailer taxed as a manufactured home under section 168.012, subdivision 9, assessed as personal property 121.17 may be a dwelling for purposes of this subdivision. 121.18
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for refund claims based on taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Program qualifications.** The qualifications for the senior citizens' property tax deferral program are as follows:
- (1) the property must be owned and occupied as a homestead by a person 65 years of age or older. In the case of a married couple, at least one of the spouses must be at least 65 years old at the time the first property tax deferral is granted, regardless of whether the property is titled in the name of one spouse or both spouses, or titled in another way that permits the property to have homestead status, and the other spouse must be at least 62 years of age;
- (2) the total household income of the qualifying homeowners, as defined in section 290A.03, subdivision 5, for the calendar year preceding the year of the initial application may not exceed \$60,000 \$96,000;

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122.1	(3) the homestead must have been owned and occupied as the homestead of at least one
122.2	of the qualifying homeowners for at least 15 five years prior to the year the initial application
122.3	is filed;
122.4	(4) there are no state or federal tax liens or judgment liens on the homesteaded property;
122.5	(5) there are no mortgages or other liens on the property that secure future advances,
122.6	except for those subject to credit limits that result in compliance with clause (6); and
122.7	(6) the total unpaid balances of debts secured by mortgages and other liens on the
122.8	property, including unpaid and delinquent special assessments and interest and any delinquent
122.9	property taxes, penalties, and interest, but not including property taxes payable during the
122.10	year or debts secured by a residential PACE lien, as defined in section 216C.435, subdivision
122.11	10d, does not exceed 75 percent of the assessor's estimated market value for the year.
122.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for applications for deferral of taxes
122.13	payable in 2023 and thereafter.
122.14	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290B.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
122.15	Subd. 3. Excess-income certification by taxpayer. A taxpayer whose initial application
122.16	has been approved under subdivision 2 shall notify the commissioner of revenue in writing
122.17	by July 1 if the taxpayer's household income for the preceding calendar year exceeded
122.18	\$60,000 \$96,000. The certification must state the homeowner's total household income for
122.19	the previous calendar year. No property taxes may be deferred under this chapter in any
122.20	year following the year in which a program participant filed or should have filed an
122.21	excess-income certification under this subdivision, unless the participant has filed a
122.22	resumption of eligibility certification as described in subdivision 4.
122.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for applications for deferral of taxes
122.24	payable in 2023 and thereafter.
122.25	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290B.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
122.26	Subd. 4. <b>Resumption of eligibility certification by taxpayer.</b> A taxpayer who has
122.27	previously filed an excess-income certification under subdivision 3 may resume program
122.27	participation if the taxpayer's household income for a subsequent year is \$60,000 \$96,000
122.29	or less. If the taxpayer chooses to resume program participation, the taxpayer must notify
122.29	the commissioner of revenue in writing by July 1 of the year following a calendar year in
144.30	the commissioner of revenue in writing by July 1 of the year following a calcular year in

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which the taxpayer's household income is  $\$60,000 \ \$96,000$  or less. The certification must

state the taxpayer's total household income for the previous calendar year. Once a taxpayer

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resumes participation in the program under this subdivision, participation will continue until the taxpayer files a subsequent excess-income certification under subdivision 3 or until participation is terminated under section 290B.08, subdivision 1.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for applications for deferral of taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290B.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Determination by commissioner.** The commissioner shall determine each qualifying homeowner's "annual maximum property tax amount" following approval of the homeowner's initial application and following the receipt of a resumption of eligibility certification. The "annual maximum property tax amount" equals three percent of the homeowner's total household income for the year preceding either the initial application or the resumption of eligibility certification, whichever is applicable. Following approval of the initial application, the commissioner shall determine the qualifying homeowner's "maximum allowable deferral." No tax may be deferred relative to the appropriate assessment year for any homeowner whose total household income for the previous year exceeds \$60,000 \$96,000. No tax shall be deferred in any year in which the homeowner does not meet the program qualifications in section 290B.03. The maximum allowable total deferral is equal to 75 percent of the assessor's estimated market value for the year, less the balance of any mortgage loans and other amounts secured by liens against the property at the time of application, including any unpaid and delinquent special assessments and interest and any delinquent property taxes, penalties, and interest, but not including property taxes payable during the year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for applications for deferral of taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.

## 123.25 Sec. 34. CHILD PROTECTION COST STUDY.

- 123.26 (a) The legislative auditor is requested to conduct a special review of the costs to

  123.27 Minnesota counties for the provision of child protective services. The review would need

  123.28 to include:
- (1) an overview of the roles and responsibilities of counties in Minnesota's child protective services system and a comparison of these roles and responsibilities to those in other states;
- 123.31 (2) from 2013 through 2022, the amount each county spent on duties related to child protective services;

124.1	(3) from 2013 through 2022, the amount of federal and state funds received by each
124.2	county for duties related to child protective services; and
124.3	(4) from 2013 through 2022, the amount each county paid for child protective services
124.4	using property tax revenue.
124.5	(b) The legislative auditor would need to complete the review by August 1, 2023, and
124.6	report the results of the review to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative
124.7	committees with jurisdiction over property taxation.
124.8	Sec. 35. APPROPRIATION.
124.9	\$0 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the Office of the Legislative
124.10	Auditor for the purposes of conducting the review required by section 33. This is a onetime
124.11	appropriation.
124.12	Sec. 36. <u>REPEALER.</u>
124.13	Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 327C.01, subdivision 13; and 327C.16, are repealed.
124.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable
124.15	in 2024 and thereafter.
124.16	ARTICLE 5
124.17	STATE AIDS
124.18	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.011, is amended by adding a subdivision
124.19	to read:
124.20	Subd. 3b. Population age 65 and over. "Population age 65 and over" means the
124.21	population age 65 and over established as of July 15 in an aid calculation year by the most
124.22	recent federal census, by a special census conducted under contract with the United States
124.23	Bureau of the Census, by a population estimate made by the Metropolitan Council, or by a
124.24	population estimate of the state demographer made pursuant to section 4A.02, whichever
124.25	is the most recent as to the stated date of the count or estimate for the preceding calendar
124.26	year and which has been certified to the commissioner of revenue on or before July 15 of
124.27	the aid calculation year. A revision to an estimate or count is effective for these purposes
124.28	only if certified to the commissioner on or before July 15 of the aid calculation year. Clerical
124.29	errors in the certification or use of estimates and counts established as of July 15 in the aid
124.30	calculation year are subject to correction within the time periods allowed under section
124.31	477A.014.

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125.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
125.2	and thereafter.
125.3	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.011, is amended by adding a subdivision
125.4	to read:
125.5	Subd. 3c. Transformed population. "Transformed population" means the logarithm to
125.6	the base 10 of the population.
125.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
125.8	and thereafter.
125.9	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.011, subdivision 34, is amended to read:
125.10	Subd. 34. City revenue need. (a) For a city with a population equal to or greater than
125.11	10,000, "city revenue need" is 1.15 times the sum of (1) $4.59 \times 8.559$ times the pre-1940
125.12	housing percentage; plus (2) 0.622 times the percent of housing built between 1940 and
125.13	1970 7.629 times the city age index; plus (3) 169.415 times the jobs per capita 5.461 times
125.14	the commercial industrial utility percentage; plus (4) the sparsity adjustment 8.481 times
125.15	peak population decline; plus (5) 307.664 297.789.
125.16	(b) For a city with a population equal to or greater than 2,500 and less than 10,000, "city
125.17	revenue need" is 1.15 times the sum of (1) 572.62 502.094; plus (2) 5.026 4.285 times the
125.18	pre-1940 housing percentage; minus plus (3) 53.768 times household size 6.699 times the
125.19	commercial industrial utility percentage; plus (4) 14.022 17.645 times peak population
125.20	decline; plus (5) the sparsity adjustment.
125.21	(c) For a city with a population less than 2,500, "city revenue need" is the sum of (1)
125.22	410 79.351; plus (2) 0.367 246.428 times the city's <u>transformed</u> population over 100; plus
125.23	(3) the sparsity adjustment. The city revenue need for a city under this paragraph shall not
125.24	exceed 630 plus the city's sparsity adjustment.
125.25	(d) For a city with a population of at least 2,500 but less than 3,000, the "city revenue
125.26	need" equals (1) the transition factor times the city's revenue need calculated in paragraph
125.27	(b); plus (2) 630 the city's revenue need calculated under the formula in paragraph (c) times
125.28	the difference between one and the transition factor. For a city with a population of at least
125.29	10,000 but less than 11,000, the "city revenue need" equals (1) the transition factor times
125.30	the city's revenue need calculated in paragraph (a); plus (2) the city's revenue need calculated
125.31	under the formula in paragraph (b) times the difference between one and the transition
125.32	factor. For purposes of the first sentence of this paragraph "transition factor" is 0.2 percent

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126.1	times the amount that the city's population exceeds the minimum threshold. For purposes
126.2	of the second sentence of this paragraph, "transition factor" is 0.1 percent times the amount
126.3	that the city's population exceeds the minimum threshold.

- (e) The city revenue need cannot be less than zero.
- 126.5 (f) For calendar year 2015 2023 and subsequent years, the city revenue need for a city, as determined in paragraphs (a) to (e), is multiplied by the ratio of the annual implicit price 126.6 deflator for government consumption expenditures and gross investment for state and local 126.7 governments as prepared by the United States Department of Commerce, for the most 126.8 recently available year to the 2013 2020 implicit price deflator for state and local government 126.9 purchases. 126.10
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 126.11 126.12 and thereafter.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.011, is amended by adding a subdivision 126.13 126.14 to read:
- Subd. 46. City age index. "City age index" means 100 times the ratio of (1) the population 126.15 age 65 and over within the city, to (2) the population of the city. 126.16
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 126.17 and thereafter. 126.18
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.011, is amended by adding a subdivision 126.19 to read: 126.20
- Subd. 47. Commercial industrial utility percentage. The "commercial industrial utility 126.21 percentage" for a city is 100 times the ratio of (1) the sum of the estimated market values 126.22 of all real and personal property in the city classified as class 3 under section 273.13, 126.23 subdivision 24, to (2) the total market value of all taxable real and personal property in the 126.24 city. The market values are the amounts computed before any adjustments for fiscal 126.25 disparities under section 276A.06 or 473F.08. The market values used for this subdivision 126.26 are not equalized. 126.27
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 126.28 and thereafter. 126.29

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- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the 127.2 meanings given them. 127.3
- (b) "County program aid" means the sum of "county need aid," "county tax base 127.4 127.5 equalization aid," and "county transition aid."
- (c) "Age-adjusted population" means a county's population multiplied by the county age 127.6 127.7 index.
- (d) "County age index" means the percentage of the population age 65 and over within 127.8 the county divided by the percentage of the population age 65 and over within the state, 127.9 except that the age index for any county may not be greater than 1.8 nor less than 0.8. 127.10
  - (e) "Population age 65 and over" means the population age 65 and over established as of July 15 in an aid calculation year by the most recent federal census, by a special census conducted under contract with the United States Bureau of the Census, by a population estimate made by the Metropolitan Council, or by a population estimate of the state demographer made pursuant to section 4A.02, whichever is the most recent as to the stated date of the count or estimate for the preceding calendar year and which has been certified to the commissioner of revenue on or before July 15 of the aid calculation year. A revision to an estimate or count is effective for these purposes only if certified to the commissioner on or before July 15 of the aid calculation year. Clerical errors in the certification or use of estimates and counts established as of July 15 in the aid calculation year are subject to correction within the time periods allowed under section 477A.014 has the meaning given in section 477A.011, subdivision 3b.
  - (f) "Part I crimes" means the three-year average annual number of Part I crimes reported for each county by the Department of Public Safety for the most recent years available. By July 1 of each year, the commissioner of public safety shall certify to the commissioner of revenue the number of Part I crimes reported for each county for the three most recent calendar years available.
- (g) "Households receiving Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits" means the average monthly number of households receiving SNAP benefits for the three most recent years for which data is available. By July 1 of each year, the commissioner of 127.30 human services must certify to the commissioner of revenue the average monthly number of households in the state and in each county that receive SNAP benefits, for the three most 127.33 recent calendar years available.

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- (h) "County net tax capacity" means the county's adjusted net tax capacity under section 128.1 273.1325. 128.2
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 128.3 and thereafter. 128.4
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.013, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 128.5
- Subd. 8. City formula aid. (a) For aids payable in 2018 2023 and thereafter, the formula 128.6 aid for a city is equal to the product of (1) the difference between its unmet need and its 128.7 certified aid in the previous year and before any aid adjustment under subdivision 13, and 128.8 (2) the aid gap percentage. 128.9
- (b) The applicable aid gap percentage must be calculated by the Department of Revenue 128.10 so that the total of the aid under subdivision 9 equals the total amount available for aid under 128.11 section 477A.03. The aid gap percentage must be the same for all cities subject to paragraph 128.12 (a). Data used in calculating aids to cities under sections 477A.011 to 477A.013 shall be 128.13 the most recently available data as of January 1 in the year in which the aid is calculated. 128.14
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 128.15 and thereafter. 128.16
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 128.17
- Subd. 9. City aid distribution. (a) In calendar year 2018 2023 and thereafter, if a city's 128.18 certified aid before any aid adjustment under subdivision 13 for the previous year is less 128.19 than its current unmet need, the city shall receive an aid distribution equal to the sum of (1) 128.20 its certified aid in the previous year before any aid adjustment under subdivision 13, and 128.21 (2) the city formula aid under subdivision 8, and (3) its aid adjustment under subdivision 128.22 <del>13</del>. 128.23
- (b) For aids payable in 2020 only, no city's aid amount before any adjustment under subdivision 13 may be less than its pay 2019 certified aid amount, less any aid adjustment 128.25 under subdivision 13 for that year. For aids payable in 2020 2023 and thereafter, if a city's certified aid before any aid adjustment under subdivision 13 for the previous year is equal to or greater than its current unmet need, the total aid for a city is equal to the greater of (1) 128.28 its unmet need <del>plus any aid adjustment under subdivision 13</del>, or (2) the amount it was certified to receive in the previous year minus the sum of (i) any adjustment under subdivision 128.30 13 that was paid in the previous year but has expired, and (ii) the lesser of (i) \$10 multiplied

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- by its population, or (ii) five percent of its net levy in the year prior to the aid distribution. 129.1
- No city may have a total aid amount less than \$0. 129.2
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 129.3
- and thereafter. 129.4
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.03, subdivision 2a, is amended to read: 129.5
- Subd. 2a. Cities. For aids payable in 2016 and 2017, the total aid paid under section 129.6
- 477A.013, subdivision 9, is \$519,398,012. For aids payable in 2018 and 2019, the total aid 129.7
- paid under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is \$534,398,012. For aids payable in 2020, the 129.8
- total aid paid under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is \$560,398,012. For aids payable in 129.9
- 2021 and thereafter 2022, the total aid payable under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is
- \$564,398,012. For aids payable in 2023 and thereafter, the total aid payable under section 129.11
- 477A.013, subdivision 9, is \$598,617,913. 129.12
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 129.13
- and thereafter. 129.14
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 477A.03, subdivision 2b, is amended 129.15
- to read: 129.16
- Subd. 2b. Counties. (a) For aids payable in 2018 and 2019, the total aid payable under 129.17
- section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$103,795,000, of which \$3,000,000 shall be allocated 129.18
- as required under Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4, section 6. For aids payable in 2020, 129.19
- the total aid payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$116,795,000, of which 129.20
- \$3,000,000 shall be allocated as required under Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4, section 129.21
- 6. For aids payable in 2021 through 2024 and 2022, the total aid payable under section 129.22
- 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$118,795,000, of which \$3,000,000 shall be allocated as 129.23
- required under Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4, section 6. For aids payable in 2023 and 129.24
- 2024, the total aid payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$124,547,834, of 129.25
- which \$3,000,000 shall be allocated as required under Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4, 129.26
- section 6. For aids payable in 2025 and thereafter, the total aid payable under section 129.27
- 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$115,795,000 \$121,547,834. On or before the first installment 129.28
- date provided in section 477A.015, paragraph (a), \$500,000 of this appropriation shall be 129.29
- transferred each year by the commissioner of revenue to the Board of Public Defense for 129.30
- the payment of services under section 611.27. Any transferred amounts not expended or 129.31
- encumbered in a fiscal year shall be certified by the Board of Public Defense to the 129.32

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commissioner of revenue on or before October 1 and shall be included in the next certification 130.1 130.2 of county need aid.

- (b) For aids payable in 2018 and 2019, the total aid under section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$130,873,444. For aids payable in 2020, the total aid under section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$143,873,444. For aids payable in 2021 and thereafter 2022, the total aid under section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$145,873,444. For aids payable in 2023 and thereafter, the total aid under section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$153,120,610. The commissioner of revenue shall transfer to the Legislative Budget Office \$207,000 annually for the cost of preparation of local impact notes as required by section 3.987, and other local government activities. The commissioner of revenue shall transfer to the commissioner of education \$7,000 annually for the cost of preparation of local impact notes for school districts as required by section 3.987. The commissioner of revenue shall deduct the amounts transferred under this paragraph from the appropriation under this paragraph. The amounts 130.13 transferred are appropriated to the Legislative Coordinating Commission and the 130.14 commissioner of education respectively. 130.15
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 130.16 and thereafter. 130.17
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 130.18
- Subdivision 1. Types of land; payments. The following amounts are annually 130.19 appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources from the general fund for transfer to 130.20 the commissioner of revenue. The commissioner of revenue shall pay the transferred funds 130.21 to counties as required by sections 477A.11 to 477A.14. The amounts, based on the acreage 130.22 as of July 1 of each year prior to the payment year, are: 130.23
- (1) \$5.133 multiplied by the total number of acres of acquired natural resources land or, 130.24 130.25 at the county's option three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of all acquired natural resources land in the county, whichever is greater; 130.26
- (2) \$5.133, multiplied by the total number of acres of transportation wetland or, at the 130.27 county's option, three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of all transportation wetland in the county, whichever is greater; 130.29
- (3) \$5.133, multiplied by the total number of acres of wildlife management land, or, at 130.30 the county's option, three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of all wildlife 130.31 management land in the county, whichever is greater;

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131.1	(4) 50 percent of the dollar amount as determined under clause (1), multiplied by the
131.2	number of acres of military refuge land in the county;
131.3	(5) \$2 \sum_{3}\$, multiplied by the number of acres of county-administered other natural
131.4	resources land in the county;
131.5	(6) \$5.133, multiplied by the total number of acres of land utilization project land in the
131.6	county;
131.7	(7) \$2 \( \frac{\\$3}{2} \), multiplied by the number of acres of commissioner-administered other natural
131.8	resources land in the county; and
131.9	(8) \$0.18, multiplied by the total number of acres in the county eligible for payment
131.10	under clauses (1) to (7), provided that the total number of acres in the county eligible for
131.11	payment under clauses (1) to (7) is equal to or greater than 25 percent of the total acreage
131.12	in the county;
131.13	(9) \$0.08, multiplied by the total number of acres in the county eligible for payment
131.14	under clauses (1) to (7), provided that the total number of acres in the county eligible for
131.15	payment under clauses (1) to (7) is equal to or greater than ten percent, but less than 25
131.16	percent of the total acreage in the county; and
131.17	(10) without regard to acreage, and notwithstanding the rules adopted under section
131.18	84A.55, \$300,000 for local assessments under section 84A.55, subdivision 9, that shall be
131.19	divided and distributed to the counties containing state-owned lands within a conservation
131.20	area in proportion to each county's percentage of the total annual ditch assessments.
131.21	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with aids payable in 2023.
131.22	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.12, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
131.23	Subd. 3. Determination of appraised value. For the purposes of this section, the
131.24	appraised value of acquired natural resources land is the purchase price until the next six-year
131.25	appraisal required under this subdivision. The appraised value of acquired natural resources
131.26	land received as a donation is the value determined for the commissioner of natural resources
131.27	by a licensed appraiser, or the county assessor's estimated market value if no appraisal is
131.28	done. The appraised value must be determined by the county assessor every six years, except

131.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with aids payable in 2023.

131.29

131.30

131.31

section 273.18.

Item 11. Article 5 Sec. 12. 131

that the appraised value shall not be less than the most recent appraised value. All reappraisals

shall be done in the same year as county assessors are required to assess exempt land under

132.1	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.12, is amended by adding a subdivision
132.2	to read:
132.3	Subd. 4. Adjustment. The commissioner shall annually adjust the amounts in subdivision
132.4	1, clauses (1) to (10), as provided in section 270C.22, subdivision 1, except as provided in
132.5	this subdivision. To determine the dollar amounts for payments in calendar year 2024, the
132.6	commissioner shall determine the percentage change in the index for the 12-month period
132.7	ending on August 31, 2023, and increase each of the unrounded dollar amounts in section
132.8	477A.12, subdivision 1, by that percentage change. For each subsequent year, the
132.9	commissioner shall increase the dollar amounts by the percentage change in the index from
132.10	August 31 of the year preceding the statutory year, to August 31 of the year preceding the
132.11	taxable year. The commissioner shall round the amounts as adjusted to the nearest tenth of
132.12	<u>a cent.</u>
132.13	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with aids payable in 2023.
132.14	Sec. 14. [477A.23] SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT AID.
132.15	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
132.16	meanings given:
132.17	(1) "nonpublic land" means tract, lot, parcel, and piece or parcel of land as defined by
132.18	section 272.03, subdivision 6, that is not owned by the federal government, the state, or a
132.19	local government unit; and
132.20	(2) "soil and water conservation district" means a district under chapter 103C that is
132.21	implementing the duties under that chapter as determined by the Board of Water and Soil
132.22	Resources as of the date the board provides the certification to the commissioner of revenue
132.23	required by subdivision 4.
132.24	Subd. 2. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to provide ongoing financial support
132.25	to soil and water conservation districts to aid in the execution of chapter 103C and other
132.26	duties and services prescribed by statute.
132.27	Subd. 3. Distribution. The Board of Water and Soil Resources must calculate the amount
132.28	of aid to be distributed to the certified soil and water conservation districts from the
132.29	appropriation in subdivision 7 as follows:

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(1) 70 percent of the appropriation must be distributed equally among the districts; and

133.1	(2) 30 percent of the appropriation must be distributed proportionally among the districts
133.2	according to the amount of nonpublic land located in a district as compared to the amount
133.3	of nonpublic land in the state.
133.4	Subd. 4. Certification to commissioner. On or before June 1 each year, the Board of
133.5	Water and Soil Resources must certify to the commissioner of revenue the soil and water
133.6	conservation districts that will receive a payment under this section and the amount of each
133.7	payment.
133.8	Subd. 5. Use of proceeds. (a) Notwithstanding section 103C.401, subdivision 2, a soil
133.9	and water conservation district that receives a distribution under this section must use the
133.10	proceeds to implement chapter 103C and other duties and services prescribed by statute.
133.11	(b) The board of each soil and water conservation district must establish, by resolution,
133.12	annual guidelines for using payments received under this section. Current year guidelines
133.13	and guidelines from the year immediately prior must be posted on the district website.
133.14	(c) A soil and water conservation district that receives a payment under this section may
133.15	appropriate any portion of the payment to a governmental unit with which the district has
133.16	a cooperative agreement under section 103C.231. Any payment received under this section
133.17	and appropriated by the district must be used as required by this section.
133.18	Subd. 6. Payments. The commissioner of revenue must distribute soil and water
133.19	conservation district aid in the same manner and at the same times as aid payments provided
133.20	under section 477A.015.
133.21	Subd. 7. Appropriation. \$22,000,000 is annually appropriated from the general fund
133.22	to the commissioner of revenue to make the payments required under his section.
133.23	Subd. 8. Aid amount corrections. If, due to a clerical error, the amount certified by the
133.24	Board of Soil and Water Resources to a soil and water conservation district is less than the
133.25	amount to which the district is entitled under this section, the Board of Water and Soil
133.26	Resources shall recertify the correct amount to the commissioner of revenue and communicate
133.27	the error and the corrected amount to the affected soil and water conservation district as
133.28	soon as practical after the error is discovered. The commissioner of revenue shall then
133.29	distribute additional aid payments in the same manner as additional aid payments are made
133.30	under section 477A.014. The additional aid payments shall be made from the general fund
133.31	and shall not diminish the distributions made to other soil and water conservation districts
133.32	under this section.

Item 11. Article 5 Sec. 14. 133

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134.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sect	ion is effective begins	ning with aids payabl	e in 2022 and		
134.2	thereafter.					
134.3	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2021	Supplement, section	477A.30, is amended	d to read:		
134.4	477A.30 LOCAL HOMELESS	S PREVENTION A	ID.			
134.5	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> For	purposes of this secti	on, the following ter	ms have the		
134.6	meanings given:					
134.7	(1) "city" means a statutory or home rule charter city;					
134.8	(2) "distribution factor" means the total number of students experiencing homelessness					
134.9	in a county in the current school year and the previous two school years divided by the total					
134.10	number of students experiencing hor	melessness in all cour	nties in the current sc	hool year and		
134.11	the previous two school years; and					
134.12	(3) "families" means families an	d persons 24 years o	f age or younger; and	<u>d</u>		
134.13	(4) "Tribal governments" means	the federally recogn	ized Indian Tribes lo	cated in		
134.14	Minnesota, including: Bois Forte B	and; Fond du Lac Ba	nd; Grand Portage B	and; Leech		
134.15	Lake Band; Mille Lacs Band; White Earth Band; Red Lake Nation; Lower Sioux Indian					
134.16	Community; Prairie Island Indian Community; Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community					
134.17	and Upper Sioux Community.					
134.18	Subd. 2. <b>Purpose.</b> The purpose	of this section is to h	elp local governmen	ts and Tribal		
134.19	governments ensure no child is hon	neless within a local j	urisdiction by keeping	ng families		
134.20	from losing housing and helping the	ose experiencing hon	nelessness find housi	ng.		
134.21	Subd. 3. <b>County distribution.</b> (	(a) A county's initial l	local homeless preve	ention aid		
134.22	amount equals the greater of: (1) \$5	5,000; or (2)(i) five po	ercent of the money	appropriated		
134.23	to local homeless prevention aid un	der <del>this section</del> subdi	vision 6, paragraph	<u>(a)</u> , times (ii)		
134.24	the ratio of the population of the co	unty to the population	n of all counties. For	the purpose		
134.25	of this paragraph, "population" mea	ns the population est	imate used to calcula	ate aid under		
134.26	section 477A.0124 for the same aid	payable year.				
134.27	(b) The amount of the appropria	tion in subdivision 6,	paragraph (a), remai	ning after the		
134.28	allocation under paragraph (a) must	be allocated to coun	ties by multiplying e	ach county's		
13/1 20	distribution factor by the total distri	hution available und	er this naragraph Di	etribution		

distribution factor by the total distribution available under this paragraph. Distribution 134.30 factors must be based on the most recent counts of students experiencing homelessness in each county, as certified by the commissioner of education to the commissioner of revenue 134.31 by July 1 of the year the aid is certified to the counties under subdivision 5.

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135.1	(c) A county's total local homeless prevention aid equals the sum of the amounts under
135.2	paragraphs (a) and (b).
135.3	Subd. 3a. Tribal governments distribution. The total local homeless prevention aid
135.4	distributed to Tribal governments equals the amount appropriated under subdivision 6,
135.5	paragraph (b). Each Tribal government must receive an equal share of local homeless
135.6	prevention aid under this subdivision.
135.7	Subd. 4. Use of proceeds. (a) Counties and Tribal governments that receive a distribution
135.8	under this section must use the proceeds to fund new or existing family homeless prevention
135.9	and assistance projects or programs. These projects or programs may be administered by a
135.10	county, a group of contiguous counties jointly acting together, a city, a group of contiguous
135.11	cities jointly acting together, a Tribe Tribal government, a group of Tribes Tribal
135.12	governments, or a community-based nonprofit organization. Each project or program must
135.13	include plans for:
135.14	(1) targeting families with children who are eligible for a prekindergarten through grade
135.15	12 academic program and are:
135.16	(i) living in overcrowded conditions in their current housing;
135.17	(ii) paying more than 50 percent of their income for rent; or
135.18	(iii) lacking a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence;
135.19	(2) targeting unaccompanied youth in need of an alternative residential setting;
135.20	(3) connecting families with the social services necessary to maintain the families'
135.21	stability in their homes, including but not limited to housing navigation, legal representation,
135.22	and family outreach; and
135.23	(4) one or more of the following:
135.24	(i) providing rental assistance for a specified period of time which may exceed 24 months;
135.25	or
135.26	(ii) providing support and case management services to improve housing stability,
135.27	including but not limited to housing navigation and family outreach.
135.28	(b) Counties may choose not to spend all or a portion of the distribution under this
135.29	section. Any unspent funds must be returned to the commissioner of revenue by December
135.30	31 of the year following the year that the aid was received. Any funds returned to the
135.31	commissioner under this paragraph must be added to the overall distribution of aids certified
135.32	under this section in the following year. Any unspent funds returned to the commissioner

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136.1	after the expiration under subdivision 8 are canceled to the general fund. By December 31
136.2	of the calendar year following the calendar year that the aid was received, any funds unspent
136.3	or unallocated by a county under this section must be sent to the Continuum of Care which
136.4	the county is a part of.
136.5	Subd. 5. <b>Payments.</b> The commissioner of revenue must compute the amount of local
136.6	homeless prevention aid payable to each county and Tribal government under this section.
136.7	On or before August 1 of each year, the commissioner shall certify the amount to be paid
136.8	to each county and Tribal government in the following year. The commissioner shall pay
136.9	local homeless prevention aid annually at the times provided in section 477A.015.
136.10	Subd. 6. <b>Appropriation.</b> \$20,000,000 (a) \$17,800,000 is annually appropriated from
136.11	the general fund to the commissioner of revenue to make payments to counties required
136.12	under this section.
136.13	(b) \$2,200,000 is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of
136.14	revenue to make payments to Tribal governments required under this section.
136.15	Subd. 7. Report. (a) No later than January 15, 2025, the commissioner of revenue must
136.16	produce a report on projects and programs funded by counties and Tribal governments under
136.17	this section. The report must include a list of the projects and programs, the number of
136.18	people served by each, and an assessment of how each project and program impacts people
136.19	who are currently experiencing homelessness or who are at risk of experiencing
136.20	homelessness, as reported by the counties and Tribal governments to the commissioner by
136.21	December 31 each year on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner must
136.22	provide a copy of the report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative
136.23	committees with jurisdiction over property taxes and services for persons experiencing
136.24	homelessness.
136.25	(b) The report in paragraph (a) must be updated every two years and the commissioner
136.26	of revenue must provide copies of the updated reports to the chairs and ranking minority
136.27	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over property taxes and services
136.28	for persons experiencing homelessness by January 15 of the year the report is due. Report
136.29	requirements under this subdivision expire following the report which includes the final
136.30	distribution preceding the expiration in subdivision 8.
136.31	Subd. 8. Expiration. Distributions under this section expire after aids payable in 2028
136.32	have been distributed.
136.33	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with aids payable in 2023 and

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136.34 thereafter.

137.1	Sec. 16. [477A.31] MAHNOMEN PROPERTY TAX REIMBURSEMENT AID.
137.2	Subdivision 1. Aid appropriation. (a) The commissioner of revenue shall make
137.3	reimbursement aid payments to compensate for the loss of property tax revenue related to
137.4	the trust conversion application of the Shooting Star Casino. The commissioner shall pay
137.5	the county of Mahnomen, \$900,000; the city of Mahnomen, \$320,000; and Independent
137.6	School District No. 432, Mahnomen, \$140,000.
137.7	(b) The payments shall be made annually on July 20.
137.8	Subd. 2. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to pay reimbursement aid under this
137.9	section is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
137.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
137.11	and thereafter.
137.12	Sec. 17. [477A.35] LOCAL AFFORDABLE HOUSING AID.
	<del></del>
137.13	Subdivision 1. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to help local governments to
137.14	develop and preserve affordable housing within their jurisdictions in order to keep families
137.15	from losing housing and to help those experiencing homelessness find housing.
137.16	Subd. 2. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the
137.17	meanings given:
137.18	(1) "city" means a statutory or home rule charter city with a population of at least 10,000;
137.19	(2) "city distribution factor" means the number of households in a city that are
137.20	cost-burdened divided by the total number of households that are cost-burdened in Minnesota
137.21	cities. The number of cost-burdened households shall be determined using the most recent
137.22	estimates or experimental estimates provided by the American Community Survey of the
137.23	United States Census Bureau as of May 1 of the aid calculation year;
137.24	(3) "cost-burdened household" means a household in which gross rent is 30 percent or
137.25	more of household income or in which homeownership costs are 30 percent or more of
137.26	household income;
137.27	(4) "county distribution factor" means the number of households in a county that are
137.28	cost-burdened divided by the total number of households in Minnesota that are cost-burdened.
137.29	The number of cost-burdened households shall be determined using the most recent estimates
137.30	or experimental estimates provided by the American Community Survey of the United
137.31	States Census Bureau as of May 1 of the aid calculation year; and
137.32	(5) "population" has the meaning given in section 477A.011, subdivision 3.

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138.1	Subd. 3. Distribution. (a) Each county shall receive the sum of:
138.2	(1) \$6,000; plus
138.3	(2) the product of:
138.4	(i) the county distribution factor; multiplied by
138.5	(ii) the total amount available to counties under this section minus the product of clause
138.6	(1) multiplied by the number of Minnesota counties.
138.7	(b) The commissioner of revenue shall determine the amount of funding available to a
138.8	city under this section by multiplying the city's city distribution factor and the amount of
138.9	funding available to cities under this section.
138.10	Subd. 4. Grants to nonqualifying local governments. (a) The commissioner of the
138.11	Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall establish a program to award grants of at least
138.12	\$25,000 to local governments that do not qualify for a distribution of aid under subdivision
138.13	3. The agency shall develop program guidelines and criteria in consultation with the League
138.14	of Minnesota Cities.
138.15	(b) The agency shall attempt to award grants in approximately equal amounts to local
138.16	governments outside and within the metropolitan area. Among comparable proposals, the
138.17	agency shall prioritize grants to local governments that have a higher proportion of
138.18	cost-burdened households.
138.19	(c) A grantee must use its grant on a qualifying project.
138.20	(d) In making grants, the agency shall determine the circumstances under which and the
138.21	terms and conditions under which all or any portion thereof will be repaid and shall determine
138.22	the appropriate security should repayment be required. Any repaid funds shall be returned
138.23	to the account or accounts established pursuant to paragraph (e).
138.24	(e) The agency shall establish a bookkeeping account or accounts in the housing
138.25	development fund for money distributed to it for grants under this subdivision. By May 1
138.26	of each year, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall report to the Department of
138.27	Revenue on the amount in the account or accounts.
138.28	Subd. 5. Qualifying projects. (a) Qualifying projects shall include projects designed
138.29	for the purpose of construction, acquisition, rehabilitation, demolition or removal of existing

which do not exceed, for homeownership projects, 115 percent of the greater of state or

138.30

138.31

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structures, construction financing, permanent financing, interest rate reduction, refinancing,

and gap financing of housing to provide affordable housing to households that have incomes

139.1	area median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban
139.2	Development, and for rental housing projects, 80 percent of the greater of state or area
139.3	median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban
139.4	Development, except that the housing developed or rehabilitated with funds under this
139.5	section must be affordable to the local work force.
139.6	(b) Gap financing is either:
139.7	(1) the difference between the costs of the property, including acquisition, demolition,
139.8	rehabilitation, and construction, and the market value of the property upon sale; or
139.9	(2) the difference between the cost of the property and the amount the targeted household
139.10	can afford for housing, based on industry standards and practices.
139.11	(c) If a grant under this section is used for demolition or removal of existing structures,
139.12	the cleared land must be used for the construction of housing to be owned or rented by
139.13	persons who meet the income limits of paragraph (a).
139.14	Subd. 6. Use of proceeds. (a) Any funds distributed under this section must be spent on
139.15	a qualifying project. If a city or county demonstrates to the Minnesota Housing Finance
139.16	Agency that it cannot expend funds on a qualifying project by the deadline imposed by
139.17	paragraph (b) due to factors outside the control of the city or county, funds shall be considered
139.18	spent on a qualifying project if they are transferred to a local housing trust fund. Funds
139.19	transferred to a local housing trust fund must be spent on a project or household meeting
139.20	the affordability requirements of subdivision 6, paragraph (a).
139.21	(b) Any unspent funds must be returned to the commissioner of revenue by December
139.22	31 in the third year following the year after the aid was received.
139.23	Subd. 7. Administration. (a) The commissioner of revenue must compute the amount
139.24	of aid payable to each city and county under this section. Prior to computing the amount of
139.25	aid for counties and after receiving the report required by subdivision 4, paragraph (e), the
139.26	commissioner shall transfer from the funds available to counties to the Minnesota Housing
139.27	Finance Agency a sum sufficient to increase the amount in the account or accounts established
139.28	under that paragraph to \$4,000,000. By August 1 of each year, the commissioner must
139.29	certify the amount to be paid to each county and city in the following year. The commissioner
139.30	must pay local affordable housing aid annually at the times provided in section 477A.015.
139.31	(b) Beginning in 2024, cities and counties shall submit a report annually, no later than
139.32	December 1 of each year, to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. The report shall
139.33	include documentation of the location of any unspent funds distributed under this section

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140.1	and of qualifying projects complete	d or planned with fur	nds under this section	ı. If a city or
140.2	county fails to submit a report, if a	city or county failed	to spend funds withir	the timeline
140.3	imposed under subdivision 6, parag	raph (b), or if a city of	or county uses funds	for a project
140.4	that does not qualify under this section	on, the Minnesota Ho	using Finance Agenc	y shall notify
140.5	the Department of Revenue and the c	ities and counties that	must repay funds und	der paragraph
140.6	(c) by February 15 of the following	year.		
140.7	(c) By May 15 after receiving no	otice from the Minne	sota Housing Finance	e Agency, a
140.8	city or county must repay to the com	missioner of revenue	funds it received unde	er this section
140.9	if it:			
140.10	(1) fails to spend the funds with	in the time allowed u	nder subdivision 5, p	aragraph (b);
140.11	(2) spends the funds on anything	g other than a qualify	ing project; or	
140.12	(3) fails to submit a report document	menting use of the fu	nds.	
140.13	(d) The commissioner of revenu	e must stop distribut	ing funds to any city	or county if
140.14	it has been reported by the Minnesot	a Housing Finance Ag	gency to have, in three	e consecutive
140.15	years, failed to use funds, misused to	funds, or failed to rep	ort on its use of fund	s.
140.16	(e) The commissioner may resur	me distributing funds	to any city or county	y to which it
140.17	has stopped payments once the Min	nesota Housing Fina	nce Agency certifies	that the city
140.18	or county has submitted documenta	tion of plans for a qu	alifying project.	
140.19	(f) By May 1, any funds repaid to	the commissioner of	revenue by cities unc	ler paragraph
140.20	(c) must be added to the overall dist	tribution of aids certi-	fied under this section	n for cities in
140.21	the following year. By May 1, any fo	unds repaid to the cor	nmissioner of revenu	e by counties
140.22	under paragraph (c) must be added	to the overall distribu	tion of aids certified	under this
140.23	section for counties in the following	g year.		
140.24	Subd. 8. County consultation w	vith local governmen	its. A county that rece	eives funding
140.25	under this section shall regularly co	nsult with the local g	overnments in the ju	risdictions of
140.26	which its qualifying projects are pla	nned or located.		
140.27	Subd. 9. <b>Appropriations.</b> (a) \$3	32,000,000 is annuall	y appropriated from	the general
140.28	fund to the commissioner of revenu	e to make payments	to counties as require	ed under this
140.29	section, except that in fiscal year 20	)24 the amount appro	priated is \$29,600,00	00.

140.30

revenue to make payments to cities as required under this section, except that in fiscal year 140.31 140.32 2024 the amount appropriated is \$7,400,000.

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(b) \$8,000,000 is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of

141.1	(c) \$0 is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue
141.2	to implement this section.
141.3	(d) \$0 is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of the
141.4	Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to implement this section.
141.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with aids payable in calendar
141.6	<u>year 2023.</u>
141.7	Sec. 18. [477A.40] STRONGER COMMUNITY AID.
141.8	Subdivision 1. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to enhance the local performance
141.9	measurement program administered by the Office of the State Auditor by implementing a
141.10	permanent aid program set to compensate participating local units of government for
141.11	implementing a performance measurement program. Participation in this program is
141.12	voluntary. For purposes of this section, "local units of government" means all counties and
141.13	all statutory and home rule charter cities.
141.14	Subd. 2. Duties of the Office of the State Auditor. (a) To assist participating local units
141.15	of government, the Office of the State Auditor must provide on its website guidance for
141.16	compliance with the requirements of this section, including but not limited to:
141.17	(1) performance measures for counties;
141.18	(2) performance measures for cities;
141.19	(3) a sample resolution for counties and cities; and
141.20	(4) reporting requirements.
141.21	(b) Under subdivision 7, the state auditor must prescribe the form on which participating
141.22	local units of government certify their compliance with the requirements of this section.
141.23	(c) Under subdivision 9, the state auditor must certify to the commissioner of revenue
141.24	by April 1 of each year the list of participating local units of government that are eligible
141.25	to receive aid under this section.
141.26	Subd. 3. Program performance measures. (a) Each year, a local unit of government
141.27	that elects to participate in this section must adopt and implement a set of ten performance
141.28	measures prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor.
141.29	(b) A local unit of government that elects to participate in this section must adopt its
141.30	performance measures by June 1 each year.

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142.1	Subd. 4. Citizen performance measure and budget workshop meetings. (a) A local
142.2	unit of government that elects to participate in this section must hold an annual citizen
142.3	performance measure and budget workshop meeting. This meeting must be used to: (i)
142.4	discuss performance measures selected for the upcoming year; (ii) review and report the
142.5	performance measure results for the current year and compare these results to previous
142.6	years, if applicable; (iii) discuss the budget process and budget priorities; and (iv) receive
142.7	public input.
142.8	(b) The meeting described in this subdivision must be held between June 15 and August
142.9	15 of each year, not before 6:00 p.m., with notice to the public provided at least 15 days
142.10	before the meeting is held by posting on the local unit of government's official website or
142.11	by direct mail.
142.12	Subd. 5. Preliminary budget meeting. At the meeting at which a local unit of
142.13	government participating in this section sets its preliminary budget and levy pursuant to
142.14	section 275.065, subdivision 1, the participating local unit of government must identify at
142.15	least two performance measures needing improvement and determine a strategy and plan
142.16	for improving these measures.
142.17	Subd. 6. Final budget meeting; resolution. At the meeting at which a local unit of
142.18	government participating in this section sets its final budget and levy pursuant to section
142.19	275.07, the participating local unit of government must approve a resolution declaring that:
142.20	(1) the participating local unit of government adopted and implemented the appropriate
142.21	number of performance measures prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor;
142.22	(2) the participating local unit of government held a citizen performance measure and
142.23	budget workshop meeting before the preliminary budget meeting in subdivision 5, during
142.24	which the local unit of government discussed the budget process, reported the results of the
142.25	performance measures from the previous year to the public, and allowed for public input;
142.26	(3) performance measure results from the previous year, if applicable, were made public
142.27	through the local unit of government's official website or by direct mail; and
142.28	(4) the participating local unit of government identified at least two performance measures
142.29	for improvement and developed a plan for improving these measures and a strategy for
142.30	evaluating the improvements in the next year.
142.31	Subd. 7. Certification to the Office of the State Auditor. A participating local unit of
142.22	government must cartify to the Office of the State Auditor, on a form prescribed by the

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143.1	auditor, that it has met the require	ements of subdivisions 3	3 to 6 by February 1	of the aid
143.2	distribution year.			
143.3	Subd. 8. Aid calculation. (a)	Beginning in calendar ye	ear 2023 and thereaf	ter, each local
143.4	jurisdiction that has satisfied the re	equirements under this se	ection is eligible for a	n aid payment
143.5	of \$0.14 per capita, but not excee	ed \$25,000 for any juriso	diction.	
143.6	(b) For purposes of this section	on, the population data u	sed in calculating th	ne aid to each
143.7	participating local unit of government	ment must be the most re	cently available data	as of January
143.8	1 of the year in which the aid is o	listributed.		
143.9	Subd. 9. Aid certification an	<b>d payment.</b> (a) By Apri	11 of the aid distribu	ution year, the
143.10	Office of the State Auditor must	certify to the commission	oner of revenue a list	t of the local
143.11	units of government that have cer	rtified, pursuant to subd	ivision 7, that they l	nave met the
143.12	requirements of this section and a	are eligible to receive ai	<u>d.</u>	
143.13	(b) The commissioner of reve	enue must annually make	e all necessary calcu	llations and
143.14	make payments directly to the loc	cal units of government	that are eligible to r	eceive aid. In
143.15	addition, the commissioner must	notify the local units of	government of the	aid amounts
143.16	and statewide total figures before	August 1 of the aid dis	tribution year.	
143.17	(c) The commissioner of reve	nue must make the payr	nents to qualifying !	local units of
143.18	government on December 26 ann	nually.		
143.19	Subd. 10. Appropriation. Ar	amount sufficient to m	ake the payments re	quired by the
143.20	commissioner of revenue under s	subdivision 9 is annually	appropriated from	the general
143.21	fund to the commissioner of reve	enue.		
143.22	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This se	ection is effective for aid	ls payable in 2024 a	nd thereafter.
143.23	Sec. 19. Laws 2006, chapter 259	9, article 11, section 3, a	s amended by Laws	2008, chapter
143.24	154, article 1, section 4, and Law		-	_
143.25	read:	-		
142.26	Sec 2 MAHNOMEN COUN	TV. COUNTY CITY	SCHOOL DISTOL	CT

PROPERTY TAX REIMBURSEMENT. 143.27

Subdivision 1. Aid appropriation. (a) \$1,200,000 is appropriated annually from the 143.28 general fund to the commissioner of revenue to be used to make payments to compensate 143.29 for the loss of property tax revenue related to the trust conversion application of the Shooting 143.30 Star Casino. The commissioner shall pay the county of Mahnomen, \$900,000; the city of 143.31

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144.1	Mahnomen, \$160,000; and Independent School District No. 432, Mahnomen, \$140,000.
144.2	The payments shall be made on July 20, of 2013 and each subsequent year.
144.3	(b) This section expires after aids payable year 2022.
144.4	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
144.5	and thereafter.
144.6	Sec. 20. COUNTY GRANTS FOR COMMUNITY CAREER WORKFORCE
144.7	ACADEMIES.
144.8	Subdivision 1. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to help local governments address
144.9	the state's severe workforce shortage by funding collaborative public-private efforts that
144.10	create a strong pipeline of workers in high-demand areas and upskilling the current workforce
144.11	with an emphasis on minority populations, new Minnesota residents, and underskilled
144.12	workers.
144.13	Subd. 2. Establishment. (a) Community Career Workforce Academies are established
144.14	as a public-private partnership between school districts, higher education, business, local
144.15	governments, and nonprofits that will prepare students and adults for high-skill jobs of the
144.16	future in identified growth industries and address the state's workforce shortage.
144.17	(b) Community Career Workforce Academies must deliver six core benefits to students:
144.18	(1) a rigorous, relevant education in grades 9 to postsecondary, inclusive, focused on
144.19	high-wage, high-demand careers;
144.20	(2) workplace learning that includes career exploration activities such as mentoring by
144.21	industry professionals, worksite visits, speakers, and internships;
144.22	(3) intensive, individualized academic support by both secondary and postsecondary
144.23	faculty within an extended academic year or school day that enables students to progress
144.24	through the program at their own pace;
144.25	(4) an opportunity to earn a postsecondary credential or degree;
144.26	(5) a commitment to students who complete the program to be first in line for a job with
144.27	participating business partners following completion of the program; and
144.28	(6) upskilling the current adult workforce with an emphasis on minority populations,
144.29	new Minnesota residents, underskilled workers, and those who are unemployed or
144.30	underemployed.

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145.1	Subd. 3. Objectives. (a) A Community Career Workforce Academy must accomplish
145.2	the following:
145.3	(1) develop programs of study in high-wage, high-skill, and high-demand career areas
145.4	for students and adults while addressing the workforce shortage;
145.5	(2) align school, college, and community systems in the programs of study developed
145.6	under this section;
145.7	(3) support strong academic performance by program participants;
145.8	(4) promote informed and appropriate career exploration choices and preparation; and
145.9	(5) ensure that employers in key technical and high-demand fields and occupations have
145.10	access to a talented and skilled workforce.
145.11	(b) Through the programs of study developed under this section, participating students
145.12	must be able to earn college course credits toward a postsecondary credential or degree.
145.13	Career pathways must include workplace learning and high school and postsecondary
145.14	coursework. These pathways will provide a seamless sequence of study to ensure alignment
145.15	to high-wage, high-demand careers.
145.16	Subd. 4. Application. (a) Counties, through resolution by the county board, may apply
145.17	to the commissioner of employment and economic development for grants to be used in
145.18	accordance with subdivision 5. The applications must be submitted by January 31, 2023,
145.19	and must be rated on:
145.20	(1) the ability for the county to provide adequate facilities for a Community Career
145.21	Workforce Academy that provides the benefits described in subdivision 2;
145.22	(2) the ability for the Community Career Workforce Academy in the county to provide
145.23	adequate programming;
145.24	(3) the ability for the Community Career Workforce Academy in the county to meet the
145.25	objectives in subdivisions 2 and 3; and
145.26	(4) a regional workforce and talent plan.
145.27	(b) The commissioner of employment and economic development must rate applications
145.28	using the criteria in this subdivision and determine which counties will receive grants under
145.29	this section. Grants awarded to each county must not exceed \$10,000,000. By March 31,
145.30	2023, the commissioner of employment and economic development must certify to the
145.31	commissioner of revenue the grant amounts to be issued to each county.

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146.1	Subd. 5. Use of grants. Count	ies receiving grants und	ler this section must	use the funds
146.2	to establish or support a Commun	nity Career Workforce A	cademy that meets t	the criteria
146.3	under subdivisions 2 and 3. The f	unds provided under thi	is section to a Comm	nunity Career
146.4	Workforce Academy by a county			
146.5	The county or a designee must ad	minister the grant.		
146.6	Subd. 6. <b>Appropriation.</b> (a) \$	340,000,000 in fiscal year	ar 2023 is appropriat	ted from the
146.7	general fund to the commissioner	of revenue for payment	s to counties for gran	nts under this
146.8	section. The appropriation under	this section must be use	d for the following p	ourposes:
146.9	(1) up to \$30,000,000 must be	used for grants under s	ubdivision 7, paragr	aph (a); and
146.10	(2) \$10,000,000 must be used	for a grant under subdi-	vision 7, paragraph (	<u>b).</u>
146.11	(b) This is a onetime appropri	ation. Any amount unex	spended after Augus	t 15, 2023, is
146.12	canceled.			
146.13	Subd. 7. Grants. (a) The com	missioner of revenue m	ust make payment of	f the grant
146.14	amounts to counties certified by the	e commissioner of emplo	yment and economic	development
146.15	under subdivision 4.			
146.16	(b) Clay County shall be issue	d a onetime payment in	the amount of \$10,0	000,000 for
146.17	the Moorhead Career Workforce	Academy for capital fac	ility needs and prog	ramming.
146.18	(c) Grants under paragraph (a)	must be paid to counties	within 60 days of the	e certification
146.19	by the commissioner of employme	ent and economic develo	pment. The grant und	der paragraph
146.20	(b) must be paid by August 1, 202	<u>22.</u>		
146.21	(d) Grants and the process of r	naking grants under this	s subdivision are exe	mpt from the
146.22	following statutes and related poli	cies: Minnesota Statute	s, sections 16A.15, s	ubdivision 3;
146.23	16B.97; and 16B.98, subdivisions	s 5, 7, and 8. A county of	opting to use a third J	party to
146.24	administer grants is exempt from	Minnesota Statutes, sec	tion 471.345, in the	selection of
146.25	the third-party administrator. The	exemptions under this	paragraph expire afte	er June 30,
146.26	<u>2023.</u>			

Subd. 8. Report. By January 31, 2024, the commissioner of employment and economic 146.27 development must report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over economic 146.28 development policy and finance and taxes on the grants and the effectiveness of the 146.29 146.30 Community Career Workforce Academies in meeting the objectives of subdivisions 2 and 146.31 3 and the grant application.

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Sec. 21.	STUDY OF	'STATE-OWNED	) LAKESHORE.

147.2	No later than January 31, 2023, the commissioner of revenue, in consultation with the
147.3	Department of Natural Resources and counties, must produce a report on valuation methods
147.4	used to value the acreage and shoreline areas within all commissioner-administered and
147.5	county-administered other natural resources land, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section
147.6	477A.11, subdivision 4. The report must include, by county, the most recent assessed value
147.7	and acreage, and the assessed value and acreage for the two most recent assessments, as
147.8	required under Minnesota Statutes, section 273.18, paragraph (b), aggregated by parcels
147.9	containing shoreline and by parcels not containing shoreline area. Counties must report to
147.10	the commissioner of revenue any necessary data by September 30, 2022. The commissioner
147.11	must provide a copy of the report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
147.12	legislative committees with jurisdiction over taxes and property taxation.
147.13	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## Sec. 22. 2021 AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF ECHO.

147.15	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of Echo
147.16	must receive its aid payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota Statutes, section
147.17	477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3,
147.18	and its small city assistance payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota Statutes,
147.19	section 162.145, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 162.145, subdivision
147.20	3, paragraph (c), provided that the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue
147.21	that it received the annual financial reporting form for 2020 from the city by June 1, 2022.
147.22	The commissioner of revenue must make a payment of \$46,060 to the city by June 30, 2022.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## Sec. 23. 2021 AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF MORTON. 147.24

147.25	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of Morton
147.26	must receive its aid payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota Statutes, section
147.27	477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3,
147.28	and its small city assistance payment for calendar year 2021 under Minnesota Statutes,
147.29	section 162.145, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 162.145, subdivision
147.30	3, paragraph (c), provided that the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue
147.31	that it received the annual financial reporting form for 2020 from the city by June 1, 2022.
147.32	The commissioner of revenue must make a payment of \$79,476 to the city by June 30, 2022.

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148.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
148.2	Sec. 24. REPEALER.
148.3	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 477A.011, subdivisions 30a, 38, 42, and 45; and
148.4	477A.013, subdivision 13, are repealed.
148.5	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 6.91, is repealed.
148.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> Paragraph (a) is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
148.7	and thereafter. Paragraph (b) is effective January 1, 2024.
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148.8 148.9	ARTICLE 6 TAX INCREMENT FINANCING
140.9	TAA INCREMENT FINANCING
148.10	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.174, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
148.11	Subd. 14. <b>Administrative expenses.</b> (a) "Administrative expenses" or "administrative
148.12	costs" means all documented expenditures of an authority other than or municipality,
148.13	including but not limited to:
148.14	(1) amounts paid for services provided by bond counsel, fiscal consultants, and economic
148.15	development consultants;
148.16	(2) allocated expenses and staff time of the authority or municipality for administering
148.17	a project, including but not limited to preparing the tax increment financing plan, negotiating
148.18	and preparing agreements, accounting for segregated funds of the district, preparing and
148.19	submitting required reporting for the district, and reviewing and monitoring compliance
148.20	with sections 469.174 to 469.1794;
148.21	(3) amounts paid to publish annual disclosures and provide notices under section 469.175;
148.22	(4) amounts to provide for the usual and customary maintenance and operation of
148.23	properties purchased with tax increments, including necessary reserves for repairs and the
148.24	cost of any insurance;
148.25	(5) amounts allocated or paid to prepare a development action response plan for a soils
148.26	condition district or hazardous substance subdistrict; and
148.27	(6) amounts used to pay bonds, interfund loans, or other financial obligations to the
148.28	extent those obligations were used to finance costs described in clauses (1) to (5).
148.29	(b) Administrative expenses and administrative costs do not include:
148.30	(1) amounts paid for the purchase of land and buildings;

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149.1	(2) amounts paid to contractors or others providing materials and services <del>, including</del>
149.2	architectural and engineering services, directly connected with the physical development
149.3	of the real property in the project, including architectural and engineering services and
149.4	materials and services for demolition, soil correction, and the construction or installation
149.5	of public improvements;
149.6	(3) relocation benefits paid to or services provided for persons residing or businesses
149.7	located in the project;
149.8	(4) amounts used to pay principal or interest on, fund a reserve for, or sell at a discount
149.9	bonds issued pursuant to section 469.178; or
149.10	(5) (4) amounts paid for property taxes or payments in lieu of taxes; and
149.11	(5) amounts used to pay principal or interest on, fund a reserve for, or sell at a discount
149.12	bonds issued pursuant to section 469.178 or other financial obligations to the extent those
149.13	obligations were used to finance costs described in clauses (1) to $(3)$ (4).
149.14	For districts for which the requests for certifications were made before August 1, 1979,
149.15	or after June 30, 1982, "administrative expenses" includes amounts paid for services provided
149.16	by bond counsel, fiscal consultants, and planning or economic development consultants.
149.17	This definition does not apply to administrative expenses or administrative costs referenced
149.18	under section 469.176, subdivision 4h.
149.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
149.20	applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.
140.21	Soc 2. Minnosoto Statutos 2020, section 460 174, is amended by adding a subdivision to
149.21	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.174, is amended by adding a subdivision to
149.22	read:
149.23	Subd. 30. Pay-as-you-go contract and note. "Pay-as-you-go contract and note" means
149.24	a written note or contractual obligation under which all of the following apply:
149.25	(1) the note or contractual obligation evidences an authority's commitment to reimburse
149.26	a developer, property owner, or note holder for the payment of costs of activities, including
149.27	any interest on unreimbursed costs;
149.28	(2) the reimbursement is made from tax increment revenues identified in the note or
149.29	contractual obligation as received by a municipality or authority as taxes are paid; and
149.30	(3) the risk that available tax increments may be insufficient to fully reimburse the costs
149.31	is borne by the developer, property owner, or note holder.

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.176, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Limitation on administrative expenses.** (a) For districts for which certification was requested before August 1, 2001, no tax increment shall be used to pay any administrative expenses for a project which exceed ten percent of the total estimated tax increment expenditures authorized by the tax increment financing plan or ten percent of the total tax increment expenditures for the project net of any amounts returned to the county auditor as excess increment, as returned increment under section 469.1763, subdivision 4, paragraph (g), or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, whichever is less.
- (b) For districts for which certification was requested after July 31, 2001, no tax increment may be used to pay any administrative expenses for a project which exceed ten percent of total estimated tax increment expenditures authorized by the tax increment financing plan or ten percent of the total tax increments, as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 25, clause (1), from received for the district net of any amounts returned to the county auditor as excess increment or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, whichever is less.
- 150.17 (c) Increments used to pay the county's administrative expenses under subdivision 4h 150.18 are not subject to the percentage limits in this subdivision.
- (d) Increments defined under section 469.174, subdivision 25, clause (2), used for administrative expenses described under section 469.174, subdivision 14, paragraph (a), clause (4), are not subject to the percentage limits in this subdivision.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.176, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Limitation on use of tax increment; general rule.** All revenues derived from tax increment shall be used in accordance with the tax increment financing plan. The revenues shall be used solely for the following purposes: (1) to pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued to finance a project; (2) by a rural development financing authority for the purposes stated in section 469.142; by a port authority or municipality exercising the powers of a port authority to finance or otherwise pay the cost of redevelopment pursuant to sections 469.048 to 469.068; by an economic development authority to finance or otherwise pay the cost of redevelopment pursuant to sections 469.090 to 469.108; by a housing and

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redevelopment authority or economic development authority to finance or otherwise pay public redevelopment costs pursuant to sections 469.001 to 469.047; by a municipality or economic development authority to finance or otherwise pay the capital and administration costs of a development district pursuant to sections 469.124 to 469.133; by a municipality or authority to finance or otherwise pay the costs of developing and implementing a development action response plan; by a municipality or redevelopment agency to finance or otherwise pay premiums for insurance or other security guaranteeing the payment when due of principal of and interest on the bonds pursuant to chapter 462C, sections 469.152 to 469.165, or both, or to accumulate and maintain a reserve securing the payment when due of the principal of and interest on the bonds pursuant to chapter 462C, sections 469.152 to 469.165, or both, which revenues in the reserve shall not exceed, subsequent to the fifth anniversary of the date of issue of the first bond issue secured by the reserve, an amount equal to 20 percent of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding and nondefeased bonds secured by the reserve; and (3) to pay administrative expenses.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Expenditures outside district. (a) For each tax increment financing district, an amount equal to at least 75 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district must be expended on activities in the district or to pay bonds, to the extent that the proceeds of the bonds were used to finance activities in the district or to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other than redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 1995, the in-district percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 80 percent. Not more than 25 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district may be expended, through a development fund or otherwise, on activities outside of the district but within the defined geographic area of the project except to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other than redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 1995, the pooling percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 20 percent. The revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district that are expended on costs under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, paragraph (b), may be deducted first before calculating the percentages that must be expended within and without the district.

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152.1	(b) In the case of a housing district, a housing project, as defined in section 469.174
152.2	subdivision 11, is an activity in the district.

- (c) All administrative expenses are <u>considered to be expenditures</u> for activities outside of the district, except that if the only expenses for activities outside of the district under this subdivision are for the purposes described in paragraph (d), administrative expenses will be considered as expenditures for activities in the district.
- (d) The authority may elect, in the tax increment financing plan for the district, to increase 152.7 by up to ten percentage points the permitted amount of expenditures for activities located 152.8 outside the geographic area of the district under paragraph (a). As permitted by section 152.9 469.176, subdivision 4k, the expenditures, including the permitted expenditures under 152.10 paragraph (a), need not be made within the geographic area of the project. Expenditures 152.11 that meet the requirements of this paragraph are legally permitted expenditures of the district, 152.12 notwithstanding section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, and 4j. To qualify for the increase 152.13 under this paragraph, the expenditures must: 152.14
- 152.15 (1) be used exclusively to assist housing that meets the requirement for a qualified low-income building, as that term is used in section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- 152.17 (2) not exceed the qualified basis of the housing, as defined under section 42(c) of the
  152.18 Internal Revenue Code, less the amount of any credit allowed under section 42 of the Internal
  152.19 Revenue Code; and
- 152.20 (3) be used to:
- 152.21 (i) acquire and prepare the site of the housing;
- (ii) acquire, construct, or rehabilitate the housing; or
- (iii) make public improvements directly related to the housing; or
- 152.24 (4) be used to develop housing:
- (i) if the market value of the housing does not exceed the lesser of:
- (A) 150 percent of the average market value of single-family homes in that municipality;
- 152.27 **or**
- (B) \$200,000 for municipalities located in the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, or \$125,000 for all other municipalities; and
- (ii) if the expenditures are used to pay the cost of site acquisition, relocation, demolition of existing structures, site preparation, and pollution abatement on one or more parcels, if the parcel contains a residence containing one to four family dwelling units that has been

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vacant for six or more months and is in foreclosure as defined in section 325N.10, subdivision
7, but without regard to whether the residence is the owner's principal residence, and only
after the redemption period has expired; or

- (5) to assist owner-occupied housing that meets the requirements of section 469.1761, subdivision 2.
- (e) The authority under paragraph (d), clause (4), expires on December 31, 2016. 153.6 Increments may continue to be expended under this authority after that date, if they are used 153.7 to pay bonds or binding contracts that would qualify under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), if 153.8 December 31, 2016, is considered to be the last date of the five-year period after certification 153.9 under that provision. 153.10
  - (f) For purposes of determining whether the minimum percentage of expenditures for activities in the district and maximum percentages of expenditures allowed on activities outside the district have been met under this subdivision, any amounts returned to the county auditor as excess increment, as returned increment under subdivision 4, paragraph (g), or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, shall first be subtracted from the total revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district. Any other amounts returned to the county auditor for purposes other than a remedy under section 469.1771, subdivision 3, are considered to be expenditures for activities in the district.
- 153.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all districts with a request for certification date after April 30, 1990, except that 153.20 paragraph (f) shall apply to districts decertifying after December 31, 2022. 153.21
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is amended 153.22 to read: 153.23
- Subd. 3. Five-year rule. (a) Revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties 153.24 in the district that are considered to have been expended on an activity within the district 153.25 under will instead be considered to have been expended on an activity outside the district 153.26 for purposes of subdivision 2 <del>only if one of the following occurs</del> unless: 153.27
- (1) before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues are actually 153.28 paid to a third party with respect to the activity; 153.29
  - (2) bonds, the proceeds of which must be used to finance the activity, are issued and sold to a third party before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues are spent to repay the bonds, and the proceeds of the bonds either are, on the date of issuance, reasonably expected to be spent before the end of the later of (i) the five-year period, or (ii)

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- a reasonable temporary period within the meaning of the use of that term under section 154.2 148(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, or are deposited in a reasonably required reserve or replacement fund;
  - (3) binding contracts with a third party are entered into for performance of the activity before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are spent under the contractual obligation;
- (4) costs with respect to the activity are paid before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are spent to reimburse a party for payment of the costs, including interest on unreimbursed costs; or
- (5) expenditures are made revenues are spent for housing purposes as permitted described by subdivision 2, paragraphs paragraph (b) and (d), or for public infrastructure purposes within a zone as permitted by subdivision 2, paragraph (e).
- 154.13 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, bonds include subsequent refunding bonds if the original refunded bonds meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2).
- (c) For a redevelopment district or a renewal and renovation district certified after June 30, 2003, and before April 20, 2009, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are extended to ten years after certification of the district. For a redevelopment district certified after April 20, 2009, and before June 30, 2012, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are extended to eight years after certification of the district. This extension is provided primarily to accommodate delays in development activities due to unanticipated economic circumstances.
- (d) For a redevelopment district that was certified after December 31, 2017, and before June 30, 2020, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are extended to eight years after certification of the district.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all districts with a request for certification date after April 30, 1990.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Use of revenues for decertification. (a) In each year beginning with the sixth

  year following certification of the district, or beginning with the ninth year following

  certification of the district for districts whose five-year rule is extended to eight years under

  subdivision 3, paragraph (d), if the applicable in-district percent of the revenues derived

  from tax increments paid by properties in the district exceeds the amount of expenditures

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that have been made for costs permitted under subdivision 3, an amount equal to the

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155.2	difference between the in-district percent of the revenues derived from tax increments paid
155.3	by properties in the district and the amount of expenditures that have been made for costs
155.4	permitted under subdivision 3 must be used and only used to pay or defease the following
155.5	or be set aside to pay the following:
155.6	(1) outstanding bonds, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a), clause (2), and (b);
155.7	(2) contracts, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4);
155.8	(3) credit enhanced bonds to which the revenues derived from tax increments are pledged,
155.9	but only to the extent that revenues of the district for which the credit enhanced bonds were
155.10	issued are insufficient to pay the bonds and to the extent that the increments from the
155.11	applicable pooling percent share for the district are insufficient; or
155.12	(4) the amount provided by the tax increment financing plan to be paid under subdivision
155.13	2, paragraphs (b), (d), and (e).
155.14	(b) The (a) Beginning with the sixth year following certification of the district, or
155.15	beginning with the year following the extended period for districts whose five-year period
155.16	is extended under subdivision 3, paragraphs (c) and (d), a district must be decertified and
155.17	the pledge of tax increment discharged when the outstanding bonds have been defeased and
155.18	when sufficient money has been set aside to pay, based on the product of the applicable
155.19	in-district percentage multiplied by the increment to be cumulative revenues derived from
155.20	tax increments paid by properties in the district that have been collected through the end of
155.21	the calendar year, equals or exceeds an amount sufficient to pay the following amounts:
155.22	(1) contractual any costs and obligations as defined described in subdivision 3, paragraph
155.23	paragraphs (a), clauses (3) and (4); and (b), excluding those under a qualifying pay-as-you-go
155.24	contract and note;
155.25	(2) the amount specified in the tax increment financing plan for activities qualifying
155.26	under subdivision 2, paragraph (b), that have not been funded with the proceeds of bonds
155.27	qualifying under paragraph (a), clause (1); and
155.28	(3) the additional expenditures permitted by the tax increment financing plan for housing
155.29	activities under an election under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), that have not been funded
155.30	with the proceeds of bonds qualifying under paragraph (a), clause (1).
155.31	(2) any accrued interest on the costs and obligations in clause (1), payable in accordance
155 22	with the terms thereof: and

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156.1	(3) any administrative expenses falling within the exception in subdivision 2, paragraph
156.2	<u>(c).</u>
156.3	(b) For districts with an outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note, the
156.4	required decertification under paragraph (a) is deferred until the end of the remaining term
156.5	of the last outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note, and the applicable
156.6	in-district percentage of cumulative revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties
156.7	in the district are sufficient to pay the obligations identified in subdivision 3, paragraphs
156.8	(a) and (b), provided that the deferral shall not exceed the district's duration limit under
156.9	section 469.176. During the deferral, beginning at the time paragraph (a) would otherwise
156.10	require decertification, the authority must annually either:
156.11	(1) remove from the district, by the end of the year, all parcels that will no longer have
156.12	their tax increment revenue pledged or subject to a qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and
156.13	note or other costs and obligations described in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and (b), after
156.14	the end of the year; or
156.15	(2) use the applicable in-district percentage of revenues derived from tax increments
156.16	paid by those parcels to prepay an outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note
156.17	of the district or other costs and obligations described in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and
156.18	(b), or to accumulate and use revenues derived from tax increments paid by those parcels
156.19	as permitted under paragraph (i).
156.20	The authority must remove any parcels as required by this paragraph by modification
156.21	of the tax increment financing plan and notify the county auditor of the removed parcels by
156.22	the end of the same calendar year. Notwithstanding section 469.175, subdivision 4,
156.23	paragraphs (b), clause (1), and (e), the notice, discussion, public hearing, and findings
156.24	required for approval of the original plan are not required for such a modification.
156.25	(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or (b), if tax increment was pledged prior to August
156.26	1, 2022, to a bond other than a pay-as-you-go contract and note or interfund loan, and the
156.27	proceeds of the bond were used solely or in part to pay authorized costs for activities outside
156.28	the district, the requirement to decertify under paragraph (a) or remove parcels under
156.29	paragraph (b) shall not apply prior to the bond being fully paid or defeased.
156.30	(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "applicable in-district percentage" means the
156.31	percentage of tax increment revenue that is restricted for expenditures within the district,
156.32	as determined under subdivision 2, paragraphs (a) and (d), for the district.

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157.1	(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note" means
157.2	a pay-as-you-go contract and note that is considered to be for activities within the district
157.3	under subdivision 3, paragraph (a).
157.4	(f) For purposes of this subdivision, the reference in paragraph (a) to cumulative revenues
157.5	derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district through the end of the calendar
157.6	year shall include any final settlement distributions made in the following January. For
157.7	purposes of the calculation in paragraph (a), any amounts returned to the county auditor as
157.8	excess increment or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, shall first be
157.9	subtracted from the cumulative revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in
157.10	the district.
157.11	(g) The timing and implementation of a decertification pursuant to paragraphs (a) and
157.12	(b) shall be subject to the following:
157.13	(1) when a decertification is required under paragraph (a) and not deferred under
157.14	paragraph (b), the authority must, as soon as practical and no later than the final settlement
157.15	distribution date of January 25 as identified in section 276.111 for the property taxes payable
157.16	in the calendar year identified in paragraph (a), make the decertification by resolution
157.17	effective for the end of the calendar year identified in paragraph (a), and communicate the
157.18	decertification to the county auditor;
157.19	(2) when a decertification is deferred under paragraph (b), the authority must, by
157.20	December 31 of the year in which the last qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note reaches
157.21	termination, make the decertification by resolution effective for the end of that calendar
157.22	year and communicate the decertification to the county auditor;
157.23	(3) if the county auditor is unable to prevent tax increments from being calculated for
157.24	taxes payable in the year following the year for which the decertification is made effective,
157.25	the county auditor may redistribute the tax increments in the same manner as excess
157.26	increments under section 469.176, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (4), without first
157.27	distributing them to the authority; and
157.28	(4) if tax increments are distributed to an authority for a taxes payable year after the year
157.29	for which the decertification was required to be effective, the authority must return the
157.30	amount of the distributions to the county auditor for redistribution in the same manner as
157.31	excess increments under section 469.176, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (4).
157.32	(h) The provisions of this subdivision do not apply to a housing district.

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1	(i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in paragraph (a) or (b), if an authority has
2	made the election in the tax increment financing plan for the district under subdivision 2,
.3	paragraph (d), then the requirement to decertify under paragraph (a) or remove parcels under
4	paragraph (b) shall not apply prior to such time that the accumulated revenues derived from
.5	tax increments paid by properties in the district that are eligible to be expended for housing
.6	purposes described under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), equals the lesser of the amount the
.7	authority is permitted to expend for housing purposes described under subdivision 2,
.8	paragraph (d), or the amount authorized for such purposes in the tax increment financing
9	plan. Increment revenues collected after the district would have decertified under paragraph
10	(a) or from parcels which otherwise would be subject to removal under paragraph (b), absent
11	the exception of this paragraph, shall be used solely for housing purposes as described in
.12	subdivision 2, paragraph (d).

- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all districts with a request for certification after April 30, 1990, except that the requirements under paragraph (b) to remove parcels or use revenues from such parcels as prescribed in paragraph (b) apply only to districts for which the request for certification was made after the day following final enactment.
- 158.18 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1763, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Pooling permitted for deficits.** (a) This subdivision applies only to districts for which the request for certification was made before August 1, 2001, and without regard to whether the request for certification was made prior to August 1, 1979.
  - (b) The municipality for the district may transfer available increments from another tax increment financing district located in the municipality, if the transfer is necessary to eliminate a deficit in the district to which the increments are transferred. The municipality may transfer increments as provided by this subdivision without regard to whether the transfer or expenditure is authorized by the tax increment financing plan for the district from which the transfer is made. A deficit in the district for purposes of this subdivision means the lesser of the following two amounts:
- 158.29 (1)(i) the amount due during the calendar year to pay preexisting obligations of the district; minus the sum of
- (ii) (i) the total increments collected or to be collected from properties located within
  the district that are available for the calendar year including amounts collected in prior years
  that are currently available; plus

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- (iii) (ii) total increments from properties located in other districts in the municipality including amounts collected in prior years that are available to be used to meet the district's obligations under this section, excluding this subdivision, or other provisions of law; or
- (2) the reduction in increments collected from properties located in the district for the calendar year as a result of the changes in classification rates in Laws 1997, chapter 231, article 1; Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 2; and Laws 1999, chapter 243, and Laws 2001, First Special Session chapter 5, or the elimination of the general education tax levy under Laws 2001, First Special Session chapter 5.

The authority may compute the deficit amount under clause (1) only (without regard to the limit under clause (2)) if the authority makes an irrevocable commitment, by resolution, to use increments from the district to which increments are to be transferred and any transferred increments are only used to pay preexisting obligations and administrative expenses for the district that are required to be paid under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, paragraph (a).

- (c) A preexisting obligation means:
- (1) bonds issued and sold before August 1, 2001, or bonds issued pursuant to a binding contract requiring the issuance of bonds entered into before July 1, 2001, and bonds issued to refund such bonds or to reimburse expenditures made in conjunction with a signed contractual agreement entered into before August 1, 2001, to the extent that the bonds are secured by a pledge of increments from the tax increment financing district; and
  - (2) binding contracts entered into before August 1, 2001, to the extent that the contracts require payments secured by a pledge of increments from the tax increment financing district.
  - (d) The municipality may require a development authority, other than a seaway port authority, to transfer available increments including amounts collected in prior years that are currently available for any of its tax increment financing districts in the municipality to make up an insufficiency in another district in the municipality, regardless of whether the district was established by the development authority or another development authority. This authority applies notwithstanding any law to the contrary, but applies only to a development authority that:
- (1) was established by the municipality; or
- (2) the governing body of which is appointed, in whole or part, by the municipality or an officer of the municipality or which consists, in whole or part, of members of the governing body of the municipality. The municipality may use this authority only after it

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has first used all available increments of the receiving development authority to eliminate the insufficiency and exercised any permitted action under section 469.1792, subdivision 3, for preexisting districts of the receiving development authority to eliminate the insufficiency.

- (e) The authority under this subdivision to spend tax increments outside of the area of the district from which the tax increments were collected:
- (1) is an exception to the restrictions under section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, 4d, 4e, 4i, and 4j; the expenditure limits under section 469.176, subdivision 1c; and the other provisions of this section; and the percentage restrictions under subdivision 2 must be calculated after deducting increments spent under this subdivision from the total increments for the district; and
- (2) applies notwithstanding the provisions of the Tax Increment Financing Act in effect for districts for which the request for certification was made before June 30, 1982, or any other law to the contrary.
  - (f) If a preexisting obligation requires the development authority to pay an amount that is limited to the increment from the district or a specific development within the district and if the obligation requires paying a higher amount to the extent that increments are available, the municipality may determine that the amount due under the preexisting obligation equals the higher amount and may authorize the transfer of increments under this subdivision to pay up to the higher amount. The existence of a guarantee of obligations by the individual or entity that would receive the payment under this paragraph is disregarded in the determination of eligibility to pool under this subdivision. The authority to transfer increments under this paragraph may only be used to the extent that the payment of all other preexisting obligations in the municipality due during the calendar year have been satisfied.
  - (g) For transfers of increments made in calendar year 2005 and later, the reduction in increments as a result of the elimination of the general education tax levy for purposes of paragraph (b), clause (2), for a taxes payable year equals the general education tax rate for the school district under Minnesota Statutes 2000, section 273.1382, subdivision 1, for taxes payable in 2001, multiplied by the captured tax capacity of the district for the current taxes payable year.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies only to districts for which the request for certification was made before August 1, 2001, and without regard to whether the request for certification was made prior to August 1, 1979.

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Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1771, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Collection of increment. If an authority includes or retains a parcel of property in a tax increment financing district that does not qualify for inclusion or retention within the district, the authority must pay to the county auditor an amount of money equal to the increment collected from the property for the year or years. The property must be eliminated from the original and captured tax capacity of the district effective for the current property tax assessment year. This subdivision does not apply to a failure to decertify a district at the end of the duration limit specified in the tax increment financing plan.

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1771, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. **Suspension of distribution of tax increment.** (a) If an authority fails to make a disclosure or to submit a report containing the information required by section 469.175, subdivisions 5 and 6, regarding a tax increment financing district within the time provided in section 469.175, subdivisions 5 and 6, the state auditor shall mail to the authority a written notice that it or the municipality has failed to make the required disclosure or to submit a required report with respect to a particular district. The state auditor shall mail the notice on or before the third Tuesday of August of the year in which the disclosure or report was required to be made or submitted. The notice must describe the consequences of failing to disclose or submit a report as provided in paragraph (b). If the state auditor has not received a copy of a disclosure or a report described in this paragraph on or before the first day of October of the year in which the disclosure or report was required to be made or submitted, the state auditor shall mail a written notice to the county auditor to hold the distribution of tax increment from a particular district.

- (b) Upon receiving written notice from the state auditor to hold the distribution of tax increment, the county auditor shall hold: all tax increment that otherwise would be distributed after receipt of the notice, until further notified under paragraph (c).
- (1) 100 percent of the amount of tax increment that otherwise would be distributed, if the distribution is made after the first day of October but during the year in which the disclosure or report was required to be made or submitted; or
- (2) 100 percent of the amount of tax increment that otherwise would be distributed, if the distribution is made after December 31 of the year in which the disclosure or report was required to be made or submitted.

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162.1	(c) Upon receiving the copy of the disclosure and all of the reports described in paragraph
162.2	(a) with respect to a district regarding which the state auditor has mailed to the county
162.3	auditor a written notice to hold distribution of tax increment, the state auditor shall mail to
162.4	the county auditor a written notice lifting the hold and authorizing the county auditor to
162.5	distribute to the authority or municipality any tax increment that the county auditor had held
162.6	pursuant to paragraph (b). The state auditor shall mail the written notice required by this
162.7	paragraph within five working days after receiving the last outstanding item. The county
162.8	auditor shall distribute the tax increment to the authority or municipality within 15 working
162.9	days after receiving the written notice required by this paragraph.

- (d) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any interest that accrues on tax increment while it is being held by the county auditor pursuant to paragraph (b) is not tax increment and may be retained by the county.
- (e) For purposes of sections 469.176, subdivisions 1a to 1g, and 469.177, subdivision 162.13 11, tax increment being held by the county auditor pursuant to paragraph (b) is considered 162.14 distributed to or received by the authority or municipality as of the time that it would have 162.15 been distributed or received but for paragraph (b). 162.16

### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 162.17

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.1771, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 162.18
- Subd. 3. Expenditure of increment. If an authority expends revenues derived from tax 162.19 increments, including the proceeds of tax increment bonds, (1) for a purpose that is not a 162.20 permitted project under section 469.176 sections 469.174 to 469.1794, (2) for a purpose 162.21 that is not permitted under section 469.176 sections 469.174 to 469.1794 for the district 162.22 from which the increment was received, or (3) on activities outside of the geographic area 162.23 in which the revenues may be expended under this chapter, the authority must pay to the 162.24 162.25 county auditor an amount equal to the expenditures made in violation of the law.

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 162.26

- Sec. 12. Laws 2003, chapter 127, article 10, section 31, subdivision 1, as amended by 162.27 Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 5, section 21, and Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 6, article 7, section 1, is amended to read: 162.29
- Subdivision 1. District extension. (a) The governing body of the city of Hopkins may 162.30 elect to extend the duration of its redevelopment tax increment financing district 2-11 by 162.31 up to four additional years. 162.32

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163.1	(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, effective upon
163.2	approval of this subdivision, no increments may be spent on activities located outside of
163.3	the area of the district, other than:
163.4	(1) to pay administrative expenses, not to exceed ten percent of the total tax increments
163.5	from the district; or
163.6	(2) to pay the costs of housing or redevelopment activities that are consistent with
163.7	Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j <del>, provided that expenditures under this</del>
163.8	elause may not exceed 20 percent of the total tax increments from the district.
163.9	The total amount of increment that may be spent on activities located outside the area of
163.10	the district under this section shall be limited to $\frac{25}{30}$ percent.
163.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
163.12	city of Hopkins and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
163.13	subdivisions 2 and 3.
163.14	Sec. 13. Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6, section 12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
163.15	Subd. 2. Special rules. (a) If the city elects, upon the adoption of the tax increment
163.16	financing plan for a district, the rules under this section apply to a redevelopment district,
163.17	renewal and renovation district, soil condition district, or soil deficiency district established
163.18	by the city or a development authority of the city in the project area.
163.19	(b) Prior to or upon the adoption of the first tax increment plan subject to the special
163.20	rules under this subdivision, the city must find by resolution that parcels consisting of at
163.21	least 80 percent of the acreage of the project area, excluding street and railroad rights-of-way,
163.22	are characterized by one or more of the following conditions:
163.23	(1) peat or other soils with geotechnical deficiencies that impair development of
163.24	commercial buildings or infrastructure;
163.25	(2) soils or terrain that require substantial filling in order to permit the development of
163.26	commercial buildings or infrastructure;
163.27	(3) landfills, dumps, or similar deposits of municipal or private waste;
163.28	(4) quarries or similar resource extraction sites;

163.31 subdivision 10.

(5) floodway; and

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(6) substandard buildings, within the meaning of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174,

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164.1	(c) For the purposes of paragrap	oh (b), clauses (1) to (5	5), a parcel is charact	terized by the
164.2	relevant condition if at least 70 percent of the area of the parcel contains the relevant			relevant
164.3	condition. For the purposes of paragraph (b), clause (6), a parcel is characterized by			ized by
164.4	substandard buildings if substandard buildings occupy at least 30 percent of the area of the			he area of the
164.5	parcel.			
164.6	(d) The five-year rule under Mi	nnesota Statutes, secti	ion 469.1763, subdiv	vision 3, is
164.7	extended to eight 11 years for any	district; the five-year	rule under Minnesot	ta Statutes,
164.8	section 469.175, subdivision 4, paragraph (f), is extended to eight years for any district; an			y district; and
164.9	Minnesota Statutes, section 469.17	63, subdivision 4, doe	es not apply to any d	istrict.
164.10	(e) Notwithstanding any provision	on to the contrary in Mi	nnesota Statutes, sect	ion 469.1763,
164.11	subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not me	ore than 40 percent of	the total revenue der	ived from tax
164.12	increments paid by properties in an	y district, measured o	ver the life of the dis	strict, may be
164.13	expended on activities outside the	district but within the	project area.	
164.14	(f) For a soil deficiency district	:		
164.15	(1) increments may be collected	l through 20 years afte	er the receipt by the	authority of
164.16	the first increment from the district	. ,		
164.17	(2) increments may be used onl	y to:		
164.18	(i) acquire parcels on which the	improvements descri	bed in item (ii) will	occur;
164.19	(ii) pay for the cost of correcting	the unusual terrain or	soil deficiencies and	the additional
164.20	cost of installing public improvement	ents directly caused by	the deficiencies; an	nd
164.21	(iii) pay for the administrative e	expenses of the author	ity allocable to the d	listrict; and

- 164.22 (3) any parcel acquired with increments from the district must be sold at no less than their fair market value. 164.23
- (g) Increments spent for any infrastructure costs, whether inside a district or outside a 164.24 district but within the project area, are deemed to satisfy the requirements of Minnesota 164.25 Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j. 164.26
- (h) The authority to approve tax increment financing plans to establish tax increment 164.27 financing districts under this section expires June 30, 2020. 164.28
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 164.29 city of Savage and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 164.30 subdivisions 2 and 3. 164.31

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EAP

165.1	Sec. 14. CITY OF FRIDLEY; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT;
165.2	SPECIAL RULES.
165.3	Subdivision 1. Transfer of increment. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
165.4	469.176, subdivision 4j, the city of Fridley, or its economic development authority, may
165.5	transfer tax increment accumulated from Fridley Tax Increment Financing District No. 20
165.6	to the Fridley Housing and Redevelopment Authority for the purposes authorized in
165.7	subdivision 2. Only increment allowed to be expended outside of the district pursuant to
165.8	Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, may be transferred under this section.
165.9	Subd. 2. Allowable use. Increment transferred under subdivision 1 may only be expended
165.10	on housing programs adopted by the Fridley Housing and Redevelopment Authority on or
165.11	prior to December 31, 2021.
165.12	Subd. 3. Annual financial reporting. Tax increment transferred under this section is
165.13	subject to the annual reporting requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.175,
165.14	subdivision 6.
165.15	Subd. 4. Legislative reports. By February 1, 2024, and February 1, 2026, the city of
165.16	Fridley must issue a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative
165.17	committees with jurisdiction over taxes and property taxes. Each report must include detailed
165.18	information relating to each program financed with increment transferred under this section.
165.19	Subd. 5. Expiration. The authority to make transfers under subdivision 1 expires
165.20	December 31, 2026.
165.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
165.22	city of Fridley and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
165.23	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
165.24	Sec. 15. CITY OF PLYMOUTH; TIF AUTHORITY.
165.25	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Under the special rules established in subdivision 2 of
165.26	this section, the city of Plymouth may establish a redevelopment district located wholly
165.27	within the city of Plymouth, Hennepin County, Minnesota, limited to the following parcels,
165.28	identified by tax identification numbers, together with adjacent roads and rights-of-way:
165.29	<u>34-119-22-44-0002, 03-118-22-12-0002, 03-118-22-11-0007, 02-118-22-22-0005, and</u>
165.30	03-118-22-14-0032.

this section, the following special rules apply:

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Article 6 Sec. 15. 165 Item 11. Page 389

Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city establishes a tax increment financing district under

166.1	(1) the district meets all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174,
166.2	subdivision 10;
166.3	(2) the five-year rule period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3,
166.4	is extended to ten years;
166.5	(3) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district;
166.6	<u>and</u>
166.7	(4) increments generated from the district may be expended on improvements to Hennepin
166.8	County Road 47 outside the project area, and all such expenditures are deemed expended
166.9	on activities within the district for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763.
166.10	Subd. 3. Expiration. The authority to approve a tax increment financing plan to establish
166.11	a tax increment financing district under this section expires December 31, 2029.
166.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
166.13	city of Plymouth and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
166.14	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
1// 15	Sec. 16. CITY OF WOODBURY; TIF DISTRICT NO. 13; EXPENDITURES
166.15	
166.16	ALLOWED; DURATION EXTENSION.
166.17	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, or any other
166.18	law to the contrary, the city of Woodbury may expend increments generated from Tax
166.19	Increment Financing District No. 13 for the maintenance and facility and infrastructure
166.20	upgrades to Central Park. All such expenditures are deemed expended on activities within
166.21	the district.
166.22	(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 1b, the city of
166.23	Woodbury may elect to extend the duration of Tax Increment Financing District No. 13 by
166.24	five years.
166.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective the day after the governing body of the
166.26	city of Woodbury and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
166.27	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. Paragraph (b) is effective upon compliance
166.28	by the city of Woodbury, Washington County, and Independent School District No. 833
166.29	with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021,
166.30	subdivisions 2 and 3.

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REVISOR

**ARTICLE 7** 

167.1

167.2	LOCAL TAXES
167.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.99, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
167.4	Subdivision 1. <b>Authorization</b> ; <b>scope.</b> (a) A political subdivision of this state may impose
167.5	a general sales tax (1) under section 297A.992, (2) under section 297A.993, (3) if permitted
167.6	by special law, or (4) if the political subdivision enacted and imposed the tax before January
167.7	1, 1982, and its predecessor provision.
167.8	(b) This section governs the imposition of a general sales tax by the political subdivision.
167.9	The provisions of this section preempt the provisions of any special law:
167.10	(1) enacted before June 2, 1997, or
167.11	(2) enacted on or after June 2, 1997, that does not explicitly exempt the special law
167.12	provision from this section's rules by reference.
167.13	(c) This section does not apply to or preempt a sales tax on motor vehicles. Beginning
167.14	July 1, 2019, no political subdivision may impose a special excise tax on motor vehicles
167.15	unless it is imposed under section 297A.993.
167.16	(d) A political subdivision may not advertise or expend funds for the promotion of a
167.17	referendum to support imposing a local sales tax and may only spend funds related to
167.18	imposing a local sales tax to:.
167.19	(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (d), a political subdivision may only spend funds related
167.20	to imposing a local sales tax to:
167.21	(1) conduct the referendum;
167.22	(2) disseminate information included in the resolution adopted and submitted under
167.23	subdivision 2, but only if the disseminated information includes a list of specific projects
167.24	and the cost of each individual project;
167.25	(3) provide notice of, and conduct public forums at which proponents and opponents on
167.26	the merits of the referendum are given equal time to express their opinions on the merits of
167.27	the referendum;
167.28	(4) provide facts and data on the impact of the proposed local sales tax on consumer
167.29	purchases; and
167.30	(5) provide facts and data related to the individual programs and projects to be funded
167 31	with the local sales tax.

Article 7 Section 1. 167 Item 11. Page 391

168.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for local sales tax proposals submitted
168.2	for legislative approval after the day of final enactment.
168.3	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 297A.99, subdivision 2, is amended
168.4	to read:
168.5	Subd. 2. Local resolution before application for authority. (a) Before the governing
168.6	body of a political subdivision requests legislative approval to impose a local sales tax
168.7	authorized by a special law, it shall adopt a resolution indicating its approval of the tax. The
168.8	resolution must include the following information: The governing body of a political
168.9	subdivision seeking legislative approval to either impose a new local sales tax authorized
168.10	by special law or modify an existing local sales tax authorized by special law must adopt a
168.11	resolution indicating its approval of the tax each year it requests legislative approval. The
168.12	resolution must include the following information:
168.13	(1) the proposed tax rate;
168.14	(2) a detailed description of no more than five capital projects that will be funded with
168.15	revenue from the tax;
168.16	(3) documentation of the regional significance of each project, including the share of
168.17	the economic benefit to or use of each project by persons residing, or businesses located,
168.18	outside of the jurisdiction;
168.19	(4) the amount of local sales tax revenue that would be used for each project and the
168.20	estimated time needed to raise that amount of revenue; and
168.21	(5) the total revenue that will be raised for all projects before the tax expires, and the
168.22	estimated length of time that the tax will be in effect if all proposed projects are funded-;
168.23	<u>and</u>
168.24	(6) a description of the nexus between the nonresident users of a project and the payment
168.25	of the tax, as required in paragraph (e).
168.26	(b) The jurisdiction seeking authority to impose a local sales tax by special law must
168.27	submit the resolution in paragraph (a) along with underlying documentation indicating how
168.28	the benefits under paragraph (a), clause (3), were determined, to the chairs and ranking
168.29	minority members of the legislative committees of the house of representatives and senate

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amended resolution if, after meeting the requirements of this paragraph, the jurisdiction

with jurisdiction over taxes no later than January 31 of the each year in which the jurisdiction

is seeking a special law authorizing or modifying the tax. The jurisdiction must submit an

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seeks to:

169.1	(1) add a project that will be funded with the revenue from the tax;
169.2	(2) increase the amount that will be used for any project;
169.3	(3) increase the total revenue raised for all projects before the tax expires; or
169.4	(4) increase the estimated length of time that the tax will be in effect if all proposed
169.5	projects are funded.
169.6	(c) The special legislation granting or modifying local sales tax authority is not required
169.7	to allow funding for all projects listed in the resolution with the revenue from the local sales
169.8	tax, but must not include any projects not contained in the resolution.
169.9	(d) For purposes of this section, a "capital project" or "project" means:
169.10	(1) a single building or structure including associated infrastructure needed to safely
169.11	access or use the building or structure;
169.12	(2) improvements within a single park or named recreation area; or
169.13	(3) a contiguous trail.
169.14	(e) The resolution required in paragraph (a) must also include a description of the nexus
169.15	between the nonresident users of a project and the payment of tax. Nexus requires that two
169.16	of the following requirements are met:
169.17	(1) a significant number of the users of the project will be nonresidents of the political
169.18	subdivision imposing the tax;
169.19	(2) the project includes a unique or uncommon characteristic;
169.20	(3) the project is part of a regional or statewide network or system for providing facilities
169.21	or services;
169.22	(4) the project promotes an activity having a duration long enough to encourage retail
169.23	activity incident to the project, in the political subdivision imposing the tax; and
169.24	(5) the project includes improvements or amenities to facilities that increase the project's
169.25	capacity to serve visitors at a volume that exceeds the capacity for facilities that serve a
169.26	local population, including but not limited to heating, ventilation, and air conditioning
169.27	systems, parking facilities, including accessibility upgrades, and other improvements
169.28	necessary for compliance with state building codes for the improved facilities.
169.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for local sales tax proposals submitted
169.30	for legislative approval after the day of final enactment.

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Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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Subd. 3. Legislative authority required before voter approval; requirements for adoption, use, termination. (a) A political subdivision must receive legislative authority to impose or modify a local sales tax before submitting the tax for approval by voters of the political subdivision. Imposition or modification of a local sales tax is subject to approval by voters of the political subdivision at a general election. The election must be conducted at a general election on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November within the two-year period after the governing body of the political subdivision has received authority to impose or modify the tax. If the authorizing legislation allows authorizes or modifies the tax to be imposed for more than one project, there must be a separate question approving the use of the tax revenue for each project. Notwithstanding the authorizing legislation or special law modifying the tax, a project that is not approved by the voters may not be funded with the local sales tax revenue and the termination date of the tax set in the authorizing legislation or special law modifying the tax must be reduced proportionately based on the share of that project's cost to the total costs of all projects included in the authorizing legislation or special law modifying the tax.

- (b) The proceeds of the tax must be dedicated exclusively to payment of the construction and rehabilitation costs and associated bonding costs related to the specific capital improvement projects that were approved by the voters under paragraph (a).
- (c) The tax must terminate after the revenues raised are sufficient to fund the projects approved by the voters under paragraph (a).
- (d) After a sales tax imposed by a political subdivision has expired or been terminated, the political subdivision is prohibited from imposing a local sales tax for a period of one year.
- (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if a political subdivision received voter approval to seek authority for a local sales tax at the November 6, 2018, general election and is granted authority to impose a local sales tax before January 1, 2021, the tax may be imposed without an additional referendum provided that it meets the requirements of subdivision 2 and the list of specific projects contained in the resolution does not conflict with the projects listed in the approving referendum.
- (f) If a tax is terminated because sufficient revenues have been raised, any amount of tax collected under subdivision 9, after sufficient revenues have been raised and before the quarterly termination required under subdivision 12, paragraph (a), that is greater than the

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171.1	average quarterly revenues collected over the immediately preceding 12 calendar months
171.2	must be retained by the commissioner for deposit in the general fund.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for local sales tax proposals submitted 171.3 for legislative approval after the day of final enactment. 171.4
- Sec. 4. Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 43, as amended by Laws 2005, First 171.5
- Special Session chapter 3, article 5, sections 28, 29, and 30, Laws 2011, First Special Session 171.6
- chapter 7, article 4, sections 5, 6, and 7, and Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 10, sections 171.7
- 11, 12, and 13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 171.8
- 171.9 Subd. 1a. Authorization; extension. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
- 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a
- general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the 171.11
- city of Rochester may extend the sales and use tax of one-half of one percent authorized 171.12
- under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), for the purposes specified in subdivision 3a. Except as 171.13
- otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 171.14
- govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized 171.15
- under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local
- sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 171.17
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 171.18
- city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 171.19
- 171.20 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
- Sec. 5. Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 43, as amended by Laws 2005, First 171.21
- Special Session chapter 3, article 5, sections 28, 29, and 30, Laws 2011, First Special Session
- chapter 7, article 4, sections 5, 6, and 7, and Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 10, sections 171.23
- 11, 12, and 13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 171.24
- Subd. 3a. Use of sales and use tax revenues; additional projects. The revenues derived 171.25
- from the extension of the tax authorized under subdivision 1a must be used by the city of 171.26
- Rochester to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for the following 171.27
- projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance 171.28
- 171.29 all or part of the following projects:
- (1) notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), 171.30
- \$50,000,000, plus associated bonding costs for street reconstruction; 171.31

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172.1	(2) notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 2, paragraph (d),
172.2	\$40,000,000, plus associated bonding costs for flood control and water quality;
172.3	(3) \$65,000,000, plus associated bonding costs for a Regional Community and Recreation
172.4	Complex; and
172.5	(4) additional project costs for the projects described in clauses (1) to (3), provided that
172.6	sufficient revenue from the tax has been received to pay for the project costs in clauses (1)
172.7	to (3) and to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds under subdivision 4a, paragraph
172.8	<u>(b).</u>
172.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
172.10	city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
172.11	<u>645.021</u> , subdivisions 2 and 3.
172.12	Sec. 6. Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 43, as amended by Laws 2005, First
172.13	Special Session chapter 3, article 5, sections 28, 29, and 30, Laws 2011, First Special Session
172.14	chapter 7, article 4, sections 5, 6, and 7, and Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 10, sections
172.15	11, 12, and 13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
172.16	Subd. 4a. Bonding authority; additional projects and extension of tax. (a) The city
172.17	of Rochester may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a
172.18	portion of the costs of the projects authorized in subdivision 3a and approved by the voters
172.19	as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The
172.20	bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Rochester, including
172.21	the tax authorized under subdivision 1a and the full faith and credit of the city. The issuance
172.22	of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and
172.23	<u>275.61.</u>
172.24	(b) The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision for the projects
172.25	described in subdivision 3a, clauses (1) to (3), may not exceed \$155,000,000, plus an amount
172.26	to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.
172.27	(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
172.28	of Rochester, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
172.29	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
172.30	4. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

172.32 city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 172.33 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

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Sec. 7. Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 43, subdivision 5, as amended by Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 30, Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 7, article 4, section 7, and Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 10, section 13, is amended to read:

- Subd. 5. **Termination of taxes.** (a) The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 expire at the later of (1) December 31, 2009, or (2) when the city council determines that sufficient funds have been received from the taxes to finance the first \$71,500,000 of capital expenditures and bonds for the projects authorized in subdivision 3, including the amount to prepay or retire at maturity the principal, interest, and premium due on any bonds issued for the projects under subdivision 4, unless the taxes are extended as allowed in paragraph (b). Any funds remaining after completion of the project and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall also be used to fund the projects under subdivision 3. The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.
- (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99 and 477A.016, or any other 173.15 contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Rochester may, by ordinance, extend the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1 and 2 beyond December 31, 2009, if approved 173.17 by the voters of the city at a special election in 2005 or the general election in 2006. The 173.18 question put to the voters must indicate that an affirmative vote would allow up to an 173.19 additional \$40,000,000 of sales tax revenues be raised and up to \$40,000,000 of bonds to 173.20 be issued above the amount authorized in the June 23, 1998, referendum for the projects 173.21 specified in subdivision 3. If the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1 and 2 are extended under 173.22 this paragraph, the taxes expire when the city council determines that sufficient funds have 173.23 been received from the taxes to finance the projects and to prepay or retire at maturity the 173.24 principal, interest, and premium due on any bonds issued for the projects under subdivision 173.25 4. Any funds remaining after completion of the project and retirement or redemption of the 173.26 bonds may be placed in the general fund of the city. 173.27
- (c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99 and 477A.016, or any other 173.28 contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Rochester may, by ordinance, 173.29 extend the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1, paragraph (a), and 2, up to December 31, 173.30 2049, provided that all additional revenues above those necessary to fund the projects and 173.31 associated financing costs listed in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) to (e), are committed to 173.32 fund public infrastructure projects contained in the development plan adopted under 173.33 Minnesota Statutes, section 469.43, including all financing costs; otherwise the taxes 173.34 terminate when the city council determines that sufficient funds have been received from 173.35

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174.1	the taxes to finance expenditures and bonds for the projects authorized in subdivision 3,
174.2	paragraphs (a) to (e), plus an amount equal to the costs of issuance of the bonds and including
174.3	the amount to prepay or retire at maturity the principal, interest, and premiums due on any
174.4	bonds issued for the projects under subdivision 4.
174.5	(d) The tax imposed under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), expires at the earlier of December
174.6	31, 2049, or when the city council determines that sufficient funds have been raised from

- (d) The tax imposed under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), expires at the earlier of <u>December 31, 2049</u>, or when the city council determines that sufficient funds have been raised from the tax plus all other city funding sources authorized in this article to meet the city obligation for financing the public infrastructure projects contained in the development plan adopted under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.43, including all financing costs.
- 174.10 (e) The tax imposed under subdivision 1a expires at the earlier of (1) 16-1/2 years after first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount of revenues received 174.11 from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 3a for 174.12 projects approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 174.13 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 174.14 of the bonds under subdivision 4a, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise 174.15 provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax 174.17 under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general 174.18 fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1a may expire at an earlier time if the 174.19 city so determines by ordinance. 174.20
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
- Sec. 8. Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 17, is amended to read:

#### 174.25 Sec. 17. COOK COUNTY; LODGING AND ADMISSIONS TAXES TAX.

Subdivision 1. **Lodging tax.** Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the Board of Commissioners of Cook County may impose, by ordinance, a tax of up to one percent on the gross receipts subject to the lodging tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190. This tax is in addition to any tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190, and the total tax imposed under that section and this provision must not exceed four percent.

Subd. 2. Admissions and recreation tax. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the Board of

Commissioners of Cook County may impose, by ordinance, a tax of up to three percent on 175.1 admissions to entertainment and recreational facilities and rental of recreation equipment. 175.2 Subd. 3. Use of taxes. The taxes tax imposed in subdivisions subdivision 1 and 2 must 175.3 be used to fund a new Cook County Event and Visitors Bureau as established by the Board 175.4 of Commissioners of Cook County. The Board of Commissioners of Cook County must 175.5 annually review the budget of the Cook County Event and Visitors Bureau. The event and 175.6 visitors bureau may not receive revenues raised from the taxes tax imposed in subdivisions 175.7 subdivision 1 and 2 until the board of commissioners approves the annual budget. 175.8 Subd. 4. **Termination.** The taxes tax imposed in subdivisions subdivision 1 and 2 175.9 terminate 15 terminates 30 years after they are it is first imposed. 175.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 175.11 Sec. 9. Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 7, article 4, section 14, is amended to 175.12 175.13 read: Sec. 14. CITY OF MARSHALL; SALES AND USE TAX. 175.14 Subdivision 1. Authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 175.15 subdivisions 1 and 2, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of 175.16 Marshall, if approved by the voters at a general election held within two years of the date of final enactment of this section, may impose the tax authorized under subdivision 2. Two separate ballot questions must be presented to the voters, one for each of the two facility 175.19 projects named in subdivision 3. 175.20 Subd. 2. Sales and use tax authorized. The city of Marshall may impose by ordinance 175.21 a sales and use tax of up to one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 175.22 3. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, except subdivisions 1 and 2, 175.23 175.24 govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. 175.25 175.26 Subd. 2a. Authorization; extension. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (d), or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city 175.27 charter, after payment of the bonds authorized under subdivision 4, and if approved by the 175.28 voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 175.29 subdivision 3, the city of Marshall may extend the sales and use tax of one-half of one 175.30 percent authorized under subdivision 2 for the purposes specified in subdivision 3a. Except 175.31

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as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,

under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local

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govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized

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sales and use tax imposed under any other special law.

Subd. 3. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 2 must be used by the city of Marshall to pay the costs of collecting and administering the sales and use tax and to pay all or part of the costs of the new and existing facilities of the Minnesota Emergency Response and Industry Training Center and all or part of the costs of the new facilities of the Southwest Minnesota Regional Amateur Sports Center. Authorized expenses include, but are not limited to, acquiring property, predesign, design, and paying construction, furnishing, and equipment costs related to these facilities and paying debt service on bonds or other obligations issued by the city of Marshall under subdivision 4 to finance the capital costs of these facilities.

Subd. 3a. Use of sales and use tax revenues; aquatic center. The revenues derived from the extension of the tax authorized under subdivision 2a must be used by the city of Marshall to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for \$16,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for the construction of a new municipal aquatic center in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance the project.

Subd. 4. **Bonds.** (a) If the imposition of a sales and use tax is approved by the voters, the city of Marshall may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in subdivision 3, and may issue bonds to refund bonds previously issued. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$17,290,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Marshall, including the tax authorized under subdivision 2.

(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of Marshall, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal and interest on the bonds, is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

Subd. 4a. Bonds; additional use and extension of tax. (a) After payment of the bonds authorized under subdivision 4, the city of Marshall may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in subdivision 2a and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$16,000,000, plus an amount to be applied to the

payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any 177.1 funds available to the city of Marshall, including the tax authorized under subdivision 2a. 177.2 177.3 The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 177.4 275.60 and 275.61. 177.5 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of Marshall, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal 177.6 and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve 177.7 the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 177.8 Subd. 5. **Termination of taxes.** (a) The tax imposed under subdivision 2 expires at the 177.9 earlier of (1) 15 years after the tax is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines 177.10 that the amount of revenues received from the tax to pay for the capital and administrative 177.11 costs of the facilities under subdivision 3 first equals or exceeds the amount authorized to 177.12 be spent for the facilities plus the additional amount needed to pay the costs related to 177.13 issuance of the bonds under subdivision 4, including interest on the bonds. Any funds 177.14 remaining after payment of all such costs and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall 177.15 be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 2 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance. 177.17 (b) The tax imposed under subdivision 2a expires at the earlier of (1) 30 years after the 177.18 tax under subdivision 2 is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the 177.19 amount of revenues received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized 177.20 under subdivision 3a for the project approved by the voters as required under Minnesota 177.21 Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay 177.22 the costs related to issuance of the bonds under subdivision 4a, including interest on the 177.23 bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 177.24 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing 177.25 of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, 177.26 shall be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 2a may 177.27 expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance. 177.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 177.29

city of Marshall and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 177.30 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 177.31

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Sec. 10. Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 6, article 6, section 25, is amended to read:

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#### Sec. 25. CITY OF PLYMOUTH; LOCAL LODGING TAX AUTHORIZED.

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city council for the city of Plymouth may impose by ordinance a tax of up to three percent on the gross receipts subject to the lodging tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190. This tax is in addition to any tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190, and the total tax imposed under that section and this provision must not exceed six percent.
- (b) Two-thirds of the revenue from the tax imposed under this section must be dedicated and used for capital improvements to public recreational facilities and marketing and promotion of the community, and the remaining one-third of the revenue must be used for the same purposes as a tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190.
- (c) The tax imposed under this authority terminates at the earlier of: (1) ten years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) December 31, 2030.
- 178.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 11. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14, article 8, section 5, is amended to read:

#### 178.19 Sec. 5. CITY OF EDINA; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

- Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 178.20 section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, 178.21 and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, 178.22 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Edina may impose by ordinance a sales and use 178.23 tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise 178.24 provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the 178.25 imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this 178.26 subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and 178.27 178.28 use tax imposed under any other special law.
- Subd. 2. **Use of sales and use tax revenues.** The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Edina to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:

(1) \$17,700,000 plus associated bonding costs for development of Fred Richards Park 179.1 as identified in the Fred Richards Park Master Plan; and 179.2 (2) \$21,600,000 \$46,900,000 plus associated bonding costs for improvements to Braemar 179.3 Park as identified in the Braemar Park Master Plan-; and 179.4 179.5 (3) capital improvement projects to the city's park and recreation system, plus associated bonding costs, provided that sufficient revenue from the tax has been received to pay for 179.6 the project costs in clauses (1) and (2) and to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds 179.7 under subdivision 3, paragraph (b). 179.8 Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Edina may issue bonds under Minnesota 179.9 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the projects authorized in 179.10 subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 179.11 179.12 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed: (1) \$17,700,000 for the project listed in subdivision 179.13 2, clause (1), plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds; and (2) \$21,600,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount to be 179.15 applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or 179.16 secured by any funds available to the city of Edina, including the tax authorized under 179.17 subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota 179.18 Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. 179.19 (a) The city of Edina may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance 179.20 all or a portion of the costs of the projects authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the 179.21 voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). 179.22 The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Edina, including 179.23 the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. 179.25 (b) For the projects described in subdivision 2, clauses (1) and (2), the aggregate principal 179.26 amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed: 179.27 179.28 (1) \$17,700,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds; and 179.29 179.30 (2) \$46,900,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount to be

city of Edina, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal

applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.

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(b) (c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the

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and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

Subd. 4. **Termination of taxes.** Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) <u>19 17</u> years after the tax is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, must be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Edina and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 12. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14, article 8, section 7, is amended to read:

#### Sec. 7. CITY OF GRAND RAPIDS; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 180.21 section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, 180.22 and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, 180.23 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Grand Rapids may impose by ordinance a sales 180.24 and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except 180.25 as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 180.26 govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized 180.27 under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local 180.28 sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 180.29

Subd. 2. **Use of sales and use tax revenues.** The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Grand Rapids to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued and to finance up to \$5,980,000 \$10,600,000 for reconstruction, remodeling, and upgrades to

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the Grand Rapids IRA Civic Center. Authorized costs include design, construction, reconstruction, mechanical upgrades, and engineering costs, as well as the associated bond costs for any bonds issued under subdivision 3.

- Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Grand Rapids may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$5,980,000 \$10,600,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Grand Rapids, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
- (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of Grand Rapids, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
- Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the 181.16 earlier of: (1) seven 12 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council 181.17 determines that it has received from this tax \$5,980,000 \$10,600,000 to fund the project 181.18 listed in subdivision 2 for projects approved by the voters as required under Minnesota 181.19 Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest 181.21 on the bonds. Any funds remaining after payment of all such costs and retirement or 181.22 redemption of the bonds shall be placed in the general fund of the city, except for funds 181.23 required to be retained in the state general fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 181.24 subdivision 3. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city 181.25 so determines by ordinance. 181.26
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Grand Rapids and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

# 181.30 Sec. 13. CITY OF AITKIN; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Aitkin may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one percent for the purposes

182.1	specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of
182.2	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and
182.3	enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this
182.4	subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special
182.5	<u>law.</u>
182.6	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
182.7	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Aitkin to pay the costs of collecting and
182.8	administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing
182.9	and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:
182.10	(1) \$8,300,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new municipal
182.11	building; and
182.12	(2) \$1,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for improvements to parks and trails.
182.13	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Aitkin may issue bonds under Minnesota
182.14	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in
182.15	subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section
182.16	297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued
182.17	under this subdivision may not exceed:
182.18	(1) \$8,300,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount to be
182.19	applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds; and
182.20	(2) \$1,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount to be
182.21	applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.
182.22	The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Aitkin, including
182.23	the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not
182.24	subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
182.25	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
182.26	of Aitkin, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
182.27	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
182.28	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
182.29	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
182.30	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 19 years
182.31	after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
182.32	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
182.33	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,

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subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the
general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time
if the city so determines by ordinance.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Aitkin and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

## Sec. 14. CITY OF BLACKDUCK; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Blackduck may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law.

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Blackduck to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:

- (1) \$200,000 plus associated bonding costs for improvements to a city campground;
- (2) \$300,000 plus associated bonding costs for improvements to a walking trail;
- 183.27 (3) \$250,000 plus associated bonding costs for improvements to a wayside rest;
- (4) \$150,000 plus associated bonding costs for golf course irrigation improvements; and
- (5) \$100,000 plus associated bonding costs for reconstruction of a library.

Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Blackduck may issue bonds under Minnesota

Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in

subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section

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184.1	297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph	(a). The aggregate pri	ncipal amount of bon	ids issued
184.2	under this subdivision may not exce	eed:		
184.3	(1) \$200,000 for the project lists	ed in subdivision 2, cl	ause (1), plus an amo	ount to be
184.4	applied to the payment of the costs	of issuing the bonds;		
184.5	(2) \$300,000 for the project lists	ed in subdivision 2, cl	ause (2), plus an amo	ount to be
184.6	applied to the payment of the costs			
184.7	(3) \$250,000 for the project lists	ed in subdivision 2, cl	ause (3), plus an amo	ount to be
184.8	applied to the payment of the costs		· // I	
184.9	(4) \$150,000 for the project lists	ed in subdivision 2. cl	ause (4), plus an amo	ount to be
184.10	applied to the payment of the costs		· · · ·	
184.11	(5) \$100,000 for the project lists	_		ount to be
184.12	applied to the payment of the costs		ause (3), plus an amo	unt to be
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184.13	The bonds may be paid from or sec		-	
184.14	including the tax authorized under			<u>this</u>
184.15	subdivision is not subject to Minner	sota Statutes, sections	275.60 and 275.61.	
184.16	(b) The bonds are not included in	in computing any deb	t limitation applicable	to the city
184.17	of Blackduck, and any levy of taxes	s under Minnesota Sta	atutes, section 475.61	, to pay
184.18	principal and interest on the bonds i	s not subject to any le	evy limitation. A sepa	rate election
184.19	to approve the bonds under Minnes	ota Statutes, section 4	75.58, is not required	<u>l.</u>
184.20	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes.	Subject to Minnesota	Statutes, section 297	A.99,
184.21	subdivision 12, the tax imposed und	der subdivision 1 expi	ires at the earlier of (1	1) 20 years
184.22	after being first imposed, or (2) who	en the city council det	termines that the amo	unt received
184.23	from the tax is sufficient to pay for	the project costs auth	orized under subdivis	sion 2 for
184.24	projects approved by voters as requ	ired under Minnesota	Statutes, section 297	A.99,
184.25	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus a	n amount sufficient to	pay the costs related	to issuance
184.26	of any bonds authorized under subd	livision 3, including in	nterest on the bonds.	Except as
184.27	otherwise provided in Minnesota St	tatutes, section 297A.	99, subdivision 3, par	agraph (f),

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if the city so determines by ordinance.

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any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination

of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the

general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 185.1 city of Blackduck and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 185.2 185.3 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

### Sec. 15. CITY OF BLOOMINGTON; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Bloomington may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, 185.10 administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. 185.11 The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 185.13

- Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. (a) The revenues derived from the tax 185.14 authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Bloomington to pay the costs of 185.15 collecting and administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the 185.17 following projects: 185.18
- (1) \$32,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of improvements and 185.19 185.20 rehabilitation of the Bloomington Ice Garden and associated infrastructure;
- (2) \$70,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new Community 185.21 Health and Wellness Center and associated infrastructure; and 185.22
- (3) \$33,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of an expansion to the 185.23 Bloomington Center for the Arts Concert Hall and associated infrastructure. 185.24
- (b)(1) For purposes of this subdivision, "associated infrastructure" includes any or all 185.25 of the following activities: demolition, reconstruction, expansion, improvement, construction, 185.26 or rehabilitation, related to the existing facility or the new project, or both. 185.27
- (2) Associated infrastructure activities described in clause (1) include but are not limited 185.28 185.29 to the following activities associated with the capital project or projects that are needed for safe access or use: facilities, roads, lighting, sidewalks, parking, landscaping, or utilities. 185.30
- (3) Costs include all the costs associated with delivering the projects. 185.31

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Subd. 3. <b>Bonding authority.</b> (a)	The city of Bloomin	igton may issue bonds	under
Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to	finance all or a portion	on of the costs of the f	acilities
authorized in subdivision 2 and appro	oved by the voters as r	equired under Minnes	ota Statutes,
section 297A.99, subdivision 3, para	igraph (a). The aggre	egate principal amoun	t of bonds
issued under this subdivision may no	ot exceed:		
(1) \$32,000,000 for the project li	sted in subdivision 2	2, clause (1), plus an a	mount to be
applied to the payment of the costs of	of issuing the bonds;		
(2) \$70,000,000 for the project li	sted in subdivision 2	2, clause (2), plus an a	mount to be
applied to the payment of the costs of	of issuing the bonds;	and	
(3) \$33,000,000 for the project li	sted in subdivision 2	2, clause (3), plus an a	mount to be
applied to the payment of the costs of	of issuing the bonds.		
The bonds may be paid from or secu	red by any funds ava	nilable to the city of Bl	loomington,
including the tax authorized under so	ubdivision 1. The iss	uance of bonds under	this
subdivision is not subject to Minnese	ota Statutes, sections	s 275.60 and 275.61.	
(b) The bonds are not included in	n computing any deb	t limitation applicable	to the city
of Bloomington, and any levy of tax	es under Minnesota	Statutes, section 475.6	51, to pay
principal and interest on the bonds is	s not subject to any le	evy limitation. A separ	rate election
to approve the bonds under Minneso	ota Statutes, section 4	175.58, is not required	<u>l.</u>
Subd. 4. Termination of taxes.	Subject to Minnesota	Statutes, section 297	A.99 <u>,</u>
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subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 20 years after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

186.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Bloomington and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 186.32 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 186.33

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# Sec. 16. CITY OF BROOKLYN CENTER; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

187.2	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
187.3	section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters
187.4	at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3,
187.5	the city of Brooklyn Center may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one
187.6	percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this
187.7	section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition,
187.8	administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.
187.9	The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed
187.10	under any other special law.
187.11	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
187.12	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Brooklyn Center to pay the costs of collecting
187.13	and administering the tax and to finance up to \$55,000,000, plus associated bonding costs,
187.14	for the renovation and expansion of the Brooklyn Center Community Center.
187.15	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Brooklyn Center may issue bonds under
187.16	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities
187.17	authorized in subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this
187.18	subdivision may not exceed \$55,000,000 plus an amount to be applied to the payment of
187.19	the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available
187.20	to the city of Brooklyn Center, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1 and the full
187.21	faith and credit of the city. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to
187.22	Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
187.23	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
187.24	of Brooklyn Center and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay
187.25	principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election
187.26	to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
187.27	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
187.28	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 20 years
187.29	after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
187.30	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
187.31	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
187.32	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
187.33	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
187.34	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),

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<u>a</u>	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
<u>c</u>	of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the
2	general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time
<u>i</u>	f the city so determines by ordinance.
C	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Brooklyn Center and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

88.9	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
88.10	section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters
88.11	at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3,
88.12	the city of East Grand Forks may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of 1.25 percent
88.13	for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
88.14	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
88.15	collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed
88.16	under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other
88.17	special law.

- Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of East Grand Forks to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:
- (1) \$15,500,000 plus associated bonding costs for reconstruction and remodeling of, and upgrades and additions to, the Civic Center Sports Complex; and
- (2) \$6,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for reconstruction and remodeling of, and upgrades and additions to, the VFW Memorial and Blue Line Arena.
- Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of East Grand Forks may issue bonds under
  Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities
  authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes,
  section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds
  issued under this subdivision may not exceed:
- 188.32 (1) \$15,500,000 for the projects listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount to be
  applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds; and

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189.1	(2) \$6,000,000 for the projects listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount to be
189.2	applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.

- (b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of East Grand Forks, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1 and the full faith and credit of the city. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
- (c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
  of East Grand Forks and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay
  principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election
  to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 189.11 subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 20 years 189.12 after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received 189.13 from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for 189.14 projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 189.15 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 189.16 of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 189.17 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 189.18 any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 189.19 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 189.20 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 189.21 if the city so determines by ordinance. 189.22

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of East Grand Forks and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

#### Sec. 18. CITY OF GOLDEN VALLEY; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters
at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3,
the city of Golden Valley may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of three-quarters of
one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in
this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition,
administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.

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190.1	The tax imposed under this subdivis	sion is in addition to a	ny local sales and us	se tax imposed
190.2	under any other special law.			
190.3	Subd. 2. <b>Use of sales and use tax</b>	revenues. The reven	ues derived from the	tax authorized
190.4	under subdivision 1 must be used by	y the city of Golden V	alley to pay the cost	s of collecting
190.5	and administering the tax and paying	g for the following pro	jects in the city, incl	uding securing
190.6	and paying debt service on bonds is	ssued to finance all or	part of the following	ng projects:
190.7	(1) \$38,000,000 plus associated	bonding costs for co	nstruction of a new	public works
190.8	facility; and	<u> </u>		
190.9	(2) \$35,000,000 plus associated	handing costs for co	nstruction of a new	nublic safety
190.10	facility.	conding costs for co	instruction of a new	puone sarety
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190.11	Subd. 3. <b>Bonding authority.</b> (a	) The city of Golden	Valley may issue bo	nds under
190.12	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to	finance all or a portion	on of the costs of the	e projects
190.13	authorized in subdivision 2 and appr	oved by the voters as i	equired under Minn	esota Statutes,
190.14	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, par	ragraph (a). The aggre	egate principal amou	unt of bonds
190.15	issued under this subdivision may r	not exceed:		
190.16	(1) \$38,000,000 for the project	listed in subdivision 2	2, clause (1), plus an	amount to be
190.17	applied to the payment of the costs	of issuing the bonds;	and	
190.18	(2) \$35,000,000 for the project	listed in subdivision 2	2, clause (2), plus an	amount to be
190.19	applied to the payment of the costs	of issuing the bonds.		
190.20	(b) The bonds may be paid from	or secured by any fu	nds available to the	city of Golden
190.21	Valley, including the tax authorized	under subdivision 1.	The issuance of bo	nds under this
190.22	subdivision is not subject to Minne	sota Statutes, sections	s 275.60 and 275.61	<u>·</u>
190.23	(c) The bonds are not included in	n computing any deb	t limitation applicab	ole to the city
190.24	of Golden Valley, and any levy of t	axes under Minnesota	Statutes, section 4'	75.61, to pay
190.25	principal and interest on the bonds	is not subject to any le	evy limitation. A sep	parate election
190.26	to approve the bonds under Minnes	ota Statutes, section 4	175.58, is not requir	ed.
190.27	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes.	Subject to Minnesota	Statutes, section 29	97A.99 <u>,</u>
190.28	subdivision 12, the tax imposed un	der subdivision 1 exp	ires at the earlier of	(1) 30 years
190.29	after the tax is first imposed, or (2) w	hen the city council d	etermines that the an	nount received
190.30	from the tax is sufficient to pay for	the project costs auth	orized under subdiv	vision 2 for

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subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance

of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as

projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,

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otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, must be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance. 191.5

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Golden Valley and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

#### Sec. 19. CITY OF HENDERSON; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 191.10 191.11 section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 191.12 the city of Henderson may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent 191.13 for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 191.14 the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, 191.15 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed 191.17 under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 191.18

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Henderson to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax, and to finance up to \$240,000 plus associated bonding costs for the Allanson's Park Campground and Trail project. Authorized project costs include improvements to trails, improvements to the park campground and related facilities, utility improvements, handicap access improvements, and other improvements related to linkage to other local trails, as well as the associated bond costs for any bonds issued under subdivision 3.

191.27 Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Henderson may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance up to \$240,000 of the portion of the costs of the project 191.28 authorized in subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, 191.29 191.30 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$240,000 plus an amount to be applied to the 191.31 payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any 191.32 funds available to the city of Henderson, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. 191.33

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192.1	The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to winnesota statutes, sections
192.2	275.60 and 275.61.
192.3	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
192.4	of Henderson, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay
192.5	principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election
192.6	to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
192.7	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
192.8	subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 15 years
192.9	after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received
192.10	from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for
192.11	projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
192.12	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance
192.13	of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as
192.14	otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f),
192.15	any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination
192.16	of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the
192.17	general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time
192.18	if the city so determines by ordinance.
192.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
192.20	city of Henderson and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
192.21	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
192.22	Sec. 20. CITY OF PROCTOR; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
192.23	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
192.24	section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters
192.25	at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3,
192.26	the city of Proctor may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent
192.27	for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
192.28	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
192.29	collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed
192.30	under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other
192.31	special law.
192.32	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
192.33	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Proctor to pay the costs of collecting and

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administering the tax and to finance up to \$3,850,000 plus associated bonding costs for

construction of a new regional and statewide trail spur in the city, including securing and 193.1 193.2 paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the project. 193.3 Subd. 3. Bonding authority. The city of Proctor may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in 193.4 193.5 subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$3,850,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing 193.6 the bonds. 193.7 Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 193.8 subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 20 years 193.9 after being first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received 193.10 from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2, plus 193.11 an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under 193.12 subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota 193.13 Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment 193.14 of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, 193.15 section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by 193.17 ordinance. 193.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 193.19 city of Proctor and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 193.20 subdivisions 2 and 3. 193.21 Sec. 21. RICE COUNTY; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 193.22 193.23 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law or ordinance, and if approved by the voters at a general 193.25 election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, Rice County may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of three-eighths of one percent for the purposes 193.26 specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of 193.27 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and 193.28 enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this 193.29 193.30 subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 193.31

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by Rice County to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for up to \$77,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for

construction of a public safety facility in the county, including associated bond costs for

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194.2 any bonds issued under subdivision 3. 194.3 Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) Rice County may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in subdivision 194.4 194.5 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 194.6 subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$77,000,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of 194.7 the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available 194.8 to Rice County, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds 194.9 under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. 194.10 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to Rice 194.11 County, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal 194.12 and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve 194.13 the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 194.14 Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 194.15 subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 30 years 194.16 after being first imposed, or (2) when the county board of commissioners determines that 194.17 the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under 194.18 subdivision 2, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds 194.19 authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided 194.20 in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining 194.21 after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under 194.22 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of 194.23 194.24 the county. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the county so determines by ordinance. 194.25 194.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of Rice County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 194.27 subdivisions 2 and 3. 194.28 Sec. 22. CITY OF ROSEVILLE; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 194.29 194.30 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters 194.31 at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 194.32 the city of Roseville may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent 194.33

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for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section,

195.1	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 29/A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
195.2	collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed
195.3	under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other
195.4	special law.
195.5	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
195.6	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Roseville to pay the costs of collecting and
195.7	administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing
195.8	and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:
195.9	(1) \$42,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new maintenance
195.10	facility;
195.11	(2) \$7,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new license and
195.12	passport center; and
195.13	(3) \$16,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a pedestrian bridge.
195.14	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Roseville may issue bonds under Minnesota
195.15	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in
195.16	subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section
195.17	297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued
195.18	under this subdivision may not exceed:
195.19	(1) \$42,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount to be
195.20	applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds;
195.21	(2) \$7,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount to be
195.22	applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds; and
195.23	(3) \$16,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (3), plus an amount to be
195.24	applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds.
195.25	The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Roseville,
195.26	including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
195.27	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
195.28	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
195.29	of Roseville, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
195.30	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve

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the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

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Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 196.1 subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of (1) 16 years 196.2 196.3 after the tax is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for 196.4 projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 196.5 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 196.6 of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 196.7 196.8 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 196.9 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 196.10 196.11 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance. 196.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 196.13 196.14 city of Roseville and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 196.15 Sec. 23. WINONA COUNTY; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 196.16 196.17

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters 196.18 at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 196.19 Winona County may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of one-quarter of one percent 196.20 196.21 for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, 196.22 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed 196.23 under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other 196.24 special law. 196.25

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by Winona County to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax, and to finance up to \$28,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new correctional facility or upgrades to an existing correctional facility, as well as the associated bond costs for any bonds issued under subdivision 3.

Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) Winona County may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in 196.32 subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$28,000,000, plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the

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197.29 <u>645.021</u>, subdivisions 2 and 3.

197.1	bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the county,
197.2	including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
197.3	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
197.4	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the county.
197.5	Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest
197.6	on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds
197.7	under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
197.8	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
197.9	earlier of: (1) 25 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the county determines that
197.10	it has received from this tax \$28,000,000 to fund the project listed in subdivision 2, plus an
197.11	amount sufficient to pay costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision
197.12	3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes,
197.13	section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the
197.14	allowed costs due to timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section
197.15	297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the county's general fund. The tax imposed
197.16	under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the county determines by ordinance.
197.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
197.18	Winona County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
197.19	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
197.20	Sec. 24. CITY OF WOODBURY; LOCAL LODGING TAX AUTHORIZED.
197.21	Notwithstanding the disposition of proceeds requirement in Minnesota Statutes, section
197.22	469.190, subdivision 3, or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city
197.23	council for the city of Woodbury may by ordinance dedicate two-thirds of the revenue
197.24	derived from a tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190, to be used for capital
197.25	improvements to public recreational facilities. The remaining one-third must be used as
197.26	required under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190, subdivision 3.
197.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
197.28	city of Woodbury and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section

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198.1	ARTICLE 8
198.2	RENTER'S TAX CREDIT
198.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270B.12, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
198.4	Subd. 8. County assessors; homestead classification and renter renter's credit. The
198.5	commissioner may disclose names and Social Security numbers of individuals who have
198.6	applied for both homestead classification under section 273.13 and a property tax refund
198.7	as a renter under chapter 290A renter's credit under section 290.0693 for the purpose of and
198.8	to the extent necessary to administer section 290A.25.
198.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for credits based on rent paid after
198.10	<u>December 31, 2021.</u>
198.11	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.38, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
198.12	Subd. 4. <b>Property tax refund.</b> For purposes of computing the limitation under this
198.13	section, the due date of the property tax refund return as provided for in chapter 290A is
198.14	the due date for an income tax return covering the year in which the rent was paid or the
198.15	year preceding the year in which the property taxes are payable.
198.16	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for credits based on rent paid after
198.17	<u>December 31, 2021.</u>
198.18	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.56, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
198.19	Subd. 6. Property tax refunds under chapter 290A. (a) When a renter is owed a
198.20	property tax refund, an unpaid refund bears interest after August 14, or 60 days after the
198.21	refund claim was made, whichever is later, until the date the refund is paid.
198.22	(b) When any other a claimant is owed a property tax refund under chapter 290A, the
198.23	unpaid refund bears interest after September 29, or 60 days after the refund claim was made,
198.24	whichever is later, until the date the refund is paid.
198.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for credits based on rent paid after
198.26	<u>December 31, 2021.</u>
198.27	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.60, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
98.28	Subd. 12. Penalties relating to property tax refunds. (a) If it is determined that a

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198.29 property tax refund claim is excessive and was negligently prepared, a claimant is liable

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99.1	for a penalty of ten percent of the disallowed claim. If the claim has been paid, the amount
99.2	disallowed must be recovered by assessment and collection.

(b) An owner who without reasonable cause fails to give a certificate of rent constituting property tax to a renter, as required by section sections 290.0693, subdivision 4, and 290A.19, paragraph (a), is liable to the commissioner for a penalty of \$100 for each failure.

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- (c) If the owner or managing agent knowingly gives rent certificates that report total rent constituting property taxes in excess of the amount of actual rent constituting property taxes paid on the rented part of a property, the owner or managing agent is liable for a penalty equal to the greater of (1) \$100 or (2) 50 percent of the excess that is reported. An overstatement of rent constituting property taxes is presumed to be knowingly made if it exceeds by ten percent or more the actual rent constituting property taxes.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for credits based on rent paid after 199.12 December 31, 2021. 199.13

#### Sec. 5. [290.0693] RENTER'S CREDIT. 199.14

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have 199.15 the meanings given. 199.16
- 199.17 (b) "Dependent" means any individual who is considered a dependent under sections 151 and 152 of the Internal Revenue Code. 199.18
- (c) "Disability" has the meaning given in section 290A.03, subdivision 10. 199.19
- (d) "Exemption amount" means the exemption amount under section 290.0121, 199.20 subdivision 1, paragraph (b). 199.21
- (e) "Gross rent" means rent paid for the right of occupancy, at arm's length, of a 199.22 homestead, exclusive of charges for any medical services furnished by the landlord as a 199.23 part of the rental agreement, whether expressly set out in the rental agreement or not. The 199.24 gross rent of a resident of a nursing home or intermediate care facility is \$530 per month. 199.25 The gross rent of a resident of an adult foster care home is \$830 per month. The commissioner 199.26 shall annually adjust the amounts in this paragraph as provided in section 270C.22. The 199.27 statutory year is 2022. If the landlord and tenant have not dealt with each other at arm's 199.28 199.29 length and the commissioner determines that the gross rent charged was excessive, the commissioner may adjust the gross rent to a reasonable amount for purposes of this chapter. 199.30
- 199.31 (f) "Homestead" has the meaning given in section 290A.03, subdivision 6.
- (g) "Household" has the meaning given in section 290A.03, subdivision 4. 199.32

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(h) "Household income" means a	ll income received b	by all persons of a ho	usehold in a
taxable year while members of the he	ousehold, other than	income of a depende	ent.
(i) "Income" means adjusted gros	ss income, minus:		
(1) for the taxpayer's first depend	ent, the exemption a	amount multiplied by	1.4;
(2) for the taxpayer's second depe	endent, the exemption	on amount multiplied	by 1.3;
(3) for the taxpayer's third depend	dent, the exemption	amount multiplied by	y 1.2;
(4) for the taxpayer's fourth dependent	ndent, the exemption	n amount multiplied	by 1.1;
(5) for the taxpayer's fifth depend	lent, the exemption	amount; and	
(6) if the taxpayer or taxpayer's s			of 65 on or
before the close of the taxable year, t	me exemption amou	ш.	
(j) "Rent constituting property tax	xes" means 17 perce	ent of the gross rent a	ctually paid
in cash, or its equivalent, or the portion	on of rent paid in lie	u of property taxes, in	n any taxable
year by a claimant for the right of occ	cupancy of the clain	nant's Minnesota hom	nestead in the
taxable year, and which rent constitu	tes the basis, in the s	succeeding taxable ye	ear of a claim
for a credit under this section by the	claimant. If an indiv	vidual occupies a hon	nestead with
another person or persons not related	to the individual as	the individual's spou	use or as
dependents, and the other person or p	persons are residing	at the homestead und	ler a rental or
lease agreement with the individual,	the amount of rent of	constituting property	tax for the
individual equals that portion not cov	vered by the rental a	greement.	
Subd. 2. Credit allowed; refund	<b>able.</b> (a) An individ	ual is allowed a cred	it against the
tax due under this chapter equal to the	e amount that rent c	onstituting property t	axes exceeds
the percentage of the household inco	me of the claimant	specified in subdivisi	on 3 in the
taxable year in which the rent was pa	aid as specified in th	at subdivision.	
(b) If the amount of credit which	a taxpayer is eligibl	e to receive under thi	is section
exceeds the taxpayer's liability for tax	x under this chapter,	the commissioner sha	all refund the
excess to the taxpayer.			
Subd. 3. Renters. (a) A taxpayer	whose rent constitu	ting property taxes ex	xceeds the
percentage of the household income	stated below must p	ay an amount equal t	o the percent

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200.27 200.28 of income shown for the appropriate household income level along with the co-payment of 200.29 the remaining amount of rent constituting property taxes. The credit under subdivision 2 200.30 equals the amount of rent constituting property taxes that remain, up to the maximum credit 200.31 amount shown below. 200.32

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201.1	Household Income	Percent of Income	Co-payment	Maximum Credit
201.2	\$0 to 5,879	1.0 percent	5 percent	<u>\$</u> 2,400
201.3	5,880 to 7,809	1.0 percent	10 percent	<u>\$</u> 2,400
201.4	7,810 to 9,769	1.1 percent	10 percent	<u>\$</u> 2,330
201.5	9,770 to 13,699	1.2 percent	10 percent	<u>\$</u> 2,280
201.6	13,700 to 17,609	1.3 percent	15 percent	<u>\$</u> 2,210
201.7	17,610 to 19,559	1.4 percent	15 percent	<u>\$</u> 2,150
201.8	19,560 to 21,499	1.4 percent	20 percent	<u>\$</u> 2,100
201.9	21,500 to 25,429	1.5 percent	20 percent	<u>\$</u> 2,030
201.10	25,430 to 27,379	1.6 percent	20 percent	<u>\$</u> <u>1,980</u>
201.11	27,380 to 29,329	1.7 percent	25 percent	<u>\$</u> <u>1,980</u>
201.12	29,330 to 33,249	1.8 percent	25 percent	<u>\$</u> 1,980
201.13	33,250 to 35,189	1.9 percent	30 percent	<u>\$</u> 1,980
201.14	35,190 to 41,059	2.0 percent	30 percent	<u>\$</u> 1,980
201.15	41,060 to 46,919	2.0 percent	35 percent	<u>\$</u> 1,980
201.16	46,920 to 54,759	2.0 percent	40 percent	<u>\$</u> 1,980
201.17	54,760 to 56,699	2.0 percent	45 percent	<u>\$</u> 1,800
201.18	56,700 to 58,669	2.0 percent	45 percent	<u>\$</u> 1,620
201.19	58,670 to 60,629	2.0 percent	45 percent	<u>\$</u> 1,370
201.20	60,630 to 62,569	2.0 percent	50 percent	<u>\$</u> 1,190
201.21	62,570 to 64,539	2.0 percent	50 percent	<u>\$</u> 1,080
201.22	64,540 to 66,489	2.0 percent	50 percent	<u>\$</u> <u>600</u>
201.23	66,490 to 68,439	2.0 percent	50 percent	<u>\$</u> <u>230</u>

The credit is the amount calculated under this subdivision. No credit is allowed if the taxpayer's household income is \$68,440 or more.

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(b) The commissioner must annually adjust the dollar amounts of the income thresholds and the maximum refunds in paragraph (a), as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is 2022.

(c) The commissioner shall construct and make available to taxpayers a comprehensive table showing the rent constituting property taxes to be paid and refund allowed at various levels of income and assessment. The table shall follow the schedule of income percentages, maximums, and other provisions specified in paragraph (a), except that the commissioner may graduate the transition between income brackets. All refunds shall be computed in accordance with tables prepared and issued by the commissioner.

Subd. 4. Owner or managing agent to furnish rent certificate. (a) The owner or managing agent of any property for which rent is paid for occupancy as a homestead must

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turnish a certificate of rent paid to a person who is a renter on December 31, in the form
prescribed by the commissioner. If the renter moves before December 31, the owner or
managing agent may give the certificate to the renter at the time of moving, or mail the
certificate to the forwarding address if an address has been provided by the renter. The
certificate must be made available to the renter before February 1 of the year following the
year in which the rent was paid. The owner or managing agent must retain a duplicate of
each certificate or an equivalent record showing the same information for a period of three
years. The duplicate or other record must be made available to the commissioner upon
request.

(b) The commissioner may require the owner or managing agent, through a simple process, to furnish to the commissioner on or before March 1 a copy of each certificate of rent paid furnished to a renter for rent paid in the prior year. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the form pursuant to section 270C.30. The commissioner may require the Social Security number, individual taxpayer identification number, federal employer identification number, or Minnesota taxpayer identification number of the owner or managing agent who is required to furnish a certificate of rent paid under this paragraph. Before implementation, the commissioner, after consulting with representatives of owners or managing agents, shall develop an implementation and administration plan for the requirements of this paragraph that attempts to minimize financial burdens, administration and compliance costs, and takes into consideration existing systems of owners and managing agents.

Subd. 5. Eligibility; residency. (a) A taxpayer is eligible for the credit under this section if the taxpayer is an individual, other than a dependent, as defined under sections 151 and 152 of the Internal Revenue Code, disregarding section 152(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, who filed for a credit and who was a resident of this state during the taxable year for which the credit was claimed.

(b) In the case of a credit for rent constituting property taxes of a part-year Minnesota resident, the household income and rent constituting property taxes reflected in this computation shall be for the period of Minnesota residency only. Any rental expenses paid that may be reflected in arriving at federal adjusted gross income cannot be utilized for this computation.

(c) When two individuals of a household are able to meet the qualifications to claim a credit under this section, the individuals may determine among them as to which individual may claim the credit. If the individuals are unable to agree, the matter shall be referred to the commissioner of revenue whose decision shall be final.

including payments of special assessments imposed in lieu of ad valorem taxes, are payable

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203.4 at some time during the taxable year for which the taxpayer claimed the credit.

Subd. 6. Residents of nursing homes, intermediate care facilities, long-term care facilities, or facilities accepting housing support payments. (a) A taxpayer must not claim a credit under this section if the taxpayer is a resident of a nursing home, intermediate care facility, long-term residential facility, or a facility that accepts housing support payments whose rent constituting property taxes is paid pursuant to the Supplemental Security Income program under title XVI of the Social Security Act, the Minnesota supplemental aid program under sections 256D.35 to 256D.54, the medical assistance program pursuant to title XIX of the Social Security Act, or the housing support program under chapter 256I.

(b) If only a portion of the rent constituting property taxes is paid by these programs, the resident is eligible for a credit, but the credit calculated must be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is adjusted gross income, reduced by the total amount of income from the above sources other than vendor payments under the medical assistance program and the denominator of which is adjusted gross income, plus vendor payments under the medical assistance program, to determine the allowable credit.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), if the taxpayer was a resident of the nursing home, intermediate care facility, long-term residential facility, or facility for which the rent was paid for the claimant by the housing support program for only a portion of the taxable year covered by the claim, the taxpayer may compute rent constituting property taxes by disregarding the rent constituting property taxes from the nursing home or facility and may use only that amount of rent constituting property taxes or property taxes payable relating to that portion of the year when the taxpayer was not in the facility. The taxpayer's household income is the income for the entire taxable year covered by the claim.

Subd. 7. Credit for unmarried taxpayers residing in the same household. If a homestead is occupied by two or more renters who are not married to each other, the rent shall be deemed to be paid equally by each renter, and separate claims shall be filed by each renter. The income of each renter shall be each renter's household income for purposes of computing the amount of credit to be allowed.

Subd. 8. One claimant per household. Only one taxpayer per household per year is entitled to claim a credit under this section. In the case of a married taxpayer filing a separate return, only one spouse may claim the credit under this section. The credit amount for the

204.1	spouse that claims the credit must be calculated based on household income and not solely
204.2	on the income of the spouse.
204.3	Subd. 9. Proof of claim. (a) Every taxpayer claiming a credit under this section shall
204.4	supply to the commissioner of revenue, in support of the claim, proof of eligibility under
204.5	this section, including but not limited to amount of rent paid, name and address of owner
204.6	or managing agent of property rented, changes in household membership, and household
204.7	income.
204.8	(b) Taxpayers with a disability shall submit proof of disability in the form and manner
204.9	as the commissioner prescribes. The department may require examination and certification
204.10	by the taxpayer's physician or by a physician designated by the commissioner. The cost of
204.11	any examination shall be borne by the taxpayer, unless the examination proves the disability,
204.12	in which case the cost of the examination shall be borne by the commissioner.
204.13	(c) A determination of disability of a taxpayer by the Social Security Administration
204.14	under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act shall constitute presumptive proof of
204.15	disability.
204.16	Subd. 10. No relief allowed in certain cases. No claim for a credit under this section
204.17	shall be allowed if the commissioner determines that the claimant received tenancy to the
204.18	homestead primarily for the purpose of receiving a credit under this section and not for bona
204.19	fide residence purposes.
204.20	Subd. 11. Appropriation. The amount necessary to pay the refunds under this section
204.21	is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner.
204.22	Subd. 12. Simplified filing for individuals without an income tax liability. The
204.23	commissioner of revenue must establish a simplified filing process through which a taxpayer
204.24	who did not file an individual income tax return due to a lack of tax liability may file a
204.25	return to claim the credit under this section. The filing process and forms may be in the
204.26	form or manner determined by the commissioner, but must be designed to reduce the
204.27	complexity of the filing process and the time needed to file for individuals without an income
204.28	tax liability.
204.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
204.30	<u>31, 2021.</u>

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political subdivision thereof;

(vii) workers' compensation;

(viii) nontaxable strike benefits;

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205.1	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.02, is amended to read:
205.2	290A.02 PURPOSE.
205.3	The purpose of this chapter is to provide property tax relief to certain persons who own
205.4	or rent their homesteads.
205.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022
205.6	and following years.
205.7	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290A.03, subdivision 3, is amended
205.8	to read:
205.9	Subd. 3. <b>Income.</b> (a) "Income" means the sum of the following:
205.10	(1) federal adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code; and
205.11	(2) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (1):
205.12	(i) all nontaxable income;
205.13	(ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section 469,
205.14	paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity loss
205.15	carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;
205.16	(iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness of a
205.17	solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal Revenue
205.18	Code;
205.19	(iv) cash public assistance and relief;
205.20	(v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received
205.21	under the federal Social Security Act, Supplemental Security Income, and veterans benefits),
205.22	which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was funded exclusively
205.23	by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded from federal adjusted
205.24	gross income in the years when the payments were made;

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(vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality or

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206.1	(ix) the gross amounts of paymo	ents received in the na	uture of disability inc	ome or sick
206.2	pay as a result of accident, sickness	s, or other disability, w	whether funded throu	gh insurance
206.3	or otherwise;			
206.4	(x) a lump-sum distribution und	ler section 402(e)(3) o	of the Internal Revenu	ue Code of
206.5	1986, as amended through Decemb	per 31, 1995;		
206.6	(xi) contributions made by the c	claimant to an individ	ual retirement accour	nt, including
206.7	a qualified voluntary employee cor	ntribution; simplified of	employee pension pla	an;
206.8	self-employed retirement plan; cash	h or deferred arrangen	nent plan under section	on 401(k) of
206.9	the Internal Revenue Code; or defer	red compensation plan	n under section 457 o	f the Internal
206.10	Revenue Code, to the extent the sur	m of amounts exceeds	s the retirement base	amount for
206.11	the claimant and spouse;			
206.12	(xii) to the extent not included i	n federal adjusted gro	ss income, distribution	ons received
206.13	by the claimant or spouse from a tr	aditional or Roth style	e retirement account	or plan;
206.14	(xiii) nontaxable scholarship or	fellowship grants;		
206.15	(xiv) alimony received to the ex	stent not included in the	ne recipient's income	;
206.16	(xv) the amount of deduction all	lowed under section 2	20 or 223 of the Inter	rnal Revenue
206.17	Code;			
206.18	(xvi) the amount deducted for tu	ition expenses under s	ection 222 of the Inter	rnal Revenue
206.19	Code; and			
206.20	(xvii) the amount deducted for o	certain expenses of ele	ementary and second	ary school
206.21	teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D)	of the Internal Reven	ue Code.	
206.22	In the case of an individual who	o files an income tax r	eturn on a fiscal year	basis, the
206.23	term "federal adjusted gross income	e" shall mean federal a	adjusted gross incom-	e reflected in

206.22 206.23 the fiscal year ending in the calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income shall not be reduced 206.24 by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss carryback or carryforward allowed for the year. 206.26

(b) "Income" does not include:

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(1) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and 102; 206.28

(2) amounts of any pension or annuity which was exclusively funded by the claimant 206.29 or spouse and which funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross 206.30 income in the years when the payments were made; 206.31

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207.1	(3) to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, amounts contributed by the
207.2	claimant or spouse to a traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan, but not to exceed
207.3	the retirement base amount reduced by the amount of contributions excluded from federal
207.4	adjusted gross income, but not less than zero;
207.5	(4) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;
207.6	(5) relief granted under this chapter;
207.7	(6) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution or
207.8	legal separation;
207.9	(7) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as
207.10	defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001,
207.11	Public Law 107-16;
207.12	(8) alimony paid; or
207.13	(9) veterans disability compensation paid under title 38 of the United States Code.
207.14	(c) The sum of the following amounts may be subtracted from income:
207.15	(1) for the claimant's first dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.4;
207.16	(2) for the claimant's second dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.3;
207.17	(3) for the claimant's third dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.2;
207.18	(4) for the claimant's fourth dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.1;
207.19	(5) for the claimant's fifth dependent, the exemption amount; and
207.20	(6) if the claimant or claimant's spouse had a disability or attained the age of 65 on or
207.21	before December 31 of the year for which the taxes were levied or rent paid, the exemption
207.22	amount.
207.23	(d) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given:
207.24	(1) "exemption amount" means the exemption amount under section 290.0121,
207.25	subdivision 1, paragraph (b), for the taxable year for which the income is reported;
207.26	(2) "retirement base amount" means the deductible amount for the taxable year for the
207.27	claimant and spouse under section 219(b)(5)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted for
207.28	inflation as provided in section 219(b)(5)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard

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207.29 to whether the claimant or spouse claimed a deduction; and

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208.1	(3) "traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan" means retirement plans under
208.2	sections 401, 403, 408, 408A, and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 208.3 and following years. 208.4

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. Homestead. "Homestead" means the dwelling occupied as the claimant's principal residence and so much of the land surrounding it, not exceeding ten acres, as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home and any other property used for purposes of a homestead as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22, except for agricultural land assessed as part of a homestead pursuant to section 273.13, subdivision 23, "homestead" 208.10 208.11 is limited to the house and garage and immediately surrounding one acre of land. The homestead may be owned or rented and may be as a part of a multidwelling or multipurpose 208.12 building and the land on which it is built. A manufactured home, as defined in section 208.13 273.125, subdivision 8, or a park trailer taxed as a manufactured home under section 168.012, 208.14 subdivision 9, assessed as personal property may be a dwelling for purposes of this 208.15 208.16 subdivision.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 208.17 and following years. 208.18
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.03, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 208.19
- Subd. 8. Claimant. (a) "Claimant" means a person, other than a dependent, as defined 208.20 under sections 151 and 152 of the Internal Revenue Code disregarding section 152(b)(3) 208 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, who filed a claim authorized by this chapter and who was a 208.22 resident of this state as provided in chapter 290 during the calendar year for which the claim 208.23 for relief was filed. 208.24
  - (b) In the case of a claim relating to rent constituting property taxes, the claimant shall have resided in a rented or leased unit on which ad valorem taxes or payments made in lieu of ad valorem taxes, including payments of special assessments imposed in lieu of ad valorem taxes, are payable at some time during the calendar year covered by the claim.
  - (c) "Claimant" shall not include a resident of a nursing home, intermediate care facility, long-term residential facility, or a facility that accepts housing support payments whose rent constituting property taxes is paid pursuant to the Supplemental Security Income program under title XVI of the Social Security Act, the Minnesota supplemental aid program

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under sections 256D.35 to 256D.54, the medical assistance program pursuant to title XIX of the Social Security Act, or the housing support program under chapter 256I.

If only a portion of the rent constituting property taxes is paid by these programs, the resident shall be a claimant for purposes of this chapter, but the refund calculated pursuant to section 290A.04 shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is income as defined in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and (b), reduced by the total amount of income from the above sources other than vendor payments under the medical assistance program and the denominator of which is income as defined in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and (b), plus vendor payments under the medical assistance program, to determine the allowable refund pursuant to this chapter.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (e), if the claimant was a resident of the nursing home, intermediate care facility, long-term residential facility, or facility for which the rent was paid for the claimant by the housing support program for only a portion of the calendar year covered by the claim, the claimant may compute rent constituting property taxes by disregarding the rent constituting property taxes from the nursing home or facility and use only that amount of rent constituting property taxes or property taxes payable relating to that portion of the year when the claimant was not in the facility. The claimant's household income is the income for the entire calendar year covered by the claim.

(e) In the case of a claim for rent constituting property taxes of a part-year Minnesota resident, the income and rent reflected in this computation shall be for the period of Minnesota residency only. Any rental expenses paid which may be reflected in arriving at federal adjusted gross income cannot be utilized for this computation. When two individuals of a household are able to meet the qualifications for a claimant, they may determine among them as to who the claimant shall be. If they are unable to agree, the matter shall be referred to the commissioner of revenue whose decision shall be final. If a homestead property owner was a part-year Minnesota resident, the income reflected in the computation made pursuant to section 290A.04 shall be for the entire calendar year, including income not assignable to Minnesota.

(f) If a homestead is occupied by two or more renters, who are not married to each other, the rent shall be deemed to be paid equally by each, and separate claims shall be filed by each. The income of each shall be each renter's household income for purposes of computing the amount of credit to be allowed.

209.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 and following years.

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Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.03, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
Subd. 12. Gross rent. (a) "Gross rent" means rent paid for the right of occupancy, at

furnished by the landlord as a part of the rental agreement, whether expressly set out in the

arm's length, of a site on which a homestead, exclusive of charges for any medical services

210.5 rental agreement or not which is a manufactured home as defined in section 273.125,

subdivision 8, including a manufactured home located in a manufactured home community

owned by a cooperative organized under chapter 308A or 308B, and park trailers taxed as

manufactured homes under section 168.012, subdivision 9, is located.

- (b) The gross rent of a resident of a nursing home or intermediate care facility is \$500 per month. The gross rent of a resident of an adult foster care home is \$780 per month. The commissioner shall annually adjust the amounts in this paragraph as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is 2018.
- (e) (b) If the landlord and tenant have not dealt with each other at arm's length and the commissioner determines that the gross rent charged was excessive, the commissioner may adjust the gross rent to a reasonable amount for purposes of this chapter.
- 210.16 (d) (c) Any amount paid by a claimant residing in property assessed pursuant to section 273.124, subdivision 3, 4, 5, or 6 for occupancy in that property shall be excluded from 210.18 gross rent for purposes of this chapter. However, property taxes imputed to the homestead of the claimant or the dwelling unit occupied by the claimant that qualifies for homestead 210.20 treatment pursuant to section 273.124, subdivision 3, 4, 5, or 6 shall be included within the 210.21 term "property taxes payable" as defined in subdivision 13, to the extent allowed, 210.22 notwithstanding the fact that ownership is not in the name of the claimant.
- 210.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 and following years.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Refund.** A refund shall be allowed each claimant in the amount that property taxes payable or rent constituting property taxes exceed the percentage of the household income of the claimant specified in subdivision 2 or 2n in the year for which the taxes were levied or in the year in which the rent was paid as specified in subdivision 2 or 2n. If the amount of property taxes payable or rent constituting property taxes is equal to or less than the percentage of the household income of the claimant specified in subdivision 2 or 2n in the year for which the taxes were levied or in the year in which the rent was paid, the claimant shall not be eligible for a state refund pursuant to this section.

Item 11. Article 8 Sec. 11. 210

	HF3669 THIRD ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	EAP	Н3669-3	
211.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sec	tion is effective for cla	ims based on rent	paid in 2022	
211.2	and following years.				
211.3	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020	, section 290A.04, sub	edivision 4, is ame	nded to read:	
211.4	Subd. 4. Inflation adjustment.	The commissioner sh	all annually adjust	the dollar	
211.5	amounts of the income thresholds as	nd the maximum refund	ds under <del>subdivisi</del> c	<del>ons</del> subdivision	
211.6	2 <del>and 2a</del> as provided in section 270	C.22. The statutory ye	ear is 2018.		
211.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sec	tion is effective for cla	ims based on rent	paid in 2022	
211.8	and following years.				
211.9	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020	, section 290A.05, is a	mended to read:		
211.10	290A.05 COMBINED HOUSI	EHOLD INCOME <u>; R</u>	ENTAL AGREE	MENTS AND	
211.11	REDUCTION OF PROPERTY	TAXES PAYABLE.			
211.12	(a) If a person occupies a home	stead with another per	son not related to	the person as	
211.13	the person's spouse, excluding deper	ndents, roomers or boar	ders on contract, a	nd has property	
211.14	tax payable with respect to the home	estead, the household in	come of the claima	ent or claimants	
211.15	for the purpose of computing the re	fund allowed by section	on 290A.04 shall ii	nclude the total	
211.16	income received by the other person	as residing in the homes	stead. For purposes	of this section,	
211.17	"dependent" includes a parent of the claimant or spouse who lives in the claimant's homestead				
211.18	and does not have an ownership in	terest in the homestead	1.		
211.19	(b) If a person occupies a home	stead with another per	son or persons not	related to the	
211.20	person as the person's spouse or as	dependents, <del>the proper</del>	ty tax payable or re	ent constituting	
211.21	property tax shall be reduced as fol	<del>lows.</del>			
211.22	Hand the other person or perso	ns are residing at the h	omestead under <u>a</u>	rental or lease	
211.23	agreement with the homeowner, th	e amount of property t	ax payable <del>or rent</del>	-constituting	
211.24	property tax shall be equals that po	rtion not covered by th	ne rental agreemen	ıt.	
211.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sec	tion is effective for cla	ims based on rent	paid in 2022	
211.26	and property taxes payable in 2023				
211.27	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020	, section 290A.07, sub	division 2a, is am	ended to read:	

211.30 273.125, subdivision 8, paragraph (c), or a park trailer taxed as a manufactured home under

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Subd. 2a. Time of payment to renter or manufactured home homeowner. A claimant

who is a renter or a homeowner who occupies a manufactured home, as defined in section

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212.1	section 168.012, subdivision 9, shall receive full payment after August 1 and before August
212.2	15 or 60 days after receipt of the application, whichever is later.

- 212.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 and following years.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.08, is amended to read:

#### 290A.08 ONE CLAIMANT PER HOUSEHOLD.

- Only one claimant per household per year is entitled to relief under this chapter. Payment of the claim for relief may be made payable to the spouses as one claimant. The commissioner, upon written request, may issue separate checks, to the spouses for one-half of the relief provided the original check has not been issued or has been returned. Individuals related as spouses who were married during the year may elect to file a joint claim which shall include each spouse's income, rent constituting property taxes, and property taxes payable. Spouses who were married for the entire year and were domiciled in the same household for the entire year must file a joint claim. The maximum dollar amount allowable for a joint claim shall not exceed the amount that one person could receive.
- 212.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 and following years.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.09, is amended to read:

#### 212.19 **290A.09 PROOF OF CLAIM.**

- Every claimant shall supply to the commissioner of revenue, in support of the claim,
  proof of eligibility under this chapter, including but not limited to amount of rent paid or
  property taxes accrued, name and address of owner or managing agent of property rented,
  changes in homestead, household membership, household income, size and nature of property
  claimed as a homestead.
- Persons with a disability filing claims shall submit proof of disability in the form and manner as the commissioner may prescribe. The department may require examination and certification by the claimant's physician or by a physician designated by the commissioner. The cost of any examination shall be borne by the claimant, unless the examination proves the disability, in which case the cost of the examination shall be borne by the commissioner.
- A determination of disability of a claimant by the Social Security Administration under Title II or Title XVI of the Social Security Act shall constitute presumptive proof of disability.

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213.1	EFFECTIVE DATE.	This section i	s effective for	claims	based	on rent	paid in	2022
213.2	and following years.							

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Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.091, is amended to read:

#### 290A.091 CLAIMS OF TENANTS IN LEASEHOLD COOPERATIVES.

The cooperative manager of a leasehold cooperative shall furnish a statement to each tenant by March 31 of the year in which the property tax is payable showing each unit's share of the gross property tax and each unit's share of any property tax credits. Each tenant may apply for a property tax refund under this chapter as a homeowner based on each tenant's share of property taxes. The tenant may not include any rent constituting property taxes paid on that unit claim the renter's credit under section 290.0693. For the purposes of this section, a leasehold cooperative is formed on the day that leasehold cooperative status is granted by the appropriate county official.

213.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 213.14 and following years.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.13, is amended to read:

#### 290A.13 NO RELIEF ALLOWED IN CERTAIN CASES.

No claim for relief under this chapter shall be allowed if the commissioner determines that the claimant received title or tenancy to the homestead primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this chapter and not for bona fide residence purposes.

213.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 and following years.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.19, is amended to read:

#### 290A.19 OWNER OR MANAGING AGENT TO FURNISH RENT CERTIFICATE.

(a) The park owner or managing agent of any of a property for which rent is paid for 213.24 occupancy as a homestead must furnish a certificate of rent paid to a person who is a renter 213.25 on December 31, in the form prescribed by the commissioner. If the renter moves before 213.26 December 31, the park owner or managing agent may give the certificate to the renter at 213.27 the time of moving, or mail the certificate to the forwarding address if an address has been 213.28 provided by the renter. The certificate must be made available to the renter before February 213.29 1 of the year following the year in which the rent was paid. The park owner or managing 213.30 agent must retain a duplicate of each certificate or an equivalent record showing the same 213.31

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information for a period of three years. The duplicate or other record must be made available
to the commissioner upon request.

- (b) The commissioner may require the <u>park</u> owner or <u>managing agent</u>, through a simple process, to furnish to the commissioner on or before March 1 a copy of each certificate of rent paid furnished to a renter for rent paid in the prior year. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the form pursuant to section 270C.30. Prior to implementation, the commissioner, after consulting with representatives of <u>park</u> owners or <u>managing agents</u>, shall develop an implementation and administration plan for the requirements of this paragraph that attempts to minimize financial burdens, administration and compliance costs, and takes into consideration existing systems of <u>park</u> owners and <u>managing agents</u>.
- (c) For the purposes of this section, "owner" includes "park owner" means a park owner as defined under section 327C.01, subdivision 6, and "property" includes a lot as defined under section 327C.01, subdivision 3.
- 214.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 and following years.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.25, is amended to read:

## 214.18 **290A.25 VERIFICATION OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS.**

- Annually, the commissioner of revenue shall furnish a list to the county assessor containing the names and Social Security numbers of persons who have applied for both homestead classification under section 273.13 and a property tax refund as a renter under this chapter renter's credit under section 290.0693.
- Within 90 days of the notification, the county assessor shall investigate to determine if 214.23 the homestead classification was improperly claimed. If the property owner does not qualify, 214.24 the county assessor shall notify the county auditor who will determine the amount of 214.25 homestead benefits that has been improperly allowed. For the purpose of this section, 214.26 "homestead benefits" has the meaning given in section 273.124, subdivision 13b. The county 214.27 auditor shall send a notice to persons who owned the affected property at the time the 214.28 homestead application related to the improper homestead was filed, demanding 214.29 reimbursement of the homestead benefits plus a penalty equal to 100 percent of the homestead 214.30 benefits. The person notified may appeal the county's determination with the Minnesota 214.31 Tax Court within 60 days of the date of the notice from the county as provided in section 214 32 273.124, subdivision 13b. 214.33

Item 11. Article 8 Sec. 20. 214

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If the amount of homestead benefits and penalty is not paid within 60 days, and if no appeal has been filed, the county auditor shall certify the amount of taxes and penalty to the county treasurer. The county treasurer will add interest to the unpaid homestead benefits and penalty amounts at the rate provided for delinquent personal property taxes for the period beginning 60 days after demand for payment was made until payment. If the person notified is the current owner of the property, the treasurer may add the total amount of benefits, penalty, interest, and costs to the real estate taxes otherwise payable on the property in the following year. If the person notified is not the current owner of the property, the treasurer may collect the amounts due under the Revenue Recapture Act in chapter 270A, or use any of the powers granted in sections 277.20 and 277.21 without exclusion, to enforce payment of the benefits, penalty, interest, and costs, as if those amounts were delinquent tax obligations of the person who owned the property at the time the application related to the improperly allowed homestead was filed. The treasurer may relieve a prior owner of personal liability for the benefits, penalty, interest, and costs, and instead extend those amounts on the tax lists against the property for taxes payable in the following year to the extent that the current owner agrees in writing.

Any amount of homestead benefits recovered by the county from the property owner shall be distributed to the county, city or town, and school district where the property is located in the same proportion that each taxing district's levy was to the total of the three taxing districts' levy for the current year. Any amount recovered attributable to taconite homestead credit shall be transmitted to the St. Louis County auditor to be deposited in the taconite property tax relief account. Any amount recovered that is attributable to supplemental homestead credit is to be transmitted to the commissioner of revenue for deposit in the general fund of the state treasury. The total amount of penalty collected must be deposited in the county general fund.

215.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 and following years.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 462A.05, subdivision 24, is amended to read:

Subd. 24. Housing for elderly, persons with physical or developmental disabilities, and single parent families. (a) It may engage in housing programs for low- and moderate-income elderly, persons with physical or developmental disabilities, or single parent families in the case of home sharing programs, as defined by the agency, to provide grants or loans, with or without interest, for:

215.34 (1) accessibility improvements to residences occupied by elderly persons;

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(2) housing sponsors, as defined by the agency, of home sharing programs to match
existing homeowners with prospective tenants who will contribute either rent or services
to the homeowner, where either the homeowner or the prospective tenant is elderly, a person

216.5 (3) the construction of or conversion of existing buildings into structures for occupancy 216.6 by the elderly that contain from three to 12 private sleeping rooms with shared cooking 216.7 facilities and common space; and

with physical or developmental disabilities, or the head of a single parent family;

- (4) housing sponsors, as defined by the agency, to demonstrate the potential for home equity conversion in Minnesota for the elderly, in both rural and urban areas, and to determine the need in those equity conversions for consumer safeguards.
- (b) In making the grants or loans, the agency shall determine the terms and conditions of repayment and the appropriate security, if any, should repayment be required. The agency may provide technical assistance to sponsors of home sharing programs or may contract or delegate the provision of the technical assistance in accordance with section 462A.07, subdivision 12.
- (c) Housing sponsors who receive funding through these programs shall provide
  homeowners and tenants participating in a home sharing program with information regarding
  their rights and obligations as they relate to federal and state tax law including, but not
  limited to, taxable rental income, homestead classification under chapter 273, the renter's
  credit under section 290.0693, and the property tax refund act under chapter 290A.
- 216.21 <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 and following years.
- 216.23 Sec. 22. **REPEALER.**
- Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 290A.03, subdivisions 9 and 11; 290A.04, subdivisions
- 216.25 2a and 5; and 290A.23, subdivision 1, are repealed.
- 216.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims based on rent paid in 2022 and following years.

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ARTICLE 9

217.2 **PUBLIC FINANCE** 

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 123B.61, is amended to read:

### 123B.61 PURCHASE OF CERTAIN EQUIPMENT.

The board of a district may issue general obligation certificates of indebtedness or capital notes subject to the district debt limits to: (a) purchase vehicles, computers, telephone systems, cable equipment, photocopy and office equipment, technological equipment for instruction, and other capital equipment having an expected useful life at least as long as the terms of the certificates or notes; (b) purchase computer hardware and software, without regard to its expected useful life, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or unbundled, together with application development services and training related to the use of the computer; and (c) prepay special assessments. The certificates or notes must be payable in not more than ten 20 years and must be issued on the terms and in the manner determined by the board, except that certificates or notes issued to prepay special assessments must be payable in not more than 20 years. The certificates or notes may be issued by resolution and without the requirement for an election. The certificates or notes are general obligation bonds for purposes of section 126C.55. A tax levy must be made for the payment of the principal and interest on the certificates or notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds. The sum of the tax levies under this section and section 123B.62 for each year must not exceed the lesser of the amount of the district's total operating capital revenue or the sum of the district's levy in the general and community service funds excluding the adjustments under this section for the year preceding the year the initial debt service levies are certified. The district's general fund levy for each year must be reduced by the sum of (1) the amount of the tax levies for debt service certified for each year for payment of the principal and interest on the certificates or notes issued under this section as required by section 475.61, (2) the amount of the tax levies for debt service certified for each year for payment of the principal and interest on bonds issued under section 123B.62, and (3) any excess amount in the debt redemption fund used to retire bonds, certificates, or notes issued under this section or section 123B.62 after April 1, 1997, other than amounts used to pay capitalized interest. If the district's general fund levy is less than the amount of the reduction, the balance shall be deducted first from the district's community service fund levy, and next from the district's general fund or community service fund levies for the following year. A district using an excess amount in the debt redemption fund to retire the certificates or notes shall report the amount used for this purpose to the commissioner by July 15 of the following fiscal year. A district having an outstanding capital loan under

Item 11. Article 9 Section 1. 217

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section 126C.69 or an outstanding debt service loan under section 126C.68 must not use an 218.1 excess amount in the debt redemption fund to retire the certificates or notes. 218.2

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 366.095, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Certificates of indebtedness. The town board may issue certificates of indebtedness within the debt limits for a town purpose otherwise authorized by law. The certificates shall be payable in not more than ten 20 years and be issued on the terms and in the manner as determined by the board may determine, provided that notes issued for projects that eliminate R-22, as defined in section 240A.09, paragraph (b), clause (2), must be payable in not more than 20 years. If the amount of the certificates to be issued exceeds 0.25 percent of the estimated market value of the town, they shall not be issued for at least ten days after publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the town of the board's resolution determining to issue them. If within that time, a petition asking for an election on the proposition signed by voters equal to ten percent of the number of voters at the last regular town election is filed with the clerk, the certificates shall not be issued until their issuance has been approved by a majority of the votes cast on the question at a regular or special election. A tax levy shall be made to pay the principal and interest on the certificates as in the case of bonds.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 373.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 218.18
- Subd. 3. Capital notes. (a) A county board may, by resolution and without referendum, 218.19 issue capital notes subject to the county debt limit to purchase capital equipment useful for 218.20 county purposes that has an expected useful life at least equal to the term of the notes. The 218.21 notes shall be payable in not more than ten 20 years and shall be issued on the terms and in 218.22 a the manner determined by the board determines. A tax levy shall be made for payment of the principal and interest on the notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of 218.24 218.25 bonds.
- (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "capital equipment" means: 218.26
- 218.27 (1) public safety, ambulance, road construction or maintenance, and medical equipment, and other capital equipment; and 218.28
- (2) computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or 218.29 unbundled, together with application development services and training related to the use 218.30 218.31 of the computer hardware or software.

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Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 383B.117, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Equipment acquisition; capital notes. The board may, by resolution and without public referendum, issue capital notes within existing debt limits for the purpose of purchasing ambulance and other medical equipment, road construction or maintenance equipment, public safety equipment and other capital equipment having an expected useful life at least equal to the term of the notes issued. The notes shall be payable in not more than ten 20 years and shall be issued on the terms and in a the manner as determined by the board determines, provided that notes issued for projects that eliminate R-22, as defined in section 240A.09, paragraph (b), clause (2), must be payable in not more than 20 years. The total principal amount of the notes issued for any fiscal year shall not exceed one percent of the total annual budget for that year and shall be issued solely for the purchases authorized in this subdivision. A tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on such notes as in the case of bonds. For purposes of this subdivision, "equipment" includes computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or unbundled. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "medical equipment" includes computer hardware and software and other intellectual property for use in medical diagnosis, medical procedures, research, record keeping, billing, and other hospital applications, together with application development services and training related to the use of the computer hardware and software and other intellectual property, all without regard to their useful life. For purposes of determining the amount of capital notes which the county may issue in any year, the budget of the county and Hennepin Healthcare System, Inc. shall be combined and the notes issuable under this subdivision shall be in addition to obligations issuable under section 373.01, subdivision 3.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 410.32, is amended to read:

### 410.32 CITIES MAY ISSUE CAPITAL NOTES FOR CAPITAL EQUIPMENT.

- (a) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of other law or charter, a home rule charter city may, by resolution and without public referendum, issue capital notes subject to the city debt limit to purchase capital equipment.
- (b) For purposes of this section, "capital equipment" means:
- 219.30 (1) public safety equipment, ambulance and other medical equipment, road construction 219.31 and maintenance equipment, and other capital equipment; and

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(2) computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or
unbundled, together with application development services and training related to the use
of the computer hardware and software.

- (c) The equipment or software must have an expected useful life at least as long as the term of the notes.
- (d) The notes shall be payable in not more than ten 20 years and be issued on the terms and in the manner determined by the city determines, provided that notes issued for projects that eliminate R-22, as defined in section 240A.09, paragraph (b), clause (2), must be payable in not more than 20 years. The total principal amount of the capital notes issued in a fiscal year shall not exceed 0.03 percent of the estimated market value of taxable property in the 220.10 city for that year. 220.11
- 220.12 (e) A tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on the notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds. 220.13
- (f) Notes issued under this section shall require an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the 220.14 governing body of the city. 220.15
- (g) Notwithstanding a contrary provision of other law or charter, a home rule charter 220.16 city may also issue capital notes subject to its debt limit in the manner and subject to the 220.17 limitations applicable to statutory cities pursuant to section 412.301. 220.18
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 412.301, is amended to read: 220.19

#### 412.301 FINANCING PURCHASE OF CERTAIN EQUIPMENT. 220.20

- (a) The council may issue certificates of indebtedness or capital notes subject to the city 220.21 debt limits to purchase capital equipment. 220.22
- (b) For purposes of this section, "capital equipment" means: 220.23
- (1) public safety equipment, ambulance and other medical equipment, road construction 220.24 and maintenance equipment, and other capital equipment; and 220.25
- (2) computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or 220.26 unbundled, together with application development services and training related to the use 220.27 of the computer hardware or software. 220.28
- (c) The equipment or software must have an expected useful life at least as long as the 220.29 terms of the certificates or notes. 220.30

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- (e) If the amount of the certificates or notes to be issued to finance any such purchase exceeds 0.25 percent of the estimated market value of taxable property in the city, they shall not be issued for at least ten days after publication in the official newspaper of a council resolution determining to issue them; and if before the end of that time, a petition asking for an election on the proposition signed by voters equal to ten percent of the number of voters at the last regular municipal election is filed with the clerk, such certificates or notes shall not be issued until the proposition of their issuance has been approved by a majority of the votes cast on the question at a regular or special election.
- 221.13 (f) A tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on such certificates or notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds.

# 221.15 ARTICLE 10 221.16 MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 3.8855, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. **Duties.** (a) In the first For not more than three years after the commission is established, the commission must complete an initial review of the state's tax expenditures. The initial review must identify the purpose of each of the state's tax expenditures, if none was identified in the enacting legislation in accordance with section 3.192. The commission may also identify metrics for evaluating the effectiveness of an expenditure.
- (b) In each year following the initial review under paragraph (a), the commission must 221.24 review and evaluate Minnesota's tax expenditures on a regular, rotating basis. The 221.25 221.26 commission must establish a review schedule that ensures each tax expenditure will be reviewed by the commission at least once every ten years. The commission may review 221.27 expenditures affecting similar constituencies or policy areas in the same year, but the 221.28 commission must review a subset of the tax expenditures within each tax type each year. 221.29 To the extent possible, the commission must review a similar number of tax expenditures 221.30 within each tax type each year. The commission may decide not to review a tax expenditure that is adopted by reference to federal law. 221.32

Item 11. Article 10 Section 1. 221

222.1	(c) Before December 1 of the year a tax expenditure is included in a commission report,
222.2	the commission must hold a public hearing on the expenditure, including but not limited to
222.3	a presentation of the review components in subdivision 5.
222.4	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
222.5	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 3.8855, subdivision 7, is amended
222.6	to read:
222.7	Subd. 7. Report to legislature. (a) By December 15 of each year, the commission must
222.8	submit a written report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over tax policy. The
222.9	report must detail the results of the commission's review of tax expenditures in for the
222.10	previous calendar year, including the review components detailed in subdivision 5.
222.11	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), during the period of initial review under subdivision
222.12	4, the report may be limited to the purpose statements and metrics for evaluating the
222.13	effectiveness of expenditures, as identified by the commission. The report may also include
222.14	relevant publicly available data on an expenditure.
222.15	(c) The report may include any additional information the commission deems relevant
222.16	to the review of an expenditure.
222.17	(d) The legislative committees with jurisdiction over tax policy must hold a public
222.18	hearing on the report during the regular legislative session in the year following the year in
222.19	which the report was submitted.
222.20	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
222.21	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 16A.152, subdivision 2, is amended
222.22	to read:
222.23	Subd. 2. Additional revenues; priority. (a) If on the basis of a forecast of general fund
222.24	revenues and expenditures, the commissioner of management and budget determines that
222.25	there will be a positive unrestricted budgetary general fund balance at the close of the
222.26	biennium, the commissioner of management and budget must allocate money to the following
222.27	accounts and purposes in priority order:

(2) the budget reserve account established in subdivision 1a until that account reaches \$2,377,399,000;

(1) the cash flow account established in subdivision 1 until that account reaches

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\$350,000,000;

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223.1	(3) the amount necessary to increase the aid payment schedule for school district aids
223.2	and credits payments in section 127A.45 to not more than 90 percent rounded to the nearest
223.3	tenth of a percent without exceeding the amount available and with any remaining funds
223.4	deposited in the budget reserve;
223.5	(4) the amount necessary to restore all or a portion of the net aid reductions under section
223.6	127A.441 and to reduce the property tax revenue recognition shift under section 123B.75,
223.7	subdivision 5, by the same amount;

- (5) the amount necessary to increase the Minnesota 21st century fund by not more than the difference between \$5,000,000 and the sum of the amounts credited and canceled to it in the previous 12 months under Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 1, section 11, until the sum of all transfers under this section and all amounts credited or canceled under Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 1, section 11, equals \$20,000,000; and
- (6) for a forecast in November only, the amount remaining after the transfer under clause 223.13 (5) must be used to reduce the percentage of accelerated June liability mortgage registry, 223.14 deed, sales, cigarette and tobacco, and liquor tax payments required under sections 223.15 287.12, paragraph (c); 287.29, subdivision 1, paragraph (c); 289A.20, subdivision 4, 223.16 paragraph (b); 297F.09, subdivision 10; and 297G.09, subdivision 9, until the percentage 223.17 equals zero, rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent. By March 15 following the November 223.18 forecast, the commissioner must provide the commissioner of revenue with the percentage 223.19 of accelerated June liability owed based on the reduction required by this clause. By April 15 each year, the commissioner of revenue must certify the percentage of June liability 223.21 owed by vendors, counties, and distributors based on the reduction required by this clause.; 223.22 and 223.23
  - (7) for a forecast in November only, the amount remaining after the transfer under clause (6) must be used to decrease the percentage of the aids payable in calendar year 2023 and every year thereafter for the payments due on July 20 under section 477A.015 until the percentage equals zero, rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent. By January 15 following the November forecast, the commissioner must provide the commissioner of revenue with the percentage reduction in the payments due on July 20, based on the reductions required by this clause. By February 15 each year, the commissioner of revenue must notify local taxing jurisdictions of the percentage reduction for the payments due on July 20, based on the reduction of the payments due on July 20 required by this clause.
- (b) The amounts necessary to meet the requirements of this section are appropriated from the general fund within two weeks after the forecast is released or, in the case of

Item 11. Article 10 Sec. 3. 223

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transfers under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), as necessary to meet the appropriations schedules otherwise established in statute.

- (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall certify the total dollar amount of the reductions under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), to the commissioner of education. The commissioner of education shall increase the aid payment percentage and reduce the property tax shift percentage by these amounts and apply those reductions to the current fiscal year and thereafter.
  - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2022.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270A.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Claimant agency. "Claimant agency" means any state agency, as defined by 224.10 section 14.02, subdivision 2, the regents of the University of Minnesota, any district court 224.11 of the state, any county, any statutory or home rule charter city, including a city that is 224.12 presenting a claim for a municipal hospital or a public library or a municipal ambulance 224.13 service, a hospital district, a private nonprofit hospital that leases its building from the county or city in which it is located, any ambulance service licensed under chapter 144E, any public 224.15 agency responsible for child support enforcement, any public agency responsible for the 224.16 collection of court-ordered restitution, and any public agency established by general or 224.17 special law that is responsible for the administration of a low-income housing program. 224.18
- 224.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 287.12, is amended to read:
- **224.21 287.12 TAXES, HOW APPORTIONED.**
- (a) All taxes paid to the county treasurer under the provisions of sections 287.01 to 224.23 287.12 must be apportioned, 97 percent to the general fund of the state, and three percent to the county revenue fund.
- (b) On or before the 20th day of each month the county treasurer shall determine and pay to the commissioner of revenue for deposit in the state treasury and credit to the general fund the state's portion of the receipts from the mortgage registry tax during the preceding month subject to the electronic payment requirements of section 270C.42. The county treasurer shall provide any related reports requested by the commissioner of revenue.
- (c) Counties must remit 100 percent of the state's portion of the June receipts collected through June 25, or a reduced percentage of the June receipts as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), and 100 percent of the

Item 11. Article 10 Sec. 5. 224

225.1	estimated state's portion of the receipts to be collected during the remainder of the month
225.2	or a reduced percentage of the June receipts as certified by the commissioner under section
225.3	16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), to the commissioner of revenue two
225.4	business days before June 30 of each year. The remaining amount of the June receipts is
225.5	due on August 20. This paragraph expires after the percentage of estimated payment is
225.6	reduced to zero in accordance with section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause
225.7	<u>(6).</u>
225.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for remittances required after July 1,
225.9	2022.
225.10	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 287.29, is amended to read:
225.11	287.29 PAYMENT OF RECEIPTS TO STATE GENERAL FUND; REPORTS.
225.12	Subdivision 1. <b>Appointment and payment of tax proceeds.</b> (a) The proceeds of the
225.13	taxes levied and collected under sections 287.21 to 287.385 must be apportioned, 97 percent
225.14	to the general fund of the state, and three percent to the county revenue fund.
225.15	(b) On or before the 20th day of each month, the county treasurer shall determine and
225.16	pay to the commissioner of revenue for deposit in the state treasury and credit to the general
225.17	fund the state's portion of the receipts for deed tax from the preceding month subject to the
225.18	electronic transfer requirements of section 270C.42. The county treasurer shall provide any
225.19	related reports requested by the commissioner of revenue.
225.20	(c) Counties must remit 100 percent of the state's portion of the June receipts collected
225.21	through June 25, or a reduced percentage of the June receipts as certified by the commissioner
225.22	under section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), and 100 percent of the
225.23	estimated state's portion of the receipts to be collected during the remainder of the month
225.24	or a reduced percentage of the June receipts as certified by the commissioner under section
225.25	16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), to the commissioner of revenue two
225.26	business days before June 30 of each year. The remaining amount of the June receipts is
225.27	due on August 20. This paragraph expires after the percentage of estimated payment is
225.28	reduced to zero in accordance with section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause
225.29	<u>(6).</u>
225.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for remittances required after July 1,
225.31	2022.

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 287.31, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. Underpayments of accelerated payment of June tax receipts. (a) If a county fails to timely remit the state portion of the actual June tax receipts at the time required by section 287.12 or 287.29, the county shall pay a penalty equal to ten percent of the state portion of actual June receipts, or a reduced percentage of the June receipts as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), less the amount remitted to the commissioner of revenue in June. The penalty must not be imposed, however, if the amount remitted in June equals either:
- (1) 90 percent of the state's portion of the preceding May's receipts, or a reduced percentage of the May receipts using the reduced percentage for June receipts as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6); or
- (2) 90 percent of the average monthly amount of the state's portion for the previous calendar year, or a reduced percentage of the average receipts using the reduced percentage for June receipts as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6).
- 226.16 (b) This subdivision expires after the percentage of estimated payment is reduced to 226.17 zero in accordance with section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6).
- 226.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for remittances required after July 1, 226.19 2022.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 2. **Homeowners; homestead credit refund.** A claimant whose property taxes payable are in excess of the percentage of the household income stated below shall pay an amount equal to the percent of income shown for the appropriate household income level along with the percent to be paid by the claimant of the remaining amount of property taxes payable. The state refund equals the amount of property taxes payable that remain, up to the state refund amount shown below.

226.27 226.28 226.29	Household Income	Percent of Income	Percent Paid by Claimant	Maximum State Refund
226.30 226.31	\$0 to \$1,739 \$0 to \$1,939	1.0 percent	15 percent	\$\frac{2,770}{3,290}
226.32 226.33	1,740 to 3,459 \$1,940 to \$3,859	1.1 percent	15 percent	\$\frac{2,770}{3,290}
226.34 226.35	3,460 to 5,239 \$3,860 to \$5,849	1.2 percent	15 percent	\$\frac{2,770}{3,290}

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227.1	5,240 to 6,989	1.2	20	<del>2,770</del>
227.2	\$5,850 to \$7,799	1.3 percent	20 percent	\$ 3,290
227.3	6,990 to 8,719	1.4	20	<del>2,770</del>
227.4	\$7,800 to \$9,729	1.4 percent	20 percent	\$ 3,290
227.5	8,720 to 12,219	1.5	20	<del>2,770</del>
227.6	\$9,730 to \$13,639	1.5 percent	20 percent	\$ <u>3,290</u>
227.7	12,220 to 13,949	1.6	20	2,770
227.8	\$13,640 to \$15,569	1.6 percent	20 percent	\$ <u>3,290</u>
227.9	13,950 to 15,709	1.7	20	2,770
227.10	\$15,570 to \$17,529	1.7 percent	20 percent	\$ 3,290
227.11	15,710 to 17,449	1.0	20	2,770
227.12	\$17,530 to \$19,479	1.8 percent	20 percent	\$ 3,290
227.13	17,450 to 19,179	1.0	25	2,770
227.14	\$19,480 to \$21,409	1.9 percent	25 percent	\$ <u>3,290</u>
227.15	19,180 to 24,429	2.0 percent	2.5	<del>2,770</del>
227.16	\$21,410 to \$27,269	1.9 percent	25 percent	\$ 3,290
227.17	24,430 to 26,169	2.0 percent	20	<del>2,770</del>
227.18	\$27,270 to \$29,209	1.9 percent	30 percent	\$ 3,290
227.19	26,170 to 29,669	2.0 percent	20	<del>2,770</del>
227.20	\$29,210 to \$33,119	1.9 percent	30 percent	\$ <u>3,290</u>
227.21	29,670 to 41,859	2.0	35 percent	<del>2,770</del>
227.22	\$33,120 to \$46,719	2.0 percent	30 percent	\$ <u>3,290</u>
227.23	41,860 to 61,049	2.0	35 percent	<del>2,240</del>
227.24	\$46,720 to \$68,139	2.0 percent	30 percent	\$ <u>2,700</u>
227.25	61,050 to 69,769	2.0	40 percent	1,960
227.26	\$68,140 to \$77,869	2.0 percent	35 percent	\$ 2,390
227.27	69,770 to 78,499	- 4	4.0	1,620
227.28	\$77,870 to \$87,619	2.1 percent	40 percent	\$ <u>2,010</u>
227.29	78,500 to 87,219		4.0	1,450
227.30	\$87,620 to \$97,349	2.2 percent	40 percent	\$ <u>1,820</u>
227.31	87,220 to 95,939		40	1,270
227.32	\$97,350 to \$107,079	2.3 percent	40 percent	\$ <u>1,620</u>
227.33	95,940 to 101,179	2.4	4.5	1,070
227.34	\$107,080 to \$112,929	2.4 percent	45 percent	\$ <u>1,390</u>
227.35	101,180 to 104,689	2.5	45	890
227.36	\$112,930 to \$116,849	2.5 percent	45 percent	\$ <u>1,190</u>
227.37	104,690 to 108,919	2.5	<b>50</b>	<del>730</del>
227.38	\$116,850 to \$121,569	2.5 percent	50 percent	\$ <u>1,010</u>
227.39	108,920 to 113,149	2.5	<b>~</b> 0	<del>540</del>
227.40	\$121,570 to \$126,289	2.5 percent	50 percent	\$ 800
227.41	The payment made to a claim	mant shall be the amou	int of the state refund calc	ulated under

The payment made to a claimant shall be the amount of the state refund calculated under this subdivision. No payment is allowed if the claimant's household income is \$113,150 \\
227.43 \quad \frac{\$126,290}{227.43} \quad \text{or more.}

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims based on property taxes payable in 2023 and following years.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.04, subdivision 2h, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2h. **Additional refund.** (a) If the gross property taxes payable on a homestead increase more than 12 ten percent over the property taxes payable in the prior year on the same property that is owned and occupied by the same owner on January 2 of both years, and the amount of that increase is \$100 or more, a claimant who is a homeowner shall be allowed an additional refund equal to 60 percent of the amount of the increase over the greater of 12 ten percent of the prior year's property taxes payable or \$100. This subdivision shall not apply to any increase in the gross property taxes payable attributable to improvements made to the homestead after the assessment date for the prior year's taxes. This subdivision shall not apply to any increase in the gross property taxes payable attributable to the termination of valuation exclusions under section 273.11, subdivision 16.
- The maximum refund allowed under this subdivision is \$1,000 \$2,000.
- (b) For purposes of this subdivision "gross property taxes payable" means property taxes payable determined without regard to the refund allowed under this subdivision.
  - (c) In addition to the other proofs required by this chapter, each claimant under this subdivision shall file with the property tax refund return a copy of the property tax statement for taxes payable in the preceding year or other documents required by the commissioner.
  - (d) Upon request, the appropriate county official shall make available the names and addresses of the property taxpayers who may be eligible for the additional property tax refund under this section. The information shall be provided on a magnetic computer disk. The county may recover its costs by charging the person requesting the information the reasonable cost for preparing the data. The information may not be used for any purpose other than for notifying the homeowner of potential eligibility and assisting the homeowner, without charge, in preparing a refund claim.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for refund claims based on taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Inflation adjustment.** The commissioner shall annually adjust the dollar amounts of the income thresholds and the maximum refunds under subdivisions 2 and 2a

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- 229.1 as provided in section 270C.22. <u>The statutory year for subdivision 2 is 2022.</u> The statutory year for subdivision 2a is 2018.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims based on property taxes payable in 2024 and following years.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 297F.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Accelerated tax payment.** A cigarette distributor, tobacco products distributor, retailer, or out-of-state retailer having a liability of \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30, shall remit the June liability for the next year in the following manner:
- (a) Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2021, the distributor shall remit 229.10 the actual May liability and 87.5 percent of the estimated June liability to the commissioner 229.11 and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. Two business 229.12 days before June 30 of calendar year 2022 and each calendar year thereafter, the distributor 229.13 must remit the actual May liability and 84.5 percent, or a reduced percentage as certified 229.14 by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), of the 229.15 estimated June liability to the commissioner and file the return in the form and manner 229.16 prescribed by the commissioner. 229.17
- (b) On or before August 18 of the year, the distributor, retailer, or out-of-state retailer shall submit a return showing the actual June liability and pay any additional amount of tax not remitted in June. A penalty is imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability required to be paid in June, less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty is not imposed if the amount remitted in June equals:
- 229.23 (1) for calendar year 2021, the lesser of 87.5 percent of the actual June liability for that calendar year or 87.5 percent of the May liability for that calendar year; or
- (2) for calendar year 2022 and each calendar year thereafter, the lesser of 84.5 percent, or a reduced percentage as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 229.27 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), of the actual June liability for that calendar year or 84.5 percent, or a reduced percentage as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 229.29 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), of the May liability for that calendar year.
- 229.30 (c) This subdivision expires after the percentage of estimated payment is reduced to zero 229.31 in accordance with section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6).
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estimated payments required to be made after July 1, 2022.

Item 11. Article 10 Sec. 11. 229

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- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 297G.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Accelerated tax payment; penalty.** A person liable for tax under this chapter having a liability of \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30, shall remit the June liability for the next year in the following manner:
  - (a) Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2021, the taxpayer shall remit the actual May liability and 87.5 percent of the estimated June liability to the commissioner and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2022 and each calendar year thereafter, the distributor must remit the actual May liability and 84.5 percent, or a reduced percentage as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), of the estimated June liability to the commissioner and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.
- (b) On or before August 18 of the year, the taxpayer shall submit a return showing the actual June liability and pay any additional amount of tax not remitted in June. A penalty is imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability required to be paid in June less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty is not imposed if the amount remitted in June equals:
- 230.19 (1) for calendar year 2021, the lesser of 87.5 percent of the actual June liability for that calendar year or 87.5 percent of the May liability for that calendar year; or
- (2) for calendar year 2022 and each calendar year thereafter, the lesser of 84.5 percent, or a reduced percentage as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 230.23 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), of the actual June liability for that calendar year or 84.5 percent, or a reduced percentage as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 230.24 or a reduced percentage as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 230.25 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), of the May liability for that calendar year.
- 230.26 (c) This subdivision expires after the percentage of estimated payment is reduced to zero 230.27 in accordance with section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6).
- 230.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for estimated payments required to be made after July 1, 2022.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297H.13, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Allocation of revenues.** (a) \$33,760,000, or 70 percent, whichever is greater,

  Of the amounts remitted under this chapter, 73 percent in fiscal year 2023 and thereafter

  must be credited to the environmental fund established in section 16A.531, subdivision 1.

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231.1	(b) The remainder must be deposited into the general fund.
231.2	(c) Beginning in fiscal year 2023 and continuing each year thereafter, the difference
231.3	between the amount deposited in the environmental fund under paragraph (a) and the amount
231.4	that would have been deposited under paragraph (a) before being amended by this act must
231.5	be expended on activities listed in section 115A.557, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clauses
231.6	(1) to (7) and (9) to (11).
231.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
231.8	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 298.28, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:
231.9	Subd. 7a. Iron Range school consolidation and cooperatively operated school
231.10	account. (a) The following amounts must be allocated to the commissioner of Iron Range
231.11	resources and rehabilitation to be deposited in the Iron Range school consolidation and
231.12	cooperatively operated school account that is hereby created:
231.13	(1)(i) for distributions in 2015 through 2023 2043, ten cents per taxable ton of the tax
231.14	imposed under section 298.24; and
231.15	(ii) for distributions beginning in 2024 2044, five cents per taxable ton of the tax imposed
231.16	under section 298.24;
231.17	(2) the amount as determined under section 298.17, paragraph (b), clause (3); and
231.18	(3) any other amount as provided by law.
231.19	(b) Expenditures from this account may be approved as ongoing annual expenditures
231.20	and shall be made only to provide disbursements to assist school districts with the payment
231.21	of bonds that were issued for qualified school projects, or for any other school disbursement
231.22	as approved by the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation after consultation
231.23	with the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board. For purposes of this section,
231.24	"qualified school projects" means school projects within the taconite assistance area as
231.25	defined in section 273.1341, that were (1) approved, by referendum, after April 3, 2006;
231.26	and (2) approved by the commissioner of education pursuant to section 123B.71.
231.27	(c) Beginning in fiscal year 2019, the disbursement to school districts for payments for
231.28	bonds issued under section 123A.482, subdivision 9, must be increased each year to offset
231.29	any reduction in debt service equalization aid that the school district qualifies for in that

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year, under section 123B.53, subdivision 6, compared with the amount the school district

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231.31 qualified for in fiscal year 2018.

232.1	(d) No expenditure under this section shall be made unless approved by the commissioner
232.2	of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation after consultation with the Iron Range Resources
232.3	and Rehabilitation Board.
232.4	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
232.5	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 298.28, subdivision 9b, is amended to read:
232.6	Subd. 9b. <b>Taconite environmental fund.</b> Five cents per ton through distributions in
232.7	<u>2043</u> must be paid to the taconite environmental fund for use under section 298.2961,
232.8	subdivision 4. Beginning with distributions in 2044, ten cents per ton must be paid to the
232.9	taconite environmental fund of which five cents per ton must be used as provided under
232.10	section 298.2961, subdivision 4.
232.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
232.12	Sec. 16. [428B.01] DEFINITIONS.
232.13	Subdivision 1. Applicability. As used in sections 428B.01 to 428B.09, the terms in this
232.14	section have the meanings given them.
232.15	Subd. 2. Activity. "Activity" means but is not limited to all of the following:
232.16	(1) promotion of tourism within the district;
232.17	(2) promotion of business activity, including but not limited to tourism, of businesses
232.18	subject to the service charge within the tourism improvement district;
232.19	(3) marketing, sales, and economic development; and
232.20	(4) other services provided for the purpose of conferring benefits upon businesses located
232.21	in the tourism improvement district that are subject to the tourism improvement district
232.22	service charge.
232.23	Subd. 3. Business. "Business" means the type or class of lodging business that is
232.24	described in the municipality's ordinance, which benefits from district activities, adopted
232.25	under section 428B.02.
232.26	Subd. 4. <b>Business owner.</b> "Business owner" means a person recognized by a municipality
232.27	as the owner of a business.
232.28	Subd. 5. City. "City" means a home rule charter or statutory city.

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Subd. 6. Clerk. "Clerk" means the chief clerical officer of the municipality.

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233.1	Subd. 7. Governing body. "Gov	verning body" means,	with respect to a city,	a city council
233.2	or other governing body of a city. With respect to a town, governing body means a town			eans a town
233.3	board or other governing body of a	town. With respect to	a county, governing	g body means
233.4	a board of commissioners or other	governing body of a c	county.	
233.5	Subd. 8. Impacted business ov	vners. "Impacted busi	ness owners" means	a majority of
233.6	business owners located within a p	roposed or established	d tourism improveme	ent district.
233.7	Subd. 9. Municipality. "Munic	ipality" means a coun	ty, city, or town.	
233.8	Subd. 10. Tourism improveme	ent association. "Tour	rism improvement as	ssociation"
233.9	means a new or existing and tax-ex	tempt nonprofit corpo	ration, entity, or age	ncy charged
233.10	with promoting tourism within the	tourism improvement	district and that is u	ınder contract
233.11	with the municipality to administer	the tourism improve	ment district and imp	olement the
233.12	activities and improvements listed	in the municipality's o	ordinance.	
233.13	Subd. 11. Tourism improveme	ent district. "Tourism	improvement distric	et" means a
233.14	tourism improvement district estab	lished under this chap	oter.	
233.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sec	tion is effective the da	y following final en	actment.
233.16	Sec. 17. <b>[428B.02] ESTABLISHN</b>	MENT OF TOURISM	<b>1 IMPROVEMENT</b>	T DISTRICT.
233.17	Subdivision 1. <b>Ordinance.</b> (a) U			
233.17	body of a municipality may adopt a			
233.19	after holding a public hearing on the			cificiti district
233.17	arter notating a paone nearing on the	ie district. The ordinal	nee must metude.	
233.20	(1) a map that identifies the tour	rism improvement dist	trict boundaries in su	fficient detail
233.21	to allow a business owner to determ	nine whether a busine	ss is located within	the tourism
233.22	improvement district boundaries;			
233.23	(2) the name of the tourism impr	ovement association de	esignated to administ	er the tourism
233.24	improvement district and implement	nt the approved activi	ties and improvemen	nts;

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for nonpayment;

improvement district and subject to the service charge; 233.29

(3) a list of the proposed activities and improvements in the tourism improvement district;

(4) the time and manner of collecting the service charge and any interest and penalties

(5) a definition describing the type or class of businesses to be included in the tourism

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- (7) the number of years the service charge will be in effect.
- (b) If the boundaries of a proposed tourism improvement district overlap with the boundaries of an existing special service district, the tourism improvement district ordinance may list measures to avoid any impediments on the ability of the special service district to continue to provide its services to benefit its property owners.
- Subd. 2. Notice. A municipality must provide notice of the hearing by publication in at least two issues of the official newspaper of the municipality. The two publications must be two weeks apart and the municipality must hold the hearing at least three days after the last publication. Not less than ten days before the hearing, the municipality must mail, or deliver by electronic means, notice to the business owner of each business subject to the proposed service charge by the tourism improvement district. The notice must include:
- 234.15 (1) a map showing the boundaries of the proposed district;
- 234.16 (2) the time and place of the hearing;
- 234.17 (3) a statement that all interested persons will be given an opportunity to be heard at the hearing regarding the proposed service charge; and
- 234.19 (4) a brief description of the proposed activities, improvements, and service charge.
- Subd. 3. **Business owner determination.** A business must provide ownership information to the municipality. A municipality has no obligation to obtain other information regarding the ownership of businesses, and its determination of ownership shall be final for the purposes of this chapter. If this chapter requires the signature of a business owner, the signature of the authorized representative of a business owner is sufficient.
- 234.25 Subd. 4. Service charges; relationship to services. (a) A municipality may impose a service charge on a business pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of providing activities 234.26 and improvements that will provide benefits to a business that is located within the tourism 234.27 improvement district and subject to the tourism improvement district service charge. Each 234.28 business paying a service charge within a district must benefit directly or indirectly from 234.29 234.30 improvements provided by a tourism improvement association, provided, however, the business need not benefit equally. Service charges must be based on a percent of gross 234.31 business revenue, a fixed dollar amount per transaction, or any other reasonable method 234.32 based upon benefit and approved by the municipality. 234.33

Item 11. Article 10 Sec. 17. 234

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Item 11. Article 10 Sec. 18. 235

charges may be imposed in the amount needed to pay for the increased level of service

235.33 provided by the activity or improvement.

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Subd. 2. Annual hearing require	ement; notice. Beg	ginning one year after	the
establishment of the tourism improve	ement district, the n	nunicipality must hole	d an annual
public hearing regarding continuation	n of the service cha	rges in the tourism in	nprovement
district. The municipality must provide	de notice of the hea	ring by publication ir	the official
newspaper at least seven days before			
by electronic means, notice of the hea		-	
at least seven days before the hearing		-	
district may testify on issues relevant			
hearing, the municipality may adopt a			
the district not exceeding the amount			
section, the notice must include:	•		
(1) a map showing the boundaries	s of the district;		
(2) the time and place of the heari	ng;		
(3) a statement that all interested p	nersons will be give	en an opportunity to be	e heard at the
hearing regarding the proposed service		and opportunity to ov	
(4) a brief description of the propo	osed activities and	improvements;	
(5) the estimated annual amount of	of proposed expend	itures for activities ar	<u>ıd</u>
improvements;			

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(6) the rate of the service charge for the district during the year and the nature and character of the proposed activities and improvements for the district during the year in which service charges are collected;

(7) the number of years the service charge will be in effect; and 236.22

(8) a statement that the petition requirement of section 428B.07 has either been met or 236.23 does not apply to the proposed service charge. 236.24

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 236.25

#### Sec. 19. [428B.04] MODIFICATION OF ORDINANCE. 236.26

Subdivision 1. Adoption of ordinance; request for modification. Upon written request 236.27 of the tourism improvement association, the governing body of a municipality may adopt 236.28 an ordinance to modify the district after conducting a public hearing on the proposed 236.29 modifications. If the modification includes a change to the rate, method, and basis of 236.30 imposing the service charge or the expansion of the tourism improvement district's geographic 236.31

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237.1	boundaries, a petition as described in section 428B.07 must be submitted by impacted
237.2	business owners to initiate proceedings for modification.
237.3	Subd. 2. Notice of modification. A municipality must provide notice of the hearing by
237.4	publication in at least two issues of the municipality's official newspaper. The two
237.5	publications must be two weeks apart and the municipality must hold a hearing at least three
237.6	days after the last publication. Not less than ten days before the hearing, the municipality
237.7	must mail, or deliver by electronic means, notice to the business owner of each business
237.8	subject to the service charge by the tourism improvement district. The notice must include:
237.9	(1) a map showing the boundaries of the district and any proposed changes to the
237.10	boundaries of the district;
237.11	(2) the time and place of the hearing;
237.12	(3) a statement that all interested persons will be given an opportunity to be heard at the
237.13	hearing regarding the proposed service charge; and
237.14	(4) a brief description of the proposed modification to the ordinance.
237.15	Subd. 3. Hearing on modification. At the hearing regarding modification to the
237.16	ordinance, business owners and persons affected by the proposed modification may testify
237.17	on issues relevant to the proposed modification. Within six months after the conclusion of
237.18	the hearing, the municipality may adopt the ordinance modifying the district by a vote of
237.19	the majority of the governing body in accordance with the request for modification by the
237.20	tourism improvement association and as described in the notice.
237.21	Subd. 4. Objection. If the modification of the ordinance includes the expansion of the
237.22	tourism improvement district's geographic boundaries, the ordinance modifying the district
237.23	may be adopted after following the notice and veto requirements in section 428B.08;
237.24	however, a successful objection will be determined based on a majority of business owners
237.25	who will pay the service charge in the expanded area of the district. For all other
237.26	modifications, the ordinance modifying the district may be adopted following the notice
237.27	and veto requirements in section 428B.08.
237.28	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
237.29	Sec. 20. [428B.05] COLLECTION OF SERVICE CHARGES; PENALTIES.
237.30	The service charges imposed under this chapter may be collected by the municipality,
237.31	tourism improvement association, or other designated agency or entity. Collection of the

Item 11. Article 10 Sec. 20. 237

237.32 service charges must be made at the time and in the manner set forth in the ordinance. The

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entity collecting the service charges may charge interest and penalties on delinquent payments 238.1 for service charges imposed under this chapter as set forth in the municipality's ordinance. 238.2

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## Sec. 21. [428B.06] TOURISM IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.

Subdivision 1. Composition and duties. The tourism improvement association must be designated in the municipality's ordinance. The tourism improvement association shall appoint a governing board or committee composed of a majority of business owners who pay the tourism improvement district service charge, or the representatives of those business owners. The governing board or committee must manage the funds raised by the tourism improvement district and fulfill the obligations of the tourism improvement district. A tourism improvement association has full discretion to select the specific activities and improvements that are funded with tourism improvement district service charges within the authorized activities and improvements described in the ordinance.

Subd. 2. Annual report. The tourism improvement association must submit to the municipality an annual report for each year in which a service charge is imposed. The report must include a financial statement of revenue raised by the district. The municipality may also, as part of the enabling ordinance, require the submission of other relevant information related to the association.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## Sec. 22. [428B.07] PETITION REQUIRED.

A municipality may not establish a tourism improvement district under section 428B.02 238.21 unless impacted business owners file a petition requesting a public hearing on the proposed 238.22 action with the clerk of the municipality. 238.23

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 238.24

#### Sec. 23. [428B.08] VETO POWER OF OWNERS. 238.25

Subdivision 1. Notice of right to file objections. The effective date of an ordinance or 238.26 resolution adopted under this chapter must be at least 45 days after it is adopted by the 238.27 municipality. Within five days after the municipality adopts the ordinance or resolution, 238.28 the municipality must mail a summary of the ordinance or resolution to each business owner 238.29 subject to the service charge within the tourism improvement district in the same manner 238.30 that notice is mailed, or delivered by electronic means, under section 428B.02. The mailing 238.31

Article 10 Sec. 23. 238 Item 11. Page 462

239.1	must include a notice that business owners subject to the service charge have the right to
239.2	veto, by a simple majority, the ordinance or resolution by filing the required number of
239.3	objections with the clerk of the municipality before the effective date of the ordinance or
239.4	resolution and include notice that a copy of the ordinance or resolution is available for public
239.5	inspection with the clerk of the municipality.
239.6	Subd. 2. Requirements for veto. If impacted business owners file an objection to the
239.7	ordinance or resolution before the effective date of the ordinance or resolution, the ordinance
239.8	or resolution does not become effective.
239.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
239.10	Sec. 24. [428B.09] DISESTABLISHMENT.
239.11	Subdivision 1. Procedure for disestablishment. An ordinance adopted under this chapter
239.12	must provide a 30-day period each year in which business owners subject to the service
239.13	charge may request disestablishment of the district. Beginning one year after establishment
239.14	of the tourism improvement district, an annual 30-day period of disestablishment begins
239.15	with the anniversary of the date of establishment. Upon submission of a petition from
239.16	impacted business owners, the municipality may disestablish a tourism improvement district
239.17	by adopting an ordinance after holding a public hearing on the disestablishment. Prior to
239.18	the hearing, the municipality must publish notice of the hearing on disestablishment in at
239.19	least two issues of the municipality's official newspaper. The two publications must be two
239.20	weeks apart and the municipality must hold the hearing at least three days after the last
239.21	publication. Not less than ten days before the hearing, the municipality must mail, or deliver
239.22	by electronic means, notice to the business owner of each business subject to the service
239.23	charge. The notice must include:
239.24	(1) the time and place of the hearing;
239.25	(2) a statement that all interested persons will be given an opportunity to be heard at the
239.26	hearing regarding disestablishment;
239.27	(3) the reason for disestablishment; and
239.28	(4) a proposal to dispose of any assets acquired with the revenues of the service charge
239.29	imposed under the tourism improvement district.
239.30	Subd. 2. <b>Objection.</b> An ordinance disestablishing the tourism improvement district

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becomes effective following the notice and veto requirements in section 428B.08.

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240.22 program is established to award homeownership development grants and loans to cities, 240.23 counties, Tribal governments, nonprofit organizations, cooperatives created under chapter 240.24 240.25 308A or 308B, and community land trusts created for the purposes outlined in section 462A.31, subdivision 1, for development of workforce and affordable homeownership 240.26 projects. The purpose of the program is to increase the supply of workforce and affordable, 240.27 owner-occupied multifamily or single-family housing throughout Minnesota. 240.28

Subd. 2. Use of funds. (a) Grant funds and loans awarded under this program may be 240.29 used for: 240.30

(1) development costs; 240.31

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Article 10 Sec. 26. 240 Item 11. Page 464

purpose and must not be used as a substitute or to pay debt service on bonds.

Subd. 8. Deposits; funding amount. (a) In fiscal years 2023 to 2030, an amount equal to \$10,000,000 of the state's portion of the proceeds derived from the mortgage registry tax imposed under section 287.035 and the deed tax imposed under section 287.21 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of the Housing Finance Agency to transfer to

Item 11. Article 10 Sec. 26. 241

242.1	the housing development fund for deposit into the workforce and affordable homeownership
242.2	development account. The appropriation must be made annually by September 15.
242.3	(b) All loan repayments received under this section are to be deposited into the workforce
242.4	and affordable homeownership development account in the housing development fund.
242.5	(c) This subdivision expires September 16, 2029.
242.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2022.
242.7	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.015, is amended to read:
242.8	477A.015 PAYMENT DATES.
242.9	(a) The commissioner of revenue shall <u>annually</u> make the payments of local government
242.10	aid to affected taxing authorities in two installments. Except as provided in paragraph (b),
242.11	the first installment of 50 percent, or a reduced percentage certified by the commissioner
242.12	under section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (7), of the payment is due on
242.13	July 20 and the remaining amount of the first installment, if any, is due on March 15. The
242.14	second installment of 50 percent is due on December 26 annually.
242.15	(b) The reduced percentage certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152,
242.16	subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (7), does not apply to aid payments made pursuant to
242.17	sections 6.91, 162.145, 477A.13, 477A.15, and 477A.23. Notwithstanding paragraph (a),
242.18	for aids payable in 2019 only, the commissioner of revenue shall make payments of the aid
242.19	payable under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, in three installments as follows: (1) 14.6
242.20	percent of the aid shall be paid on June 15, 2019; (2) 35.4 percent of the aid shall be paid
242.21	on July 20, 2019; and (3) 50 percent of the aid shall be paid on December 26, 2019.
242.22	(c) When the commissioner of public safety determines that a local government has
242.23	suffered financial hardship due to a natural disaster, the commissioner of public safety shall
242.24	notify the commissioner of revenue, who shall make payments of aids under sections
242.25	477A.011 to 477A.014, which are otherwise due on December 26, as soon as is practical
242.26	after the determination is made but not before July 20.
242.27	(d) The commissioner may pay all or part of the payments of aids under sections
242.28	477A.011 to 477A.014, which are due on December 26 at any time after August 15 if a
242.29	local government requests such payment as being necessary for meeting its cash flow needs.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 242.30 and thereafter. 242.31

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243.1	Sec. 28. CITY OF VIRGINIA; NET DEBT LIMIT EXEMPTION.
243.2	The city of Virginia may finance the construction of a public safety building in the city
243.3	of Virginia by obtaining a loan from the United States Department of Agriculture secured
243.4	by its general obligation pledge. Any bonds issued relating to this construction project or
243.5	repayment of the loan must not be included in the computation of the city's limit on net debt
243.6	under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.53, subdivision 1.
243.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
243.8	city of Virginia and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
243.9	subdivisions 2 and 3.
243.10	Sec. 29. POLAR VORTEX RESPONSE; DISCLOSURE OF COSTS;
243.11	REIMBURSEMENT FOR RESERVE FUNDS.
243.12	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
243.13	the meanings given.
243.14	(b) "Critical period" means the period beginning February 12, 2021, and ending February
243.15	<u>17, 2021.</u>
243.16	(c) "Impacted volume" means the volume of natural gas a utility purchased for immediate
243.17	delivery in Minnesota during the critical period.
243.18	(d) "Incremental cost" means the incremental cost of natural gas purchased during the
243.19	critical period, calculated by multiplying the utility's incremental price by its impacted
243.20	volume.
243.21	(e) "Incremental price" means the average unit price a utility paid for natural gas
243.22	purchased for immediate delivery during the critical period, minus the average natural gas
243.23	unit price for wholesale natural gas the utility paid during the period between February 5,
243.24	2021, and February 10, 2021.
243.25	(f) "Utility" means a nonprofit municipal utility established under Minnesota Statutes,
243.26	chapter 412, that (1) is owned by the city to which it provides service, and (2) sells natural
243.27	gas to retail customers in Minnesota.
243.28	Subd. 2. Utilities must disclose increased energy costs. No later than July 1, 2022, a
243.29	utility must calculate, for each customer to which the utility provided natural gas service
243.30	during the critical period, the incremental price multiplied by the volume of natural gas

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243.31 consumed by the customer during the critical period. The utility must certify and forward

243.32 that calculation in a written notice to each customer.

244.1	Subd. 3. Reimbursement for reserve revenues. A utility that paid for wholesale natural
244.2	gas purchased during the critical period, in whole or in part, by drawing down accumulated
244.3	reserve revenues may apply to the commissioner of commerce for a rebate equal to its
244.4	incremental cost minus any payment of its incremental cost by natural gas customers. The
244.5	commissioner shall require a utility to submit evidence supporting the rebate request amount
244.6	with a rebate application.
244.7	Subd. 4. Appropriation. \$20,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general
244.8	fund to the commissioner of commerce for the purpose of making rebates to municipal
244.9	utilities under subdivision 3. This is a onetime appropriation. Any unexpended funds
244.10	remaining on December 31, 2022, cancel to the general fund.
244.11	Sec. 30. TAX CREDIT FOR EXCESS ENERGY COSTS DUE TO THE POLAR
244.12	VORTEX.
244.13	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
244.14	the meanings given.
244.15	(b) "Excess energy costs" means the amount of energy costs disclosed to a taxpayer by
244.16	a utility under section 27, subdivision 2, but is limited to amounts actually paid by the
244.17	taxpayer.
244.18	(c) The definitions in section 27, subdivision 1, and Minnesota Statutes, section 290.01,
244.19	apply for this section.
244.20	Subd. 2. Credit allowed. (a) An individual income taxpayer is allowed a credit against
244.21	the tax due under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290, equal to the amount of the taxpayer's
244.22	excess energy costs.
244.23	(b) Credits allowed to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a partnership,
244.24	or an S corporation are passed through pro rata to the partners, members, or shareholders
244.25	based on their share of the entity's income for the taxable year.
244.26	Subd. 3. Credit refundable. (a) If the amount of credit which a taxpayer would be
244.27	eligible to receive under this section exceeds the claimant's tax liability under Minnesota
244.28	Statutes, chapter 290, the excess amount of the credit shall be refunded to the claimant by
244.29	the commissioner of revenue.
244.30	(b) An amount sufficient to pay the refunds required by this section is appropriated to

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244.31 the commissioner of revenue from the general fund.

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245.1	Subd. 4. Denial of double benefit. For a taxpayer who deducted excess energy costs in
245.2	calculating adjusted gross income and claimed the credit under this section, the amount of
245.3	excess energy costs is an addition, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0131,
245.4	subdivision 1. The rules governing additions in that section apply for this subdivision.
245.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
245.6	after December 31, 2020, and before January 1, 2022.
	C 21 INCOME TAY CUDTO ACTION, COVID 10 DUCINESS ASSISTANCE
245.7	Sec. 31. INCOME TAX SUBTRACTION; COVID-19 BUSINESS ASSISTANCE
245.8	PROGRAMS.
245.9	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section:
245.10	(1) for an individual, estate, or trust, "subtraction" has the meaning given in Minnesota
245.11	Statutes, section 290.0132, subdivision 1, and the rules in that subdivision apply for this
245.12	section;
245.13	(2) for a corporation other than an S corporation, "subtraction" has the meaning given
245.14	in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0134, subdivision 1, and the rules in that subdivision
245.15	apply for this section;
245.16	(3) the definitions in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.01, apply for this section; and
245.17	(4) "qualifying business assistance" means grants, forgivable loans, and other financial
245.18	assistance to businesses by the state, county, or local government that were included in
245.19	adjusted gross income, and that meet the criteria in subdivision 4.
245.20	Subd. 2. Business assistance subtraction; individuals, estates, and trusts. For an
245.21	individual, estate, or trust, the amount of qualifying business assistance is a subtraction.
245.22	Subd. 3. Business assistance subtraction; C corporations. For a corporation other
245.23	than an S corporation, the amount of qualifying business assistance is a subtraction.
245.24	Subd. 4. Programs eligible for a subtraction. Only qualifying business assistance
245.25	provided under the following sections of state or federal law is considered qualifying business
245.26	assistance for the purposes of this section:
245.27	(1) business assistance provided under section 30, subdivision 2;
245.28	(2) forgivable loans under Executive Order No. 20-15;
245.29	(3) small business relief grants under Laws 2020, First Special Session chapter 1, section

Item 11. Article 10 Sec. 31. 245

246.1	(4) business relief payments under Laws 2020, Seventh Special Session chapter 2, article
246.2	<u>1;</u>
246.3	(5) grants to movie theaters and convention centers under Laws 2020, Seventh Special
246.4	Session chapter 2, article 4;
246.5	(6) county relief grants to local businesses under Laws 2020, Seventh Special Session
246.6	chapter 2, article 5;
246.7	(7) grants through the Main Street Economic Revitalization Program in Laws 2021, First
246.8	Special Session chapter 10, article 2, section 5;
246.9	(8) main street COVID-19 relief grants under Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter
246.10	10, article 2, section 22;
246.11	(9) forgivable loans under Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 10, article 2, section
246.12	<u>24;</u>
246.13	(10) financial assistance to businesses provided by a county, city, or township using
246.14	funds from the Coronavirus Relief Fund under section 5001 of Public Law 116-136; or
246.15	(11) financial assistance to businesses provided by a county, city, or township using
246.16	funds from the State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund in section 9901 of Public Law 117-2.
246.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
246.18	after December 31, 2019.
246.19	Sec. 32. COUNTY PANDEMIC BUSINESS AND COMMUNITY RELIEF AID;
246.20	APPROPRIATION.
246.21	Subdivision 1. <b>Appropriation.</b> (a) \$75,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from
246.22	the general fund to the commissioner of revenue for payments to counties under this section.
246.23	This is a onetime appropriation.
246.24	(b) Of the amount under paragraph (a), \$50,000,000 must be used for payments to
246.25	counties for economic assistance and aid to businesses under subdivision 2.
246.26	(c) Of the amount under paragraph (a), \$25,000,000 must be used for payments to
246.27	counties to provide rental assistance under subdivision 6.
246.28	(d) After June 30, 2023, a county must return any unspent funds to the commissioner
246.29	of revenue, and any amounts returned cancel to the general fund.
246.30	Subd. 2. <b>Economic assistance and aid to local businesses.</b> (a) From the amount available
	under subdivision 1 paragraph (b) each county shall be issued a payment of a per capita

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247.1	amount determined by reference to the population of each county according to the most
247.2	recently available 2020 population estimate from the state demographer as of January 1,
247.3	<u>2022.</u>
247.4	(b) A county must use funds received under paragraph (a) to provide economic assistance
247.5	to underserved communities under subdivision 3, aid to businesses under subdivision 4, or
247.6	aid to venues under subdivision 5. A county may use funds for one or more of the approved
247.7	uses in subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, but each county must assess the degree of need in the county
247.8	for assistance to underserved communities under subdivision 3. A county that determines
247.9	there is a need for assistance to underserved communities must prioritize aid to businesses
247.10	under that subdivision.
247.11	(c) Each county may use the greater of \$6,250 or 2.5 percent of the total amount received
247.12	under this subdivision for administrative costs incurred from making payments under this
247.13	subdivision. A county may contract with a third party to administer the program on behalf
247.14	of the county.
247.15	(d) Payments under this subdivision must be awarded by March 15, 2023.
247.16	Subd. 3. Economic assistance to underserved communities. (a) A county may use
247.17	funds received under subdivision 2 to provide economic assistance to qualifying businesses.
247.18	Economic assistance under this paragraph must be provided to qualifying businesses located
247.19	in areas designated by the county as underserved communities. Economic assistance includes
247.20	but is not limited to:
247.21	(1) grants, loans, or other financial assistance to businesses that pay their employees a
247.22	living wage;
247.23	(2) grants, loans, or other financial assistance for maintenance and repair of commercial
247.24	properties;
247.25	(3) down payment assistance for businesses seeking to purchase commercial property;
247.26	<u>or</u>
247.27	(4) payments to commercial property owners to reduce rent costs for businesses.
247.28	(b) To provide economic assistance to businesses under paragraph (a), a county must
247.29	designate census tracts representing five percent or less of the population in the county as
247.30	"underserved communities." In making a designation under this subdivision, the county

247.33 (1) the unemployment rate;

247.32 <u>deemed relevant by the county:</u>

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must consider the following characteristics of a census tract, among other considerations

248.1	(2) the poverty rate;
248.2	(3) the median income of the tract relative to the rest of the county; and
248.3	(4) the number of vacant commercial properties.
248.4	(c) For the purposes of this section:
248.5	(1) "qualifying business" means a business with 50 or fewer employees; and
248.6	(2) "living wage" means 150 percent of the minimum wage for large employers for 2022
248.7	under Minnesota Statutes, section 177.24.
248.8	Subd. 4. Aid to businesses without income in 2019. A county may use funds received
248.9	under subdivision 2 to provide economic assistance to businesses that were in operation in
248.10	calendar year 2020 or 2021, but not in calendar year 2019, and were ineligible to participate
248.11	in a state or federal business assistance program due to the lack of operations or revenue in
248.12	calendar year 2019. Economic assistance includes but is not limited to grants, loans, or any
248.13	other financial assistance deemed appropriate by the county.
248.14	Subd. 5. Aid to venues. (a) A county may use funds received under subdivision 2 to
248.15	provide grants to Minnesota-registered businesses in good standing or Minnesota-registered
248.16	nonprofits in good standing that:
248.17	(1) are directly engaged in the procurement, promotion, production, or presentation of
248.18	live entertainment events to an in-person audience; and
248.19	(2) experienced a decrease in revenues due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
248.20	(b) To qualify for a grant under this subdivision, a business or nonprofit must:
248.21	(1) meet the following revenue requirements:
248.22	(i) have derived at least 33 percent of its 2019 revenue from the sale of tickets for live
248.23	events; or
248.24	(ii) be directly reliant on ticketed live entertainment events but not directly in receipt of
248.25	those ticket revenues because the event is free to the general public and the revenue is
248.26	derived from avenues other than ticket sales;
248.27	(2) employ no more than 60 full-time equivalent employees, defined as an employee
248.28	who worked on average at least 30 hours per week or 130 hours per month;
248.29	(3) have been restricted from operating above 25 percent capacity or 250 attendees,
248.30	whichever is less, pursuant to an executive order issued during a peacetime emergency
248.31	declared regarding the infectious disease known as COVID-19;

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249.1	(4) not have any current tax delinquency with the Department of Revenue at the time
249.2	of application; and
249.3	(5) have its principal place of business in Minnesota.
249.4	(c) The following entities are ineligible for grants under this subdivision:
249.5	(1) bars, restaurants, and other facilities whose primary source of revenue is not
249.6	entertainment events;
249.7	(2) multinational or publicly owned companies; and
249.8	(3) adult entertainment operations.
249.9	(d) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (b), a county may authorize a grant
249.10	to a business under this subdivision if the county determines that the business has
249.11	substantially met the requirements of this subdivision, but was a new entertainment venue
249.12	that had planned on opening in 2020 but was unable to begin operations based solely on
249.13	the fact that COVID-19-related closures prevented the business from doing so. The business
249.14	shall submit, on a form required by the county, any documentation the county deems
249.15	necessary to determine whether the business applies for a discretionary grant under this
249.16	subdivision.
249.17	Subd. 6. Rental assistance payments. (a) From the amount available under subdivision
249.18	1, paragraph (c), each county shall be issued a payment equal to the product of the amount
249.19	available under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), multiplied by the number of rent-burdened
249.20	households in the county, divided by the number of rent-burdened households in the state.
249.21	The number of rent-burdened households shall be determined using the 2020 experimental
249.22	estimates provided by the American Community Survey of the United States Census Bureau.
249.23	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given:
249.24	(1) "eligible household" means a household in which household income is at or below
249.25	50 percent of area median income, as adjusted for household size;
249.26	(2) "rent-burdened household" means a household in which gross rent is 30 percent or
249.27	more of household income; and
249.28	(3) "rental assistance" means payments for:
249.29	(i) rent;
249.30	(ii) rental arrears;
249.31	(iii) utilities and home energy costs;

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250.1	(iv) utilities and home energy costs arrears; and
250.2	(v) other expenses related to housing incurred due, directly or indirectly, to the novel
250.3	coronavirus disease COVID-19 outbreak.
250.4	(c) A county receiving a payment under this subdivision must spend at least 90 percent
250.5	of the payment received to provide rental assistance to eligible households.
250.6	(d) A county receiving a payment under this subdivision may use the greater of \$6,250
250.7	or 2.5 percent of the total amount received under this subdivision for administrative costs
250.8	attributable to providing rental assistance.
250.9	(e) A county receiving aid under this subdivision may distribute the aid to a community
250.10	action agency or a nonprofit to provide rental assistance to eligible households.
250.11	Subd. 7. Grants. Grants and the process of making grants under this section are exempt
250.12	from the following statutes and related policies: Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.15,
250.13	subdivision 3; 16B.97; and 16B.98, subdivisions 5, 7, and 8. A county opting to use a third
250.14	party to administer grants is exempt from Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, in the
250.15	selection of the third-party administrator. The exemptions under this paragraph expire on
250.16	March 15, 2023.
250.17	Subd. 8. Report. By January 31, 2024, the commissioner of revenue shall report to the
250.18	legislative committees with jurisdiction over taxes on the grants provided under this section.
250.19	The report must comply with Minnesota Statutes, sections 3.195 and 3.197. By July 1, 2023,
250.20	each county must report to the commissioner of revenue how the county used the funds
250.21	provided under this section.
250.22	Sec. 33. INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 696, ELY; BONDS.
250.23	Subdivision 1. Authorization. Independent School District No. 696, Ely, may issue
250.24	bonds in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding \$9,500,000, in addition to any bonds
250.25	already issued or authorized, to provide funds to construct, equip, furnish, remodel,
250.26	rehabilitate, and acquire land for school facilities and buildings. The district may spend the
250.27	proceeds of the bond sale for those purposes and any architectural, engineering, and legal
250.28	fees incidental to those purposes or the sale. Bonds may be issued under this section without
250.29	a referendum. Except as permitted by this section, the bonds shall be authorized, issued,
250.30	sold, executed, and delivered in the manner provided by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475.
250.31	An election on the question of issuing the bonds is not required. A resolution of the board

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250.32 levying taxes for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds as authorized by this

250.33 section and pledging the proceeds of the levies for the payment of principal and interest on

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251.1	the bonds shall be deemed to be in	n compliance with the j	provisions of Minne	esota Statutes,
251.2	chapter 475, with respect to the le	vying of taxes for their	payment.	
251.3	Subd. 2. Levy limitations. Tax	xes levied pursuant to t	his section shall be	disregarded in
251.4	the calculation of any other tax le	vies or limits on tax lev	ies provided by oth	er law.
251.5	Subd. 3. Bonding limitations	Bonds may be issued	under authority of the	his section
251.6	notwithstanding any limitations u	oon the indebtedness of	f a district, and their	amounts shall
251.7	not be included in computing the	indebtedness of a distri	ict for any purpose,	including the
251.8	issuance of subsequent bonds and	the incurring of subsec	quent indebtedness.	
251.9	Subd. 4. Local approval requ	<b>tired.</b> This section is ef	fective for Independ	dent School
251.10	District No. 696, Ely, the day after	r its governing body co	omplies with Minnes	sota Statutes,
251.11	section 645.021, subdivision 3.			
251.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This se	ction is effective the da	y following final er	nactment.
251.13	Sec. 34. <b>DEPARTMENT OF F</b>	REVENUE FREE FIL	ING REPORT.	
251.14	(a) By January 15, 2023, the c	ommissioner of revenu	e must provide a wi	ritten report to
251.15	the chairs and ranking minority m	embers of the legislative	ve committees with	jurisdiction
251.16	over taxes. The report must comp	ly with the requiremen	ts of Minnesota Stat	tutes, sections
251.17	3.195 and 3.197, and must also pr	ovide information on f	ree electronic filing	options for
251.18	preparing and filing Minnesota in	dividual income tax ret	turns.	
251.19	(b) The commissioner must su	rvey tax preparation so	ftware vendors for in	nformation on
251.20	a free electronic preparation and f	iling option for taxpay	ers to file Minnesota	a individual
251.21	income tax returns. The survey m	ust request information	from vendors that	addresses the
251.22	following concerns:			
251.23	(1) system development, capal	bility, security, and cos	ts for consumer-base	ed tax filing
251.24	software;			
251.25	(2) costs per return that would	be charged to the state	of Minnesota to pro	ovide an
251.26	electronic individual income tax r	eturn preparation, subr	nission, and paymer	nt remittance

and the Internal Revenue Service Modernized Electronic Filing Program;

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process;

Item 11. Article 10 Sec. 34. 251

(3) providing customer service and issue resolution to taxpayers using the software;

(4) providing and maintaining an appropriate link between the Department of Revenue

252.1	(5) ensuring that taxpayer return information is maintained and protected as required by
252.2	Minnesota Statutes, chapters 13 and 270B, Internal Revenue Service Publication 1075, and
252.3	any other applicable requirements; and
252.4	(6) current availability of products for the free filing and submitting of both Minnesota
252.5	and federal returns offered to customers and the income thresholds for using those products.
252.6	(c) The report by the commissioner must include at a minimum:
252.7	(1) a review of options that other states use for state electronic filing;
252.8	(2) an assessment of taxpayer needs for electronic filing, including current filing practices;
252.9	(3) an analysis of alternative options to provide free filing, such as tax credits, vendor
252.10	incentives, or other benefits; and
252.11	(4) an analysis of the Internal Revenue Service Free File Program usage.
252.12	Sec. 35. TAX EXPENDITURE PURPOSE STATEMENTS.
252.13	Subdivision 1. Intent. In accordance with the requirements in Minnesota Statutes, section
252.14	3.192, the purpose and goals for the tax expenditures in this act are listed in this section.
252.15	Subd. 2. Sales tax purpose statements. (a) The purpose of the tax expenditure in article
252.16	3, sections 9, 11 to 15, and 19 to 27, is to reduce the cost of construction of public facilities,
252.17	buildings, and infrastructure. The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured
252.18	is the decrease in the growth in local property taxes and services in these communities.
252.19	(b) The purpose of the extension of the tax expenditure in article 3, section 17, is to
252.20	provide grants to fund programs for schools and coaches and reduce the fee costs for student
252.21	participants. The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is the expansion
252.22	and level of participation of these programs.
252.23	Subd. 3. Income and corporate franchise tax purpose statements. (a) The purpose
252.24	of the emergency assistance for postsecondary student grants subtraction in article 2, section
252.25	12, is to provide financial support to students experiencing homelessness and extreme
252.26	financial hardship. The standard against which the effectiveness of the expenditure can be
252.27	measured is the reduction in the rate at which grant recipients drop out of postsecondary
252.28	programs due to financial hardship.
252.29	(b) The purpose of the workforce incentive fund grants subtraction in article 2, section
252.30	13, is to recruit and retain behavioral health, housing, disability, and home and
252.31	community-based older adult providers. The standard against which the effectiveness of

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253.33

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253.1	the expenditure can be measured is	the reduction in the nu	ımber of job vacancie	es in the fields
253.2	eligible for grants under Minnesota	Statutes, section 256	5.4778.	
253.3	(c) The purpose of the tax exper	nditure in article 2, se	ections 18 to 21 and 2	27, allowing
253.4	the entirety of the credit for historic	structure rehabilitati	on to be taken in the	year property
253.5	is placed in service, is to encourage	e investment in rehabi	ilitating historic build	dings. The
253.6	standard against which effectivenes	ss is to be measured in	s the increase in the i	number of
253.7	historic rehabilitation projects in th	e state.		
253.8	(d) The purpose of the tax expe	nditure in article 2, se	ection 28, providing a	a subtraction
253.9	for a portion of unemployment com	pensation, is to provid	le financial support to	unemployed
253.10	persons and to encourage economic	e activity in the state.	The standard agains	t which
253.11	effectiveness is to be measured is the	he increase in after-ta	x income of unemplo	oyed persons
253.12	and gross state product.			
253.13	(e) The purpose of the tax exper	nditure in article 2, se	ection 29, providing a	a refundable
253.14	tax credit for qualifying children, is	s to provide financial	support to families v	vith children
253.15	in the state and to reduce child pov	erty. The standard aga	ainst which effective	ness is to be
253.16	measured is the increase in after-ta	x income of families	with qualifying child	lren and the
253.17	reduction in the child poverty rate.			
253.18	(f) The purpose of the tax exper	nditure in article 10, s	ection 30, providing	a refundable
253.19	tax credit for polar vortex energy c	osts, is to reduce the	energy costs experien	nced by
253.20	households due to the extreme cold	temperatures in Febr	ruary 2021. The stan	dard against
253.21	which effectiveness is to be measure	red is the reduction in	energy costs net of	the credit that
253.22	were paid in the covered period by	those eligible for the	credit.	
253.23	(g) The purpose of the tax exper	nditure in article 10, so	ection 31, providing a	an income tax
253.24	subtraction for state and local busing	ness assistance progra	ms, is to prevent the	closure of
253.25	businesses that experienced econom	ic hardship due to the G	COVID-19 pandemic	. The standard
253.26	against which effectiveness is to be	measured is the numb	per of employees and	the reduction
253.27	in the closure rate for businesses re	ceiving state and loca	al economic assistance	ce.
253.28	Subd. 4. Property tax purpose	statements. (a) The	provision in article 4	, section 4,
253.29	providing a reduction in net tax capa	acity for certain proper	rty at airports, is inten	ided to reduce
253.30	the tax burden on airport property le	ocated in cities with a	population over 50,0	000 and under
253.31	150,000. The standard against which	ch effectiveness is to	be measured is the re	eduction in
253.32	property tax burden on these prope	rties.		

property owned by an Indian Tribe, is intended to reduce the tax burden on Tribe-owned 253.34

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(b) The provision in article 4, section 6, extending a property tax exemption for certain

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254.1	property that fails to qualify for ar	n exemption under Min	nesota Statutes, sec	tion 272.02,
254.2	subdivision 8. The standard against	st which effectiveness	is to be measured is	the reduction
254.3	in property tax levied on Tribe-ow	ned property.		
254.4	(c) The provision in article 4, s	ection 7, creating an e	lderly living facility	property tax
254.5	exemption, is intended to reduce the	e tax burden on nonpro	ofit elderly living fac	cilities located
254.6	in a city of the first class with a po	pulation less than 110,0	)00 that do not quali	fy for another
254.7	property tax exemption under Min	nesota Statutes, section	n 272.02. The stand	ard against
254.8	which effectiveness is to be measured.	ared is the reduction in	property tax burder	on these
254.9	properties.			
254.10	(d) The provision in article 4, s	section 8, creating a pro	operty tax exemptio	n for energy
254.11	storage systems, is intended to redu	ice the tax burden on en	ergy storage system	s and promote
254.12	the development and use of energy	y storage systems in M	innesota. The stand	ard against
254.13	which effectiveness is to be measured.	ared is the reduction in	property tax burder	n on energy
254.14	storage systems and the number of	f energy storage systen	ns in Minnesota.	
254.15	(e) The provision in article 4, se	ction 20, setting the cla	ssification rate of all	manufactured
254.16	home park property at 0.75 percent	t, is intended to reduce	the tax burden on	manufactured
254.17	home parks and preserve manufac	tured home parks as ar	ı affordable housing	g option in
254.18	Minnesota. The standard against v	which effectiveness is t	o be measured is the	e reduction in
254.19	property tax burden on manufactu	red home parks and the	e number of manufa	ctured home
254.20	parks in Minnesota.			
254.21	(f) The provision in article 4, s	ection 20, setting the c	lassification rate of	certain
254.22	community land trust property at (	0.75 percent, is intende	d to reduce the tax	burden on
254.23	community land trust property and	preserve community	and trusts as an affo	ordable option
254.24	for home ownership in Minnesota.	Γhe standard against wh	ich effectiveness is t	o be measured
254.25	is the reduction in property tax but	rden on community lar	nd trusts and the nur	nber of
254.26	community land trust properties in	Minnesota.		

Sec. 36. APPROPRIATION; DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE FREE FILING 254.27 REPORT. 254.28

\$175,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner 254.29 of revenue for the free filing report required under section 33. This is a onetime appropriation.

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REVISOR

**ARTICLE 11** 

255.2	PARTNERSHIP TAXES		
255.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, is		
255.4	amended to read:		
255.5	Subd. 7a. <b>Pass-through entity tax.</b> (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, the following		
255.6	terms have the meanings given:		
255.7	(1) "income" has the meaning given in subdivision 7, paragraph (j), modified by the		
255.8	addition provided in section 290.0131, subdivision 5, and the subtraction provided in section		
255.9	290.0132, subdivision 3, except that the provisions that apply to a partnership apply to a		
255.10	qualifying entity and the provisions that apply to a partner apply to a qualifying owner. The		
255.11	income of both a resident and nonresident qualifying owner is allocated and assigned to		
255.12	this state as provided for nonresident partners and shareholders under sections 290.17,		
255.13	290.191, and 290.20;		
255.14	(2) "qualifying entity" means a partnership, limited liability company taxed as a		
255.15	partnership or S corporation, or S corporation including a qualified subchapter S subsidiary		
255.16	organized under section 1361(b)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code. Qualifying entity does		
255.17	not include a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation that has a partnership,		
255.18	limited liability company other than a disregarded entity, or corporation as a partner, member,		
255.19	or shareholder; and		
255.20	(3) "qualifying owner" means:		
255.21	(i) a resident or nonresident individual or estate that is a partner, member, or shareholder		
255.22	of a qualifying entity; or		
255.23	(ii) a resident or nonresident trust that is a shareholder of a qualifying entity that is an		
255.24	S corporation.		
255.25	(b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, in which the taxes of a		
255.26	qualifying owner are limited under section 164(b)(6)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, a		
255.27	qualifying entity may elect to file a return and pay the pass-through entity tax imposed under		
255.28	paragraph (c). The election:		
255.29	(1) must be made on or before the due date or extended due date of the qualifying entity's		
255.30	pass-through entity tax return;		
255.31	(2) may only be made by qualifying owners who collectively hold more than a 50 percent		
255.32	ownership interest in the qualifying entity;		

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256.23

- (3) is binding on all qualifying owners who have an ownership interest in the qualifying 256.1 entity; and 256.2
- (4) once made is irrevocable for the taxable year. 256.3
- (c) Subject to the election in paragraph (b), a pass-through entity tax is imposed on a 256.4 256.5 qualifying entity in an amount equal to the sum of the tax liability of each qualifying owner.
- (d) The amount of a qualifying owner's tax liability under paragraph (c) is the amount 256.6 256.7 of the qualifying owner's income multiplied by the highest tax rate for individuals under section 290.06, subdivision 2c. When making this determination: 256.8
- (1) nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed; 256.9 256.10 and
- (2) a credit or deduction is allowed only to the extent allowed to the qualifying owner. 256.11
- (e) The amount of each credit and deduction used to determine a qualifying owner's tax 256.12 liability under paragraph (d) must also be used to determine that qualifying owner's income 256.13 tax liability under chapter 290. 256.14
- (f) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that a qualifying owner pay estimated 256.15 tax if the qualifying owner's tax liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section 256.16 289A.25. The qualifying owner's liability to pay estimated tax on the qualifying owner's 256.17 tax liability as determined under paragraph (d) is, however, satisfied when the qualifying 256.18 entity pays estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25 for composite estimated 256.19 tax. 256.20
- (g) A qualifying owner's adjusted basis in the interest in the qualifying entity, and the treatment of distributions, is determined as if the election to pay the pass-through entity tax 256.22 under paragraph (b) is not made.
- (h) To the extent not inconsistent with this subdivision, for purposes of this chapter, a 256.24 pass-through entity tax return must be treated as a composite return and a qualifying entity 256.25 filing a pass-through entity tax return must be treated as a partnership filing a composite 256.26 return. 256.27
- (i) The provisions of subdivision 17 apply to the election to pay the pass-through entity 256.28 tax under this subdivision. 256.29
- (j) If a nonresident qualifying owner of a qualifying entity making the election to file 256.30 and pay the tax under this subdivision has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the 256.31 pass-through entity tax return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1, provided that the 256.32

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nonresident qualifying owner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the
income from the qualifying entity, other electing qualifying entities, and other partnerships
electing to file a composite return under subdivision 7. If it is determined that the nonresident
qualifying owner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of the income and tax
liability for that owner under this provision will not constitute a return to satisfy the
requirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the qualifying owner as part of the
pass-through entity tax return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the qualifying owner
on the date on which the pass-through entity tax return payment was made.

- 257.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020. 257.10
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 289A.382, subdivision 2, is amended 257.11 257.12 to read:
- Subd. 2. Reporting and payment requirements for partnerships and tiered 257.13 partners. (a) Except for when an audited partnership makes the election in subdivision 3, 257.14 and except for negative federal adjustments required under federal law taken into account 257.15 257.16 by the partnership in the partnership return for the adjustment or other year, all final federal adjustments of an audited partnership must comply with paragraph (b) and each direct partner of the audited partnership, other than a tiered partner, must comply with paragraph 257.18 257.19 (c).
- (b) No later than 90 days after the final determination date, the audited partnership must: 257.20
- (1) file a completed federal adjustments report, including all partner-level information 257.21 required under section 289A.12, subdivision 3, with the commissioner; 257.22
- (2) notify each of its direct partners of their distributive share of the final federal 257.23 adjustments; 257.24
- (3) file an amended composite report for all direct partners who were included in a 257.25 composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, in the reviewed year, and pay the 257.26 257.27 additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments been reported properly as required; and 257.28
- (4) file amended withholding reports for all direct partners who were or should have 257.29 been subject to nonresident withholding under section 290.92, subdivision 4b, in the reviewed 257.30 year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments 257.31 been reported properly as required-; and 257.32

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258.1	(5) file an amended pass-through entity tax report for all direct partners who were		
258.2	included in a pass-through entity tax return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, in the		
258.3	reviewed year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal		
258.4	adjustments been reported properly as required.		
258.5	(c) No later than 180 days after the final determination date, each direct partner, other		
258.6	than a tiered partner, that is subject to a tax administered under this chapter, other than the		
258.7	sales tax, must:		
258.8	(1) file a federal adjustments report reporting their distributive share of the adjustments		
258.9	reported to them under paragraph (b), clause (2); and		
258.10	(2) pay any additional amount of tax due as if the final federal adjustment had been		
258.11	properly reported, plus any penalty and interest due under this chapter, and less any credit		
258.12	for related amounts paid or withheld and remitted on behalf of the direct partner under		
258.13	paragraph (b), clauses (3) and (4).		
258.14			
258.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020.		
230.13	alter December 31, 2020.		
258.16	ARTICLE 12		
258.17	SALES AND USE TAXES AND SPECIAL TAXES		
258.18	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 296A.083, subdivision 3, is amended to read:		
258.19	Subd. 3. Surcharge rate. (a) By July 16, 2008, and each April 1 thereafter May 1 each		
258.20			
258.21	paragraphs paragraph (b) and (e). The surcharge is imposed from August 1, 2008, through		
258.22	June 30, 2009, and each new surcharge thereafter is imposed the following beginning July		
258.23	1 of the year it is published through June 30 of the following year.		
258.24	(b) For fiscal years 2009 through 2012, the commissioner shall set the surcharge as		
258.25	specified in the following surcharge rate schedule.		
258.26	Surcharge Rate Schedule		
258.27	Fiscal Year Rate (in cents per gallon)		
258 28	2009		

258.28 2009 0.5 258.29 2010 2.1 258.30 2011 2.5 258.31 2012 3.0

Item 11. Article 12 Section 1. 258

259.1	(e) For fiscal year 2013 and thereafter, (b) The commissioner shall set the surcharge at			
259.2	the lesser of (1) 3.5 cents, or (2) an amount calculated so that the total proceeds from the			
259.3	surcharge deposited in the trunk highway fund from fiscal year 2009 to the upcoming fiscal			
259.4	year equals the total amount of debt service from fiscal years 2009 to 2039, and the surcharge			
259.5	is rounded to the nearest 0.1 cent.			
259.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.			
259.7	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.61, subdivision 29, is amended to read:			
259.8	Subd. 29. State. Unless specifically provided otherwise, "state" means any state of the			
259.9	United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia, and any			
259.10	territory of the United States, including American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands,			
259.11	Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.			
259.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.			
259.13	ARTICLE 13			
259.14	FIRE AND POLICE STATE AIDS			
259.15	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 6.495, subdivision 3, is amended to read:			
259.16	Subd. 3. Report Reports to commissioner of revenue. (a) On or before September 15,			
259.17	November 1, March 1, and June 1, the state auditor shall must file with the commissioner			
259.18	of revenue a financial compliance report certifying for each relief association:			
259.19	(1) the completion of the annual financial report required under section 424A.014 and			
259.20	the auditing or certification of those financial reports under subdivision 1; and			
259.21	(2) the receipt of any actuarial valuations required under section 424A.093 or Laws			
259.22	2013, chapter 111, article 5, sections 31 to 42.			
259.23	(b) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the			
259.24	financial compliance reports required by paragraph (a), pursuant to section 270C.30.			
259.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023			
259.26	and thereafter.			
259.27	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to			
259.28	read:			
259.29	Subd. 1a. Apportionment agreement. "Apportionment agreement" means an agreement			
259.30	between two or more fire departments that provide contracted fire protection service to the			

Article 13 Sec. 2. 259 Page 483 Item 11.

260.1	same municipality and establishes the percentage of the population and the percentage of			
260.2	the estimated market value within the municipality serviced by each fire department.			
260.3	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023			
260.4	and thereafter.			
260.5	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.01, subdivision 5, is amended to read:			
260.6	Subd. 5. Fire department. (a) "Fire department" includes means:			
260.7	(1) a municipal fire department and;			
260.8	(2) an independent nonprofit firefighting corporation-;			
260.9	(3) a fire department established as or operated by a joint powers entity; or			
260.10	(4) a fire protection special taxing district established under chapter 144F or special law.			
260.11	(b) This subdivision only applies to this chapter.			
260.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023			
260.13	and thereafter.			
260.14	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to			
260.15	read:			
260.16	Subd. 7a. Joint powers entity. "Joint powers entity" means a joint powers entity created			
260.17	under section 471.59.			
260.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023			
260.19	and thereafter.			
260.20	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.01, subdivision 10, is amended to read:			
260.21	Subd. 10. Municipality. (a) "Municipality" means:			
260.22	(1) a home rule charter or statutory city;			
260.23	(2) an organized town;			
260.24	(3) a park district subject to chapter 398 a joint powers entity;			
260.25	(4) the University of Minnesota a fire protection special taxing district; and or			
260.26	(5) an American Indian tribal government entity located within a federally recognized			
260.27	American Indian reservation.			

Item 11. Article 13 Sec. 5. 260

(b) This subdivision only applies to this chapter 477B.

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minimum of ten paid or volunteer firefighters, including a fire chief and assistant fire chief. 261.26 (b) The fire department must have regular scheduled meetings and frequent drills that 261.27 include instructions in firefighting tactics and in the use, care, and operation of all fire 261.28 apparatus and equipment. 261.29

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262.1	(e) (a) The fire department must have a separate subsidiary incorporated firefighters'
262.2	relief association that provides retirement benefits or must participate in the statewide
262.3	volunteer firefighter plan; or if the municipality solely employs full-time firefighters as
262.4	defined in section 299N.03, subdivision 5, retirement coverage must be provided by the
262.5	public employees police and fire retirement plan. For purposes of retirement benefits, a fire
262.6	department may be associated with only one volunteer firefighters' relief association or one
262.7	account in the voluntary statewide volunteer firefighter retirement plan at one time.
262.8	(d) (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (e) (a), a municipality without a relief association as
262.9	described under section 424A.08, paragraph (a), may still qualify to receive fire state aid if
262.10	all other requirements of this section are met.
262.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
262.12	and thereafter.
262.13	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to
262.14	read:
262.15	Subd. 4a. Public safety answering point requirement. The fire department must be
262.16	dispatched by a public safety answering point as defined in section 403.02, subdivision 19.
262.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
262.18	and thereafter.
262.19	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
262.20	Subd. 5. Fire service contract or agreement; apportionment agreement filing
262.21	requirement requirements. (a) Every municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting
262.22	corporation must file a copy of any duly executed and valid fire service contract or agreement
262.23	with the commissioner (1) a copy of any duly executed and valid fire service contracts, (2)
262.24	written notification of any fire service contract terminations, and (3) written notification of
262.25	any dissolution of a fire department, within 60 days of contract execution or termination,
262.26	or department dissolution.
262.27	(b) If more than one fire department provides service to a municipality, the fire
262.28	departments furnishing service must enter into an agreement apportioning among themselves
262.29	the percentage of the population and the percentage of the estimated market value of each

Article 13 Sec. 10. 262 Page 486 Item 11.

262.30 shared service fire department service area. The agreement must be in writing and must be

262.31 filed file an apportionment agreement with the commissioner.

(c) When a municipality is a joint powers entity, it must file its joint powers agreement

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263.2	with the commissioner. If the joint powers agreement does not include sufficient information
263.3	defining the fire department service area of the joint powers entity for the purposes of
263.4	calculating fire state aid, the secretary must file a written statement with the commissioner
263.5	defining the fire department service area.
263.6	(d) When a municipality is a fire protection special taxing district, it must file its
263.7	resolution establishing the fire protection special taxing district, and any agreements required
263.8	for the establishment of the fire protection special taxing district, with the commissioner.
263.9	If the resolution or agreement does not include sufficient information defining the fire
263.10	department service area of the fire protection special taxing district, the secretary must file
263.11	a written statement with the commissioner defining the fire department service area.
263.12	(e) The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the notifications,
263.13	apportionment agreements, and written statements under paragraphs (a) to (d), pursuant to
263.14	section 270C.30, except that copies of fire service contracts, joint powers agreements, and
263.15	resolutions establishing fire protection special taxing districts shall be filed in their existing
263.16	<u>form.</u>
263.17	(f) A document filed with the commissioner under this subdivision must be refiled any
263.18	time it is updated within 60 days of the update. An apportionment agreement must be refiled
263.19	only when a change in the averaged sum of the percentage of population and percentage of
263.20	estimated market value serviced by a fire department subject to the apportionment agreement
263.21	is at least one percent. The percentage amount must be rounded to the nearest whole
263.22	percentage.
263.23	(g) Upon the request of the commissioner, the county auditor must provide information
263.24	that the commissioner requires to accurately apportion the estimated market value of a fire
263.25	department service area for a fire department providing service to an unorganized territory
263.26	located in the county.
263.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
263.28	and thereafter.
263.29	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.02, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
263.30	Subd. 8. <b>PERA certification to commissioner.</b> On or before February 1 each year, if
263.31	retirement coverage for a fire department is provided by the statewide volunteer firefighter
263.32	<del>plan,</del> the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association must certify
263.33	the existence of retirement coverage. to the commissioner the fire departments that transferred

Item 11. Article 13 Sec. 11. 263

264.1	retirement coverage to, or terminated participation in, the voluntary statewide volunteer		
264.2	firefighter retirement plan since the previous certification under this paragraph. This		
264.3	certification must include the number of active volunteer firefighters under section 477B.03		
264.4	subdivision 5, paragraph (e).		
264.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023		
264.6	and thereafter.		
264.7	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.02, subdivision 9, is amended to read:		
264.8	Subd. 9. Fire department certification to commissioner. On or before March 15 of		
264.9	each year, the municipal clerk or the secretary, and the fire chief, must jointly certify to the		
264.10	commissioner that the fire department exists and meets the qualification requirements of		
264.11	this section the fire department service area as of December 31 of the previous year, and		
264.12	that the fire department meets the qualification requirements of this section. The municipal		
264.13	clerk or the secretary must provide the commissioner with documentation that the		
264.14	commissioner deems necessary for determining eligibility for fire state aid or for calculating		
264.15	and apportioning fire state aid under section 477B.03. The commissioner shall prescribe		
264.16	the content, format, and manner of the certification must be on a form prescribed by the		
264.17	commissioner and must include all other information that the commissioner requires pursuan		
264.18	to section 270C.30. The municipal clerk or the secretary must send a copy of the certification		
264.19	filed under this subdivision to the fire chief within five business days of the date the		
264.20	certification was filed with the commissioner.		
264.21	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023		
264.22	and thereafter.		
264.23	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:		
264.24	Subd. 2. Apportionment of fire state aid. (a) The amount of fire state aid available for		
264.25	apportionment, before the addition of the minimum fire state aid allocation amount under		
264.26	subdivision 5, is equal to 107 percent of the amount of premium taxes paid to the state upon		
264.27	the fire, lightning, sprinkler leakage, and extended coverage premiums reported to the		
264.28	commissioner by companies or insurance companies on the Minnesota Fire Premium Report		
264.29	except that credits claimed under section 297I.20, subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, do not affect the		
264.30	calculation of the amount of fire state aid available for apportionment. This amount must		

Item 11. Article 13 Sec. 13. 264

be reduced by the amount required to pay the state auditor's costs and expenses of the audits

264.32 or exams of the firefighters' relief associations.

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(b) The total amount available for apportionment must not be less than two percent of
the premiums less return premiums reported to the commissioner by companies or insurance
companies on the Minnesota Fire Premium Report after subtracting the following amounts:

- (1) the amount required to pay the state auditor's costs and expenses of the audits or exams of the firefighters' relief associations; and
- 265.6 (2) one percent of the premiums reported by township mutual insurance companies and mutual property and casualty companies with total assets of \$5,000,000 or less.
- 265.8 (c) The commissioner must apportion the fire state aid to each municipality or independent 265.9 nonprofit firefighting corporation qualified under section 477B.02 relative to the premiums 265.10 reported on the Minnesota Fire Premium Reports filed under this chapter.
- (d) The commissioner must calculate the percentage of increase or decrease reflected in the apportionment over or under the previous year's available state aid using the same premiums as a basis for comparison.
- 265.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Population and estimated market value.** (a) Official statewide federal census

  figures The most recent population estimates made by the state demographer pursuant to

  section 4A.02, paragraph (d), must be used in calculations requiring the use of population

  figures under this chapter. Increases or decreases in population disclosed by reason of any

  special census must not be taken into consideration.
- 265.21 (b) The latest available estimated market value property figures for the assessment year immediately preceding the year the aid is distributed must be used in calculations requiring the use of estimated market value property figures under this chapter.
- 265.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
  265.25 and thereafter.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Initial fire state aid allocation amount.** (a) The initial fire state aid allocation amount is the amount available for apportionment as fire state aid under subdivision 2, without the inclusion of any additional funding amount to support a minimum fire state aid amount under section 423A.02, subdivision 3. The initial fire state aid allocation amount is allocated one-half in proportion to the population for each fire department service area

Item 11. Article 13 Sec. 15. 265

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and one-half in proportion to the estimated market value of each fire department service area, including (1) the estimated market value of tax-exempt property, and (2) the estimated market value of natural resources lands receiving in lieu payments under sections 477A.11 to 477A.14 and 477A.17. The estimated market value of minerals is excluded.

- (b) In the case of a municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation furnishing fire protection to other municipalities as evidenced by valid fire service contracts, joint powers agreements, resolutions, and other supporting documents filed with the commissioner under section 477B.02, subdivision 5, the distribution must be adjusted proportionately to take into consideration the crossover fire protection service. Necessary adjustments must be made to subsequent apportionments.
- (c) In the case of municipalities or independent nonprofit firefighting corporations qualifying for aid, the commissioner must calculate the state aid for the municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation on the basis of the population and the estimated market value of the area furnished fire protection service by the fire department as evidenced by <u>valid</u> fire service <u>agreements</u> <u>contracts</u>, <u>joint powers agreements</u>, <u>resolutions</u>, and <u>other</u> supporting documents filed with the commissioner under section 477B.02, subdivision 5.
- (d) In the case of more than one fire department furnishing contracted fire service to a municipality, the population and estimated market value in the apportionment agreement filed with the commissioner under section 477B.02, subdivision 5, must be used in calculating the state aid.
- 266.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 and thereafter.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Minimum fire state aid allocation amount. (a) The minimum fire state aid 266.24 allocation amount is the amount derived from any additional funding amount to support a 266.25 minimum fire state aid amount under section 423A.02, subdivision 3. The minimum fire 266.26 state aid allocation amount is allocated to municipalities or independent nonprofit firefighting 266.27 corporations with volunteer firefighters' relief associations or covered by the statewide 266.28 volunteer firefighter plan. The amount is based on the number of active volunteer firefighters 266.29 who are (1) members of the relief association as reported to the Office of the State Auditor 266.30 in a specific annual financial reporting year as specified in paragraphs (b) to (d), or (2) 266.31 covered by the statewide volunteer firefighter plan as specified in paragraph (e). 266.32

Item 11. Article 13 Sec. 16. 266

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- (b) For relief associations established in calendar year 1993 or a prior year, the number of active volunteer firefighters equals the number of active volunteer firefighters who were members of the relief association as reported in the annual financial reporting for calendar year 1993, but not to exceed 30 active volunteer firefighters.
- (c) For relief associations established in calendar year 1994 through calendar year 1999, the number of active volunteer firefighters equals the number of active volunteer firefighters who were members of the relief association as reported in the annual financial reporting for calendar year 1998 to the Office of the State Auditor, but not to exceed 30 active volunteer firefighters.
- (d) For relief associations established after calendar year 1999, the number of active volunteer firefighters equals the number of active volunteer firefighters who are members of the relief association as reported in the first annual financial reporting submitted to the Office of the State Auditor, but not to exceed 20 active volunteer firefighters.
- (e) If a relief association is terminated as a result of For a municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation that is providing retirement coverage for volunteer firefighters by the statewide volunteer firefighter plan under chapter 353G, the number of active volunteer firefighters equals the number of active volunteer firefighters of the municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation covered by the statewide plan as certified by the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association to the commissioner and the state auditor by February 1 immediately following the date the municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation begins coverage in the plan, but not to exceed 30 active firefighters.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 267.23 267.24 and thereafter.
- 267.25 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.03, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. Appeal. A municipality, an independent nonprofit firefighting corporation, a 267.26 fire relief association, or the statewide volunteer firefighter plan may object to the amount 267.27 of fire state aid apportioned to it by filing a written request with the commissioner to review 267.28 and adjust the apportionment of funds within the state. The objection of a municipality, an 267.29 independent nonprofit firefighting corporation, a fire relief association, or the voluntary 267.30 statewide volunteer firefighter retirement plan must be filed with the commissioner within 60 days of the date the amount of apportioned fire state aid is paid. The decision of the 267.32 commissioner is subject to appeal, review, and adjustment by the district court in the county 267.33 in which the applicable municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation is 267.34

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located or by the Ramsey County District Court with respect to the statewide volunteer firefighter plan.

268.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 and thereafter.

- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Payments. (a) The commissioner must make payments to the Public 268.6 Employees Retirement Association for deposit in the statewide volunteer firefighter fund 268.7 on behalf of a municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation that is a member 268.8 of the statewide volunteer firefighter plan under chapter 353G, or directly to a municipality 268.9 or county designated by an independent nonprofit firefighting corporation. The commissioner 268.10 must directly pay all other municipalities qualifying for fire state aid, except as provided in 268.11 paragraph (d). The payment is equal to the amount of fire state aid apportioned to the 268.12 applicable fire state aid recipient under section 477B.03. 268.13
- (b) Fire state aid is payable on October 1 annually. The amount of state aid due and not paid by October 1 accrues interest payable to the recipient at the rate of one percent for each month or part of a month that the amount remains unpaid after October 1.
- (c) If the commissioner of revenue does not receive a financial compliance report 268.17 described in section 6.495, subdivision 3, for a relief association, the amount of fire state 268.18 aid apportioned to a municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation under 268.19 section 477B.03 for that relief association must be withheld from payment to the Public 268.20 Employees Retirement Association or the municipality. The commissioner of revenue must 268.21 issue a withheld payment within ten business days of receipt of a financial compliance report 268.22 under section 6.495, subdivision 3. The interest under paragraph (b) does not apply when 268.23 to a payment has not been made by October 1 due to noncompliance with sections 424A.014 268.24 268.25 and 477B.02, subdivision 7 withheld under this paragraph.
- 268.26 (d) The commissioner must make payments directly to the largest municipality in
  268.27 population located within any area included in a joint powers entity that does not have a
  268.28 designated agency under section 471.59, subdivision 3, or within the fire department service
  268.29 area of an eligible independent nonprofit firefighting corporation. If there is no city or town
  268.30 within the fire department service area of an eligible independent nonprofit firefighting
  268.31 corporation, fire state aid must be paid to the county where the independent nonprofit
  268.32 firefighting corporation is located.

Item 11. Article 13 Sec. 18. 268

269.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
269.2	and thereafter.
269.3	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477B.04, is amended by adding a subdivision
269.4	to read:
269.5	Subd. 4. Aid amount corrections. (a) An adjustment needed to correct a fire state aid
269.6	overpayment or underpayment due to a clerical error must be made to subsequent fire state
269.7	aid payments as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c). The authority to correct an aid payment
269.8	under this subdivision is limited to three years after the payment was issued.
269.9	(b) If an overpayment equals more than ten percent of the most recently paid aid amount,
269.10	the commissioner must reduce the aid a municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting
269.11	corporation is to receive by the amount overpaid over a period of no more than three years.
269.12	If an overpayment equals or is less than ten percent of the most recently paid aid amount,
269.13	the commissioner must reduce the next aid payment occurring in 30 days or more by the
269.14	amount overpaid.
269.15	(c) In the event of an underpayment, the commissioner must distribute the amount of
269.16	underpaid funds to the municipality or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation over
269.17	a period of no more than three years. An additional distribution to a municipality or
269.18	independent nonprofit firefighting corporation must be paid from the general fund and must
269.19	not diminish the payments made to other municipalities or independent nonprofit firefighting
269.20	corporations under this chapter.
269.21	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
269.22	and thereafter.
269.23	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477C.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
269.24	Subd. 2. <b>Apportionment of police state aid.</b> (a) The total amount available for
269.25	apportionment as police state aid is equal to 104 percent of the amount of premium taxes
269.26	paid to the state on the premiums reported to the commissioner by companies or insurance
269.27	companies on the Minnesota Aid to Police Premium Report, except that credits claimed
269.28	under section 297I.20, subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, do not affect the calculation of the total
269.29	amount of police state aid available for apportionment. The total amount for apportionment
269.30	for the police state aid program must not be less than two percent of the amount of premiums
260.21	reported to the commissioner by communies or insurance communies on the Minnesota Aid

Article 13 Sec. 20. 269 Item 11. Page 493

269.32 to Police Premium Report.

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270.1	(b) The commissioner must calculate the percentage of increase or decrease reflected in
270.2	the apportionment over or under the previous year's available state aid using the same
270.3	premiums as a basis for comparison.

- (c) In addition to the amount for apportionment of police state aid under paragraph (a), each year \$100,000 must be apportioned for police state aid. An amount sufficient to pay this increase is annually appropriated from the general fund.
- (d) The commissioner must apportion police state aid to all municipalities in proportion 270.7 to the relationship that the total number of peace officers employed by that municipality for 270.8 the prior calendar year and the proportional or fractional number who were employed less 270.9 than a calendar year as credited under section 477C.02, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), bears 270.10 to the total number of peace officers employed by all municipalities subject to any reduction 270.11 under subdivision 3. 270.12
- (e) Any necessary additional adjustments must be made to subsequent police state aid 270.13 270.14 apportionments.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** (a) The amendment to paragraph (a) is effective the day following 270.15 270.16 final enactment.
- (b) The amendment striking paragraph (e) is effective for aids payable in calendar year 270.17 2023 and thereafter. 270.18
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477C.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 270.19
- 270.20 Subd. 5. Appeal. A municipality may object to the amount of police state aid apportioned to it by filing a written request with the commissioner to review and adjust the apportionment 270.21 of funds to the municipality. The objection of a municipality must be filed with the 270.22 commissioner within 60 days of the date the amount of apportioned police state aid is paid. 270.23 The decision of the commissioner is subject to appeal, review, and adjustment by the district 270.24 court in the county in which the applicable municipality is located or by the Ramsey County 270.25
- District Court with respect to the Departments of Natural Resources or Public Safety. 270.26
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023 270.27 and thereafter. 270.28
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477C.04, is amended by adding a subdivision 270.29 270.30 to read:
- Subd. 4. Aid amount corrections. (a) An adjustment needed to correct a police state 270.31 aid overpayment or underpayment due to a clerical error must be made to subsequent police 270.32

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271.1	state aid payments as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c). The authority to correct an aid
271.2	payment under this subdivision is limited to three years after the payment was issued.
271.3	(b) If an overpayment equals more than ten percent of the most recently paid aid amount
271.4	the commissioner must reduce the aid a municipality is to receive by the amount overpaid
271.5	over a period of no more than three years. If an overpayment equals or is less than ten
271.6	percent of the most recently paid aid amount, the commissioner must reduce the next aid
271.7	payment occurring in 30 days or more by the amount overpaid.
271.8	(c) In the event of an underpayment, the commissioner must distribute the amount of
271.9	underpaid funds to the municipality over a period of no more than three years. An additional
271.10	distribution to a municipality must be paid from the general fund and must not diminish the
271.11	payments made to other municipalities under this chapter.
271.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
271.13	and thereafter.
271.14	Sec. 23. REPEALER.
271.15	Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 477B.02, subdivision 4; and 477B.03, subdivision 6
271.16	are repealed.
271.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2023
271.18	and thereafter.
271.19	ARTICLE 14
271.20	MISCELLANEOUS TAX PROVISIONS
271.21	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.03, subdivision 13, is amended to read
271.22	Subd. 13. Property taxes payable. "Property taxes payable" means the property tax
271.23	exclusive of special assessments, penalties, and interest payable on a claimant's homestead
271.24	after deductions made under sections 273.135, 273.1384, 273.1391, 273.42, subdivision 2
271.25	and any other state paid property tax credits in any calendar year, and after any refund
271.26	claimed and allowable under section 290A.04, subdivision 2h, that is first payable in the
271.27	year that the property tax is payable. In the case of a claimant who makes ground lease
271.28	payments, "property taxes payable" includes the amount of the payments directly attributable
271.29	to the property taxes assessed against the parcel on which the house is located. Regardless
271.30	of the limitations in section 280A(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, "property taxes
271.31	payable" must be apportioned or reduced for the use of a portion of the claimant's homestead
271.32	for a business purpose if the claimant deducts any business depreciation expenses for the

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use of a portion of the homestead or deducts expenses under section 280A of the Internal Revenue Code for a business operated in the claimant's homestead. For homesteads which are manufactured homes as defined in section 273.125, subdivision 8, including manufactured homes located in a manufactured home community owned by a cooperative organized under chapter 308A or 308B, and park trailers taxed as manufactured homes under section 168.012, subdivision 9, "property taxes payable" shall also include 17 percent of the gross rent paid in the preceding year for the site on which the homestead is located. When a homestead is owned by two or more persons as joint tenants or tenants in common, such tenants shall determine between them which tenant may claim the property taxes payable on the homestead. If they are unable to agree, the matter shall be referred to the commissioner of revenue whose decision shall be final. Property taxes are considered payable in the year prescribed by law for payment of the taxes.

In the case of a claim relating to "property taxes payable," the claimant must have owned and occupied the homestead on January 2 of the year in which the tax is payable and (i) the property must have been classified as homestead property pursuant to section 273.124, on or before December 15 31 of the assessment year to which the "property taxes payable" relate; or (ii) the claimant must provide documentation from the local assessor that application for homestead classification has been made on or before December 15 31 of the year in which the "property taxes payable" were payable and that the assessor has approved the application. 272.20

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for refund claims based on property taxes 272.21 payable in 2022 and thereafter.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.19, is amended to read: 272.23

### 290A.19 OWNER OR MANAGING AGENT TO FURNISH RENT CERTIFICATE.

(a) The owner or managing agent of any property for which rent is paid for occupancy as a homestead must furnish a certificate of rent paid to a person who is a renter on December 31, in the form prescribed by the commissioner. If the renter moves before December 31, the owner or managing agent may give the certificate to the renter at the time of moving, or mail the certificate to the forwarding address if an address has been provided by the renter. The certificate must be made available to the renter before February 1 of the year following the year in which the rent was paid. The owner or managing agent must retain a duplicate of each certificate or an equivalent record showing the same information for a period of three years. The duplicate or other record must be made available to the commissioner upon request.

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- (b) The commissioner may require the owner or managing agent, through a simple 273.1 process, to furnish to the commissioner on or before March 1 a copy of each certificate of 273.2 rent paid furnished to a renter for rent paid in the prior year. The commissioner shall prescribe 273.3 the content, format, and manner of the form pursuant to section 270C.30. The commissioner 273.4 may require the Social Security number, individual taxpayer identification number, federal 273.5 employer identification number, or Minnesota taxpayer identification number of the owner 273.6 or managing agent who is required to furnish a certificate of rent paid under this paragraph. 273.7 273.8 Prior to implementation, the commissioner, after consulting with representatives of owners or managing agents, shall develop an implementation and administration plan for the 273.9 requirements of this paragraph that attempts to minimize financial burdens, administration 273.10 and compliance costs, and takes into consideration existing systems of owners and managing 273.11 agents. 273.12
- (c) For the purposes of this section, "owner" includes a park owner as defined under section 327C.01, subdivision 6, and "property" includes a lot as defined under section 327C.01, subdivision 3.
- 273.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for refund claims based on rent paid in 273.17 2022 and thereafter.

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Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H3669-3

#### 6.91 LOCAL PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT AND REPORTING.

Subdivision 1. **Reports of local performance measures.** (a) A county or city that elects to participate in the standard measures program must report its results to its citizens annually through publication, direct mailing, posting on the jurisdiction's website, or through a public hearing at which the budget and levy will be discussed and public input allowed.

- (b) Each year, jurisdictions participating in the local performance measurement and improvement program must file a report with the state auditor by July 1, in a form prescribed by the auditor. All reports must include a declaration that the jurisdiction has complied with, or will have complied with by the end of the year, the requirement in paragraph (a). For jurisdictions participating in the standard measures program, the report shall consist of the jurisdiction's results for the standard set of performance measures under section 6.90, subdivision 2, paragraph (a). In 2012, jurisdictions participating in the comprehensive performance measurement program must submit a resolution approved by its local governing body indicating that it either has implemented or is in the process of implementing a local performance measurement system that meets the minimum standards specified by the council under section 6.90, subdivision 2, paragraph (b). In 2013 and thereafter, jurisdictions participating in the comprehensive performance measurement program must submit a statement approved by its local governing body affirming that it has implemented a local performance measurement system that meets the minimum standards specified by the council under section 6.90, subdivision 2, paragraph (b).
- Subd. 2. **Benefits of participation.** (a) A county or city that elects to participate in the standard measures program for 2011 is: (1) eligible for per capita reimbursement of \$0.14 per capita, but not to exceed \$25,000 for any government entity; and (2) exempt from levy limits under sections 275.70 to 275.74 for taxes payable in 2012, if levy limits are in effect.
- (b) Any county or city that elects to participate in the standard measures program for 2012 is eligible for per capita reimbursement of \$0.14 per capita, but not to exceed \$25,000 for any government entity. Any jurisdiction participating in the comprehensive performance measurement program is exempt from levy limits under sections 275.70 to 275.74 for taxes payable in 2013 if levy limits are in effect.
- (c) Any county or city that elects to participate in the standard measures program for 2013 or any year thereafter is eligible for per capita reimbursement of \$0.14 per capita, but not to exceed \$25,000 for any government entity. Any jurisdiction participating in the comprehensive performance measurement program for 2013 or any year thereafter is exempt from levy limits under sections 275.70 to 275.74 for taxes payable in the following year, if levy limits are in effect.
- Subd. 3. **Certification of participation.** (a) The state auditor shall certify to the commissioner of revenue by August 1 of each year the counties and cities that are participating in the standard measures program and the comprehensive performance measurement program.
- (b) The commissioner of revenue shall make per capita aid payments under this section on the second payment date specified in section 477A.015, in the same year that the measurements were reported.
- (c) The commissioner of revenue shall notify each county and city that is entitled to exemption from levy limits by August 10 of each levy year.
- Subd. 4. **Appropriation.** (a) The amount necessary to fund obligations under subdivision 2 is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
- (b) The sum of \$6,000 in fiscal year 2011 and \$2,000 in each fiscal year thereafter is annually appropriated from the general fund to the state auditor to carry out the auditor's responsibilities under sections 6.90 to 6.91.

# 290.0111 TEMPORARY CONFORMITY TO CERTAIN FEDERAL TAX CHANGES.

Subdivision 1. **Adopting Internal Revenue Code changes.** For the purposes of this chapter, "Internal Revenue Code," as defined in section 290.01, subdivisions 19 and 31, includes the sections of federal law specified in this section as enacted or amended through March 31, 2021.

- Subd. 2. **Further Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2020.** (a) "Internal Revenue Code" includes the following provisions of the Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Tax Relief Act of 2019 in Public Law 116-94:
  - (1) section 101;

# Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H3669-3

- (2) section 116;
- (3) section 117;
- (4) section 130;
- (5) section 131;
- (6) section 132;
- (7) section 144;
- (8) section 201;
- (9) section 202; and
- (10) section 204.
- (b) "Internal Revenue Code" includes section 301 of the Setting Every Community Up for Retirement Enhancement Act of 2019 in Public Law 116-94.
- Subd. 3. **CARES Act.** "Internal Revenue Code" includes the following sections of Public Law 116-136:
  - (1) section 1106(i); and
  - (2) section 2202.
- Subd. 4. **Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021.** (a) "Internal Revenue Code" includes the following provisions of the COVID-related Tax Relief Act of 2020 in Public Law 116-260:
  - (1) section 275;
  - (2) section 276; and
  - (3) section 277.
- (b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2021, "Internal Revenue Code" includes sections 278(b) and 278(c) of the COVID-related Tax Relief Act of 2020 in Public Law 116-260.
- Subd. 5. **American Rescue Plan Act.** "Internal Revenue Code" includes section 9042 of Public Law 117-2.

#### 290.0674 MINNESOTA EDUCATION CREDIT.

- Subd. 2a. Income. (a) For purposes of this section, "income" means the sum of the following:
- (1) federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (2) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (1):
- (i) all nontaxable income;
- (ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section 469, paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity loss carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness of a solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal Revenue Code;
  - (iv) cash public assistance and relief;
- (v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received under the federal Social Security Act, Supplemental Security Income, and veterans benefits), which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was funded exclusively by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;
- (vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality or political subdivision thereof:
  - (vii) workers' compensation;
  - (viii) nontaxable strike benefits;

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- (ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or sick pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through insurance or otherwise;
- (x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1995;
- (xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account, including a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan; self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code;
  - (xii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants;
  - (xiii) the amount of deduction allowed under section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code;
  - (xiv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (xv) the amount deducted for tuition expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (xvi) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the term "federal adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted gross income reflected in the fiscal year ending in the next calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income may not be reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss carryback or carryforward allowed for the year.

- (b) "Income" does not include:
- (1) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and 102;
- (2) amounts of any pension or annuity that were exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse if the funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;
  - (3) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;
  - (4) relief granted under chapter 290A;
- (5) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution or legal separation; and
- (6) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, Public Law 107-16.

## 290A.03 DEFINITIONS.

- Subd. 9. Disabled claimant. "Disabled claimant" means any claimant who has a disability.
- Subd. 11. **Rent constituting property taxes.** "Rent constituting property taxes" means 17 percent of the gross rent actually paid in cash, or its equivalent, or the portion of rent paid in lieu of property taxes, in any calendar year by a claimant for the right of occupancy of the claimant's Minnesota homestead in the calendar year, and which rent constitutes the basis, in the succeeding calendar year of a claim for relief under this chapter by the claimant.

# 290A.04 REFUND ALLOWABLE.

Subd. 2a. **Renters.** A claimant whose rent constituting property taxes exceeds the percentage of the household income stated below must pay an amount equal to the percent of income shown for the appropriate household income level along with the percent to be paid by the claimant of the remaining amount of rent constituting property taxes. The state refund equals the amount of rent constituting property taxes that remain, up to the maximum state refund amount shown below.

Household Income	Percent of Income	Percent Paid by Claimant	Maxımum State Refund
\$0 to 5,269	1.0 percent	5 percent	\$ 2,150
5,270 to 6,999	1.0 percent	10 percent	\$ 2,150

# APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H3669-3

7,000 to 8,749	1.1 percent	10 percent	\$ 2,090
8,750 to 12,269	1.2 percent	10 percent	\$ 2,040
12,270 to 15,779	1.3 percent	15 percent	\$ 1,980
15,780 to 17,519	1.4 percent	15 percent	\$ 1,930
17,520 to 19,259	1.4 percent	20 percent	\$ 1,880
19,260 to 22,779	1.5 percent	20 percent	\$ 1,820
22,780 to 24,529	1.6 percent	20 percent	\$ 1,770
24,530 to 26,279	1.7 percent	25 percent	\$ 1,770
26,280 to 29,789	1.8 percent	25 percent	\$ 1,770
29,790 to 31,529	1.9 percent	30 percent	\$ 1,770
31,530 to 36,789	2.0 percent	30 percent	\$ 1,770
36,790 to 42,039	2.0 percent	35 percent	\$ 1,770
42,040 to 49,059	2.0 percent	40 percent	\$ 1,770
49,060 to 50,799	2.0 percent	45 percent	\$ 1,610
50,800 to 52,559	2.0 percent	45 percent	\$ 1,450
52,560 to 54,319	2.0 percent	45 percent	\$ 1,230
54,320 to 56,059	2.0 percent	50 percent	\$ 1,070
56,060 to 57,819	2.0 percent	50 percent	\$ 970
57,820 to 59,569	2.0 percent	50 percent	\$ 540
59,570 to 61,319	2.0 percent	50 percent	\$ 210

The payment made to a claimant is the amount of the state refund calculated under this subdivision. No payment is allowed if the claimant's household income is \$61,320 or more.

Subd. 5. **Combined renter and homeowner refund.** In the case of a claimant who is entitled to a refund in a calendar year for claims based both on rent constituting property taxes and property taxes payable, the refund allowable equals the sum of the refunds allowable.

# 290A.23 APPROPRIATION.

Subdivision 1. **Renters credit.** There is appropriated from the general fund in the state treasury to the commissioner of revenue the amount necessary to make the payments required under section 290A.04, subdivision 2a.

### 327C.01 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 13. Class I manufactured home park. A "class I manufactured home park" means a park that complies with the provisions of section 327C.16.

#### 327C.16 CLASS I MANUFACTURED HOME PARK.

Subdivision 1. **Qualifications.** (a) To qualify as a class I manufactured home park, as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 13, a park owner, or on-site attendant as an employee of the manufactured home park, must satisfy 12 hours of qualifying education courses every three years, as prescribed in this subdivision. Park owners or on-site attendants may begin accumulating qualifying hours to qualify as a class I manufactured home park beginning in 2017.

- (b) The qualifying education courses required for classification under this subdivision must be continuing education courses approved by the Department of Labor and Industry or the Department of Commerce for:
  - (1) continuing education in real estate; or
  - (2) continuing education for residential contractors and manufactured home installers.
  - (c) The qualifying education courses must include:

#### Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H3669-3

- (1) two hours on fair housing, approved for real estate licensure or residential contractor licensure;
- (2) one hour on the Americans with Disabilities Act, approved for real estate licensure or residential contractor licensure;
- (3) four hours on legal compliance related to any of the following: landlord/tenant, licensing requirements, or home financing under chapters 58, 327, 327B, 327C, and 504B, and Minnesota Rules, chapter 1350 or 4630;
- (4) three hours of general education approved for real estate, residential contractors, or manufactured home installers; and
- (5) two hours of HUD-specific manufactured home installer courses as required under section 327B.041.
- (d) If the qualifying owner or employee attendant is no longer the person meeting the requirements under this subdivision, but did qualify during the current assessment year, then the manufactured home park shall still qualify for the class rate provided for class 4c property classified under section 273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (d), clause (5), item (iii).
- Subd. 2. **Proof of compliance.** (a) A park owner that has met the requirements of subdivision 1 shall provide an affidavit to the park owner's county assessor certifying that the park owner, corporate officer, or on-site attendant has complied with subdivision 1 and that the park meets the definition of a class I manufactured home park as defined in this section, and is entitled to the property tax classification rate for class I manufactured home parks in section 273.13, subdivision 25. The park owner shall retain the original course completion certificates issued by the course sponsor under this section for three years and, upon written request for verification, provide these to the county assessor within 30 days.
- (b) A park owner must provide the county assessor written notice of any change in compliance status of the manufactured home park no later than December 15 of the assessment year.

#### 477A.011 DEFINITIONS.

- Subd. 30a. **Percent of housing built between 1940 and 1970.** "Percent of housing built between 1940 and 1970" is equal to 100 times the most recent count by the United States Bureau of the Census of all housing units in the city built after 1939 but before 1970, divided by the total number of all housing units in the city. Housing units includes both occupied and vacant housing units as defined by the federal census.
- Subd. 38. **Household size.** "Household size" means the average number of persons per household in the jurisdiction as most recently estimated and reported by the state demographer and Metropolitan Council as of July 15 of the aid calculation year. A revision to an estimate or enumeration is effective for these purposes only if it is certified to the commissioner on or before July 15 of the aid calculation year. Clerical errors in the certification or use of estimates and counts established as of July 15 in the aid calculation year are subject to correction within the time periods allowed under section 477A.014.
- Subd. 42. **Jobs per capita in the city.** "Jobs per capita in the city" means (1) the average annual number of employees in the city based on the data from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, as reported by the Department of Employment and Economic Development, for the most recent calendar year available November 1 of every odd-numbered year, divided by (2) the city's population for the same calendar year as the employment data. The commissioner of the Department of Employment and Economic Development shall certify to the city the average annual number of employees for each city by January 1 of every even-numbered year beginning with January 1, 2014. A city may challenge an estimate under this paragraph by filing its specific objection, including the names of employers that it feels may have misreported data, in writing with the commissioner by December 1 of every odd-numbered year. The commissioner shall make every reasonable effort to address the specific objection and adjust the data as necessary. The commissioner shall certify the estimates of the annual employment to the commissioner of revenue by January 1 of all even-numbered years, including any estimates still under objection.
- Subd. 45. **Sparsity adjustment.** For a city with a population of 10,000 or more, the sparsity adjustment is 100 for any city with an average population density less than 150 per square mile, according to the most recent federal census. For a city with a population less than 10,000, the sparsity adjustment is 200 for any city with an average population density less than 30 per square mile, according to the most recent federal census. The sparsity adjustment is zero for all other cities.

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H3669-3

#### 477A.013 MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT DISTRIBUTIONS.

- Subd. 13. **Certified aid adjustments.** (a) A city that received an aid base increase under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.011, subdivision 36, paragraph (e), shall have its total aid under subdivision 9 increased by an amount equal to \$150,000 for aids payable in 2014 through 2018.
- (b) A city that received an aid base increase under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.011, subdivision 36, paragraph (r), shall have its total aid under subdivision 9 increased by an amount equal to \$160,000 for aids payable in 2014 and thereafter.
- (c) A city that received a temporary aid increase under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.011, subdivision 36, paragraph (o), shall have its total aid under subdivision 9 increased by an amount equal to \$1,000,000 for aids payable in 2014 only.

## 477B.02 QUALIFYING FOR FIRE STATE AID.

- Subd. 4. **Equipment requirements.** The fire department must have all of the following equipment, or the equivalent as determined by the state fire marshal, by December 31 of the year preceding the certification required in subdivision 8:
  - (1) a motorized fire truck equipped with:
  - (i) a motorized pump;
  - (ii) a 250-gallon or larger water tank;
- (iii) 300 feet of one inch or larger fire hose in two lines with combination spray and straight stream nozzles;
  - (iv) five-gallon hand pumps tank extinguisher or equivalent;
  - (v) a dry chemical extinguisher or equivalent;
  - (vi) ladders;
  - (vii) extension ladders;
  - (viii) pike poles;
  - (ix) crowbars;
  - (x) axes;
  - (xi) lanterns; and
  - (xii) fire coats, helmets, and boots;
- (2) the items in clause (1) suitably housed in a building of good construction with facilities for care of hoses and equipment;
- (3) a reliable and adequate method of receiving fire alarms by telephone or with electric siren and suitable means of sounding an alarm; and
- (4) if response is to be provided outside the corporate limits of the municipality where the fire department is located, another piece of motorized apparatus to make the response.

### 477B.03 CALCULATION OF FIRE STATE AID; APPEAL.

Subd. 6. **Corrective aid adjustments.** Any adjustments needed to correct prior misallocations must be made to subsequent fire state aid apportionments.

This Document can be made available in alternative formats upon request

# State of Minnesota

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-SECOND SESSION

н. г. №. 2809

01/31/2022 Authored by Swedzinski

1.14

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1.16

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Capital Investment

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3	relating to capital investment; appropriating money for capital improvements at the MERIT Center; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.
1.4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.5	Section 1. MARSHALL; MERIT CENTER.
1.6	Subdivision 1. Appropriation. \$3,653,000 is appropriated from the bond proceeds fund
1.7	to the commissioner of public safety for a grant to the city of Marshall to design, construct,
1.8	furnish, and equip improvements at the Minnesota Emergency Response and Industrial
1.9	Training Center outlined in Phase 3 of the Master Development Plan, including: a 50-yard
1.10	and 300-yard firearms range; firearms support buildings; and a live burn buildout structure.
1.11	Subd. 2. Bond sale. To provide the money appropriated in this section from the bond
1.12	proceeds fund, the commissioner of management and budget shall sell and issue bonds of
1.13	the state in an amount up to \$3,653,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect

prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7.

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# CITY OF MARSHALL AGENDA ITEM REPORT

Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	NEW BUSINESS
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Consider approval of labor agreements between the City of Marshall and Law Enforcement Labor Services, Inc., Local No. 245
Background Information:	The 2019-2021 labor agreements with Law Enforcement Labor Services, Inc., Local No. 245 expired on December 31, 2021. Tentative agreement with the union on contract terms for new three-year agreements (2022-2024) have been reached.  A copy of the documents for consideration and a summary of the amendments are attached.  This tentative agreement is consistent with the amendments and general wage increases approved by the Council for the LELS 190 Patrol contract in April.
Fiscal Impact:	Staff will review at the meeting.
Alternative/ Variations:	None recommended.
Recommendations:	to approve a collective bargaining agreement, memorandum of understanding, and memorandum of agreement between the City of Marshall and Law Enforcement Labor Services, Local No. 245.

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Summary of LELS-245 proposed contract amendments for the 2022-2024 Labor Agreement:

- 1. Cover page: update dates of contract
- 2. Table of Contents: changes to page numbers
- 3. Article 6-Grievance Procedure:
  - a. amend "calendar" to "business" days which provides additional time to review the grievance, discuss the grievance with supervisory staff, and conduct interviews/meetings to determine the facts of the issue and possible resolution
  - b. new language that defines the term "business days"
  - c. additional language in Step 4 to comply with MN Statute pertaining to new arbitrator selection procedures
- 4. Article 12-Insurance: update dates of contract
- 5. Article 28-Duration: update dates of contract.
- 6. Appendix A:
  - a. language regarding implementation of the new A-J pay structure and wage schedules for 2022, 2023, and 2024. The union has accepted the new pay structure and has agreed to an implementation plan consistent with what the Council approved for non-union and LELS190 (Patrol unit) employees.
  - b. Wage schedules reflect the following general wage increase:

2022-2%

2023-3%

2024-3%

7. <u>Memorandum of Understanding</u>: update of effective dates of the proposed wage schedule for the term of the agreement (effective 1<sup>st</sup> day of the pay period that includes January 1).

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## LABOR AGREEMENT

**BETWEEN** 

THE CITY OF MARSHALL

**AND** 

LAW ENFORCEMENT LABOR SERVICES, INC.

POLICE SUPERVISORS

(Local # 245)

January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2024

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## ARTICLE 1 – PURPOSE OF AGREEMENT

This AGREEMENT is between the City of Marshall, hereinafter called the EMPLOYER, and Law Enforcement Labor Services, Inc., hereinafter called the UNION.

The intent and purpose of this AGREEMENT is to:

- 1.1 Establish procedures for the resolution of disputes concerning this AGREEMENT'S interpretation and or application; and
- 1.2 Place in written form the parties' agreement on terms and conditions of employment for the duration of this AGREEMENT.

## ARTICLE 2 - RECOGNITION

- 2.1 The EMPLOYER recognizes the UNION as the exclusive representative, under Minnesota Statutes for all Police Sergeants as defined in Bureau of Mediation Services Case No. 98-PCE-785.
- 2.2 In the event the EMPLOYER and the UNION are unable to agree as to the inclusion or exclusion of a new or modified job class, the issue shall be submitted to the Bureau of Mediation Services for determination.

## ARTICLE 3 – DEFINITIONS

- 3.1 UNION: Law Enforcement Labor Services, Inc.
- 3.2 UNION MEMBER: A member of Law Enforcement Labor Services, Inc.
- 3.3 EMPLOYEES: A member of the exclusively recognized bargaining unit.
- 3.4 DEPARTMENT: The City of Marshall Police Department.
- 3.5 EMPLOYER: The City of Marshall.
- 3.6 DIRECTOR: The Director of Public Safety of the City of Marshall Police Department.
- 3.7 UNION STEWARD: The Steward elected or appointed by the UNION.
- 3.8 SCHEDULED SHIFT: A consecutive work period including rest breaks and a lunch break.
- 3.9 REST BREAKS: Periods during the scheduled shift during which the employee remains on continual duty and is responsible for assigned duties.
- 3.10 LUNCH BREAK: A period during the scheduled shift during which the employee remains on continual duty and is responsible for assigned duties.

3.11 OVERTIME: Work performed at the express authorization of the EMPLOYER in excess of the employees scheduled shift or eighty (80) hours in a pay period.

## <u>ARTICLE 4 – EMPLOYER AUTHORITY</u>

- 4.1 The EMPLOYER retains the full and unrestricted right to operate and manage all manpower, facilities, and equipment; to establish functions and programs; to set and amend budgets; to determine the utilization of technology; to establish and modify the organizational structure; to select, direct, and determine the number of personnel; to establish work schedules; to hire, promote transfer, and assign Employee(s); to make and enforce reasonable rules and regulations; to take any and all actions necessary to carry out the operations of the Employer in situations involving a disaster or emergency consistent with the terms described in this Agreement to the extent practicable; to lay off Employee(s); to assign duties, tasks, jobs, hours, and shifts to Employee(s); and to perform such other inherent managerial functions as set forth in the Public Employment Labor Relations Act, as amended, hereinafter referred to as PELRA; and to perform any inherent managerial function not specifically limited by this AGREEMENT.
- 4.2 Any term and condition of employment not specifically established or modified by the AGREEMENT shall remain solely within the discretion of the EMPLOYER to modify, establish, or eliminate.
- 4.3 The forgoing enumeration of the Employer's authority shall not be deemed to exclude other inherent management rights and management functions not expressly delegated in this Agreement and not in violation of the laws of the State of Minnesota.
- 4.4 The Employer's failure to exercise any right, prerogative, or function hereby reserved to it, or the Employer's exercise of any such right, prerogative, or function in a particular way, shall not be considered a waiver of the Employer's right to exercise such right, prerogative or function, or preclude it from exercising the same in some other way not in conflict with the express provisions of this Agreement.

## ARTICLE 5 – UNION SECURITY

- 5.1 The EMPLOYER shall deduct, from the wages of an employee who authorizes such a deduction in writing, an amount necessary to cover monthly UNION dues or other fees. Such monies shall be remitted as directed by the UNION.
- 5.2 The UNION may designate employees from the bargaining unit to act as a steward and an alternate and shall inform the EMPLOYER in writing of such choice and changes in the position of steward and/or alternate. The EMPLOYER agrees to inform the UNION in writing within ten (10) days of employment of the name, classification, and home address of each new employee.

- 5.3 The EMPLOYER shall make space available on the employee bulletin board for posting UNION notices and announcements and to make space available for UNION meetings whenever practicable.
- 5.4 The UNION agrees to indemnify and hold the EMPLOYER harmless against any and all claims, suits, orders, or judgments brought or issued against the EMPLOYER as a result of any action taken or not taken by the EMPLOYER under the provisions of this ARTICLE.

## ARTICLE 6 – EMPLOYEE RIGHTS - GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE

- 6.1 Definition of a Grievance: A grievance is defined as a dispute or disagreement as to the interpretation or application of the specific terms and conditions of this AGREEMENT.
- Union Representatives: The EMPLOYER will recognize representatives designated by the UNION as the grievance representatives of the bargaining unit having the duties and responsibilities established by this ARTICLE. The UNION shall notify the EMPLOYER in writing of the names of such UNION representatives and of their successors when so designated as provided by Sect. 5.2 of this AGREEMENT.
- 6.3 Processing of a Grievance: It is recognized and accepted by the UNION and the EMPLOYER that the processing of grievances as hereinafter provided is limited by the job duties and responsibilities of the employees and shall therefore be accomplished during normal working hours only when consistent with such employee duties and responsibilities. The aggrieved employee and a UNION representative shall be allowed a reasonable amount of time without loss in pay when a grievance is investigated and presented to the EMPLOYER during normal working hours provided that the employee and the UNION representative have notified and received the approval of the designated supervisor who has determined that such absence is reasonable and would not be detrimental to the work programs of the EMPLOYER.
- 6.4 Procedure: Grievances, as defined by Section 6.1, shall be resolved in conformance with the following procedure:

## Step 1

An employee claiming a violation concerning the interpretation or application of this AGREEMENT shall, within fourteen (14) business days after such alleged violation has occurred, present such grievance to the Director of Public Safety. The Director of Public Safety will discuss and give an answer to such Step 1 grievance within ten (10) business days after receipt.

A grievance not resolved in Step 1 and appealed to Step 2 shall be placed in writing setting forth the nature of the grievance, the facts on which it is based, the provision or provisions of the AGREEMENT allegedly violated, the remedy requested, and shall be appealed to Step 2 within ten (10) business days after the Director of Public Safety's final answer in Step 1. Any

grievance not appealed in writing to Step 2 by the UNION within ten (10) business days shall be considered waived.

The term "business days" in clause 6.4 shall mean the days of Monday through Friday and excludes designated holidays identified in the City Personnel Policy manual.

## Step 2

If appealed, the written grievance shall be presented by the UNION and discussed with the City Administrator. The City Administrator shall give the UNION the EMPLOYER's Step 2 answer in writing within ten (10) business days after receipt of such Step 2 grievance. A grievance not resolved in Step 2 may be appealed to Step 3 within ten (10) business days following the City Administrator's final Step 2 answer. Any grievance not appealed in writing to Step 3 by the UNION within ten (10) business days shall be considered waived.

## Step 3

If desired by the Union, the Union may submit a written or electronic request to the Employer-designated Step 2 representative to mediate the grievance through the Bureau of Mediation Services. The grievance may be mediated if agreed to by both parties. A grievance not resolved in Step 3 within ten (10) business days following the Employer-designated representative's written refusal to mediate or completion of mediation as designated by the mediator may be appealed to Step 4. Any grievance not appealed in writing to Step 4 by the Union within ten (10) business days shall be considered waived.

## Step 4

A grievance unresolved in Step 3 and appealed to Step 4 by the UNION shall be submitted to arbitration subject to the provisions of the Public Employment Labor Relations Act of 1971, as amended. The selection of an arbitrator shall be made consistent with the rules established by the Bureau of Mediation Services. However, a grievance arbitration for written disciplinary action, discharge, or termination shall include the arbitrator selection procedures established in Minnesota Statute 626.892, as amended.

## 6.5 <u>Arbitrator's Authority</u>:

- A. The arbitrator shall have no right to amend, modify, nullify, ignore, add to, or subtract from the terms and conditions of this AGREEMENT. The arbitrator shall consider and decide only the specific issue(s) submitted in writing by the EMPLOYER and the UNION, and shall have no authority to make a decision on any other issue not so submitted.
- B. The arbitrator shall be without power to make decisions contrary to, or inconsistent with, or modifying, or varying in any way, the application of laws, rules, or regulations having the force and effect of law. The arbitrator's decision shall be submitted in writing within thirty (30) days following the close of the hearing or the submission of briefs by the parties, whichever be later, unless the

parties agree to an extension. The decision shall be binding on both the EMPLOYER and the UNION and shall be based solely on the arbitrator's interpretation or application of the express terms of this AGREEMENT and to

the facts of the grievance presented. If the grievance is covered by law or statute, or not covered by the express provisions of this Agreement, the arbitrator shall refer the grievance back to the parties without decision or recommendation.

C. The fees and expenses for the arbitrator's services and proceedings shall be borne equally by the EMPLOYER and the UNION provided that each party shall be responsible for compensating its own representatives and witnesses. If either party desires a verbatim record of the proceedings, it may cause such a record to be made, providing it pays for the record. If both parties desire a verbatim record of the proceedings, the cost shall be shared equally.

## 6.6 Waiver:

If a grievance is not presented within the time limits set forth above, it shall be considered waived. If a grievance is not appealed to the next step within the specified time limit or any agreed extension thereof, it shall be considered settled on the basis of the EMPLOYER's last answer. If the EMPLOYER does not answer a grievance or an appeal thereof within the specified time limits, the UNION may elect to treat the grievance as denied at the step and immediately appeal the grievance to the next step. The time limit in each step may be extended by mutual written agreement of the EMPLOYER and the UNION in each step.

- 6.7 Choice of Remedy: If the event giving rise to a grievance is appealed to or challenged in any procedure other than the grievance procedure in this article, at any time, the grievance is no longer subject to this grievance procedure nor arbitration under such procedure.
- 6.8 Class action grievances are not permitted pursuant to this collective bargaining agreement. Grievances must personally affect the named grievant(s).

## ARTICLE 7 – SAVINGS CLAUSE

This AGREEMENT is subject to law. In the event any provision of this AGREEMENT shall be held to be contrary to law by a court of competent jurisdiction from whose final judgment or decree, no appeal is made within the time provided, such provision shall be voided. All other provisions of this AGREEMENT shall continue in full force and effect. The voided provision may be renegotiated at the written request of either party.

## ARTICLE 8 – PROBATION

8.1 All newly hired or rehired Employees shall serve a probationary period of twelve (12) months of active work (which does not include time spent on a leave of absence except as may be required by law). All promoted EMPLOYEES will serve a six (6) month probationary period.

- Said probationary period for promoted employees may be extended up to six (6) months for a total of twelve (12) months at the EMPLOYER'S discretion. The EMPLOYER shall provide notice to the UNION of any such extension.
- 8.2 During the probationary period a newly hired or rehired EMPLOYEE may be disciplined, up to and including discharge at the sole discretion of the EMPLOYER without just cause being required or such discipline or discharge being subject to Article 6 (Grievance Procedure) of this Agreement. During the probationary period, a promoted or reassigned EMPLOYEE may be replaced in his/her previous position at the sole discretion of the EMPLOYER.

## <u>ARTICLE 9 – SENIORITY</u>

- 9.1 Job Classification Seniority shall be determined by the Employee's length of continuous service within a classification with the Department.
- 9.2 EMPLOYEES will be given preference by job classification seniority with regard to changes in job classification through transfer, assignment and promotion in the bargaining unit when the job-relevant qualifications of employees are equal.
- 9.3 EMPLOYEES will be laid off by job classification seniority. Employees on layoff will have recall rights for 24 months after layoff. No employees will be hired in any job classification in which employees are laid off who have recall rights.
- 9.4 Seniority shall terminate when an employee is separated from employment.

## <u>ARTICLE 10 – DISCIPLINE</u>

- 10.1 The EMPLOYER will discipline employees for just cause only. Discipline will be in one or more of the following forms:
  - a) Oral reprimand;
  - b) Written reprimand;
  - c) Suspension;
  - d) Demotion; and
  - e) Discharge.
- 10.2 Suspensions, demotions, and discharges will be in written form. Employees and the UNION shall receive a copy of written reprimands, suspensions, demotions, or discharges.
- 10.3 Written reprimands, notices of suspension, demotions, and discharge shall become part of an employee's personnel file. The EMPLOYEE shall acknowledge receipt of written reprimands, notices of suspension, and demotions by signature.
- 10.4 Employees may examine and duplicate at their own expense their own individual personnel files at reasonable times under the direct supervision of the EMPLOYER.

- 10.5 An employee will not be questioned when the information obtained through such questioning may subject the employee to disciplinary action unless the employee has been given an opportunity to have an attorney or union representative present at such questioning.
- 10.6 Grievances relating to this ARTICLE shall be initiated by the UNION in Step 2 of the grievance procedure under ARTICLE 6.

## ARTICLE 11 – WORK SCHEDULES

- 11.1 The normal work year for full-time employees is two thousand and eighty (2,080) hours to be accounted for by each employee through:
  - a) Hours worked on assigned shifts;
  - b) Assigned training; and
  - c) Authorized leave time.

## <u>ARTICLE 12 – INSURANCE</u>

- 12.1 The EMPLOYER will contribute for each employee for single group insurance the same amount the City contributes for other City employees in 2022, 2023, and 2024.
- 12.2 The EMPLOYER will contribute for each employee for group insurance, including dependent coverage the same amount the City contributes for other City employees in 2022, 2023, and 2024.

## <u>ARTICLE 13 – UNIFORMS</u>

The EMPLOYER shall provide required uniform and equipment items. Refer to Appendix B for the Equipment List. Personal items destroyed or damaged in the line of duty will be repaired/replaced on a reasonable cost basis. The Employer will pay no more than \$150 to repair/replace footwear.

## ARTICLE 14—NON-DISCRIMINATION

Neither the EMPLOYER nor the UNION will discriminate against any employee on any basis prohibited by law.

## <u>ARTICLE 15 – VACATION</u>

15.1 Full-time EMPLOYEES shall earn vacation at the following rates:

Years of Service	Hours per Year of Service
0 to 5 years	80 hours
5 to 10 years	120 hours
10 to 15 years	144 hours
15 to 20 years	160 hours
20+ years	200 hours

- 15.2 An employee terminating employment prior to six months of service shall not receive vacation pay on termination. An employee terminating service after six months of service shall receive accumulated vacation pay provided the employee was not terminated for cause and the employee provided the Employer at least fourteen (14) calendar days' written notice prior to resignation or retirement.
- 15.3 Vacation time must be arranged and approved by the EMPLOYER-designated representative. Employees will be provided an opportunity to select vacation time periods in so far as practicable. Employees may not accumulate more than two (2) times their allowed annual vacation earnings.

## ARTICLE 16 – SICK LEAVE

- 16.1 EMPLOYEES shall earn sick leave at the rate of eight (8) hours per month on paid status and be allowed to accumulate up to a maximum of 960 hours of sick leave. After 960 hours of accumulation employees shall earn four (4) hours of sick leave for each month on paid status. Employees using sick leave who have earned 960 hours or more of sick leave shall have such sick leave use deducted from their 960 hour leave bank. Employees hired after January 1, 2001 will be limited to a maximum accumulation of one thousand two hundred (1,200) hours of sick leave.
- 16.2 For the purpose of accruing sick leave only, employees with a date of hire that is on or before the 5<sup>th</sup> of the month shall be considered to have started employment on the first day of that month. Employees with a date of hire between the 6<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> of the month, will receive 4 hours of sick leave for that month. Employees with a date of hire on or after the 22<sup>nd</sup> of the month shall be considered to have started employment on the first of the month following the date of hire.
- 16.3 To be eligible to receive sick leave benefits employees must notify the EMPLOYER-designated representative at least one hour prior to the start of their scheduled shift unless unusual circumstances prevent the employee from such prior notification. Employees may use sick leave benefits for an absence due to illness or injury. Sick leave may be granted when the employee is unable to perform work duties due to illness, injury or disability, the necessity for medical, dental, or chiropractic, or psychological care, for child birth or pregnancy disability, maternity or paternity leave, or exposure to contagious disease where such exposure may endanger the health of others. Accrued sick leave benefits may also be used for absences due to an illness or injury to the employee's child, adult child, sibling, spouse, parent, mother-in-law, father-in-law, stepparent, grandchild, and grandparent in accordance with Minnesota law (Section 181.9413). For the purposes of this clause, "child" means a step child, biological, adopted, or foster child, either under 18 years of age, or under 20 and still attending secondary school.

An employee may utilize accrued sick leave for "safety leave" for reasonable absences for themselves or the following relatives, the employee's: child/adult child, spouse, sibling, parent, stepparent, mother/father-in-law, grandchild, and grandparent. Safety leave is leave for the purpose of providing or receiving assistance because of sexual assault, domestic abuse, or stalking. Safety leave will be granted in accordance with Minnesota law. An Employee's use of accrued sick leave and/or safety leave benefits for the Employee's adult child, sibling, parent, stepparent, mother/father-in-law, grandchild, and grandparent are limited to 160 hours of combined time per calendar year (January to December).

- 16.4 Employees may use sick leave when disabled and unable to perform the duties of their position and as required by law. Employees injured in the line of duty and eligible for workers' compensation benefits shall receive sick leave benefits to the extent of their accrued sick leave to supplement their workers' compensation benefits to equal their normal compensation. The employee's sick leave bank will be charged for the amount of the supplemental payments.
- 16.5 On termination, except for just cause, employees or their estate shall receive payment for unused sick leave as follows:

a. after five years of service	20% of unused sick leave
b. after ten years of service	30% of unused sick leave
c. after fifteen years of service	40% of unused sick leave
d. after twenty years of service	50% of unused sick leave

## ARTICLE 17 – SEVERANCE PAY

- 17.1 Following 20 years of service with the City, Employee's (or their estate) are eligible for severance pay if:
  - a) the Employee terminates employment in good standing with the City; or
  - b) the Employee becomes disabled to the extent that the Employee can no longer work for the City; or
  - c) in the event of the death of the Employee.

The Employee or the Employee's estate will receive one (1) month's current salary plus 3% of the monthly salary for each year of service above 20 years to a maximum of 150% of the monthly salary (applicable taxes will be withheld).

- 17.2 Employees that are terminated from the City due to disciplinary action are not eligible to receive severance pay.
- 17.3 Employees hired after December 31, 2021 are not eligible for Severance Pay.

## ARTICLE 18 – HOLIDAYS

18.1 The following days are paid holidays:

New Year's Day (January 1)

Martin Luther King Day (Third Monday in January)
Presidents Day (Third Monday in February)
Memorial Day (Last Monday in May)

Independence Day (July 4)

Labor Day (First Monday in September)

Veterans' Day (November 11)

Thanksgiving Day (Fourth Thursday in November)

Christmas Day (December 25)

Employees will be granted two (8) hour floating holidays on a pro-rata basis during a calendar year to be scheduled with permission of the employees designated supervisor and may not be carried over from one year to the next.

- 18.2 Full-time employees in active status will receive payment for the holiday regardless of whether the holiday is worked. The holiday hours may not be taken/accrued as compensatory time off. If a holiday falls on an employee's regularly scheduled day off, the employee shall be entitled to eight (8) hours of pay at the employee's regular hourly rate of pay. When an employee's services are required for an emergency or an essential public service on a holiday, the employee shall be entitled to pay at one and one-half (1-1/2) times the regular rate, plus eight (8) hours regular rate holiday pay.
- 18.3 Employees on an unpaid leave of absence on the holiday will not receive holiday pay specified in this Article.

## ARTICLE 19 - JURY DUTY

Employees required to serve on jury duty will be compensated the difference between the employees regular rate of pay and the amount paid for jury duty less mileage.

## ARTICLE 20 - LEAVES OF ABSENCE

Employees will be provided leaves of absence with and/or without pay as required by law, including, but not limited to: Family and Medical Leave Act, Parental Leave Act, and Women's Economic Security Act. On request, an employee may be granted an unpaid leave of absence by the EMPLOYER.

## <u>ARTICLE 21 – FUNERAL/BEREAVEMENT LEAVE</u>

In case of death in an employee's immediate family, as well as brothers, sisters, step-siblings, mother, father, parent-in-law, grandparents, grandparents-in-law, grandchild(ren), brothers and sisters-in-law, son/daughter-in-law, the Director of Public Safety may authorize a maximum of three (3) consecutive days with pay for each emergency, as funeral leave. Funeral leave may not exceed forty (40) hours per year and may not be carried over to the following year.

## ARTICLE 22 – OVERTIME

- 22.1 Employees are eligible to receive overtime compensation but may not accrue compensatory time. Employees will be compensated at one and one-half (1-1/2) times the employees regular base pay rate for hours worked in excess of the employees scheduled shift or an eighty (80) hour pay period. Changes of shifts do not qualify an employee for overtime under this ARTICLE.
- 22.2 Overtime will be distributed as equally as practicable.
- 22.3 For the purpose of computing overtime compensation, overtime hours worked shall not be pyramided, compounded, or paid twice for the same hours worked.
- 22.4 Overtime will be calculated to the nearest fifteen (15) minutes.
- 22.5 Employees have the obligation to work overtime or call backs if requested by the EMPLOYER unless unusual circumstances prevent the employee from so working.

## **ARTICLE 23 - COURT TIME**

An employee who is required to appear in Court during the employee's scheduled off-duty time shall receive a minimum of two (2) hours' pay at one and one-half (1- 1/2) times the employees base pay rate or for time worked whichever is greater. An extension or early report to a regularly scheduled shift for a court appearance does not qualify the employee for the two (2) hour minimum. The Employer will attempt to notify an employee of cancellation as soon as is practicable.

## ARTICLE 24 - CALL BACK TIME

An employee who is called to duty during scheduled off-duty time shall receive a minimum of two (2) hours' pay or for time worked whichever is greater at one and one-half (1-1/2) times the employee's base pay rate. An extension or early report to a regularly scheduled shift for duty does not qualify the employee for the two (2) hour minimum.

## <u>ARTICLE 25 – WAGES</u>

- 25.1 Wage rates are listed in Appendix A.
- 25.2 Effective January 1, 2014, full-time employees who work hours between five (5) p.m. and seven (7) a.m. will be paid an additional thirty cents (\$0.30) for actual hours worked. Effective the first day of the first full pay period following ratification, full-time employees who work the hours between five (5) p.m. and seven (7) a.m. will be paid an additional fifty cents (\$0.50) for actual hours worked.

## ARTICLE 26 - P.O.S.T LICENSE FEE

The Employer shall pay up to ninety dollars (\$90.00) for the P.O.S.T license fee every three years.

## <u>ARTICLE 27 – WAIVER</u>

- Any and all prior agreements, resolutions, practices, policies, rules and regulations regarding terms and conditions of employment, to the extent inconsistent with the provisions of this AGREEMENT, are hereby superseded.
- 27.2 The parties mutually acknowledge that during the negotiations which resulted in this AGREEMENT, each had the unlimited right and opportunity to make demands and proposals with respect to any term or condition of employment not removed by law from bargaining. All agreements and understandings arrived at by the parties are set forth in writing in this AGREEMENT for the stipulated duration of this AGREEMENT. The EMPLOYER and the UNION each voluntarily and unqualifiedly waives the right to meet and negotiate regarding any and all terms and conditions of employment referred to or covered in this AGREEMENT or with respect to any term or condition of employment not specifically referred to or covered by this AGREEMENT. Even though such terms or conditions may not have been within the knowledge or contemplation of either or both of the parties at the time this contract was negotiated or executed.

## ARTICLE 28 - DURATION

This AGREEMENT shall be effective as of January 1, 2022 and shall remain in full force and effect until the 31st of December, 2024.

In witness whereof, the parties hereto have executed this AGREEMENT on the latest date affixed to the signatures hereto.

FOR THE CITY OF MARSHALL	FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT LABOR SERVICES, INC
	- Olun
Robert J. Byrnes, Mayor	Business Agent
City Clerk	Union Steward
Date	05-16 7077 Date

## APPENDIX A

## **HOURLY WAGE RATES**

- Implementation of the new A-J pay structure in accordance with the following:
  - Retroactive to 12/20/2021, placement of employees onto the new pay structure, onto the step closest to the employee's base pay rate as of 12/31/2021, that would result in an increase in pay.
- Step movement on employee anniversary date with satisfactory performance evaluation.
- Employees shall not exceed the salary range maximum.

## 12/31/2021 New Pay Structure

	Step A	Step B	Step C	Step D	Step E	Step F	Step G	Step H	Step I	Step J
Sergeant	35.06	36.22	37.38	38.54	39.69	40.85	42.30	43.74	45.19	46.64

## 2022 2% General Wage Increase

	Step A	Step B	Step C	Step D	Step E	Step F	Step G	Step H	Step I	Step J
Sergeant	35.76	36.94	38.13	39.31	40.48	41.67	43.15	44.61	46.09	47.57

## 2023 3% General Wage Increase

	Step A	Step B	Step C	Step D	Step E	Step F	Step G	Step H	Step I	Step J
Sergeant	36.83	38.05	39.27	40.49	41.69	42.92	44.44	45.95	47.47	49.00

## 2024 3% General Wage Increase

	Step A	Step B	Step C	Step D	Step E	Step F	Step G	Step H	Step I	Step J
Sergeant	37.93	39.19	40.45	41.70	42.94	44.21	45.77	47.33	48.89	50.47

## APPENDIX B

## **Equipment List for Police Sergeant**

Item	Quantity	Item	Quantity
Uniform Hat	1	Business Card	1
Hat Rain Cover	1	Key Holder	1
Winter Cap	1	Cartridge Magazine Pouch	1
Summer Uniform Shirts	3	Duty Ammo	1
Winter Uniform Shirts	3	Glove Pouch	1
Tie	1	Portable Radio, Charger, Accessories	1
Uniform Pants	3	Mace	1
All Season Jacket	1	Mace Holder	1
Rain Jacket	1	Flash Light Holder	1
Badge – Hat	1	Stinger Light w/Charger w/Holder	1
Badge – Uniform	2	Duty Belt	1
Pair Collar Brass - Small	1	Belt Keepers	4
Pair Collar Brass - Large	1	Duty Holster	1
Individual Name Tag	2	Weapon	1
"Serving Since" Service Bar	1	Taser	1
Key Set - Office	1	Taser Holster	1
Body Armor/Carrier	1	Handcuffs w/2 keys	1
Blood Resistant Gloves	1	Handcuff Case	1
Approved Footwear	1		
(Maximum City Cost of \$	150.00)		

## **Additional Equipment List for Detective Sergeant**

Item	Quantity
Belt Clip Badge Holder	1
Dress Pants	3
Dress Shirts	3

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU)

## Between

## The City of Marshall

and

Law Enforcement Labor Services, Inc., Local No. 245

This is an agreement between the City of Marshall hereinafter called the "CITY" and Law Enforcement Labor Services, Inc., Local No. 245 hereinafter called the "UNION."

## I. PURPOSE & SCOPE

The purpose of this MOU is to aid in the efficient administration of general wage increases and market adjustments by identifying implementation dates applicable to Appendix A (Wage Schedules) of the 2022-2024 Labor Agreement.

## II. IT IS MUTUALLY UNDERSTOOD AND AGREED BY AND BETWEEN THE PARTIES THAT:

The UNION and the CITY ratified an Agreement on May 24, 2022 providing wage schedules effective on the following dates: January 1, 2022 – December 31, 2022 and January 1, 2023 – December 31, 2023, and January 1, 2024 – December 31, 2024.

To aid in the efficient administration of the wage schedules, the UNION and the CITY agree that the pay rates established in the aforementioned Agreement will be compensated on the following schedule:

January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022 schedule to be implemented on December 20, 2021.

January 1, 2023 - December 31, 2023 schedule to be implemented on December 19, 2022.

January 1, 2024 - December 31, 2024 schedule to be implemented on January 1, 2024.

## III. EFFECTIVE DATE AND SIGNATURE

This MOU shall be effective as of May 24, 2022 and shall remain in full force and effect until December 31, 2024. In witness whereof, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on the latest date affixed to the signatures hereto.

City of Marshall	Law Enforcement Labor Services, Inc., Local No. 245
Mayor	Business Agent
City Clerk	Union Steward
Date:	Date: 05-16-2022



# CITY OF MARSHALL AGENDA ITEM REPORT

Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	NEW BUSINESS
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Consider Request for Proposals Indoor Recreation Facility and YMCA Collaboration Feasibility
Background Information:	The City of Marshall in January of 2022 approved a resolution requesting sales tax authorization for an aquatic center and an indoor recreation facility. Since that time, current proposed legislation does not include an indoor recreation facility due the sentiment that additional information would be needed to garner legislature and public support.  Recently the city received a request from the Marshall Area YMCA to study financial viability and future recreation needs as a community and YMCA. In MN and nationwide, YMCAs and the communities in which they are located have explored or have existing arrangements with cities. The Marshall YMCA had also initiated a capital campaign to raise \$5 million for renovations to the existing multipurpose and fitness spaces. Due to COVID pandemic membership numbers have declined, and interest in pursuing a capital campaign has waned. The declining membership numbers also have meant declining revenues for the Marshall Area YMCA. In late 2020 and again in early 2022, the Marshall Area YMCA Board has approached the City of Marshall and formally requested that the city study the feasibility of the city of Marshall cooperating with the Marshall Area YMCA in the areas of recreation and other related programming as well as capital needs.
Fiscal Impact:	Estimating \$25,000 to \$40,000; requesting a level of cost-share from YMCA
Alternative/ Variations:	Do not proceed with RFPs at this time
Recommendations:	Authorize Request for Proposals Indoor Recreation Facility and YMCA Collaboration Feasibility

Item 13. Page 525

Marshall Area Youth Baseball Association Marshall, MN 56258

April 29, 2022



Marshall City Councilmembers City of Marshall 344 West Main Street Marshall, MN 56258

Dear Marshall City Councilmembers:

Please accept this letter as support for an indoor recreation facility that was recently included in the city's adopted resolution to pursue sales tax authorization.

An indoor recreation facility would be beneficial to our community and surrounding areas such as: improving physical activity in children and youth; providing an active and needed venue for community members to utilize; supporting healthier families by providing greater access to a regional recreation facility and creation of a community that attracts families.

Our organization is comprised of 250 members that practice approximately 100 days a year. We have been challenged by available opportunities for our youth due to inadequate indoor space, especially indoor batting cages. This indoor facility would allow our program to continue the development of our players throughout the entire year.

The future of recreation is important to our Association, and we fully support this opportunity if it includes batting cages and/or indoor turf for fielding practice. Having the opportunity to provide hitting/fielding practice in the winter months will positively impact the MAYBA program.

The Marshall Area has proven that regional sports generate youth participation and fitness, spurs economic activity and is a regional amenity of regional significance.

On behalf of the Marshall Area Youth Baseball Organization, I would like to thank the City Council in considering an indoor recreation facility as a priority project for future funding and further support a feasibility study in order to further support the facility.

Sincerely,

MARC CRAIGAILE- PRESIDENT

Board of Directors - Marshall Area Youth Baseball Association





## CITY OF MARSHALL AND MARSHALL AREA YMCA

**REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS (RFP)** 

# INDOOR RECREATION FEASIBLITY STUDY AND

# CITY OF MARSHALL AND MARSHALL AREA YMCA PARTNERSHIP FEASBILITY STUDY

May 24, 2022

Item 13.

### **INTRODUCTION**

The City of Marshall MN and the Marshall Area YMCA are seeking a consulting firm to conduct a feasibility of an indoor recreation facility and conduct a feasibility study evaluating future operation options for the existing Marshall Area YMCA, currently owned by the Marshall Area YMCA.

The study should include a comprehensive needs assessment of current and future indoor recreation needs of our residents, and an analysis of the feasibility of constructing and operating an indoor recreation facility and maintaining the Marshall Area YMCA as a viable facility for future years.

## **BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

The City of Marshall is located in Lyon County, Minnesota, and is home to approximately 14,000 residents. Marshall is a regional center in southwest Minnesota, and is the hub for medical care, retail, trade, education, employment, and business. The diverse economic base and strong foundation in agriculture has provided stability to the local economy. Recent studies illustrate a common labor and retail draw of approximately sixty (60) miles. Marshall's current population of 13,680 doubles its daytime population to 25,000+ according to employment estimates.

The city of Marshall and the Marshall Area YMCA is issuing this Request for Proposals (RFP). Both parties seek to retain the services of a consultant firm, or firms working in partnership, to carry out a comprehensive recreation and facility needs assessment. This effort will require close coordination with the city, the YMCA and other partners who have community recreation needs such as Marshall Public Schools and Southwest Minnesota State University (SMSU).

### **PROJECT HISTORY**

The City of Marshall in January of 2022 approved a resolution requesting sales tax authorization for an aquatic center and an indoor recreation facility. Since that time, current proposed legislation does not include an indoor recreation facility due the sentiment that additional information would be needed to garner legislature and public support.

Recently the city received a request from the Marshall Area YMCA to study financial viability and future recreation needs as a community and YMCA. In MN and nationwide, YMCAs and the communities in which they are located have explored or have existing arrangements with cities.

The Marshall YMCA had also initiated a capital campaign to raise \$5 million for renovations to the existing multipurpose and fitness spaces. Due to COVID pandemic membership numbers have declined, and interest in pursuing a capital campaign has waned. The declining membership numbers also have meant declining revenues for the Marshall Area YMCA. In late 2020 and again in early 2022, the Marshall Area YMCA Board has approached the City of Marshall and formally requested that the city study the feasibility of the city of Marshall cooperating with the Marshall Area YMCA in the areas of recreation and other related programming as well as capital needs.

### **PROJECT SCOPE**

**Evaluate Current Indoor Programming and Facilities:** 

I. An overview of YMCA and City offerings and standards

- II. Gather readily available government demographic data
- III. Indoor Asset inventory and analysis
- IV. Indoor Facility inventory and analysis
- V. Indoor Program inventory and analysis
- VI. Inventory of facilities and indoor programs offered by other government and private organizations

Task Deliverables: A complete inventory and level of service analysis of current indoor programming and facility use.

Determine Current and Future Indoor Recreation and Facility Needs of the Community:

- I. Perform Stakeholder/User Group Interviews with existing sports organizations, the Marshall Area YMCA, Marshall Public Schools and SMSU.
- II. Review and evaluate industry standards and trends

Task Deliverables: The consultant shall prepare summary reports and supporting data for all activities. These summary reports should include photographs, electronic searchable inventory of outreach materials and input provided at all meetings.

## Perform a Gap Analysis

- I. Identify staffing requirements and budget necessary to fulfill current and future needs
- II. Identify program changes necessary to fulfill current and future needs
- III. Identify operational requirements necessary to fulfill current and future needs
- IV. Identify facility requirements necessary to fulfill current and future needs

Task Deliverables: Develop a summary report that summarizes all needs identified within the community

Identify Solutions to Meet the Recreation Needs of the Community

- I. Identify staffing requirements and budget necessary to fulfil needs
- II. Identify program changes necessary to fulfill needs
- III. Identify operational requirements necessary to fulfill needs
- IV. Identify facility requirements necessary to fulfill needs

Task Deliverables: Develop a summary report, priority list with anticipated cost, and other visual aids that identify projects and programs that will meet current and future needs of the community.

## **Final Report and Presentation**

I. The consultant shall prepare a final report and present their findings jointly to the Marshall Area YMCA Board of Directors and the Marshall City Council

Task Deliverables: The consultant shall submit one digital reproducible final report on a USB thumb drive, 16 hard copies of the final report, and all of the supporting data. In addition, the consultant will present the final report with a PowerPoint presentation and any other visual aids to the District Board.

Marshall Area YMCA and City staff intends to work closely with the selected consultant throughout this process to refine the scope of work as is appropriate to complete the objectives of the assessment.

### UNDERSTANDING AND METHODOLOGY

In their Statement of Qualifications, consultants must demonstrate an understanding of the business of recreation, the importance of strategic goals, and the ability to develop a business plan and determine the best options for the city. Consultants must demonstrate a solid understanding of what types of programs are typically funded by a dedicated city recreation budget. Consultant should provide details on the approach and methodology it proposes for the scope of work detailed in this Request for

## Qualification

Consultant should include the organization of project personnel and any assistance needed from outside sources.

### **Experience**

Provide a general description of the range of relevant activities performed by your firm. Details should provide the following:

- o Experience with recreation-related public surveys and public outreach
- Experience in benchmarking against other successful, financially sustainable recreation programs
- Demonstrated knowledge of funding tools available to city recreation programs (i.e., special district and/or general fund, etc.)
- Experience in evaluating and establishing recreation programs
- o Experience in recreation program management
- Experience in demonstrating how recreation can support economic development and be incorporated into overall City planning.

## Evaluation Criteria

The city will take into account any matters it considers appropriate in selecting the most qualified consultant. Evaluation criteria will include, but not be limited to, the following:

- o The consultant's understanding of the assignment
- The consultant's proposed methodology
- The consultant's experience and past performance with similar projects
- Adequacy of project personnel in number, availability, professional and academic qualifications and experience to perform the proposed work and to provide the proposed services

- The quality of written documents submitted
- o References (provide a minimum of three references)

## **Evaluation Process**

The city will use the following procedure to select a consultant from among the responders to this RFP:

- o Select the most highly qualified consultant as determined by the evaluation criteria.
- Select the next most highly qualified consultant and attempt to negotiate fair and reasonable terms, conditions, and cost with that consultant.
- o The City shall continue this process until a consultant is selected for award.
- The City may also choose not to proceed with or to utilize other means to complete the project, if reasonable terms cannot be negotiated with the interested consultants.

## **TIMELINE AND SUBMITTAL**

RFP Approved: May 24, 2022

Proposals Due: June 30, 2022

RFP Consideration by Council: July 26, 2022

One original and 2 additional copies

**Format** 

Secure all copies in a sealed envelope entitled:

Request for Proposals
RFP INDOOR RECREATION AND CITY/YMCA PARTNERSHIP STUDY

Include 1 electronic copy of document in a pdf format. The entire submittal package must be received by or before the time and date indicated above.

Time and date deadlines for submittal will not be waived; however, the City reserves the right to extend the submittal deadline.

The City reserves the right to cancel this Request for Qualifications at any time. The City reserves the right to waive minor informalities or discrepancies contained in any proposal.

## **QUESTIONS**

Questions should be directed to:

Sharon Hanson, City Administrator <a href="mailto:sharon.hanson@ci.marshall.mn.us">sharon.hanson@ci.marshall.mn.us</a>





YMCA Board of Directors Marshall, MN 56258

February 16, 2022

Mayor Bob Byrnes and City Councilmembers City of Marshall 344 West Main Street Marshall, MN 56258

Dear Mayor Byrnes and City Councilmembers:

The Marshall Area YMCA has endured great financial stress as a result of COVID-19 and changes in personal fitness arrangements for many members. This has resulted in the loss of 700 membership units since March of 2020. As a result, the future financial viability of the Marshall Area YMCA is at risk. Although we have presented previously to Council that the viability may be in future years, our latest financial review leads us to believe that our current financial situation is more imminent.

Thus, the Marshall Area YMCA Board of Directors hereby requests that the City consider a financial feasibility study of the future of YMCA in partnership with the City of Marshall. This financial feasibility study would examine potential partnerships between the City of Marshall and the Marshall Area YMCA in the area of facilities, recreation and long-term financial stability.

In addition, a presentation to the YMCA Board of Directors regarding the aquatic center also included information on pursuing an indoor recreation facility. The Marshall Area YMCA is interested in pursuing jointly with you a feasibility study on this recreation study on best we can meet the needs of the community.

In order to facilitate the above, we can discuss further the participation financially by the Marshall Area YMCA in both studies.

Please consider this letter a formal request and we would be happy to meet with you to discuss this letter further.

Sincerely,

Marshall Area YMCA Board of Directors



"Art project days are some of the best days at camp. I get excited for the days I get to be creative and make something with my hands. Knowing the Y is going to have an art activities room makes me happy."

— Cash Heemeyer

## PLEASE VISIT US ONLINE FOR MORE INFORMATION ON HOW TO DONATE

Visit marshallareaymca.org/give to view additional campaign material.

- Timeframe for fulfilling pledges is flexible
- All donations are fully tax deductible
- The YMCA is a 501(c)(3) organization
- Donations of cash and/or securities are accepted

## WE'D LIKE TO RECOGNIZE YOUR GENEROSITY

Your contribution to this campaign will further the legacy of the Marshall Area YMCA for future generations and it will be recognized as such.

## **NAMING OPPORTUNITIES ARE AVAILABLE**

For more information, please contact:

Tom Bolin Gabe Pieper

Executive Director, CEO Capital Campaign Chair

507.532.9622

tbolin@marshallareaymca.org



FOR YOUTH DEVELOPMENT®
FOR HEALTHY LIVING
FOR SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

## A THRIVING FUTURE FOR ALL



For 18 years the Y facility has been a hub where we gather as a community to learn, grow, play and connect. We are excited to provide new spaces, programs and opportunities which will serve our upcoming community needs and ensure a thriving Y for future generations.

**FUNDRAISING GOAL:** 

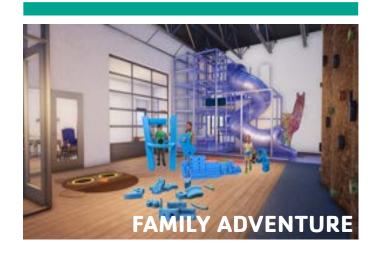
\$4.5 MILLION

MARSHALL AREA YMCA • 200 South A Street • Marshall, MN 56258 • (507) 532-9622

Item 13. www.marshallareaymca.org • www.facebook.com/MarshallAreaYMCA

# A THRIVING FUTURE FOR ALL

When the facility renovations and revitalizations are completed, the community will benefit from a state-of-the-art facility that brings people together and emphasizes healthy living and neighborly support.



## NOW

## **FUTURE**

Kid's gym on blue mats in gym

Permanent area for children and families, freeing up gym space

One large Multipurpose Room

Structured areas for Arts, STEM, and classroom activities





No programming that includes healthy eating & food preparation to promote healthy lifestyles

Full nutrition coaching including food preparation for all ages with a teaching kitchen

Child Watch capacity of 13 Children

Capacity increases to 36 with divided age appropriate spaces

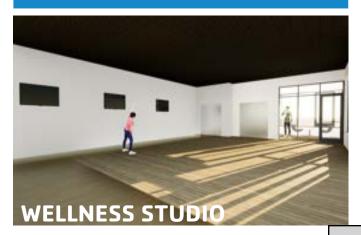




New designated space for strength and fitness programs on second level of renovated racquetball court

One Aerobic Studio

Doubling our studio space by renovating the lower lever of one of our exisiting racquetball courts





Item 13



# CITY OF MARSHALL AGENDA ITEM REPORT

Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	NEW BUSINESS
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Consider Request for Proposals- City Attorney Services
Background Information:	Per City Charter: The Mayor shall nominate to the City Council the person to be appointed as City Attorney for the City of Marshall. The City Council and the Mayor shall vote and confirm said appointment by majority vote. The City Attorney shall serve for a term of two (2) years, his/her term of office to begin on the first regular meeting in January after the municipal election and he/she shall continue in office until their successor is appointed.  The current term ends December 31, 2022.  Earlier this year the Mayor suggested to the Council that he would utilize the RFP process to begin the nomination process.
Fiscal Impact:	To Be Determined
Alternative/ Variations:	Proceed with current process
Recommendations:	Authorize Request for Proposals-City Attorney Services to Be Issued

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## **CITY OF MARSHALL**

**REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS (RFP)** 

APPOINTED CITY ATTORNEY
GENERAL COUNSEL SERVICES

May 24, 2022

Item 14.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The City Council of the City of Marshall invites interested law firms and individuals with a minimum of five years of municipal law experience to submit written proposals to provide City Attorney services to the City to serve as the Appointed City Attorney. The City Attorney will be selected by the City Council and will work closely with the City Administrator and other City staff.

### **BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

The City of Marshall is located in Lyon County, Minnesota, and is home to approximately 14,000 residents. Marshall is a regional center in southwest Minnesota, and is the hub for medical care, retail, trade, education, employment, and business. The diverse economic base and strong foundation in agriculture has provided stability to the local economy. Recent studies illustrate a common labor and retail draw of approximately sixty (60) miles. Marshall's current population of 13,680 doubles its daytime population to 25,000+ according to employment estimates.

The City has been a municipal corporation since 1901 and is governed under a Home Rule Charter, adopted in 1969. The Charter provides for a Mayor and a six-member Council. Council members serve overlapping four-year terms and the Mayor serves a four-year term.

The City employs a compliment of 157 full-time, part-time, and paid-on-call employees and over 350 temporary/seasonal employees in its various departments.

Police protection is provided by a department consisting of 22 full-time officers; one full-time and two part-time community service officers; and two support personnel.

The City's Fire Department is authorized for 48 paid-on-call employees.

The City has its own Wastewater Treatment Facility ("WWTF"). The WWTF is currently permitted to treat 4.5 million gallons per day (mgd) with a carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand ("CBOD") load of 11,972 pounds per day.

The Marshall Municipal Utilities (MMU) Commission provides electrical and water service to the City residents and businesses.

The City operates a municipal off-sale liquor store, which had \$6,725,560 (unaudited) in gross sales for 2021.

The City, through a Joint Powers Agreement with I.S.D. No. 413 (Marshall), delivers a comprehensive Community Services program for its residents. The program includes eight municipal parks totaling over 150 acres and includes trails, fishing ponds, picnic shelters, basketball and volleyball courts, an Aquatic Center, Red Baron Arena & Expo, Amateur Sports Complex, horseshoe pit, skateboard complex, band shell with summer weekly concerts, and the national award-winning American Legion Field.

Historically the City has retained a private firm or firms to provide City Attorney services. The City has also utilized additional firms to provide bond counsel service and to work with TIF-related development issues.

#### **PROCESS**

A City RFP Review Committee will review proposals and qualifications of submitting firms and if necessary, conduct interviews of all or a few of the firms. Upon the recommendation of the Mayor and consent of the City Council the firm will be appointed to provide City Attorney services-Appointed City Attorney.

RFP Approved: May 24, 2022

Proposals Due: July 15, 2022

RFP Consideration by Council: August 23, 2022

Contract Effective Date: January 1, 2023

### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

A. Responses must include complete information as described in this request. Six (6) copies shall be submitted by 3:00 p.m. on July 15, 2022 to City Clerk/City of Marshall 344 West Main Street, Marshall, MN 56258

- B. To ensure fairness and uniformity, firms submitting responses are requested to not contact City staff or the City Council. Questions about this RFP may be sent by e-mail to<u>sharon.hanson@ci.marshall.mn.us</u> prior to the submission deadline.
- C. The City will not reimburse any expenses incurred by the firm submitting responses including, but not limited to, expenses associated with the preparation and submission of the response and attendance at interviews.
- D. The City reserves the right to reject any and all proposals, to request additional information from any and all Proposers.

## **REQUIRED CONTENTS OF RESPONSE**

A. Firm Background: 1. Brief history of firm 2. Number of attorneys, including number of partners and associates and areas of specialty 3. Support personnel: number and expertise 4. Office organization and support capabilities 5. Office location(s) 6. Current use of technology, especially capability for computerized legal research and for sharing and editing documents electronically. 7. Statement of any malpractice claims and/or ethics complaints taken against your firm or firm's attorney(s) over the last five years and the status or outcomes of such action. Indicate whether any action is pending or is currently under review by the State Ethics Board. 8. Describe malpractice insurance coverage: carrier, limits, and exemptions.

- B. Attorney Qualifications:
- 1. Identify the specific attorney who will serve as the lead attorney and indicate the following:
  - Academic training and degrees
  - Description of background and experience
  - Description of prior municipal experience including cities served in a similar capacity

- List of litigation in communities where designated attorney served as lead attorney and outcomes of litigation
- 2. Identify attorney who will serve in the lead attorney's absence, and provide information as requested in No. 1 above.
- 3. Identify other attorneys and support staff who will supply services for which the City will be charged.
- 4. Indicate current responsibilities of person designated to serve as lead attorney.
- C. List of cities you currently represent and for what type of service.
- D. List of cities you began representing in the last three years and cities you stopped representing in the last three years.
- E. Names, telephone numbers, and contact person of at least five (5) client references, at least two (2) of which shall be cities.
- F. Description of the firm's view of their responsibilities to the City in the provision of legal services.
- G. Copy of Malpractice/liability Insurance Certificate in a minimum amount of \$1,000,000.

### **Conflict of Interest**

- 1. Indicate whether designated lead attorneys or the law firm represent, or have represented, any client whose representation may conflict with your ability to provide legal services to the City.
- 2. Indicate whether designated lead attorneys or the law firm currently represent any real estate developers. If so, please identify those companies or persons in detail and provide a percentage breakdown of how much this work represents of your firm's total billings.
- 3. Indicate whether designated lead attorneys or the law firm currently represents any other local units of government having jurisdiction within, or contiguous to, the City of Marshall.
- 4. Identify what procedures your firm utilizes to identify and resolve conflicts of interest.

## **SCOPE OF GENERAL LEGAL SERVICES**

Per City Charter: The Mayor shall nominate to the City Council the person to be appointed as City Attorney for the City of Marshall. The City Council and the Mayor shall vote and confirm said appointment by majority vote. The City Attorney shall serve for a term of two (2) years, his/her term of office to begin on the first regular meeting in January after the municipal election and he/she shall continue in office until their successor is appointed.

The law firm/attorney(s) are required to be knowledgeable in a variety of legal areas, including but not limited to:

- General municipal laws
- General state and federal laws relating to municipal government
- Zoning, housing, annexation, subdivision and land use law
- Economic development activities including development, redevelopment, enforcement, and property/real estate law

- Legal knowledge relating to general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, tax increment bonds, tax exempt bonds, and other bonding and financial processes
- Ordinance and resolution development and interpretation
   Government Data Practices
- City Charter and City Code issues
- Contract law
- Environmental law
- Franchise law
- Municipal leases
- Eminent Domain
- Trial activity

Except as specifically limited below, the services and qualifications that are required by the City for civil law services covered by a fixed retainer fee include, but are not limited to, the following areas:

#### General

- 1. Meetings and/or telephone conversations with and advising Mayor, Council Members, City Administrator, Department Managers and other staff on general legal matters.
- 2. Research and submission of legal opinions on municipal or other legal matters requested by City staff or City Administrator; availability to answer staff questions by telephone.
- 3. Legal consultation and general support for Mayor, Council Members, City Administrator, Department Managers and other staff on general legal matters.
- 4. Provide high level of customer service by responding in a prompt manner.
- 5. Provide annual training for Council, Boards and Commissions and staff on matters related to open meeting law, MN Data Practices Act, conflict of interest/ethics for government officials, and provide specific training for the Council and Planning Commission on land use and zoning law issues.

## Meetings

- 6. May be requested to attend regular City Council meetings and advise the Mayor, Council Members and City Administrator on matters of parliamentary law and procedures of a general matter. Attendance maybe by telephone, Zoom/Teams or some other method unless otherwise asked to attend in person by Council or Administrator.
- 7. May be requested to attend such special City Council meetings as the Council or the City Administrator directs. Attendance maybe by telephone, Zoom/Teams or some other method unless otherwise asked to attend in person by Council or Administrator

Item 14. Page 540

- 8. Attend such meetings of boards or commissions as the City Administrator directs. Attendance maybe by telephone, Zoom/Teams or some other method unless otherwise asked to attend in person by Council or Administrator
- 9. Attend such other meetings, planning sessions, conferences and/or departmental meetings as requested by the City Administrator.
- 10. Attendance (remotely or in person) at any 24 meetings during a calendar year, as described under items #6-9 above, shall be included in the retainer fee. Meetings attended in excess of 24 in any calendar year, shall be billed at an agreed upon hourly contract rate.
- 11. Limited consultation with Charter Commission.

### Legal Documents

- 12. Prepare such resolutions as the City Administrator or the City Council shall direct, except resolutions relating to the responsibility of the fiscal consultant or bond approving attorney.
- 13. Review of municipal contracts, including contracts for public improvements, developments, subdivisions, joint powers agreements, construction, purchase of equipment, and the like for content, form, legality and execution as requested.
- 14. Examine and advise regarding the legality of all proceedings and actions of the City Council and other boards or commissions.
- 15. Render written opinions on law when requested, including interpretation of statutes, ordinances, rules and regulations.
- 16. Drafting and review of ordinances, ordinance amendments, resolutions, developer agreements and contracts, subdivision agreements and correspondence as requested.
- 17. Review ordinances as requested.
- 18. Review deeds, and insurance requirements required by or for City contracts or activities.
- 19. Prepare small business assistance loan documents and related materials.
- 20. Review data requests and related documents and advise staff regarding release and redactions.

### Economic Development

21. Representation of the City on Economic Development related issues, including developer agreements as needed. Finance tax abatement and other forms of public finance assistance. Public financing assistance in public/private partnerships.

### Claims Against the City

22. Where no insurance coverage is provided, make appropriate evaluation of claims for legality, investigate facts, and make recommendations to the City Council.

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- 23. Defend in court all litigation where no insurance coverage is available. This includes but is not limited to: (1) condemnation; (2) zoning and land use regulation matters; (3) permits and administrative actions; (4) administrative citations; (5) code enforcement issues.
- 24. Assist in resolving claims not resulting in litigation.

Claims by the City

- 25. Investigate and evaluate all claims by the City against others and recommend appropriate course of action, including, but not limited to code enforcement issues and administrative citations.
- 26. Attempt collection of all proper claims including litigation where necessary and authorized by the City. Intergovernmental Relations and Disputes
- 27. Provide such services as requested by the City regarding contractual dealings with Federal, State, County, Township, Municipal, and Special Districts by the City, including Joint Powers Act Public Improvements.
- 28. Handle disputes between the City and other governmental units, including litigation.

### **FEES**

Please quote a retainer fee to be charged for attorney services and the items noted herein that are to be covered by the retainer.

Also state separately the rate for any other cost items proposed to be itemized and billed (i.e. photocopying, Westlaw, or Lexis fees, overhead factor, etc.).

Clearly note any "retainer" items listed above that your firm would not provide as part of the retainer duties and prefer to bill on an hourly basis. Please be specific.

For the hourly fees portion of your proposal, please identify the hourly rate of each attorney and support personnel. Identify the minimum increment of time billed for each service, e.g. phone calls, correspondence, personal conference, etc..

### **TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

The City intends to award a contract to the respondent evaluated to be best qualified to perform the work for the City, based on the extent and quality of the firm's resources, cost, communication and presentation skills, compatibility and quality and extent of municipal representation experience.

Other performance factors may also be considered.

Based upon review of the submitted proposals a number of selected firms may be asked to interview with the City Council and staff.

The Mayor and designees will recommend to the City Council a firm to be retained.

The City of Marshall reserves the right to reject any and all proposals, to waive irregularities and informalities, to request additional information from all respondents, and further reserves the right to select the proposal which furthers the best interest of the City. The approval of the firm selected, and the contract award will be made by the City Council.

The City reserves the right to negotiate the final terms and conditions of the contract to be executed. Should the City and a consultant be unable to mutually agree upon the entire contract, the City reserves the right to discontinue negotiations, select another consultant or reject all of the statements of proposal.

Upon completion of negotiations agreeable to the City and the consultant, a contract shall be executed. Once a contract is awarded, the term of contract duration shall be subject to ongoing review and evaluation by the City Council and City Administrator.



### **CITY OF MARSHALL**

# **REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS (RFP)**

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL SERVICES

May 24, 2022

Item 14.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The City Council of the City of Marshall invites interested law firms and individuals with a minimum of five years of municipal law experience to submit written proposals to provide City Attorney services to the City in the area of Criminal Services. The City Attorney will be selected by the City Council and will work closely with the City Administrator and other City staff.

### **BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

The City of Marshall is located in Lyon County, Minnesota, and is home to approximately 14,000 residents. Marshall is a regional center in southwest Minnesota, and is the hub for medical care, retail, trade, education, employment, and business. The diverse economic base and strong foundation in agriculture has provided stability to the local economy. Recent studies illustrate a common labor and retail draw of approximately sixty (60) miles. Marshall's current population of 13,680 doubles its daytime population to 25,000+ according to employment estimates.

Organization The City has been a municipal corporation since 1901 and is governed under a Home Rule Charter, adopted in 1969. The Charter provides for a Mayor and a six-member Council. Council members serve overlapping four-year terms and the Mayor serves a four-year term.

The City employs a compliment of 157 full-time, part-time, and paid-on-call employees and over 350 temporary/seasonal employees in its various departments.

Police protection is provided by a department consisting of 22 full-time officers; one full-time and two part-time community service officers; and two support personnel.

The City's Fire Department is authorized for 48 paid-on-call employees.

The City has its own Wastewater Treatment Facility ("WWTF"). The WWTF is currently permitted to treat 4.5 million gallons per day (mgd) with a carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand ("CBOD") load of 11,972 pounds per day.

The Marshall Municipal Utilities (MMU) Commission provides electrical and water service to the City residents and businesses.

The City operates a municipal off-sale liquor store, which had \$6,725,560 (unaudited) in gross sales for 2021.

The City, through a Joint Powers Agreement with I.S.D. No. 413 (Marshall), delivers a comprehensive Community Services program for its residents. The program includes eight municipal parks totaling over 150 acres and includes trails, fishing ponds, picnic shelters, basketball and volleyball courts, an Aquatic Center, Red Baron Arena & Expo, Amateur Sports Complex, horseshoe pit, skateboard complex, band shell with summer weekly concerts, and the national award-winning American Legion Field.

Historically the City has retained a private firm or firms to provide City Attorney services. The City has also utilized additional firms to provide bond counsel service and to work with TIF-related development issues.

### **PROCESS**

A City RFP Review Committee will review proposals and qualifications of submitting firms and if necessary, conduct interviews of all or a few of the firms. Upon the recommendation of the Mayor and consent of the City Council the firm will be appointed to provide City Attorney services-Criminal.

RFP Approved: May 24, 2022

Proposals Due: July 15, 2022

RFP Consideration by Council: August 23, 2022

Contract Effective Date: January 1, 2023

### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

A. Responses must include complete information as described in this request. Six (6) copies shall be submitted by 3:00 p.m. on June 30, 2022 to City Clerk/City of Marshall 344 West Main Street, Marshall, MN 56258

- B. To ensure fairness and uniformity, firms submitting responses are requested to not contact City staff or the City Council. Questions about this RFP may be sent by e-mail to<u>sharon.hanson@ci.marshall.mn.us</u> prior to the submission deadline.
- C. The City will not reimburse any expenses incurred by the firm submitting responses including, but not limited to, expenses associated with the preparation and submission of the response and attendance at interviews.
- D. The City reserves the right to reject any and all proposals, to request additional information from any and all Proposers.

### **REQUIRED CONTENTS OF RESPONSE**

A. Firm Background: 1. Brief history of firm 2. Number of attorneys, including number of partners and associates and areas of specialty 3. Support personnel: number and expertise 4. Office organization and support capabilities 5. Office location(s) 6. Current use of technology, especially capability for computerized legal research and for sharing and editing documents electronically. 7. Statement of any malpractice claims and/or ethics complaints taken against your firm or firm's attorney(s) over the last five years and the status or outcomes of such action. Indicate whether any action is pending or is currently under review by the State Ethics Board. 8. Describe malpractice insurance coverage: carrier, limits, and exemptions.

- B. Attorney Qualifications:
- 1. Identify the specific attorney who will serve as the lead attorney and indicate the following:
  - Academic training and degrees
  - Description of background and experience
  - Description of prior municipal experience including cities served in a similar capacity

- List of litigation in communities where designated attorney served as lead attorney and outcomes of litigation
- 2. Identify attorney who will serve in the lead attorney's absence, and provide information as requested in No. 1 above.
- 3. Identify other attorneys and support staff who will supply services for which the City will be charged.
- 4. Indicate current responsibilities of person designated to serve as lead attorney.
- C. List of cities you currently represent and for what type of service.
- D. List of cities you began representing in the last three years and cities you stopped representing in the last three years.
- E. Names, telephone numbers, and contact person of at least five (5) client references, at least two (2) of which shall be cities.
- F. Description of the firm's view of their responsibilities to the City in the provision of legal services.
- G. Copy of Malpractice/liability Insurance Certificate in a minimum amount of \$1,000,000.

### **Conflict of Interest**

- 1. Indicate whether designated lead attorneys or the law firm represent, or have represented, any client whose representation may conflict with your ability to provide legal services to the City.
- 2. Indicate whether designated lead attorneys or the law firm currently represent any real estate developers. If so, please identify those companies or persons in detail and provide a percentage breakdown of how much this work represents of your firm's total billings.
- 3. Indicate whether designated lead attorneys or the law firm currently represents any other local units of government having jurisdiction within, or contiguous to, the City of Marshall.
- 4. Identify what procedures your firm utilizes to identify and resolve conflicts of interest.

### SCOPE OF GENERAL LEGAL SERVICES -CRIMINAL

The City attorney prosecutes petty misdemeanors, misdemeanors, gross misdemeanor DWIs and gross misdemeanor traffic violations for the City of Marshall. This requires meeting with officers, answering questions, drafting Complaints, facilitating settlement offers, communicating with defense attorneys, attending Court and trying cases as needed and include, but are not limited to the following areas:

- 1. Prosecution of all petty misdemeanor, misdemeanor and statutorily delegated gross misdemeanor offenses committed within the corporate limits of the City. This includes all such cases initiated by any law enforcement agency and citizen complaints including but not limited to traffic violations, DWI cases, theft and City code violations.
- 2. Provide advice, consultation and training where required to the City's Police Department and to all other departments of the City in the interpretation and enforcement of statutes, ordinances and investigations of violations in connection with the prosecution of criminal cases.
- 3. Prepare criminal complaints where facts warrant and execute said complaints electronically thru the courts efiling system.
- 4. Evaluate all cases where a plea of not guilty is entered and prosecute where warranted.
- 5. Prepare appropriate pre-trial notices as required.

- 6. Seek such additional investigation as required.
- 7. Negotiate and enter plea bargains where deemed advisable.
- 8. Represent the City at all pre-trial motions.
- 9. Perform all legal research and prepare briefs when required.
- 10. Try all jury and court cases.
- 11. Examine, evaluate and provide representation for all appeals to Appellate Courts.

**RETAINER** – Please quote a retainer fee to be charged for criminal attorney services and the items noted herein that are to be covered by the retainer.

### **TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

The City intends to award a contract to the respondent evaluated to be best qualified to perform the work for the City, based on the extent and quality of the firm's resources, cost, communication and presentation skills, compatibility and quality and extent of municipal representation experience.

Other performance factors may also be considered.

Based upon review of the submitted proposals a number of selected firms will be asked to interview with the City Council and staff.

The Mayor and designees will recommend to the City Council a firm to be retained.

The City of Marshall reserves the right to reject any and all proposals, to waive irregularities and informalities, to request additional information from all respondents, and further reserves the right to select the proposal which furthers the best interest of the City. The approval of the firm selected, and the contract award will be made by the City Council.

The City reserves the right to negotiate the final terms and conditions of the contract to be executed. Should the City and a consultant be unable to mutually agree upon the entire contract, the City reserves the right to discontinue negotiations, select another consultant or reject all of the statements of proposal.

Upon completion of negotiations agreeable to the City and the consultant, a contract shall be executed. Once a contract is awarded, the term of contract duration shall be subject to ongoing review and evaluation by the City Council and City Administrator.



### **CITY OF MARSHALL**

# **REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS (RFP)**

ATTORNEY
LAND USE SERVICES

May 24, 2022

Item 14.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The City Council of the City of Marshall invites interested law firms and individuals with a minimum of five years of municipal law experience to submit written proposals to provide City Attorney services to the City in the area of Land Use Services. The City Attorney will be selected by the City Council and will work closely with the City Administrator and other City staff.

### **BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

The City of Marshall is located in Lyon County, Minnesota, and is home to approximately 14,000 residents. Marshall is a regional center in southwest Minnesota, and is the hub for medical care, retail, trade, education, employment, and business. The diverse economic base and strong foundation in agriculture has provided stability to the local economy. Recent studies illustrate a common labor and retail draw of approximately sixty (60) miles. Marshall's current population of 13,680 doubles its daytime population to 25,000+ according to employment estimates.

The City has been a municipal corporation since 1901 and is governed under a Home Rule Charter, adopted in 1969. The Charter provides for a Mayor and a six-member Council. Council members serve overlapping four-year terms and the Mayor serves a four-year term.

The City employs a compliment of 157 full-time, part-time, and paid-on-call employees and over 350 temporary/seasonal employees in its various departments.

Police protection is provided by a department consisting of 22 full-time officers; one full-time and two part-time community service officers; and two support personnel.

The City's Fire Department is authorized for 48 paid-on-call employees.

The City has its own Wastewater Treatment Facility ("WWTF"). The WWTF is currently permitted to treat 4.5 million gallons per day (mgd) with a carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand ("CBOD") load of 11,972 pounds per day.

The Marshall Municipal Utilities (MMU) Commission provides electrical and water service to the City residents and businesses.

The City operates a municipal off-sale liquor store, which had \$6,725,560 (unaudited) in gross sales for 2021.

The City, through a Joint Powers Agreement with I.S.D. No. 413 (Marshall), delivers a comprehensive Community Services program for its residents. The program includes eight municipal parks totaling over 150 acres and includes trails, fishing ponds, picnic shelters, basketball and volleyball courts, an Aquatic Center, Red Baron Arena & Expo, Amateur Sports Complex, horseshoe pit, skateboard complex, band shell with summer weekly concerts, and the national award-winning American Legion Field.

Historically the City has retained a private firm or firms to provide City Attorney services. The City has also utilized additional firms to provide bond counsel service and to work with TIF-related development issues.

### **PROCESS**

A City RFP Review Committee will review proposals and qualifications of submitting firms and if necessary, conduct interviews of all or a few of the firms. Upon the recommendation of the Mayor and consent of the City Council the firm will be appointed to provide City Attorney services-Land Use.

RFP Approved: May 24, 2022

Proposals Due: July 15, 2022

RFP Consideration by Council: August 23, 2022

Contract Effective Date: January 1, 2023

### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

A. Responses must include complete information as described in this request. Six (6) copies shall be submitted by 3:00 p.m. on July 15, 2022 to City Clerk/City of Marshall 344 West Main Street, Marshall, MN 56258

- B. To ensure fairness and uniformity, firms submitting responses are requested to not contact City staff or the City Council. Questions about this RFP may be sent by e-mail to<u>sharon.hanson@ci.marshall.mn.us</u> prior to the submission deadline.
- C. The City will not reimburse any expenses incurred by the firm submitting responses including, but not limited to, expenses associated with the preparation and submission of the response and attendance at interviews.
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### **REQUIRED CONTENTS OF RESPONSE**

A. Firm Background: 1. Brief history of firm 2. Number of attorneys, including number of partners and associates and areas of specialty 3. Support personnel: number and expertise 4. Office organization and support capabilities 5. Office location(s) 6. Current use of technology, especially capability for computerized legal research and for sharing and editing documents electronically. 7. Statement of any malpractice claims and/or ethics complaints taken against your firm or firm's attorney(s) over the last five years and the status or outcomes of such action. Indicate whether any action is pending or is currently under review by the State Ethics Board. 8. Describe malpractice insurance coverage: carrier, limits, and exemptions.

- B. Attorney Qualifications:
- 1. Identify the specific attorney who will serve as the lead attorney and indicate the following:
  - Academic training and degrees
  - Description of background and experience
  - Description of prior municipal experience including cities served in a similar capacity

- List of litigation in communities where designated attorney served as lead attorney and outcomes of litigation
- 2. Identify attorney who will serve in the lead attorney's absence, and provide information as requested in No. 1 above.
- 3. Identify other attorneys and support staff who will supply services for which the City will be charged.
- 4. Indicate current responsibilities of person designated to serve as lead attorney.
- C. List of cities you currently represent and for what type of service.
- D. List of cities you began representing in the last three years and cities you stopped representing in the last three years.
- E. Names, telephone numbers, and contact person of at least five (5) client references, at least two (2) of which shall be cities.
- F. Description of the firm's view of their responsibilities to the City in the provision of legal services.
- G. Copy of Malpractice/liability Insurance Certificate in a minimum amount of \$1,000,000.

### **Conflict of Interest**

- 1. Indicate whether designated lead attorneys or the law firm represent, or have represented, any client whose representation may conflict with your ability to provide legal services to the City.
- 2. Indicate whether designated lead attorneys or the law firm currently represent any real estate developers. If so, please identify those companies or persons in detail and provide a percentage breakdown of how much this work represents of your firm's total billings.
- 3. Indicate whether designated lead attorneys or the law firm currently represents any other local units of government having jurisdiction within, or contiguous to, the City of Marshall.
- 4. Identify what procedures your firm utilizes to identify and resolve conflicts of interest.

### SCOPE OF GENERAL LEGAL SERVICES -LAND USE RELATED SERVICES

# WORK PERFORMED UNDER THIS SCOPE IS SUBJECT TO PRIOR APPROVAL OF CITY ADMINISTRATOR AND ALL WORK IS ULTIMATELY SUPERVISED BY THE APPOINTED CITY ATTORNEY

Real Estate Sale and Acquisition

- 1. Review acquisition requirements with appropriate departments, evaluate any special legal or cost problems, develop acquisition timetables, make preliminary cost estimates and obtain or develop proper legal descriptions.
- 2. Examine title to each parcel as requested by the City Administrator.
- 3. Prepare documents necessary for routine land purchases and/or sales. All such transactions shall be deemed to be routine unless the Attorney contacts the City in advance and obtains the City's approval that the transaction contemplated is non-routine. Any such non-routine transactions shall be billed at the previously agreed to hourly contract rate.

Zoning

- 4. Provide legal advice to staff, City Administrator, Planning Commission and City Council regarding zoning code matters.
- 5. Represent the City in matters related to the enforcement of city building, subdivision, and zoning codes.
- 6. Represent the City in litigation on zoning matters; I.e. rezoning, variances, special permits, subdivisions.

### **Public Improvements**

- 6. Represent the City in the acquisition of properties for public improvements, easements, parks and the like as needed.
- 7. Perform all legal work in connection with financing, not usually performed by the fiscal consultant or bond counsel.
- 8. Receive and evaluate all assessment appeals and try cases in District Court or recommend amendments to assessment if warranted.
- 9. Handle all legal matters under construction contracts and any resulting litigation. Land Acquisition and Sale
- 10. Represent the City in condemnation proceedings for public improvement projects, etc.
- 11. Initiate annexation proceedings at the direction of the City and follow through with all necessary documentation and presentation to the State Boundary Adjustments Division.

### **FEES**

Please quote a retainer fee to be charged for attorney services and the items noted herein that are to be covered by the retainer.

Also state separately the rate for any other cost items proposed to be itemized and billed (i.e. photocopying, Westlaw, or Lexis fees, overhead factor, etc.).

Clearly note any "retainer" items listed above that your firm would not provide as part of the retainer duties and prefer to bill on an hourly basis. Please be specific.

For the hourly fees portion of your proposal, please identify the hourly rate of each attorney and support personnel. Identify the minimum increment of time billed for each service, e.g. phone calls, correspondence, personal conference, etc..

### **TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

The City intends to award a contract to the respondent evaluated to be best qualified to perform the work for the City, based on the extent and quality of the firm's resources, cost, communication and presentation skills, compatibility and quality and extent of municipal representation experience.

Other performance factors may also be considered.

Based upon review of the submitted proposals a number of selected firms may be asked to interview with the City Council and staff.

The Mayor and designees will recommend to the City Council a firm to be retained.

The City of Marshall reserves the right to reject any and all proposals, to waive irregularities and informalities, to request additional information from all respondents, and further reserves the right to select the proposal which furthers the best interest of the City. The approval of the firm selected, and the contract award will be made by the City Council.

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Upon completion of negotiations agreeable to the City and the consultant, a contract shall be executed. Once a contract is awarded, the term of contract duration shall be subject to ongoing review and evaluation by the City Council and City Administrator.



# CITY OF MARSHALL AGENDA ITEM REPORT

Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022			
Category:	NEW BUSINESS			
Туре:	ACTION			
Subject:	Proposed 2023 budget timeline			
Background	Director of Administrative Services has reviewed budget timelines used in recent years and			
Information:	requests discussion about setting additional proposed dates and times for work sessions and special meetings relating to the 2023 budget.			
	The proposed dates and times include:  - July 26 at 4:00 pm – work session  - August 16 at 4:30 – work session / special meeting  - October 11 at 4:00 pm – work session  - November 22 at or after 7:00 pm – work session  - December 6 at 6:00 pm – special meeting			
Fiscal Impact:				
Alternative/				
Variations:				
Recommendations:	After discussion of the proposed 2023 budget timeline, consider ratifying or setting proposed work session or special meeting dates.			

Item 15. Page 555

# City of Marshall 2023 Budget Timeline – Impact to Council

### July

26 (Tuesday) at 4:00 pm - Council Work Session

• Community Organization Requests

**Red** = proposed work session or special meeting

**Blue** = informational detail, not part of the proposed schedule

### **August**

16 (Tuesday) at 4:30 pm - Council Work Session / Special Meeting

- Capital requests (all funds)
- Operating budgets
- Presentation on preliminary tax base changes

### **September**

**13** (**Tuesday**) - Council adopts preliminary 2023 budget and levy and sets public meeting date, time and location for truth in taxation

• Council adopts 2023 fee schedule - (to MMU by Oct 1<sup>st</sup> for mailing)

**30** (**Friday**) - Deadline to certify preliminary tax levy for payable 2023 & budget to the county auditor; must also set truth-in-taxation [TNT] meeting date, time and location (meeting is required to be held at 6:00 pm or later)

### **October**

11 (Tuesday) at 4:00 pm - Council Work Session - Health and Dental Insurance

25 (Tuesday) - Regular Council Meeting - Adoption of Health and Dental Insurance Rates

### **November**

22 (Tuesday) at or after 7:00 pm - Council Work Session - proposed budgets and levy

**25** (**Friday**) - First day cities with a population over 500 may hold the meeting to allow public input on the final budget and tax levy. The adoption meeting must be held at/ or after 6 p.m. The public must be allowed to speak at the meeting before adoption of the final budget.

### **December**

**6 (Tuesday) at 6:00 pm - Special Council Meeting - Public input at the truth-in-taxation (TNT) meeting before final budget adoption can occur - cannot be held before 6:00 pm** 

13 (Tuesday) - Council adopts final budgets and levy

**28** (Wednesday) - The final payable 2023 property tax levy must be certified to the county auditor no later than December 28 and after the public input meeting. Local tax levies must be certified by the city to the county auditor "on or before five working days after December 20 in each year."



# CITY OF MARSHALL AGENDA ITEM REPORT

Meeting Date:	Tuesday, May 24, 2022
Category:	NEW BUSINESS
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Consider Appointments to the Various Boards, Commissions, Bureaus and Authorities.
Background Information:	The City of Marshall has various openings on the Boards, Commission, Bureaus and Authorities.
	Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Commission:  Joyce Tofte (5/31/25)
	Michele Knife Sterner (5/31/25)
	Economic Development Authority: Lucas Tietz (5/31/28)
	2003 11012 (3) 31, 23)
	Planning Commission:
	Amanda Schroeder (5/31/2025) Cathy Lee (5/31/2025)
	Larry Doom, Expired Term, (5/31/2023)
Fiscal Impact:	
Alternative/	
Variations:	
Recommendations:	To approve the appointments to the various boards, commissions, bureaus, and authorities.

Item 16. Page 557

# City of Marshall Boards and Commissions

Dourds	and Commissions	
Adult Community Center Commission	Incumbent	New Applicants
(1) expired term to expire 5/31/22		
(1) expired term to expire 5/31/23		
Airport Commission	Incumbent	New Applicants
<ul><li>(2) expired terms to expire 5/31/22</li><li>(2) unexpired terms to expire 5/31/25</li></ul>		
Cable Commission	Incumbent	New Applicants
(2) expired terms to expire 5/31/22 (1) expired terms to expire 5/31/23 (1) unexpired term to expire 5/31/24		
Community Services Advisory Board	Incumbent	New Applicants
(1) expired term to expire 2/28/23 (Student)		
(2) unexpired terms to expire 2/28/25		
Discription of the state of the	I	
Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion  Commission	Incumbent	New Applicants
(4) unexpired term to expire 05/31/25	Joyce Tofte (5/31/25) Michele Knife Sterner (5/31/25)	
Economic Development Authority	Incumbent	New Applicants
(1) unexpired term to expire 5/31/28		Lucas Tietz (5/31/28)
		,
MERIT Center Commission	Incumbent	New Applicants
(1) expired term to expire 12/31/23		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Planning Commission	Incumbent	New Applicants
(2) expired terms to expire 5/31/23 (1) unexpired terms to expire 5/31/24 (2) unexpired terms to expire 5/31/25	Amanda Schroeder (5/31/2025) Cathy Lee (5/31/2025)	Larry Doom Expired Term, (5/31/2023)
Police Advisory Board	Incumbent	New Applicants
(1) unexpired term to expire 5/31/24		
11, anoxpiroa torri to expire 3/31/24		

Item 16.

### Marshall-Lyon County Library Regular Board Meeting Minutes April 11<sup>th</sup>, 2022

Board Members Present: Linda Baun, Paula Botsford, Russ Labat, Paul Graupmann, Eric DeGroot, Michael Murray, and Saara Raappana. Absent: Ruth Bot and Anne Marie Vorbach. Staff Present: Director Michele A. Leininger, Christine DeGroot, and Paula Nemes. Others Present:

Called to order at 4:00 p.m. by L. Baun, President.

Pledge of Allegiance.

Motion made by P. Botsford, seconded by M. Murray to adopt the agenda as presented. Roll Call Vote: Yes- L. Baun, P. Botsford, R. Labat, P. Graupmann, E. DeGroot, M. Murray, and S. Raappana. No: None. The motion passed unanimously.

Motion made by R. Labat, seconded by M. Murray to adopt the Consent Agenda. Roll Call Vote: Yes- L. Baun, P. Botsford, R. Labat, P. Graupmann, E. DeGroot, M. Murray, and S. Raappana. No: None. The motion passed unanimously.

### **Old Business:**

**2021 Reserve Fund Balance:** Motion made by E. DeGroot, seconded by P. Graupmann to accept the 2021 Reserve Fund Balance. Roll Call Vote: Yes- L. Baun, P. Botsford, R. Labat, P. Graupmann, E. DeGroot, M. Murray, and S. Raappana. No: None. The motion passed unanimously.

**Classification & Compensation Study:** Director Leininger distributed two handouts showing what it would cost if the Classification & Compensation Study was passed effective July 5<sup>th</sup>. We are still waiting on the appeal for the Customer Care position category. Our Adult Services Librarian has decided not to return after her maternity leave. We are assessing the duties of that position. Several options were presented to fill this position. R. Labat was wondering how the Library staff compares to other Libraries in the study. Specifically, the total number of employees at the Libraries and in each position.

From Memorial Day to Labor Day, the Library will be open from 9:00 AM – 2:00 PM on Saturdays this summer.

### **New Business:**

### **Policy Review:**

**By-Laws / Policy Review Policy 101:** This was tabled.

**Records Retention Policy 105:** Motion made by P. Graupmann, seconded by S. Raappana to adopt the new Records Retention Policy with the updated date. Roll Call Vote: Yes- L. Baun, P. Botsford, R. Labat, P. Graupmann, E. DeGroot, M. Murray, and S. Raappana. No: None. The motion passed unanimously.

**Business Credit Card Policy 202:** Motion made by R. Labat, seconded by S. Raappana to approve the Business Credit Card Policy with noted changes. Roll Call Vote: Yes- L. Baun, P. Botsford.

Item 17.

R. Labat, P. Graupmann, E. DeGroot, M. Murray, and S. Raappana. No: None. The motion passed unanimously.

**2021 State Annual Report:** Motion made by E. DeGroot, seconded by P. Botsford to approve the 2021 State Annual Report. Roll Call Vote: Yes- L. Baun, P. Botsford, R. Labat, P. Graupmann, E. DeGroot, M. Murray, and S. Raappana. No: None. The motion passed unanimously.

### Reports:

**Director's Report** – A rising number of families are back in the Children's Department. There has also been an increase in the usage of the meeting rooms and study rooms. There was an update on the Strategic Plan. The Book Bike has been ordered. We are in the process of setting up genealogy classes at the Library. We are looking to partner with different local organizations for topics on our wellness kiosk. The Lyon County Museum is doing a couple of displays at the Library for the 150<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of Marshall.

The Marshall Youth Sports & Activities Expo was last weekend and the Library had a booth there. We are getting things ready for the children and adult Summer Reading Programs. We are in the process of hiring a new Customer Care position.

There had been an incident involving R. Duffy in the Cottonwood Library. This is his third offense. He has previously been banned for one year for each of the previous incidents. The situation was discussed. Motion made by P. Graupmann, seconded by S. Raappana to ban R. Duffy permanently from the Marshall, Cottonwood, and Balaton Libraries. Roll Call Vote: Yes- L. Baun, P. Botsford, R. Labat, P. Graupmann, E. DeGroot, M. Murray, and S. Raappana. No: None. The motion passed unanimously.

### Board President Report: None.

**Friends**: They had their Book Sale March  $31^{st}$  thru April  $2^{nd}$ . This was their best book sale in this Library. The Eagle Scout who will be doing the story walk should be done with his project by the end of August.

**Board Committees**: None.

**Plum Creek:** They are still working on approving Legacy Projects.

L. Baun adjourned the meeting at 5:45 p.m.

Respectfully Submitted, Christine DeGroot

### PUBLIC HOUSING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF MARSHALL PARKVIEW APARTMENTS

Minutes of the Meeting of March 14, 2022

Meeting called to Order: 3:30 P.M. by Chair Reilly. Members Present: Farrell, Reilly, Knutson, Knoben, Sailor, Rickgarn.

MOTION by Knutson, seconded by Sailor, to approve the minutes of the February 14th, 2021 meeting. All voted in favor, Motion passed. **REPORTS:** 

Four Month Operating Statement for FYE 22 was reviewed by the Board. Motion by Reilly, second by Rickgarn to approve the monthly report. All voted in Favor, Motion passed to approve the report. Chair signed report.

Account Receivable/Payable: One month of reports were reviewed; several items were pointed out and discussed to the Board by the Director, including checks from # 020581 to # 020622 in the amount of \$ 76,660.85 Motion by Knutson, second by Knoben, to approve the report. All voted in Favor, Motion Passed.

Occupancy Report: Currently working with several applicants for Parkview, and Family Units. Detailed Maintenance report included.

CFP-2021. Signed contract with Dunnicks for Parkview parking lot and sewer line replacement.

### New Business:

- A. Washer /Dryer Update-payment.
- B. Review Letter from Eric at Studio E on Parkview Tile.
- C. Motion by Knoben, second by Reilly, Award lawn contract to Teig's Lawn for 2022 Lawn Season. All voted in favor, motion passed.
- D. Motion by Knoben, second by Knutson, to Approve Resolution # 22-4, CFP Grant 2022. All voted in Favor, Motion passed.
- E. Motion by Rickgarn, second by Knoben, to Approve Resolution # 22-05, CFP Five Year Action Plan. All voted in favor, motion passed.
- F. Motion by Rickgarn, second by Knutson to Approve Resolution # 22-06, Civil Rights Certification. All voted in Favor, Motion passed.
- G. Motion by Sailor, second by Knutson, to Approve Resolution # 22-07, Employee Wage Increase form Gallagher Firm. All voted in favor, Motion passed.
- H. Motion by Rickgarn, second by Knutson, to Approve Resolution # 22-08, Certification of Compliance with PHA plan, All voted in favor, Motion passed.

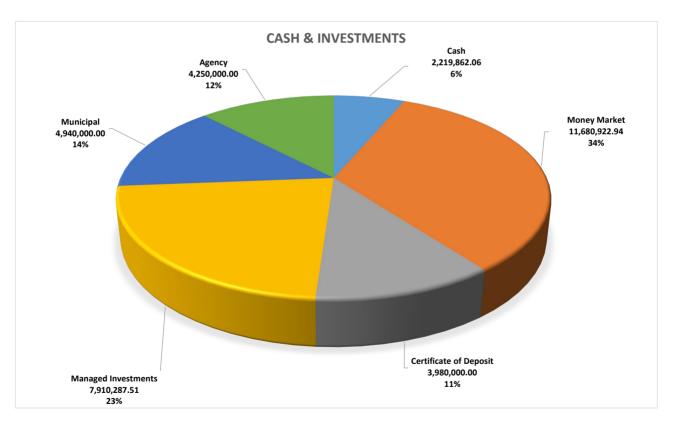
Next Meeting: April 11th 2021 3:30 p.m. Community Room.

Chairperson Reill Declared the meeting adjourned at 4:37 p.m. Mark Farrell, Executive Director

Board Member

### City of Marshall, Minnesota Cash & Investments 4/30/2022

	Par	Rate
CASH & INVESTMENTS:		
Checking -Bremer	2,219,862.06	0.00%
Money Market - Bremer	6,495,435.31	0.02%
Money Market - Bank of the West	3,386,139.59	0.10%
Money Market - US Bank	33,426.13	0.22%
Money Market - US Bank (ARP Funds)	737,117.43	0.22%
Money Market - Wells Fargo	1,028,804.48	0.34%
Certificate of Deposit - Bremer	1,000,000.00	0.40%
Certificate of Deposit - Bremer	1,000,000.00	0.40%
Certificate of Deposit - Bremer	1,000,000.00	0.40%
Certificate of Deposit - Wells Fargo	245,000.00	1.80%
Certificate of Deposit - Wells Fargo	245,000.00	1.10%
Investment Portfolio - General Fund	2,652,103.06	
Investment Portfolio - WW/SW Capital Reserve	3,290,405.32	
Investment Portfolio - Endowment Fund	1,967,779.13	
Municipal - US Bank	4,940,000.00	0.30% Average
Certificate of Deposit - US Bank	245,000.00	0.60%
Certificate of Deposit - US Bank	245,000.00	0.60%
Agency - US Bank	4,250,000.00	0.24% Average
TOTAL CASH & INVESTMENTS	34,981,072.51	



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# BUILDING PERMIT LIST May 24, 2022

APPLICANT	LOCATION ADDRESS	DESCRIPTION OF WORK	VALUATION
MARSHALL COMMONS LLP	1005 4TH ST N	INTERIOR REMODEL	30,000.00
MARSHALL COMMONS LLP	1003 - 4TH ST N	INTERIOR REMODEL	30,000.00
MARSHALL COMMONS LLP	1007 4TH ST N	INTERIOR REMODEL	30,000.00
MARSHALL COMMONS LLP	1009 4TH ST N	INTERIOR REMODEL	30,000.00
KELSEY AUSTIN, STEVEN LARSEN &	300 ROBERT ST	DECK	4,300.00
HOME DEPOT	601 HAWTHORN DR	DOORS	5,300.00
MIKE BUYSSE CONSTRUCTION, INC.	304 WHITNEY ST N	Windows	5,000.00
INDEPENDENT LUMBER OF MARSHALL, INC	800 VIKING DR	DECK	16,000.00
Regnier Electric	310 HILL ST S	HVAC	6,500.00
Regnier Electric	807 ELAINE AVE	HVAC	3,200.00
NANCY J GERBER TRUST AGREEMENT, DAVID	, 1105 SKYLINE DR	DECK	15,000.00
MINNESOTA CABINETS, INC.	308 MARSHALL ST E	Windows	1,500.00
LEON, MARIA E	1419 COLLEGE DR E	RE-ROOFING	25,500.00
HAPTONSTALL, DERON & JOELLE	1113 SKYLINE DR	DECK	2,000.00
GESKE HOME IMPROVEMENT CO.	1204 WESTWOOD DR	Windows	2,800.00
RICK SLAGEL CONSTRUCTION INC	633 SOUCY DR	RE-SIDING	10,000.00

## 2022 Regular Council Meeting Dates

2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Tuesday of each month (Unless otherwise noted)

5:30 P.M.

### City Hall, 344 West Main Street

### **January**

- 1. January 11, 2022
- 2. January 25, 2022

### **February**

- 1. February 08, 2022
- 2. February 22, 2022

### **March**

- 1. March 08, 2022
- 2. March 22, 2022

### <u>April</u>

- 1. April 12, 2022
- 2. April 26, 2022

### May

- 1. May 10, 2022
- 2. May 24, 2022

### <u>June</u>

- 1. June 14, 2022
- 2. June 28. 2022

### <u>July</u>

- 1. July 12, 2022
- 2. July 26, 2022

### **August**

- 1. August 08, 2022 (Monday)
- 2. August 23, 2022

### September

- 1. September 13, 2022
- 2. September 27, 2022

### **October**

- 1. October 11, 2022
- 2. October 25, 2022

### **November**

- 1. November 07, 2022 (Monday)
- 2. November 22, 2022

### <u>December</u>

- 1. December 13, 2022
- 2. December 27, 2022

### **2022 Uniform Election Dates**

- February 08, 2022
- April 12, 2022

- May 10, 2022
- August 09, 2022
- November 08, 2022

### 204C.03 PUBLIC MEETINGS PROHIBITED ON ELECTION DAY.

Subdivision 1. School districts; counties; municipalities; special taxing districts. No special taxing district governing body, school board, county board of commissioners, city council, or town board of supervisors shall conduct a meeting between 6:00 p.m. and 8:00 p.m. on the day that an election is held within the boundaries of the special taxing district, school district, county, city, or town. As used in this subdivision, "special taxing district" has the meaning given in section 275.066.



# **Upcoming Meetings**

## May

- 05/24 Board Interviews, 4:30 PM, City Hall
- 05/24 Regular Meeting, 5:30 PM, City Hall

### June

- 06/14 Board Interviews, 4:30 PM, City Hall
- 06/14 Regular Meeting, 5:30 PM, City Hall
- 06/28 Regular Meeting, 5:30 PM, City Hall

## July

- 07/12 Regular Meeting, 5:30 PM, City Hall
- 07/26 Regular Meeting, 5:30 PM, City Hall

Item 21.